

## Stormwater Strategies- Protecting Storm Drains Proficiency Quiz

Staff Name:			
Department:			
Position:			
Date:		Score	out of 5

<b>Question 1:</b>	<b>Which of the following is <u>NOT</u> a potential stormwater pollutant?</b>
A.	Pet waste or sanitary waste.
B.	Sediment (soil).
C.	Oak leaves and acorns.
D.	Oil, grease, and chemicals.

<b>Question 2:</b>	<b>What does the acronym BMP stand for?</b>
A.	Best Management Practice
B.	Best Mitigation for Pollutants
C.	Breach Management Policy

<b>Question 3:</b>	<b>Which of the following are important factors to consider when determining the best type of inlet protection? (Circle all that apply)</b>
A.	Whether the drain inlet is near exposed earth or paved surfaces
B.	The potential velocity of water entering the drain inlet.
C.	The amount and type of traffic near the drain inlet.
D.	The aesthetic (visual) impact of installing drain inlet protection.

<b>Question 4:</b>	<b>What are some key considerations for installing rock bags/socks? (Circle all that apply)</b>
A.	Drain inlets should be at low elevation so that water will filter through the bags.
B.	Rocks are sourced from local quarries.
C.	Vehicle traffic is limited, to avoid bags being ripped open or damaged by tires.
D.	Pedestrian traffic is limited, to avoid creating a trip hazard.

<b>Question 5:</b>	<b>What are some benefits of installing check dams? (Circle all that apply)</b>
A.	Lowering the speed of runoff during storm events.
B.	They can be installed as temporary or permanent measures depending on the need and type of check dam installed.
C.	Provide barriers to segregate aquatic wildlife from entering the site.
D.	They can filter out sediment which remains trapped behind the check dam.