OFFICIAL GENERAL ELECTION BALLOT SAN LUIS OBISPO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA NOVEMBER 4, 2008

INSTRUCTIONS TO VOTERS:

To vote, fill in the oval like this:

Vote both sides of the card

To vote for the candidate of your choice, fill in the oval next to the candidate's name.

Do not vote for more than the number of candidates allowed (i.e. Vote for no more than Two)

To vote for a person whose name is not on the ballot, write the person's full name in the write-in space and fill in the oval next to it.

To vote on a measure, mark the oval next to the word "Yes" or the word "No".

All distinguishing marks or erasures are forbidden and make the ballot void.

If you tear, deface or wrongly mark this ballot, return it to the Elections Official and get another.

PRESIDENT AND VICE-PRESIDENT	SCHOOL	DISTRICT
Vote for One Party	SAN LUIS OBISPO COMMUNITY	PORT SAN LUIS HARBOR DISTRICT
	COLLEGE DISTRICT	
ALAN KEYES American For President Independent		COMMISSIONER Vote for no more than Three
WILEY S. DRAKE, SR.	GOVERNING BOARD MEMBER	Vote for no more than Three
For Vice-President RALPH NADER Peace and	TRUSTEE AREA NO. 5	CAROLYN MOFFATT
For President Freedom	Vote for one	Port San Luis Harbor Commissioner
MATT GONZALEZ For Vice-President	GAYE L. GALVAN	JACK SCARBROUGH Commissioner, Port San Luis Harbor District
BARACK OBAMA Democratic	O DANIEL R. CHACON	STEW JENKINS
For President JOE BIDEN	Retired	JIM BLECHA
For Vice-President	Write-in	Commissioner/Biologist
BOB BARR Libertarian	0/111 2010 00/101/12 01111 12D 0011002	Write-in
WAYNE A. ROOT	DISTRICT	Weite to
For Vice-President JOHN MCCAIN Republican	GOVERNING BOARD MEMBER	Write-in
For President	Trustee Area No. 1	Write-in
SARAH PALIN For Vice-President	Vote for no more than Two	MEASURES TO BE SUBMITTED TO THE VOTERS
CYNTHIA MCKINNEY Green For President	WALTER J. MILLAR	THE VOIERS
ROSA CLEMENTE For Vice-President	LAURENCE HOULGATE Retired University Professor	STATE
O Si Vice i l'esidelli	PHIL ANGEL	PROPOSITION 1A
	Teacher CATHY DUNCAN	SAFE, RELIABLE HIGH-SPEED
Write-in	Administrative Assistant	PASSENGER TRAIN BOND ACT. To
UNITED STATES CONGRESS	Write-in	provide Californians a safe, convenient, affordable, and reliable
UNITED STATES REPRESENTATIVE	Write-in	alternative to driving and high gas
23rd District	CITY	prices; to provide good-paying jobs
Vote for One		and improve California's economy
LOIS CAPPS Democratic U.S. Representative		while reducing air pollution, global warming greenhouse gases, and our
MATT T. KOKKONEN Republican Financial Planner	MAYOR Vote for One	dependence on foreign oil, shall \$9.95
	Vote for one	billion in bonds be issued to establish a
Write-in STATE SENATE	BILL RABENALDT	clean, efficient high-speed train service linking Southern California, the
	Council Member	Sacramento/San Joaquin Valley, and
STATE SENATOR	MARY ANN REISS Incumbent	the San Francisco Bay Area, with at
15th District Vote for One	Write-in	least 90 percent of bond funds spent
JIM FITZGERALD Independent	COUNCILMEMBER	for specific projects, with private and public matching funds required,
Transportation Manager ABEL MALDONADO Republican	Vote for no more than Two	including, but not limited to, federal
State Senator/Businessman		funds, funds from revenue bonds, and
Write-in	ED WAAGE Planning Commissioner	local funds, and all bond funds subject
STATE ASSEMBLY	WAYNE KING	to independent audits? Fiscal Impact: State costs of \$19.4 billion, assuming
MEMBER OF THE STATE	Retired Inventor TED EHRING	30 years to pay both principal and
ASSEMBLY	Incumbent	interest costs of the bonds. Payments
33rd District	Write-in	would average about \$647 million per year. When constructed, unknown
Vote for One	Write-in	operation and maintenance costs,
ROBERT EVAN CUTHBERT Democratic		probably over \$1 billion annually; at
Non-Profit Agency Tutor SAM BLAKESLEE Republican		least partially, and potentially fully,
		offset by passenger fares.
