Board of Trustees

1000 Mill Street San Luis Obispo, CA 93408 Phone: (805) 781-5465 Fax: (805) 781-5697 www.SLOPensionTrust.org



Date: June 26, 2023

To: Board of Trustees

From: Carl Nelson – Executive Director

Amy Burke – Deputy Director

Agenda Item 10: January 1, 2023 Actuarial Valuation and Pension Contribution Rates

Accompanying this memo are -

- **Presentation** by Cheiron Plan Actuary
- **Draft January 1, 2023 Annual Actuarial Valuation** prepared by Cheiron the Plan Actuary with additional supplementary tables of data.
- **Deferred Implementation Date** for rate increases and adjusted amounts of pension contribution rate increase as well as allocation of rate increases by class of Member (Miscellaneous, Probation, Safety).
- Pension Contribution Rate Increase History 2017-2023

Recommendation:

It is recommended that the Board take the following actions:

- 1. Approve the January 1, 2023 Actuarial Valuation.
- 2. Approve the transfer of \$7,295,393 from the Current Reserve to the Retiree Reserve as recommended by Cheiron in the Reserves Comment of the Valuation (page A-3).
- 3. Approve the recommendation of the Plan Actuary to increase the current level of County Appropriation and Employee Contribution rates such that a **Total Contribution Rate of 52.81% effective January 1, 2023 is received an increase of 0.48% over the current 52.33% Charged Rate of contributions as of 1/1/23** as recommended by Cheiron in the Executive Summary section of the Valuation (page 6).

- **a.** This increase is subject to delayed implementation as may be requested by the Plan Sponsors, with adjustments to the rate calculated by Cheiron to account for the deferred implementation. In addition, this rate increase is the aggregate pension contribution rate increase for all classes of Members. Different contribution rate increases are recommended for Miscellaneous, Probation and Safety classes of Members due to their differing benefit formulas.
- b. See the attached Deferred Implementation Date exhibit to this memo for the applicable pension contribution rate increases.

2023 Actuarial Valuation Results:

Ta Summary of Ke (\$ in t		luation Resul	ts		
	į	January 1, 2022		January 1, 2023	Change
Membership					
Active Members		2,776		2,830	2.0%
Retirees and Beneficiaries		3,172		3,236	2.0%
Deferred Vesteds and Inactives		861		981	13.9%
Total		6,809		7,047	3.5%
Total Projected Payroll	5	224,010,000	\$	242,067,000	8.1%
Average Pay	5	80,695	\$	85,536	6.0%
Funded Status					
Actuarial Liability	5	2,498,107	5	2,622,192	5.0%
Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)		1,619,357		1,679,561	3.7%
Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL)	5	878,750	\$	942,631	7.3%
Funding Ratio (AVA Basis)		64.8%		64.1%	-0.7%
Market Value of Assets (MVA)	5	1,749,963	5	1,594,492	-8.9%
Unfunded Actuarial Liability (MVA Basis)		748,144		1,027,700	37.4%
Funding Ratio (MVA Basis)		70.1%		60.8%	-9.3%
Actuarially Determined Contributions					
Total Normal Cost		21.62%		21.24%	-0.38%
Administrative Expenses		1.06%		1.01%	-0.05%
Unfunded Actuarial Liability Payment					
Interest on UAL		26.48%		26.29%	-0.19%
Principal		3.32%		4.27%	0.95%
Total UAL Payment		29.80%		30.56%	0.76%
Total Actuarially Determined Contribution		52.48%		52.81%	0.33%

Contribution Rate:

Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) increase = 0.33%.

The valuation indicates an increase in the Total Required Contribution Rate (or Actuarially Determined Contributions (ADC)) to **52.81%** from 52.48% (prior year ADC), effective January 1, 2023 as shown in Table I-3 on page 6 of the attached 2023 Actuarial Valuation.

The sources of this **increase in the ADC** are discussed below and in Table I-4 on page 7 of the attached 2023 Actuarial Valuation. The increases shown below are expressed as a percent of pay.

- 1. Actuarial investment loss Contribution Impact = +0.76%
- 2. Tier 3 (PEPRA) new hires replacing Tier 1 and Tier 2 terminations Contribution Impact = -0.38 % of pay
- 3. Effect of payroll growth being larger than expected which leads to more of the UAL being paid down Contribution impact = -1.45% of pay
- 4. Contribution timing lag due to delayed implementation of 2022 valuation rate increase Contribution impact = + 0.17 %% of pay
- 5. Demographic Experience mainly driven by Tier 1 retiree COLA and active member salary increases being above assumptions Contribution impact = +1.23 % of pay
- 6. Changes in Actuarial Assumptions (see previously published Experience Study for more details NA no assumptions changed for 2023 valuation.

Recommended Pension Contribution Rate Increase = 0.48 %

This reflects the 0.33 % increase in the ADC as discussed above. It also reflects that the Charged Rate of contributions as of 1/1/23 is 52.33 % - slightly below the planned ADC for 2022 of 52.48%. Rate increase history is included in the attached Pension Contribution Rate Increase History – 2017-2023.

See page 10 of the attached Actuarial Valuation regarding the historical pension contribution rates.

Pension Contribution Rate Increases – Deferred Implementation

Note that the actual Pension Contribution Rate increase depends on the implementation date chosen by the Plan Sponsors. The rate increase discussed above is as of January 1, 2023. For practical reasons, the actual change in contribution rates normally takes place on a deferred date – typically July 1st of the following year. This aids budget planning and payroll implementation. In the case of Deferred Implementation, the rate increases are adjusted upwards to make them actuarially equivalent to the rate needed January 1, 2023. For example, if the aggregate increase of 0.48% were to be implemented July 1, 2024, the aggregate increase would be **0.73**%.

Any changes to pension contribution rates will naturally vary by Class of members based on the actuarial experience of each Class – Miscellaneous, Safety, or Probation. The contribution rate increases for each Class are –

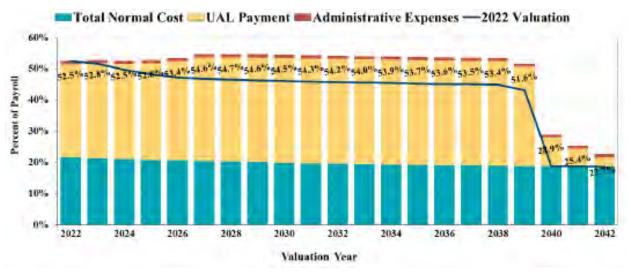
		If implemented
	Jan. 1, 2023	July 1, 2024
Miscellaneous	+0.20 %	+0.43%
Probation	-0.09 %	+ 0.16%
Safety	+2.91 %	+3.27%
Total aggregate	+0.48%	+0.73%

See the attached Deferred Implementation Date exhibit for the applicable pension contribution rate increases.

Funded Ratio and UAL:

The valuation results also indicate that the funded ratio of the Plan – Actuarial Accrued Liabilities (AAL) vs. Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA) has declined from 64.8% in 2022 to **64.1**% in 2023. See Table I-2 on page 5 of the attached Actuarial Valuation for further detail on the sources of the decrease. The Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL) increased from \$878,750 in 2022 to \$942,631 in 2023. See Table I-1 on page 4 of the attached Actuarial Valuation for the UAL.

Projected ADC:



The Baseline projections of assets and liabilities and funded ratio are shown in the following graph. The elements of the ADC pension cost are –

See page 11 of the attached Actuarial Valuation for information on forecasted pension contribution rates. Note that these projections have many assumptions including –

- The Discount Rate used to calculate pension liabilities remains at 6.75%.
- The Inflation assumption used remains at 2.50%.
- All actuarial assumptions are fully met each year.

