

San Luis Obispo County Public Health Department

www.slopublichealth.org

Reportable Diseases and Conditions

Required under Title 17, California Code of Regulations (CCR) §2500


Phone: 805-781-5500 • Address: 2191 Johnson Avenue, SLO, CA 93401 • Fax: 805-781-5543

Report the following diseases/conditions, including suspected cases, to CalREDIE Provider Portal at <https://calredie.cdph.ca.gov>

AND the following:

 = Report immediately by telephone.

 = Report within one (1) working day of identification.


 = Report within 7 calendar days from the time of identification.

 Anaplasmosis

 Anthrax (human or animal)

 Babesiosis


 Botulism (Infant, Foodborne, Wound, Other)

 Brucellosis (Animal except B. canis)

 Brucellosis (human)

 Campylobacteriosis

 Candida auris, colonization or infection


 Chancroid


 Chickenpox (outbreaks, hospitalizations and deaths)

 Chikungunya Virus Infection

 Cholera


 Ciguatera Fish Poisoning

 Coccidioidomycosis

 Creutzfeldt-Jakob Disease (CJD) and other Transmissible Spongiform Encephalopathies (TSE)


 Cryptosporidiosis


 Cyclosporiasis

 Cysticercosis or Taeniasis


 Dengue Virus Infection


 Diphtheria


 Domoic Acid Poisoning (Amnesic Shellfish Poisoning)


 Ehrlichiosis


 Encephalitis—specify etiology (Viral, Bacterial, Fungal, Parasitic)

 Escherichia coli: shiga toxin producing (STEC) including E. coli O157

 Flavivirus infection of undetermined species

 Foodborne disease (2 or more cases from separate households with same suspected source)


 Giardiasis


 Gonococcal infections



 Haemophilus influenzae, invasive disease (<5 years of age)


 Hantavirus infections

 Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome


 Hepatitis A, acute infection


 Hepatitis B (specify acute case or chronic)


 Hepatitis C (specify acute case or chronic)
 Hepatitis D (Delta—specify acute case or chronic)


 Hepatitis E, acute infection

 Human Immunodeficiency Virus, acute ▲

 Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV), any stage ▲

 Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV), progression to stage 3 (AIDS) ▲

 Influenza deaths in laboratory confirmed cases (<18 years of age)

 Influenza due to novel strains (human)

 Legionellosis

 Leprosy (Hansen's Disease)

 Leptospirosis

 Listeriosis

 Lyme Disease


 Malaria


 Measles (Rubeola)


 Meningitis—specify etiology (Viral, Bacterial, Fungal, Parasitic)

 Meningococcal infections

 Middle East Respiratory Syndrome (MERS)

 Monkeypox or orthopox virus infections

 Mumps


 Novel Virus Infection with Pandemic Potential

 Paralytic Shellfish Poisoning

 Paratyphoid Fever

 Pertussis (Whooping Cough)

 Plague, human or animal

 Pneumococcal disease, invasive, 0-18 years old (at the request of the local health officer)


 Poliovirus Infection


 Psittacosis


 Q Fever


 Rabies, human or animal


 Relapsing Fever

 Respiratory Syncytial Virus-associated deaths in laboratory confirmed cases (<5 years of age)

 Rickettsial Diseases (non-Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever, including Typhus and Typhus-like illnesses)

 Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever

 Rubella (German Measles)

 Rubella syndrome, congenital

 Salmonellosis (other than Typhoid Fever)

 Scombroid Fish Poisoning

 Shiga toxin (detected in feces)

 Shigellosis


 Smallpox (Variola)

 Syphilis (all stages, including congenital)

 Tetanus

 Trichinosis

 Tuberculosis

 Tularemia, animal

 Tularemia, human

 Typhoid Fever, cases and carriers

 Vibrio infections


 Viral Hemorrhagic Fevers, human or animal (e.g., Crimean-Congo, Ebola, Lassa, and Marburg viruses)

 West Nile Virus (WNV) infection

 Yellow Fever

 Yersiniosis

 Zika Virus Infection

 Outbreaks of any disease (including diseases not listed in §2500). Specify institutional and/or open community.

 Occurrence of any unusual disease

Local Surveillance

 Cannabis-related illness

 TST reactors (age <3 years only)

 Vaping-associated illness

▲ **HIV Reporting:** DO NOT FAX REPORTS. HIV infection is reportable by traceable mail or person-to-person transfer within seven (7) calendar days by completion of the HIV/AIDS Case Report Form (CDPH 8641A). For HIV-specific reporting requirements, see Title 17, CCR, §2641.5-2643.2

Reportable Non-Communicable Diseases/Conditions: Disorders characterized by lapses of consciousness (§2800-2812), Alzheimer's Disease, or other conditions that may impair the ability to operate a motor vehicle safely (H&SC 103900); Pesticide-related illness or injury (known or suspected cases; H&SC 105200); Cancer (H&SC 10387), including benign and borderline brain tumors (except 1) basal and squamous skin cancer unless occurring on genitalia, and 2) carcinoma in-situ and CIN III of the cervix §2593)

Updated 09/2022