Assemblyman/Businessman		◯ YES ◯ NO

TURN CARD OVER TO CONTINUE VOTING

	STANDARDS FOR CONFINING FARM	PROPUSITION /	PROPOSITION 11
_	ANIMALS. INITIATIVE STATUTE.	RENEWABLE ENERGY GENERATION.	REDISTRICTING. INITIATIVE
	Requires that certain farm animals be	INITIATIVE STATUTE. Requires	CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT
	allowed, for the majority of every day, to	government-owned utilities to generate	AND STATUTE. Changes authority
	fully extend their limbs or wings, lie down,	20% of their electricity from renewable	for establishing state office boundaries
	stand up and turn around. Limited	energy by 2010, a standard currently	from elected representatives to
	exceptions apply. Fiscal Impact: Potential	applicable to private electrical corporations.	commission. Establishes multilevel
	unknown decrease in state and local tax	Raises requirement for all utilities to 40%	process to select commissioners from
	revenues from farm businesses, possibly in	by 2020 and 50% by 2025. Fiscal Impact:	registered voter pool. Commission
	the range of several million dollars	Increased state administrative costs up to	comprised of Democrats, Republicans,
	annually. Potential minor local and state	\$3.4 million annually, paid by fees.	and representatives of neither party.
	enforcement and prosecution costs, partly	Unknown impact on state and local	Fiscal Impact: Potential increase in
	offset by increased fine revenue.	government costs and revenues due to the	state redistricting costs once every ten
	YES NO	measure's uncertain impact on retail	years due to two entities performing
	O 123	electricity rates.	redistricting. Any increase in costs
	PROPOSITION 3		probably would not be significant.
	CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL BOND ACT.	DDODONITION O	•
	GRANT PROGRAM. INITIATIVE	PROPOSITION 8	YES NO
	STATUTE. Authorizes \$980,000,000 in	ELIMINATES RIGHT OF SAME-SEX	PROPOSITION 12
_	general obligation bonds for construction,	COUPLES TO MARRY.	VETERANS' BOND ACT OF 2008.
	expansion, remodeling, renovation,	INITIATIVE CONSTITUTIONAL	This act provides for a bond issue of
	furnishing and equipping of eligible	AMENDMENT. Changes California	nine hundred million dollars
	children's hospitals. Fiscal Impact: State	Constitution to eliminate the right of same-	(\$900,000,000) to provide farm and
	cost of about \$2 billion over 30 years to	sex couples to marry. Provides that only	home aid for California veterans.
	pay off both the principal (\$980 million) and	marriage between a man and a woman is	
	interest (\$933 million) costs of the bonds.	valid or recognized in California. Fiscal	Fiscal Impact: Costs of about \$1.8
_	Payments of about \$64 million per year.	Impact: Over next few years, potential	billion to pay off both the principal
	YES NO	revenue loss, mainly sales taxes, totaling in	(\$900 million) and interest (\$856
	PROPOSITION 4	the several tens of millions of dollars, to	million) on the bonds; costs paid by
	PROPOSITION 4	state and local governments. In the long	participating veterans. Average
	WAITING PERIOD AND PARENTAL	run, likely little fiscal impact on state and	payment for principal and interest of
_	NOTIFICATION BEFORE TERMINATION	local governments.	about \$59 million per year for 30 years.
	OF MINOR'S PREGNANCY. INITIATIVE		◯ YES ◯ NO
	CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.		