Respectfully submitted,

San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust



2023 Actuarial Valuation Results

June 26, 2023

Anne D. Harper, FSA, EA, MAAA Tim Hall, FSA, EA, MAAA, CERA

Topics for Discussion



2023 Valuation Results

- **Changes Since Last Valuation**
- Development of Actuarial Value of Assets
 - **Historical Review**
 - **Projections**





- Investment returns for 2022 were less than favorable
 - -7.7% based on the market value of assets (MVA)
 - 5.1% based on the actuarial value of assets (AVA)
 - MVA is about 5% lower than the AVA
 - \$85 million in deferred asset losses
- Projected payroll grew by 8.1% to \$242.1 million
 - Payroll growth expected to increase by only 3.0%
 - Active membership grew 2.0% from 2,776 to 2,830
 - Actives members received larger pay increases than expected, primary source of liability loss
- Total Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) increased from 52.48% to 52.81%, lower than the projected 53.18% from the March Board Meeting



Actuarial Valuation Overview



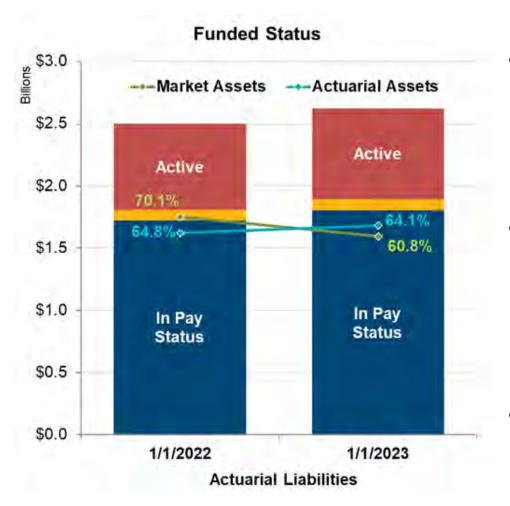


Should answer three questions:

- 1) Where are you now?
- 2) Where have you been?
- 3) Where are you going?



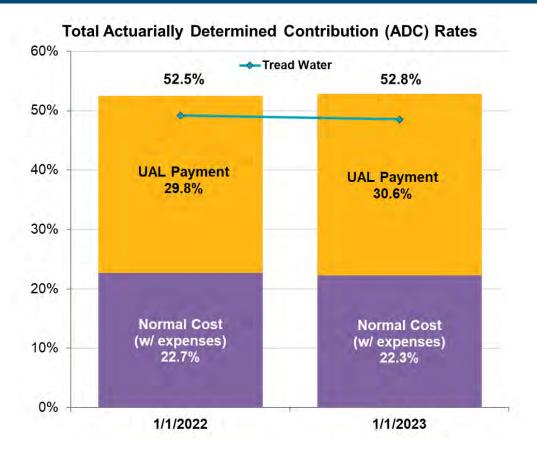




- Funded Ratios dropped, both on a smoothed actuarial and market basis
 - AVA from 64.8% to 64.1%
 - MVA from 70.1% to 60.8%
- Unfunded Actuarial Liabilities (UAL) Increased
 - AVA from \$879 million to \$943 million
 - MVA from \$748 million to \$1,028 million
- Members in pay status account for almost 70% of the Actuarial Liability







- Slight increase in total ADC due to increase in the UAL payment
- Contributions above the teal "Tread Water" line pay down principal on the UAL





Components of Actuarially Determined Contribution Rate and Reconciliation of Charged Rate

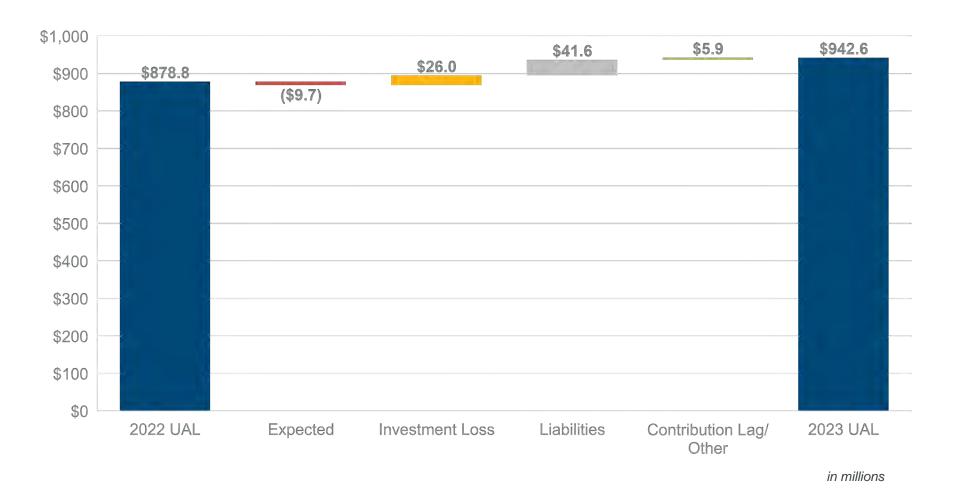
	Valuation Date	January 1, 2022	January 1, 2023
Actuarially Determined Contribution	on Rate		
1. Gross Normal Cost		21.62%	21.24%
Member Contributions		<u>17.55%</u>	<u>17.22%</u>
3. Employer Normal Cost [(1) - (2)]		4.07%	4.02%
4. UAL Amortization Payment		<u>29.80%</u>	<u>30.56%</u>
5. Employer Contribution Rate [(3)	+ (4)]	33.87%	34.58%
Administrative Expenses		<u>1.06%</u>	<u>1.01%</u>
7. Total Actuarially Determined ([(1) + (4) + (6)]	Contribution	52.48%	52.81%
Reconciliation of Charged Rate			
8. Employer Charged Rate		30.43%	32.76%
9. Member Charged Rate		<u>17.35%</u>	<u>16.98%</u>
10. Total Charged Rate [(8) + (9)]		47.78%	49.74%
11. Increase to Charged Rate ¹		<u>2.39%</u>	<u>2.59%</u>
12. Total Charged Rate as of January [(10) + (11)]	uary 1	50.17%	52.33%
13. Difference in ADC and Charged [(7) - (12)]	Rate as of January 1	2.31%	0.48%

¹ Delayed Implementation of 2021 and 2022 ADC (for most employers) to July 1, 2022 and July 1, 2023, respectively



