

Departmental Budgets by Functional Area

County departments and fund centers are grouped together by functional areas, including: Land Based, Public Protection, Health and Human Services, Community Services, Fiscal and Administrative, Support to County Departments, Financing, and Capital and Maintenance Projects, which are marked by tabs.

Fund centers are the most basic organization of funds in the budget structure and include all accounts for which funding is approved by the Board of Supervisors. Many departments have only one fund center, while departments that provide a more varied array of services and have more diverse funding streams are comprised of several fund centers. The budgets for each fund center are presented separately so that it is clear how much of the County's total budget and how many personnel are allocated to each fund center and the various services the County provides.

In each section, you will find a description of each department's mission and service programs, major accomplishments and objectives, the sources of funding, expenditures by major category for the budget year, historical staffing levels, budget augmentation requests for the current year, and recurring performance measures.

Schedule 10 Internal Service Funds

Internal service funds predominantly provide services to other County departments. They operate as cost-reimbursement mechanisms and as such are expected to recover the full cost of providing a given service over time. The Schedule 10 outlines the operating plan of an internal service fund, including anticipated income, expenses and net gain or loss.

Internal service fund schedules are organized by operating and non-operating revenues/expenses. Operating revenue/expenses directly relate to the fund's day to day service activities. Examples of operating revenue would be charges for services (e.g. fees) while operating expenses would include items such as salaries and benefits or services and supplies costs.

Non-operating revenues/expenses are not related to the fund's day to day activities. Typical non-operating revenue/expense include gain and loss on disposal of capital assets, interest and investment income or loss, debt service, or depreciation. Non-operating expenses are shown as a credit on the schedules.

Fund Center 405- Public Works (in the Land Based functional area), Fund Centers 408-412- Self Insurance, Fund Center 407- Fleet and Fund Center 406- Reprographics (all in the Support to County Departments functional area) are all internal service funds and the operating plan for these fund centers is presented in a Schedule 10.

Schedule 11 Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds account for services beyond those which are normally provided by government and are permitted to recover the cost fully or partially. Schedule 11 presents revenue and expenses following the accounts prescribed for the activity in which the enterprise is engaged.

Enterprise fund schedules are organized by operating and non-operating revenues/expenses. Operating revenue/expenses directly relate to the fund's day to day service activities. Examples of operating revenue would be charges for services (e.g. fees) while operating expenses would include items such as salaries and benefits or services and supplies costs.

Non-operating revenues/expenses are not related to the fund's day to day activities. Typical non-operating revenue/expense include gain and loss on disposal of capital assets, interest and investment income or loss, debt service, or depreciation. Non-operating expenses are shown as a credit on the schedules.

Fund Center 425- Airports and Fund Center 427- Golf Courses (both in the Community Services functional area) are enterprise funds and the operating plan for each of these fund centers is presented in a Schedule 11.