	Changes California Constitution, prohibiting	PROPOSITION 9	
	abortion for unemancipated minor until 48	CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM. VICTIMS'	
	hours after physician notifies minor's	RIGHTS. PAROLE. INITIATIVE	
	parent, legal guardian, or, in limited cases, substitute adult relative. Provides an	CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT AND	
	exception for medical emergency or	STATUTE. Requires notification to victim	
	parental waiver. Fiscal Impact: Potential	and opportunity for input during phases of	
	unknown net state costs of several million	criminal justice process, including bail,	
	dollars annually for health and social	pleas, sentencing and parole. Establishes	
	services programs, court administration,	victim safety as consideration for bail or	
	and state health agency administration	parole. Fiscal Impact: Potential loss of	
	combined.	state savings on prison operations and	
		increased county jail costs amounting to	
	YES NO	hundreds of millions of dollars annually.	
	PROPOSITION 5	Potential net savings in the low tens of	
	NONVIOLENT DRUG OFFENSES.	millions of dollars annually on parole	
	SENTENCING, PAROLE AND	procedures.	
	REHABILITATION. INITIATIVE	•	
	STATUTE. Allocates \$460,000,000		
_		DPOPOSITION 10	
	annually to improve and expand treatment programs. Limits court authority to	PROPOSITION 10 ALTERNATIVE FLIEL VEHICLES AND	
	annually to improve and expand treatment	ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLES AND	
	annually to improve and expand treatment programs. Limits court authority to incarcerate offenders who commit certain drug crimes, break drug treatment rules or	ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLES AND RENEWABLE ENERGY. BONDS.	
	annually to improve and expand treatment programs. Limits court authority to incarcerate offenders who commit certain	ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLES AND RENEWABLE ENERGY. BONDS. INITIATIVE STATUTE. Authorizes \$5	
	annually to improve and expand treatment programs. Limits court authority to incarcerate offenders who commit certain drug crimes, break drug treatment rules or violate parole. Fiscal Impact: Increased state costs potentially exceeding \$1 billion	ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLES AND RENEWABLE ENERGY. BONDS. INITIATIVE STATUTE. Authorizes \$5 billion in bonds paid from state's General	
	annually to improve and expand treatment programs. Limits court authority to incarcerate offenders who commit certain drug crimes, break drug treatment rules or violate parole. Fiscal Impact: Increased state costs potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually primarily for expansion of offender	ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLES AND RENEWABLE ENERGY. BONDS. INITIATIVE STATUTE. Authorizes \$5 billion in bonds paid from state's General Fund, to help consumers and others	
	annually to improve and expand treatment programs. Limits court authority to incarcerate offenders who commit certain drug crimes, break drug treatment rules or violate parole. Fiscal Impact: Increased state costs potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually primarily for expansion of offender treatment programs. State savings	ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLES AND RENEWABLE ENERGY. BONDS. INITIATIVE STATUTE. Authorizes \$5 billion in bonds paid from state's General Fund, to help consumers and others purchase certain vehicles, and to fund	
	annually to improve and expand treatment programs. Limits court authority to incarcerate offenders who commit certain drug crimes, break drug treatment rules or violate parole. Fiscal Impact: Increased state costs potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually primarily for expansion of offender treatment programs. State savings potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually on	ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLES AND RENEWABLE ENERGY. BONDS. INITIATIVE STATUTE. Authorizes \$5 billion in bonds paid from state's General Fund, to help consumers and others	
- - -	annually to improve and expand treatment programs. Limits court authority to incarcerate offenders who commit certain drug crimes, break drug treatment rules or violate parole. Fiscal Impact: Increased state costs potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually primarily for expansion of offender treatment programs. State savings potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually on corrections operations. Net one-time state	ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLES AND RENEWABLE ENERGY. BONDS. INITIATIVE STATUTE. Authorizes \$5 billion in bonds paid from state's General Fund, to help consumers and others purchase certain vehicles, and to fund research in renewable energy and	