Changes in UAL Since Last Valuation

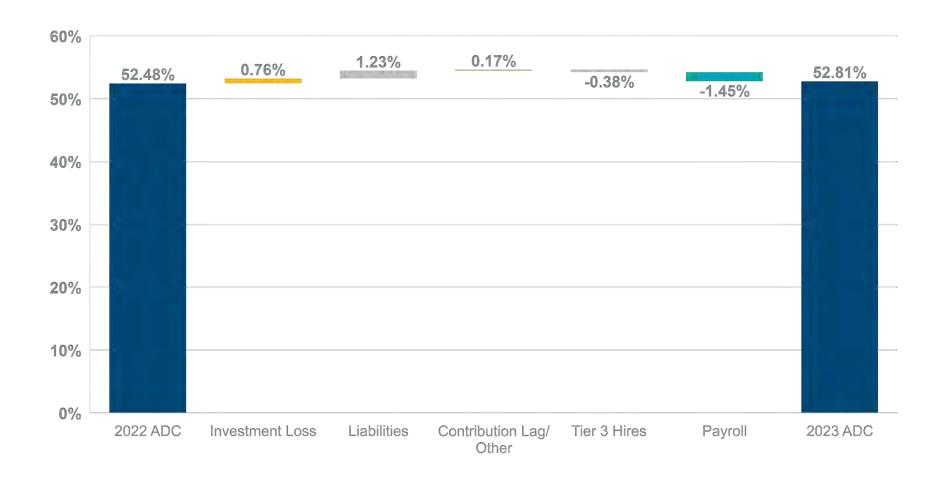






Changes in ADC Since Last Valuation

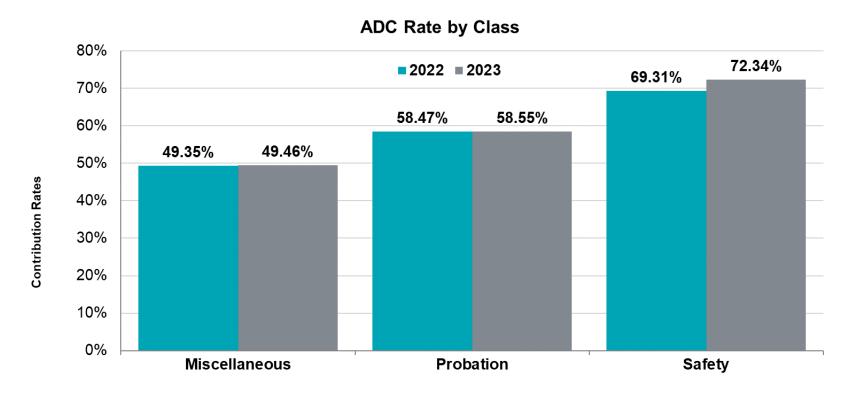






Changes Since Last Valuation



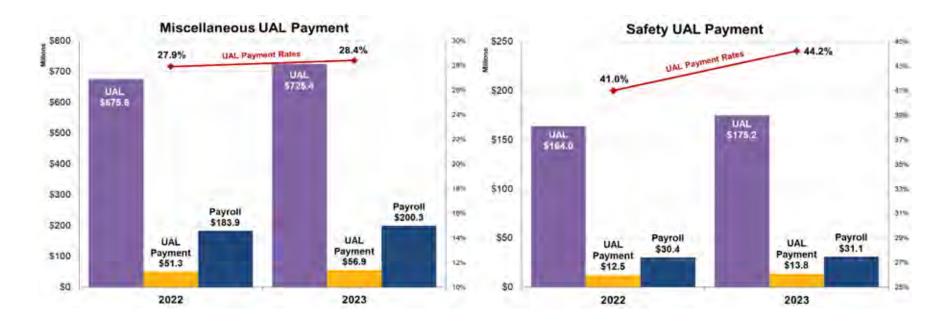


- Minimal change in the contribution rates for Miscellaneous and Probation
- However, Safety rate increased by just over 3.0%



Changes Since Last Valuation





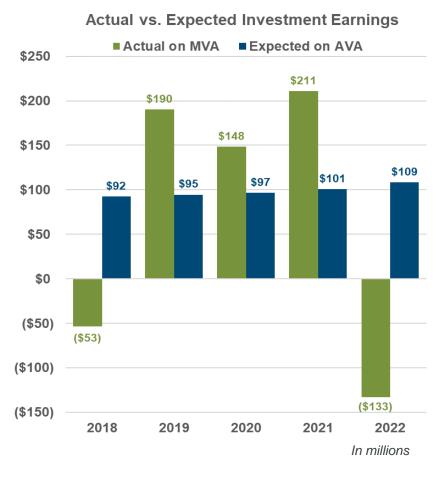
	Percentage Increase in						
Class	UAL	UAL Payment	Payroll	UAL Pmt as % of Pay			
Miscellaneous	7.4%	10.9%	9.0%	1.8%			
Safety	6.8%	10.4%	2.3%	7.9%			

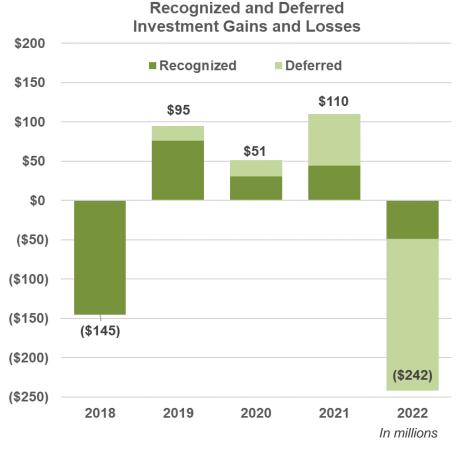
- Difference in payroll growth is source of differences in UAL payment increases
- 0.5% increase for Miscellaneous (27.9% to 28.4%)
- 3.2% increase for Safety (41.0% to 44.2%)



Development of Actuarial Value of Assets









Development of Actuarial Value of Assets



January 1, 2023 Actuarial Value of Assets						
Calculate Expected Actuarial Value of Assets for 202	Calculate Expected Actuarial Value of Assets for 2023					
AVA of 1/1/2022	\$	1,619				
Non-Investment Cash Flow for FYE 2022		(22)				
Expected Return on AVA for FYE 2022		109				
Expected AVA as of 1/1/2023	\$	1,706				
Actual Return on Market Value as of FYE 2022	\$	(133)				
Actual MVA Return Below Expected AVA	\$	(242)				
20% Recognition of Last 5 Years Returns Above / (Be	low) E	xpected				
Calendar Year 2022	\$	(48)				
Calendar Year 2021		22				
Calendar Year 2020		10				
Calendar Year 2019		19				
Calendar Year 2018		(29)				
Total Recognition of Returns for 1/1/2023	\$	(26)				
Final Actuarial Value of Assets as of 1/1/2023 (Expected AVA + Recognition of Returns)	\$	1,680				

In millions



Development of Actuarial Value of Assets



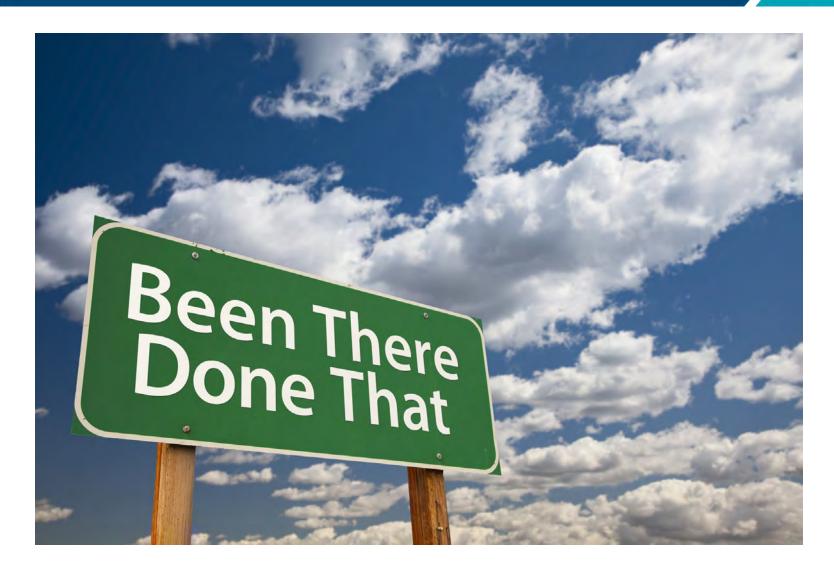


- Longer recognition of the 2008 investment losses shown from 2009 to 2018
- 2020 was the first year since 2007 when the market value of assets was above the actuarial value of assets