	annually to improve and expand treatment programs. Limits court authority to incarcerate offenders who commit certain drug crimes, break drug treatment rules or violate parole. Fiscal Impact: Increased state costs potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually primarily for expansion of offender treatment programs. State savings potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually on corrections operations. Net one-time state prison capital outlay savings potentially	ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLES AND RENEWABLE ENERGY. BONDS. INITIATIVE STATUTE. Authorizes \$5 billion in bonds paid from state's General Fund, to help consumers and others purchase certain vehicles, and to fund research in renewable energy and alternative fuel vehicles. Fiscal Impact:	
	annually to improve and expand treatment programs. Limits court authority to incarcerate offenders who commit certain drug crimes, break drug treatment rules or violate parole. Fiscal Impact: Increased state costs potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually primarily for expansion of offender treatment programs. State savings potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually on corrections operations. Net one-time state	ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLES AND RENEWABLE ENERGY. BONDS. INITIATIVE STATUTE. Authorizes \$5 billion in bonds paid from state's General Fund, to help consumers and others purchase certain vehicles, and to fund research in renewable energy and alternative fuel vehicles. Fiscal Impact: State cost of about \$10 billion over 30	
	annually to improve and expand treatment programs. Limits court authority to incarcerate offenders who commit certain drug crimes, break drug treatment rules or violate parole. Fiscal Impact: Increased state costs potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually primarily for expansion of offender treatment programs. State savings potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually on corrections operations. Net one-time state prison capital outlay savings potentially	ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLES AND RENEWABLE ENERGY. BONDS. INITIATIVE STATUTE. Authorizes \$5 billion in bonds paid from state's General Fund, to help consumers and others purchase certain vehicles, and to fund research in renewable energy and alternative fuel vehicles. Fiscal Impact: State cost of about \$10 billion over 30 years to repay bonds. Increased state and local revenues, potentially totaling several	
	annually to improve and expand treatment programs. Limits court authority to incarcerate offenders who commit certain drug crimes, break drug treatment rules or violate parole. Fiscal Impact: Increased state costs potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually primarily for expansion of offender treatment programs. State savings potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually on corrections operations. Net one-time state prison capital outlay savings potentially exceeding \$2.5 billion. YES NO	ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLES AND RENEWABLE ENERGY. BONDS. INITIATIVE STATUTE. Authorizes \$5 billion in bonds paid from state's General Fund, to help consumers and others purchase certain vehicles, and to fund research in renewable energy and alternative fuel vehicles. Fiscal Impact: State cost of about \$10 billion over 30 years to repay bonds. Increased state and	
	annually to improve and expand treatment programs. Limits court authority to incarcerate offenders who commit certain drug crimes, break drug treatment rules or violate parole. Fiscal Impact: Increased state costs potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually primarily for expansion of offender treatment programs. State savings potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually on corrections operations. Net one-time state prison capital outlay savings potentially exceeding \$2.5 billion. YES NO PROPOSITION 6	ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLES AND RENEWABLE ENERGY. BONDS. INITIATIVE STATUTE. Authorizes \$5 billion in bonds paid from state's General Fund, to help consumers and others purchase certain vehicles, and to fund research in renewable energy and alternative fuel vehicles. Fiscal Impact: State cost of about \$10 billion over 30 years to repay bonds. Increased state and local revenues, potentially totaling several tens of millions of dollars through 2019.	
	annually to improve and expand treatment programs. Limits court authority to incarcerate offenders who commit certain drug crimes, break drug treatment rules or violate parole. Fiscal Impact: Increased state costs potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually primarily for expansion of offender treatment programs. State savings potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually on corrections operations. Net one-time state prison capital outlay savings potentially exceeding \$2.5 billion. YES NO PROPOSITION 6 POLICE AND LAW ENFORCEMENT	ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLES AND RENEWABLE ENERGY. BONDS. INITIATIVE STATUTE. Authorizes \$5 billion in bonds paid from state's General Fund, to help consumers and others purchase certain vehicles, and to fund research in renewable energy and alternative fuel vehicles. Fiscal Impact: State cost of about \$10 billion over 30 years to repay bonds. Increased state and local revenues, potentially totaling several tens of millions of dollars through 2019. Potential state administrative costs up to about \$10 million annually.	
	annually to improve and expand treatment programs. Limits court authority to incarcerate offenders who commit certain drug crimes, break drug treatment rules or violate parole. Fiscal Impact: Increased state costs potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually primarily for expansion of offender treatment programs. State savings potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually on corrections operations. Net one-time state prison capital outlay savings potentially exceeding \$2.5 billion. YES NO PROPOSITION 6 POLICE AND LAW ENFORCEMENT FUNDING. CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND	ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLES AND RENEWABLE ENERGY. BONDS. INITIATIVE STATUTE. Authorizes \$5 billion in bonds paid from state's General Fund, to help consumers and others purchase certain vehicles, and to fund research in renewable energy and alternative fuel vehicles. Fiscal Impact: State cost of about \$10 billion over 30 years to repay bonds. Increased state and local revenues, potentially totaling several tens of millions of dollars through 2019. Potential state administrative costs up to	
	annually to improve and expand treatment programs. Limits court authority to incarcerate offenders who commit certain drug crimes, break drug treatment rules or violate parole. Fiscal Impact: Increased state costs potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually primarily for expansion of offender treatment programs. State savings potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually on corrections operations. Net one-time state prison capital outlay savings potentially exceeding \$2.5 billion. YES NO PROPOSITION 6 POLICE AND LAW ENFORCEMENT FUNDING. CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND LAWS. INITIATIVE STATUTE. Requires	ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLES AND RENEWABLE ENERGY. BONDS. INITIATIVE STATUTE. Authorizes \$5 billion in bonds paid from state's General Fund, to help consumers and others purchase certain vehicles, and to fund research in renewable energy and alternative fuel vehicles. Fiscal Impact: State cost of about \$10 billion over 30 years to repay bonds. Increased state and local revenues, potentially totaling several tens of millions of dollars through 2019. Potential state administrative costs up to about \$10 million annually.	
	annually to improve and expand treatment programs. Limits court authority to incarcerate offenders who commit certain drug crimes, break drug treatment rules or violate parole. Fiscal Impact: Increased state costs potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually primarily for expansion of offender treatment programs. State savings potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually on corrections operations. Net one-time state prison capital outlay savings potentially exceeding \$2.5 billion. YES NO PROPOSITION 6 POLICE AND LAW ENFORCEMENT FUNDING. CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND LAWS. INITIATIVE STATUTE. Requires minimum of \$965,000,000 of state funding	ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLES AND RENEWABLE ENERGY. BONDS. INITIATIVE STATUTE. Authorizes \$5 billion in bonds paid from state's General Fund, to help consumers and others purchase certain vehicles, and to fund research in renewable energy and alternative fuel vehicles. Fiscal Impact: State cost of about \$10 billion over 30 years to repay bonds. Increased state and local revenues, potentially totaling several tens of millions of dollars through 2019. Potential state administrative costs up to about \$10 million annually.	
	annually to improve and expand treatment programs. Limits court authority to incarcerate offenders who commit certain drug crimes, break drug treatment rules or violate parole. Fiscal Impact: Increased state costs potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually primarily for expansion of offender treatment programs. State savings potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually on corrections operations. Net one-time state prison capital outlay savings potentially exceeding \$2.5 billion. YES NO PROPOSITION 6 POLICE AND LAW ENFORCEMENT FUNDING. CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND LAWS. INITIATIVE STATUTE. Requires minimum of \$965,000,000 of state funding each year for police and local law	ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLES AND RENEWABLE ENERGY. BONDS. INITIATIVE STATUTE. Authorizes \$5 billion in bonds paid from state's General Fund, to help consumers and others purchase certain vehicles, and to fund research in renewable energy and alternative fuel vehicles. Fiscal Impact: State cost of about \$10 billion over 30 years to repay bonds. Increased state and local revenues, potentially totaling several tens of millions of dollars through 2019. Potential state administrative costs up to about \$10 million annually.	
	annually to improve and expand treatment programs. Limits court authority to incarcerate offenders who commit certain drug crimes, break drug treatment rules or violate parole. Fiscal Impact: Increased state costs potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually primarily for expansion of offender treatment programs. State savings potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually on corrections operations. Net one-time state prison capital outlay savings potentially exceeding \$2.5 billion. YES NO PROPOSITION 6 POLICE AND LAW ENFORCEMENT FUNDING. CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND LAWS. INITIATIVE STATUTE. Requires minimum of \$965,000,000 of state funding each year for police and local law enforcement. Makes approximately 30	ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLES AND RENEWABLE ENERGY. BONDS. INITIATIVE STATUTE. Authorizes \$5 billion in bonds paid from state's General Fund, to help consumers and others purchase certain vehicles, and to fund research in renewable energy and alternative fuel vehicles. Fiscal Impact: State cost of about \$10 billion over 30 years to repay bonds. Increased state and local revenues, potentially totaling several tens of millions of dollars through 2019. Potential state administrative costs up to about \$10 million annually.	