Historical Review



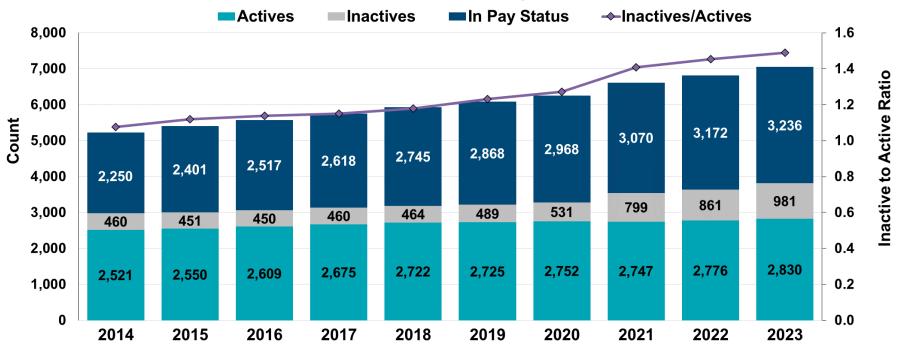




Historical Review - Membership







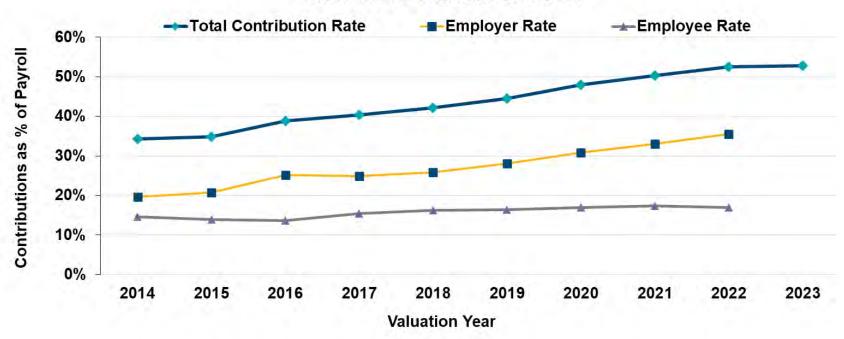
- The ratio of inactive to actives has steadily increased from 1.1 to 1.5
- Active membership increased by 12%; members in pay status increased by 44%
- Starting in 2021, inactive membership counts include non-vested members with employee contributions on account; 309 non-vested members in 2023



Historical Review - Contributions



Historical Contribution Rates



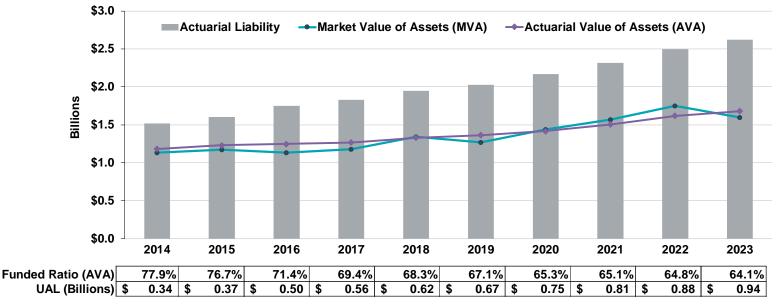
- Contribution rates have increased from 34.2% to 52.8%, primarily due to investment losses and assumption changes
 - 19.6% to 35.5% for employers
 - o 14.6% to 17.0% for employees



Historical Review – Funded Ratio





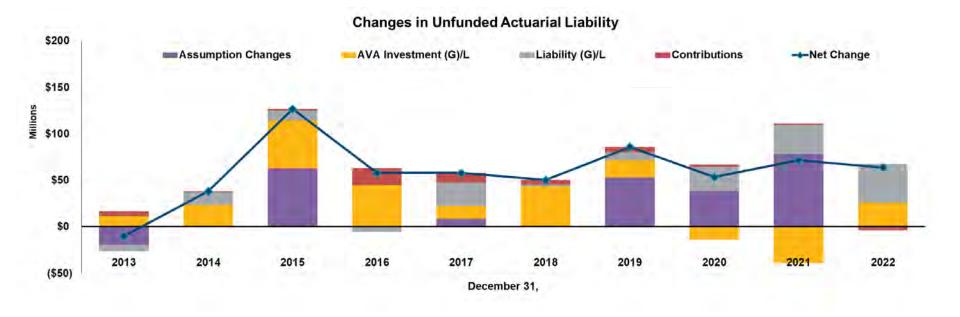


- Funded ratio has decreased from 77.9% in 2014 to 64.1% in 2023
 - Assumed rate of investment return decreased from 7.25% to 6.75% over this period
 - Investment returns based on the smoothed assets (AVA) over this time period were 5.6%
- Actual investment returns and actuarial losses due to salary increases are the primary reasons for the decrease in the funded ratio from 64.8% to 64.1% in 2023



Sources of Unfunded Actuarial Liability





- Assumption Changes: \$222 million
- Investment Losses: \$180 million
- Liability Losses: \$147 million
- Contributions: \$47 million



Projections









Current UAL Payment Schedule



Development of Amortization Payment For the January 1, 2023 Actuarial Valuation

	Type of Base	Date Established	Initial Amount	Initial Amortization Years	January 1, 2023 Outstanding Balance	_	Amortization Amount	% of Pay
1.	Remaining UAL ¹	1/1/2018	\$ 616,930,482	22	\$ 596,738,659	17	\$ 47,546,692	19.64%
2.	(Gain)/Loss Base	1/1/2019	50,735,419	20	48,544,339	16	4,043,874	1.67%
3.	Assumption Changes	1/1/2020	53,371,279	20	51,865,304	17	4,132,502	1.71%
4.	(Gain)/Loss Base	1/1/2020	35,467,272	20	34,466,495	17	2,746,207	1.13%
5.	Assumption Changes	1/1/2021	35,700,366	20	35,133,598	18	2,686,555	1.11%
6.	(Gain)/Loss Base	1/1/2021	23,219,142	20	22,850,521	18	1,747,307	0.72%
7.	Assumption Changes	1/1/2022	78,053,947	20	77,593,575	19	5,711,276	2.36%
8.	(Gain)/Loss Base	1/1/2022	1,916,630	20	1,905,326	19	140,242	0.06%
9.	(Gain)/Loss Base	1/1/2023	73,533,922	20	73,533,922	20	5,223,827	2.16%
	Total				\$ 942,631,737		\$ 73,978,482	30.56%

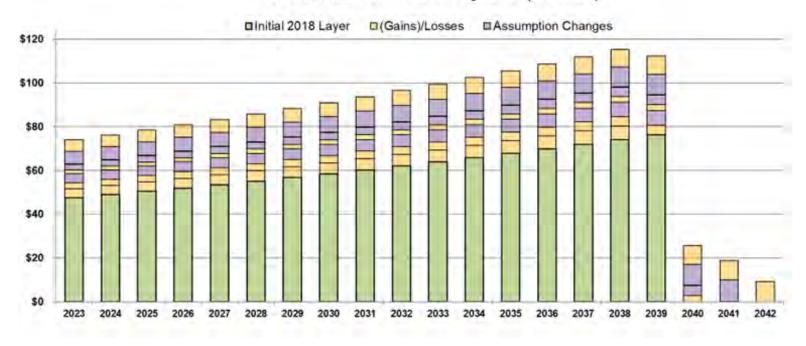
The funding policy adopted as of January 1, 2010 was a 30-year closed amortization period for the entire Unfunded Actuarial Liability. As of January 1, 2019, any unexpected increase or decrease in the UAL is amortized as a separate 20-year closed layer.



Current UAL Payment Schedule



SLOCPT UAL Amortization Payments (in Dollars)



- Each individual UAL payment grows 3.0% per year (the same as assumed payroll growth)
- UAL payments as a percentage of pay are expected to remain level
- 2018 UAL layer is the largest portion of the UAL payment, with the last payment in 2039



Baseline Projections – Underlying Assumptions

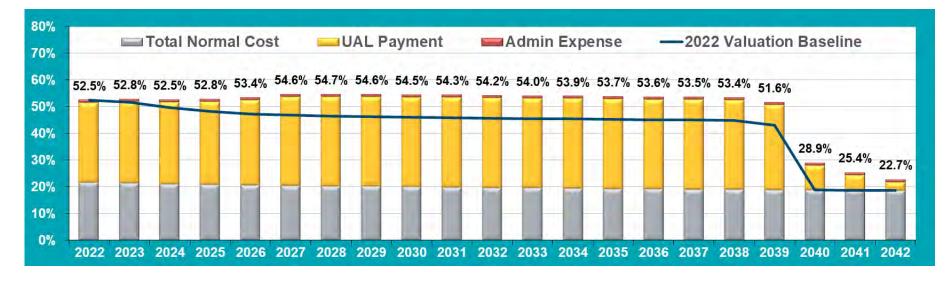


- Assume the return on the Market Value of Assets is 6.75% each and every year in the projection period
- All other actuarial assumptions are assumed to be met each and every year
- Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) rate will be paid by employers and employees
- Stable active population; PEPRA members will replace legacy members when they leave active employment
 - Payroll expected to grow by 3.00% per year