	annually to improve and expand treatment programs. Limits court authority to incarcerate offenders who commit certain drug crimes, break drug treatment rules or violate parole. Fiscal Impact: Increased state costs potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually primarily for expansion of offender treatment programs. State savings potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually on corrections operations. Net one-time state prison capital outlay savings potentially exceeding \$2.5 billion. YES NO PROPOSITION 6 POLICE AND LAW ENFORCEMENT FUNDING. CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND LAWS. INITIATIVE STATUTE. Requires minimum of \$965,000,000 of state funding each year for police and local law enforcement. Makes approximately 30 revisions to California criminal law. Fiscal	ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLES AND RENEWABLE ENERGY. BONDS. INITIATIVE STATUTE. Authorizes \$5 billion in bonds paid from state's General Fund, to help consumers and others purchase certain vehicles, and to fund research in renewable energy and alternative fuel vehicles. Fiscal Impact: State cost of about \$10 billion over 30 years to repay bonds. Increased state and local revenues, potentially totaling several tens of millions of dollars through 2019. Potential state administrative costs up to about \$10 million annually.	
	annually to improve and expand treatment programs. Limits court authority to incarcerate offenders who commit certain drug crimes, break drug treatment rules or violate parole. Fiscal Impact: Increased state costs potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually primarily for expansion of offender treatment programs. State savings potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually on corrections operations. Net one-time state prison capital outlay savings potentially exceeding \$2.5 billion. YES NO PROPOSITION 6 POLICE AND LAW ENFORCEMENT FUNDING. CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND LAWS. INITIATIVE STATUTE. Requires minimum of \$965,000,000 of state funding each year for police and local law enforcement. Makes approximately 30 revisions to California criminal law. Fiscal Impact: Increased net state costs	ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLES AND RENEWABLE ENERGY. BONDS. INITIATIVE STATUTE. Authorizes \$5 billion in bonds paid from state's General Fund, to help consumers and others purchase certain vehicles, and to fund research in renewable energy and alternative fuel vehicles. Fiscal Impact: State cost of about \$10 billion over 30 years to repay bonds. Increased state and local revenues, potentially totaling several tens of millions of dollars through 2019. Potential state administrative costs up to about \$10 million annually.	
	annually to improve and expand treatment programs. Limits court authority to incarcerate offenders who commit certain drug crimes, break drug treatment rules or violate parole. Fiscal Impact: Increased state costs potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually primarily for expansion of offender treatment programs. State savings potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually on corrections operations. Net one-time state prison capital outlay savings potentially exceeding \$2.5 billion. YES NO PROPOSITION 6 POLICE AND LAW ENFORCEMENT FUNDING. CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND LAWS. INITIATIVE STATUTE. Requires minimum of \$965,000,000 of state funding each year for police and local law enforcement. Makes approximately 30 revisions to California criminal law. Fiscal Impact: Increased net state costs exceeding \$500 million annually due to	ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLES AND RENEWABLE ENERGY. BONDS. INITIATIVE STATUTE. Authorizes \$5 billion in bonds paid from state's General Fund, to help consumers and others purchase certain vehicles, and to fund research in renewable energy and alternative fuel vehicles. Fiscal Impact: State cost of about \$10 billion over 30 years to repay bonds. Increased state and local revenues, potentially totaling several tens of millions of dollars through 2019. Potential state administrative costs up to about \$10 million annually.	