2023 Projections – Total Contribution Rate



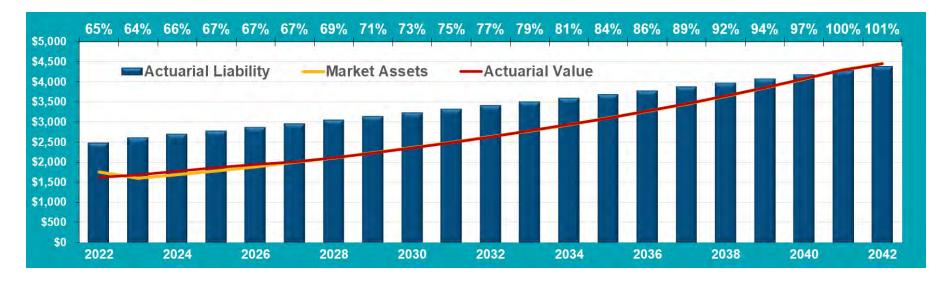


- The Total Contribution (ADC) is projected to be relatively constant over the next two years
 - But reaches the peak of 54.7% once the deferred losses from 2023 are fully recognized
- Pattern of future contributions driven by pattern of UAL payments
- Total Normal Cost rate declines very gradually over the projection period from 21.2% in 2023 to 18.6% in 2042 as new hires continue to enter the PEPRA Tier



2023 Projections – Funded Ratio





- SLOCPT is projected to make some funding progress over the next five years
- Recognition of the \$85 million deferred assets losses causes the slower progress
- UAL payment is still large enough to pay down interest and principal
- Current funding policy is sufficient for SLOCPT to reach full funding by the end of the projection period shown



Questions







Appendix



Summary of Key Valuation Results (in thousands)						
		January 1, 2022		January 1, 2023	Change	
Membership						
Actives		2,776		2,830	2.0%	
Retirees and Beneficiaries		3,172		3,236	2.0%	
Inactives		861	_	981	13.9%	
Total		6,809		7,047	3.5%	
Total Projected Payroll	\$	224,010,000	\$	242,067,000	8.1%	
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Administrative Expenses		1.06%		1.01%	-0.05%	
Unfunded Actuarial Liability Payment						
Interest		26.48%		26.29%	-0.19%	
Principal		3.32%		4.27%	<u>0.95%</u>	
Total		29.80%		30.56%	0.76%	
Total Actuarially Determined Contribution		52.48%		52.81%	0.33%	



Required Disclosures



The purpose of this presentation is to discuss the results of the January 1, 2023 Actuarial Valuation of the San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust (SLOCPT). This presentation was prepared exclusively for the San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust and its Board of Trustees for the purpose described herein. Other users of this presentation are not intended users as defined in the Actuarial Standards of Practice, and Cheiron assumes no duty or liability to any other user.

In preparing our presentation, we relied on information (some oral and some written) supplied by the SLOCPT. This information includes, but is not limited to, the plan provisions, employee data, and financial information. We performed an informal examination of the obvious characteristics of the data for reasonableness and consistency in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice No. 23. The actuarial assumptions, data and methods are shown in the actuarial valuation report as of January 1, 2023.

Future results may differ significantly from the current results and projections shown in this presentation due to such factors as the following: plan experience different from that anticipated by the assumptions; changes in assumptions; and changes in the plan provisions or applicable law.

Cheiron utilizes ProVal, an actuarial valuation application leased from Winklevoss Technologies (WinTech) to calculate liabilities and project benefit payments. We have relied on WinTech as the developer of ProVal. We have a basic understanding of ProVal and have used ProVal in accordance with its original intended purpose. We have not identified any material inconsistencies in assumptions or output of ProVal that would affect this valuation.

Deterministic projections in this presentation were developed using P-Scan, a proprietary tool used to illustrate the impact of changes in assumptions, methods, plan provisions, or actual experience (particularly investment experience) on the future financial status of the Trust. P-Scan uses standard roll-forward techniques that implicitly assume a stable active population.

This presentation and its contents have been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices and our understanding of the Code of Professional Conduct and applicable Actuarial Standards of Practice set out by the Actuarial Standards Board as well as applicable laws and regulations. Furthermore, as credentialed actuaries, we meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the opinion contained in this presentation. This presentation does not address any contractual or legal issues. We are not attorneys, and our firm does not provide any legal services or advice.

Anne D. Harper, FSA, EA, MAAA Principal Consulting Actuary Alice I. Alsberghe, ASA, EA, MAAA Consulting Actuary Tim Hall, FSA, EA, MAAA, CERA Associate Actuary





San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust

Actuarial Valuation Report as of January 1, 2023

Produced by Cheiron

June 2023

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June 15, 2023

Board of Trustees San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust 1000 Mill Street San Luis Obispo, California 93408

Dear Members of the Board,

At your request, we have conducted an actuarial valuation of the San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust (SLOCPT, the Trust, the Fund, the Plan) as of January 1, 2023. This report contains information on the Trust's assets and liabilities and discloses employer and employee contribution levels. Your attention is called to the Foreword in which we refer to the general approach employed in the preparation of this report.

The purpose of this report is to present the results of the annual actuarial valuation of SLOCPT. This report is for the use of the Board of Trustees and its auditors in preparing financial reports in accordance with applicable law and accounting requirements.

Cheiron's report was prepared solely for the Board of Trustees of San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust for the purposes described herein, except that the Plan auditor may rely on this report solely for the purpose of completing an audit related to the matters herein. Other users of this report are not intended users as defined in the Actuarial Standards of Practice, and Cheiron assumes no duty or liability to any other user.

This report and its contents have been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices and our understanding of the Code of Professional Conduct and applicable Actuarial Standards of Practice set out by the Actuarial Standards Board as well as applicable laws and regulations. Furthermore, as credentialed actuaries, we meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the opinion contained in this report. This report does not address any contractual or legal issues. We are not attorneys, and our firm does not provide any legal services or advice.

Sincerely, Cheiron

Anne D. Harper, FSA, EA, MAAA **Principal Consulting Actuary**

Alice I. Alsberghe, ASA, EA, MAAA Consulting Actuary

SAN LUIS OBISPO COUNTY PENSION TRUST **ACTUARIAL VALUATION REPORT AS OF JANUARY 1, 2023**

FOREWORD

Cheiron has performed the actuarial valuation of the San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust as of January 1, 2023. The valuation is organized as follows:

- In Section I, the **Executive Summary**, we describe the purpose of an actuarial valuation, summarize the key results found in this valuation and disclose important trends.
- The **Main Body** of the report presents details on the Trust's:
 - o Section II Disclosures Related to Risk
 - o Section III Assets
 - Section IV Liabilities
 - o Section V Contributions
 - o Section VI Annual Comprehensive Financial Reporting Information
- In the **Appendices**, we conclude our report with the following detailed information:
 - o Appendix A Membership Information
 - Appendix B Member Contribution Rates
 - o Appendix C Actuarial Assumptions and Methods
 - o Appendix D Summary of Plan Provisions
 - o Appendix E Glossary

Future results may differ significantly from the current results presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience different from that anticipated by the assumptions; changes in assumptions; and changes in plan provisions or applicable law.

In preparing our report, we relied on information (some oral and some written) supplied by the SLOCPT staff. This information includes, but is not limited to, plan provisions, employee data, and financial information. We performed an informal examination of the obvious characteristics of the data for reasonableness and consistency in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice No. 23.

Cheiron utilizes ProVal, an actuarial valuation application leased from Winklevoss Technologies (WinTech), to calculate liabilities and project benefit payments. We have relied on WinTech as the developer of ProVal. We have reviewed ProVal and have a basic understanding of it and have used ProVal in accordance with its original intended purpose. We have not identified any material inconsistencies in assumptions or output of ProVal that would affect this report. The deterministic and stochastic projections shown in this report were developed using R-scan, our proprietary stochastic projection tool for assessing probabilities of different outcomes. We have relied on Cheiron colleagues who developed the tool, and we have used the tool in accordance with its purpose.