	annually to improve and expand treatment programs. Limits court authority to incarcerate offenders who commit certain drug crimes, break drug treatment rules or violate parole. Fiscal Impact: Increased state costs potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually primarily for expansion of offender treatment programs. State savings potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually on corrections operations. Net one-time state prison capital outlay savings potentially exceeding \$2.5 billion. YES NO PROPOSITION 6 POLICE AND LAW ENFORCEMENT FUNDING. CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND LAWS. INITIATIVE STATUTE. Requires minimum of \$965,000,000 of state funding each year for police and local law enforcement. Makes approximately 30 revisions to California criminal law. Fiscal Impact: Increased net state costs exceeding \$500 million annually due to increasing spending on criminal justice	ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLES AND RENEWABLE ENERGY. BONDS. INITIATIVE STATUTE. Authorizes \$5 billion in bonds paid from state's General Fund, to help consumers and others purchase certain vehicles, and to fund research in renewable energy and alternative fuel vehicles. Fiscal Impact: State cost of about \$10 billion over 30 years to repay bonds. Increased state and local revenues, potentially totaling several tens of millions of dollars through 2019. Potential state administrative costs up to about \$10 million annually.	
	annually to improve and expand treatment programs. Limits court authority to incarcerate offenders who commit certain drug crimes, break drug treatment rules or violate parole. Fiscal Impact: Increased state costs potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually primarily for expansion of offender treatment programs. State savings potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually on corrections operations. Net one-time state prison capital outlay savings potentially exceeding \$2.5 billion. YES NO PROPOSITION 6 POLICE AND LAW ENFORCEMENT FUNDING. CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND LAWS. INITIATIVE STATUTE. Requires minimum of \$965,000,000 of state funding each year for police and local law enforcement. Makes approximately 30 revisions to California criminal law. Fiscal Impact: Increased net state costs exceeding \$500 million annually due to increasing spending on criminal justice programs to at least \$965 million and for	ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLES AND RENEWABLE ENERGY. BONDS. INITIATIVE STATUTE. Authorizes \$5 billion in bonds paid from state's General Fund, to help consumers and others purchase certain vehicles, and to fund research in renewable energy and alternative fuel vehicles. Fiscal Impact: State cost of about \$10 billion over 30 years to repay bonds. Increased state and local revenues, potentially totaling several tens of millions of dollars through 2019. Potential state administrative costs up to about \$10 million annually.	
	annually to improve and expand treatment programs. Limits court authority to incarcerate offenders who commit certain drug crimes, break drug treatment rules or violate parole. Fiscal Impact: Increased state costs potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually primarily for expansion of offender treatment programs. State savings potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually on corrections operations. Net one-time state prison capital outlay savings potentially exceeding \$2.5 billion. YES NO PROPOSITION 6 POLICE AND LAW ENFORCEMENT FUNDING. CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND LAWS. INITIATIVE STATUTE. Requires minimum of \$965,000,000 of state funding each year for police and local law enforcement. Makes approximately 30 revisions to California criminal law. Fiscal Impact: Increased net state costs exceeding \$500 million annually due to increasing spending on criminal justice programs to at least \$965 million and for corrections operating costs. Potential one-	ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLES AND RENEWABLE ENERGY. BONDS. INITIATIVE STATUTE. Authorizes \$5 billion in bonds paid from state's General Fund, to help consumers and others purchase certain vehicles, and to fund research in renewable energy and alternative fuel vehicles. Fiscal Impact: State cost of about \$10 billion over 30 years to repay bonds. Increased state and local revenues, potentially totaling several tens of millions of dollars through 2019. Potential state administrative costs up to about \$10 million annually.	
	annually to improve and expand treatment programs. Limits court authority to incarcerate offenders who commit certain drug crimes, break drug treatment rules or violate parole. Fiscal Impact: Increased state costs potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually primarily for expansion of offender treatment programs. State savings potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually on corrections operations. Net one-time state prison capital outlay savings potentially exceeding \$2.5 billion. YES NO PROPOSITION 6 POLICE AND LAW ENFORCEMENT FUNDING. CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND LAWS. INITIATIVE STATUTE. Requires minimum of \$965,000,000 of state funding each year for police and local law enforcement. Makes approximately 30 revisions to California criminal law. Fiscal Impact: Increased net state costs exceeding \$500 million annually due to increasing spending on criminal justice programs to at least \$965 million and for corrections operating costs. Potential one-time state prison capital outlay costs	ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLES AND RENEWABLE ENERGY. BONDS. INITIATIVE STATUTE. Authorizes \$5 billion in bonds paid from state's General Fund, to help consumers and others purchase certain vehicles, and to fund research in renewable energy and alternative fuel vehicles. Fiscal Impact: State cost of about \$10 billion over 30 years to repay bonds. Increased state and local revenues, potentially totaling several tens of millions of dollars through 2019. Potential state administrative costs up to about \$10 million annually.	