SECTION I – EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The primary purpose of the actuarial valuation and this report is to measure, describe, and identify the following as of the valuation date:

- The funded status of the Trust,
- Past and expected trends in the funding progress of the Trust,
- Employer and employee contribution rates for Plan Year 2023,
- Information required by the GFOA for the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, and
- An assessment and disclosure of key risks.

The information required under GASB standards Nos. 67 and 68 is included in a separate report, with the report for the Plan's Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2022, provided to SLOCPT in May 2023.

In the balance of this Executive Summary, we present (A) the basis upon which this year's valuation was completed, (B) the key findings of this valuation including a summary of all key results, (C) an examination of the historical trends, and (D) the projected outlook for the Trust.

A. Valuation Basis

This valuation determines the total contributions required for the Plan Year beginning January 1, 2023.

The Trust's funding policy is to collect contributions from the employers and employees, the Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC), equal to the sum of:

- The normal cost under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method,
- Amortization of the Unfunded Actuarial Liability, and
- The Fund's expected administrative expenses.

The Unfunded Actuarial Liability payment is determined as the amount needed to fund the outstanding Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL). The UAL is amortized as a percentage of payroll of SLOCPT. The funding policy adopted as of January 1, 2010 was a 30-year closed amortization period for the entire Unfunded Actuarial Liability (17 years remaining as of January 1, 2023). Effective with the January 1, 2019 valuation, any new sources of UAL due to actuarial gains and losses, assumption changes, or method changes are amortized over a separate closed 20-year period.

Actuarial experience studies are performed every two years. This valuation was performed based on the economic and demographic assumptions and methods that were recommended in the Actuarial Experience Study performed by Cheiron as of December 31, 2021. These assumptions were adopted by the Board of Trustees at their May 23, 2022 Board meeting. A summary of the assumptions and methods used in the current valuation is shown in Appendix C.

This valuation was prepared based on the plan provisions summarized in Appendix D.



SECTION I – EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

B. Key Findings of this Valuation

The key results of the January 1, 2023 actuarial valuation are as follows:

- The Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) rate (including both employer and employee portions) increased from 52.48% of payroll to 52.81% of payroll, an increase of 0.33% of payroll. The increase is primarily due to the actuarial investment loss and demographic experience, partially offset by the effect of payroll growth on the Unfunded Actuarial Liability payment as a percentage of pay.
- During the plan year ending December 31, 2022, the return on the Market Value of Assets (MVA) was -7.7%, net of investment expenses and assuming mid-year cash flows, as compared to the 6.75% assumption. Based on the Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA), the Plan returned 5.1%, an actuarial asset loss of \$26.0 million. Only 20% of each year's actuarial investment gains or losses are recognized. There are \$85 million of net deferred actuarial asset losses as of January 1, 2023 that will be recognized over the next four years.
- The Trust's funded ratio, the ratio of Actuarial Value of Assets over Actuarial Liability, decreased from 64.8% last year to 64.1% as of January 1, 2023. The ratio of Market Value of Assets over Actuarial Liability decreased from 70.1% last year to 60.8% as of January 1, 2023. The decreases in both funded ratios are primarily driven by the unfavorable asset performance and the actuarial losses due to demographic experience.
- The UAL is the excess of the Trust's Actuarial Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets. The Trust experienced an increase in the UAL from \$878.8 million to \$942.6 million, an increase of \$63.9 million, primarily due to asset losses and actuarial liability losses. Table I-2 in this report details the changes in UAL.
- The Actuarial Liability of the Trust increased more than expected. The actuarial liability experience losses were predominantly due to substantially larger salary increases than expected. In addition, actual COLA increases for current retirees were larger than expected (2.9% for Tier 1 compared to the assumed increase of 2.75%), and there were more retirements and disabilities than expected. Consequently, the Trust experienced a net loss on the Actuarial Liability of \$41.6 million.
- As of January 1, 2023, there were 1,779 active members covered under Tier 3 (AB 340, "PEPRA") compared to 1,606 Tier 3 active members covered in the prior valuation. Tier 3 active member payroll comprises 56% of the total member payroll as of January 1, 2023, compared to 51% in the prior valuation.



SECTION I – EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

- Reserves: We recommend that the reserve for Retirees and Beneficiaries be updated to reflect the computed liability in the most recent valuation. With the Trust's current accounting (the County pays for all COLA benefits), this can only be done for non-COLA benefits. The COLA reserve includes amounts attributable to current active and deferred vested members. According to the financial statements as of December 31, 2022, the reserve for Retirees and Beneficiaries is \$1,366,339,705. The non-COLA liabilities calculated were \$1,373,635,098. Accordingly, we recommend that the Trust transfer the difference of \$7,295,393 out of the Current Reserve and into the Retiree Reserve.
- **Pension Obligation Bond:** Total pension costs also include the debt financing related to the 2003 pension obligation bond of \$135 million. The annual debt financing payment for calendar year 2023 is approximately \$9.7 million, which is approximately 3.99% of active member payroll. When this percent is added to the actuarial valuation computed County appropriation rate of 35.59% (based on employers assuming all of the contribution rate increase for the January 1, 2023 valuation, including the administrative expenses), the total rate of 39.58% more accurately reflects total County pension costs.



SECTION I – EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Below and on the following pages, we present Tables I-1, I-2, I-3, and I-4 which summarize the key results of the valuation with respect to SLOCPT assets, actuarial liabilities, Unfunded Actuarial Liability, funded ratios, contribution rates, and membership. The results are shown and compared for both the current and prior plan year.

Table I-1 Summary of Key Valuation Results (\$ in thousands)									
	J	anuary 1, 2022		January 1, 2023	Change				
Membership									
Active Members		2,776		2,830	2.0%				
Retirees and Beneficiaries		3,172		3,236	2.0%				
Deferred Vesteds and Inactives		861		981	13.9%				
Total		6,809		7,047	3.5%				
Total Projected Payroll	\$:	224,010,000	\$	242,067,000	8.1%				
Average Pay	\$	80,695	\$	85,536	6.0%				
Funded Status									
Actuarial Liability	\$	2,498,107	\$	2,622,192	5.0%				
Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)		1,619,357		1,679,561	3.7%				
Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL)	\$	878,750	\$	942,631	7.3%				
Funding Ratio (AVA Basis)		64.8%		64.1%	-0.7%				
Market Value of Assets (MVA)	\$	1,749,963	\$	1,594,492	-8.9%				
Unfunded Actuarial Liability (MVA Basis)		748,144		1,027,700	37.4%				
Funding Ratio (MVA Basis)		70.1%		60.8%	-9.3%				
Actuarially Determined Contributions									
Total Normal Cost		21.62%		21.24%	-0.38%				
Administrative Expenses		1.06%		1.01%	-0.05%				
Unfunded Actuarial Liability Payment									
Interest on UAL		26.48%		26.29%	-0.19%				
Principal		3.32%		4.27%	<u>0.95%</u>				
Total UAL Payment		29.80%		30.56%	0.76%				
Total Actuarially Determined Contribution		52.48%		52.81%	0.33%				

The key results shown in Table I-1 indicate that total SLOCPT membership increased by 3.5%. Both the active members and members receiving monthly benefits increased by 2.0% from last year to this year. The number of inactive members not in pay status increased by 13.9%.



SECTION I – EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Table I-2 Change in Unfunded Actuarial Liability (U (\$ in thousands)	J AL)	
Unfunded Actuarial Liability, January 1, 2022	\$	878,750
Expected change in Unfunded Actuarial Liability		(9,653)
Increase due to actuarial asset loss		26,017
Increase due to liability loss		41,588
Increase due to contribution timing delay and expenses		5,930
Total UAL change	\$	63,882
Unfunded Actuarial Liability, January 1, 2023	\$	942,632

The Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL) for SLOCPT increased by \$63.9 million, from \$878.8 million to \$942.6 million. Table I-2 above presents the specific components of the change in the UAL.

- The expected decrease in the UAL of \$9.7 million is the amount of expected employer and employee contributions in excess of the benefits expected to accrue for active members during the year and the interest on the UAL.
- The actuarial asset loss of \$26.0 million is a result of the 5.1% return on the Actuarial Value of Assets, which is below the expected return of 6.75%.
- The liability experience loss increased the UAL by \$41.6 million. This liability experience loss was driven by salary increases for active members substantially above the assumed increases. In addition, COLA increases (as of April 1, 2022) for most Tier 1 retirees of 2.9%, above the assumed COLA increase rate of 2.75%, as well as more retirements and disabilities than expected, also contributed to the liability experience loss.
- The contribution timing delay accounts for the difference between actual contributions received for the year ending December 31, 2022 and the expected contributions for the year based on the ADC rate from the January 1, 2022 actuarial valuation. The impact on the 2023 valuation is a loss of \$5.5 million.
- The assumed administrative expenses for the 2022 calendar year were \$2.5 million compared to the actual administrative expenses of \$2.9 million, which produced a small loss of \$0.4 million.



SECTION I – EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Actuarially Determined Contribution Comparison

Table I-3 below compares the total contribution rate and its components from the prior year to the current year. The total Actuarially Determined Contribution rate increased by 0.33% for the January 1, 2023 valuation. A decrease of 0.38% in the gross normal cost, an increase of 0.76% in the amortization of the UAL, and a decrease of 0.05% for the assumed administrative expenses comprise the total increase.

Table I-3 Components of Actuarially Determined Contribution Rate and Reconciliation of Charged Rate										
Valuation Date	January 1, 2022	January 1, 2023	Change							
Actuarially Determined Contribution Rate										
1. Gross Normal Cost	21.62%	21.24%	-0.38%							
2. Member Contributions	<u>17.55%</u>	<u>17.22%</u>	<u>-0.33%</u>							
3. Employer Normal Cost [(1) - (2)]	4.07%	4.02%	-0.05%							
4. UAL Amortization Payment	<u>29.80%</u>	<u>30.56%</u>	<u>0.76%</u>							
5. Employer Contribution Rate [(3) + (4)]	33.87%	34.58%	0.71%							
6. Administrative Expenses	<u>1.06%</u>	<u>1.01%</u>	<u>-0.05%</u>							
7. Total Actuarially Determined Contribution [(1) + (4) + (6)]	52.48%	52.81%	0.33%							
Reconciliation of Charged Rate										
8. Employer Charged Rate	30.43%	32.76%	2.33%							
9. Member Charged Rate	<u>17.35%</u>	<u>16.98%</u>	<u>-0.37%</u>							
10. Total Charged Rate [(8) + (9)]	47.78%	49.74%	1.96%							
11. Increase to Charged Rate (based on prior valuation) ¹	<u>2.39%</u>	<u>2.59%</u>	<u>0.20%</u>							
12. Total Charged Rate as of January 1 [(10) + (11)]	50.17%	52.33%	2.16%							
13. Recommended Rate Change as of January 1 [(7) - (12)]	2.31%	0.48%	-1.83%							

The recommended rate increase as of January 1, 2022 was 2.31%. However, the rate increase will be implremented on July 1, 2023, except for APCD and the Courts who implemented on January 1. 2023; therefore, it was increased to 2.59%. The recommended rate increase as of January 1, 2021 was 2.16%. However, the rate increase was implemented on July 1, 2022; except for APCD who implemented on January 1, 2022; therefore, it was increased to 2.39%.



SECTION I – EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Table I-4 summarizes the change in the total employer and employee contribution rate from the last valuation by source.

Table I-4 Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) Rate Reconciliation									
	Normal Cost	Administrative Expenses	UAL Payment	Total					
Total ADC as of January 1, 2022	21.62%	1.06%	29.80%	52.48%					
Actuarial investment loss	0.00%	0.00%	0.76%	0.76%					
Tier 3 (PEPRA) new hires	-0.38%	0.00%	0.00%	-0.38%					
Effect of payroll growth	0.00%	-0.05%	-1.40%	-1.45%					
Contribution timing lag	0.00%	0.00%	0.17%	0.17%					
Demographic experience	0.00%	0.00%	1.23%	1.23%					
Total Change	-0.38%	-0.05%	0.76%	0.33%					
Total ADC as of January 1, 2023	21.24%	1.01%	30.56%	52.81%					

The changes in the total employer and employee contribution rate compared to the January 1, 2022 valuation results are as follows:

- Asset experience produced an investment loss that increased the contribution rate by 0.76% of pay. The actuarial assets of the Plan returned 5.1% (net of investment expenses) for the year ending December 31, 2022, which is lower than the assumed rate of 6.75%.
- Tier 3 (PEPRA) members now make up over 56% of active member payroll compared to 51% in the previous valuation. Tier 3 (PEPRA) member benefits are lower than the Tier 1 and Tier 2 members' benefits. When Tier 1 and Tier 2 members leave employment, they are replaced by Tier 3 members. The impact of this demographic shift is a lower overall normal cost rate for the Trust. For this valuation, the impact was a 0.38% decrease to the normal cost rate.
- Active member payroll, which is used to convert the amortized UAL payments to a percentage of payroll, was higher than expected by about \$11.3 million. The expected payroll growth rate is 3.00% while the actual payroll growth during 2022 was about 8.1%. As a result, the UAL payments are spread over a larger payroll base than expected, and the contribution rate, as a percentage of payroll, decreased by 1.45%.
- When actual contributions made to the Plan differ from expectations, there is an actuarial gain or loss. There are two primary reasons why contributions can deviate from expectations:
 - O The actuarial valuation process assumes any change in the contribution rate occurs on January 1 of the valuation year. Even though calculations are performed to adjust the contributions for delayed implementation, there are "unadjusted" contributions made from January 1 to the implementation date of the contribution rate increases.
 - O When payroll growth is more or less than anticipated, all else being equal, contributions will be more or less than anticipated.



SECTION I – EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The recommended rate increase as of January 1, 2022 was 2.31%. However, the employers (except for APCD and the Courts who implemented the increase on January 1, 2023) adopted to implement the increase effective July 1, 2023 with an adjusted increase of 2.59% due to the delay. This contribution timing delay, or deferred implementation of the contribution rate increase, partially offset by more contributions coming into the Trust due to the higher payroll resulted in a net increase to the contribution rate of 0.17% of payroll.

• Demographic experience, or liability experience, was unfavorable for an increase in cost of about 1.23% of pay. The demographic experience of the Plan includes retirement, death, disability, and termination experience, as well as other factors such as changes in benefits and pay amounts. The liability experience loss was driven by salary increases for actives above the assumed increases. In addition, COLA increases (as of April 1, 2022) for Tier 1 retirees of 2.9%, above the assumed COLA increase rate of 2.75%, as well as more retirements and disabilities than expected contributed to the demographic experience loss.



SECTION I – EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

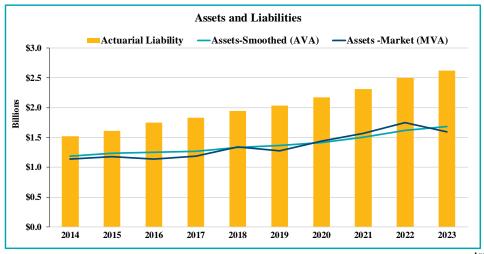
C. Historical Trends

Despite the fact that for most retirement plans the greatest attention is given to the current valuation results and in particular, the size of the current Unfunded Actuarial Liability and the Actuarially Determined Contribution, it is important to remember that each valuation is merely a snapshot in the long-term progress of a pension fund. It is important to judge a current year's valuation result relative to historical trends, as well as trends expected into the future.