	annually to improve and expand treatment programs. Limits court authority to incarcerate offenders who commit certain drug crimes, break drug treatment rules or violate parole. Fiscal Impact: Increased state costs potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually primarily for expansion of offender treatment programs. State savings potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually on corrections operations. Net one-time state prison capital outlay savings potentially exceeding \$2.5 billion. YES NO PROPOSITION 6 POLICE AND LAW ENFORCEMENT FUNDING. CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND LAWS. INITIATIVE STATUTE. Requires minimum of \$965,000,000 of state funding each year for police and local law enforcement. Makes approximately 30 revisions to California criminal law. Fiscal Impact: Increased net state costs exceeding \$500 million annually due to increasing spending on criminal justice programs to at least \$965 million and for corrections operating costs. Potential one-	ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLES AND RENEWABLE ENERGY. BONDS. INITIATIVE STATUTE. Authorizes \$5 billion in bonds paid from state's General Fund, to help consumers and others purchase certain vehicles, and to fund research in renewable energy and alternative fuel vehicles. Fiscal Impact: State cost of about \$10 billion over 30 years to repay bonds. Increased state and local revenues, potentially totaling several tens of millions of dollars through 2019. Potential state administrative costs up to about \$10 million annually.	
	annually to improve and expand treatment programs. Limits court authority to incarcerate offenders who commit certain drug crimes, break drug treatment rules or violate parole. Fiscal Impact: Increased state costs potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually primarily for expansion of offender treatment programs. State savings potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually on corrections operations. Net one-time state prison capital outlay savings potentially exceeding \$2.5 billion. YES NO PROPOSITION 6 POLICE AND LAW ENFORCEMENT FUNDING. CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND LAWS. INITIATIVE STATUTE. Requires minimum of \$965,000,000 of state funding each year for police and local law enforcement. Makes approximately 30 revisions to California criminal law. Fiscal Impact: Increased net state costs exceeding \$500 million annually due to increasing spending on criminal justice programs to at least \$965 million and for corrections operating costs. Potential one-time state prison capital outlay costs exceeding \$500 million.	ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLES AND RENEWABLE ENERGY. BONDS. INITIATIVE STATUTE. Authorizes \$5 billion in bonds paid from state's General Fund, to help consumers and others purchase certain vehicles, and to fund research in renewable energy and alternative fuel vehicles. Fiscal Impact: State cost of about \$10 billion over 30 years to repay bonds. Increased state and local revenues, potentially totaling several tens of millions of dollars through 2019. Potential state administrative costs up to about \$10 million annually.	
	annually to improve and expand treatment programs. Limits court authority to incarcerate offenders who commit certain drug crimes, break drug treatment rules or violate parole. Fiscal Impact: Increased state costs potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually primarily for expansion of offender treatment programs. State savings potentially exceeding \$1 billion annually on corrections operations. Net one-time state prison capital outlay savings potentially exceeding \$2.5 billion. YES NO PROPOSITION 6 POLICE AND LAW ENFORCEMENT FUNDING. CRIMINAL PENALTIES AND LAWS. INITIATIVE STATUTE. Requires minimum of \$965,000,000 of state funding each year for police and local law enforcement. Makes approximately 30 revisions to California criminal law. Fiscal Impact: Increased net state costs exceeding \$500 million annually due to increasing spending on criminal justice programs to at least \$965 million and for corrections operating costs. Potential one-time state prison capital outlay costs	ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLES AND RENEWABLE ENERGY. BONDS. INITIATIVE STATUTE. Authorizes \$5 billion in bonds paid from state's General Fund, to help consumers and others purchase certain vehicles, and to fund research in renewable energy and alternative fuel vehicles. Fiscal Impact: State cost of about \$10 billion over 30 years to repay bonds. Increased state and local revenues, potentially totaling several tens of millions of dollars through 2019. Potential state administrative costs up to about \$10 million annually.	

TURN CARD OVER TO CONTINUE VOTING