Assets and Liabilities

The chart below compares the Actuarial Liability, as gold bars, to the assets at both market value (MVA, blue line) and smoothed value (AVA, teal line). The percentages shown in the table below the graph are the ratios of the assets to the Actuarial Liability (the funded ratio) as of the valuation date at the beginning of the year. The funded ratio on an AVA basis has decreased from 78% in 2014 to 64% in 2023, as a result of actuarial asset losses, reductions in the discount rate from 7.25% to 6.75%, the reduction of the real rate of return through an increase in price inflation from 2.25% to 2.50% in 2022, and mortality improvements.

The funded ratio on an MVA basis has decreased from 75% to 61% during that same period. During this period, the average annual rate of return on an MVA basis (6.2%) is 0.6% higher than the average annual return on an AVA basis (5.6%), primarily due to extending the recognition of the 2008 asset loss over ten years instead of five years. The AVA returns are relatively stable, despite the overall market fluctuations, whereas the MVA is more volatile.



Average 78% 71% 68% 65% 65% 65% 64% Funded Ratio (AVA 6.2% 5.6% 5.3% 3.0% 3.5% 6.0% 3.7% 5.7% 7.9% 9.4% 5.1% Rate of Return* (AVA) 75% 73% 69% 63% 68% 70% Funded Ratio (MVA 65% 66% 61% 14.9% 6.2% 13.1% 4.6% -1.4% 6.1% -3.7% 15.2% 10.4% 13.6% -7.7% Rate of Return* (MVA)

* Rate of return for prior year ending 12/31



SECTION I – EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

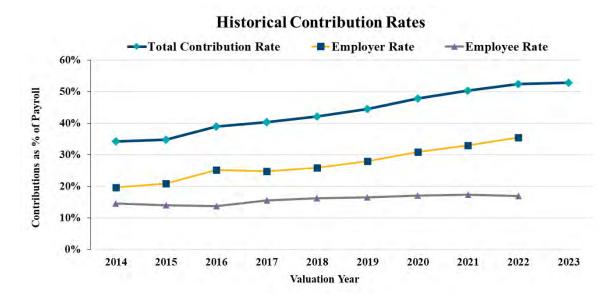
Contribution Trends

In the chart below, we present the historical trends for the SLOCPT contribution rates. The total contribution rate has increased during this period from approximately 34% to 53%. This increase is primarily due to the incremental discount rate decreases from 7.25% to 6.75% and other assumption changes during this period. There were also consistent investment losses on the actuarial value of assets from 2009 to 2020 and in 2022, with favorable experience in 2021 and 2022. The total contribution rate increased in 2023 due to the investment and demographic losses that were somewhat offset by the impact of the significant increase in payroll and its effect on the UAL payment rate as a percentage of pay.

The employer contribution rates have a similar pattern to the total contribution rates. The total contribution rate also includes the employee rate.

Over the period shown, individual employee contribution rates have increased. However, the aggregate average employee contribution for the Trust has partially offset this increase as Tier 3 (PEPRA) members with lower employee contributions continue to replace Tier 1 and Tier 2 members who have higher contributions rates.

Historically, the increase in the total contribution rate had generally been allocated equally between employers and employees. The allocation of rate increases is implemented and agreed to during the bargaining process between the Employers and their various Employment Groups, and therefore not determined by the Trust. Starting in 2019, employers have been allocated a larger portion of any contribution increase.





SECTION I – EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

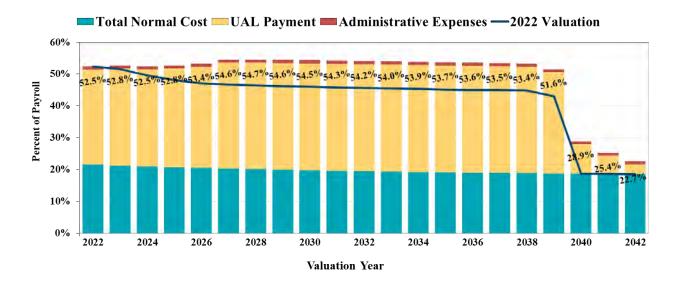
D. Future Expected Financial Trends

The analysis of projected financial trends is an important component of this valuation. All the projections in this section are based on the current investment return assumption of 6.75%. We have assumed future payroll increases of 3.00% per year. The projections also assume that all other actuarial assumptions are met each year.

Projection of Contributions

The following graph shows the expected total contribution rate, or Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) based on achieving the 6.75% assumption **each year** for the next 20 years. This scenario is highly unlikely; even if the Plan does achieve an **average** return of 6.75% over this period, the returns in each given year will certainly vary.

The total contribution rates shown at the top of the graph consist of the total normal cost, the UAL payment, and assumed administrative expenses (1.01% of payroll over the projection period.) The dark blue line represents the contribution rate projections based on the January 1, 2022 valuation.



The total contribution rate is approximately 52.8% of member payroll for the January 1, 2023 valuation. Over the next four years, there is an expected rate increase of approximately 1.8% to 54.6% in 2027, due to the recognition of the \$85.1 million in deferred investment losses. After 2028, there is a gradual decrease due to the gradual decrease in the normal cost rate (the teal bars) as Tier 3 active members, with lower benefits, continue to replace Tier 1 and Tier 2 active members.

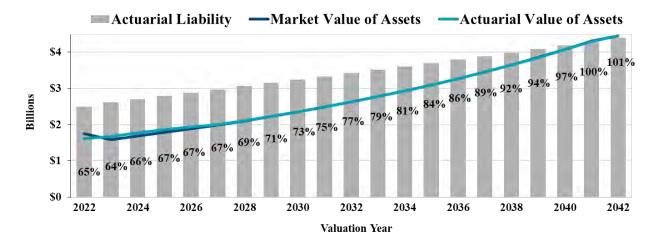
There is a decrease in the 2039 total contribution rate of almost 2.0% of payroll from 53.4% to 51.6% when the 2019 amortization layer for the actuarial loss is fully paid. Finally, the contribution rate is expected to drop significantly to 28.9% in 2040 and consists of mostly the normal cost and administrative expenses since most of the UAL is expected to be paid.



SECTION I – EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Asset and Liability Projections:

In this section, we present our assessment of the implications of the January 1, 2023 valuation results in terms of benefit security (assets over liabilities). The following graph shows the projection of assets and liabilities assuming that assets will earn the 6.75% assumption each year during the projection period. The percentages along the graph represent the funded ratio or status of the Trust.



Over the next four years there is slower growth in the funding progress until the \$85 million in deferred asset losses recognized. The projected funded ratio increases over the next 20 years and reaches 100% in 2041 assuming that all actuarial assumptions are achieved each year.

However, as above, it is the **actual** return on Trust assets that will determine the future funding status and contribution rate to the Trust.



SECTION II – DISCLOSURES RELATED TO RISK

Actuarial valuations are based on a set of assumptions about future economic and demographic experience. These assumptions represent a reasonable estimate of future experience, but actual future experience will undoubtedly be different and may vary significantly. This section of the report is intended to identify the primary risks to the Plan, provide some background information about those risks, and provide an assessment of those risks.

Identification of Risks

The fundamental risk to a pension plan is that the contributions needed to pay the benefits become unaffordable. This is most likely to occur when the contributions needed to support the plan differ significantly from expectations. While there are a number of factors that could lead to contribution amounts deviating from expectations, we believe the primary risks are:

- Investment risk,
- Assumption change risk, and
- Contribution risk.

Other risks that we have not identified may also turn out to be important.

Investment Risk is the potential for investment returns to be different from expected. Lower investment returns than anticipated will increase the Unfunded Actuarial Liability necessitating higher contributions in the future unless there are other gains that offset these investment losses. The potential volatility of future investment returns is determined by the Plan's asset allocation and the affordability of the investment risk is determined by the amount of assets invested relative to the size of the plan sponsor or other contribution base.

Assumption change risk is the potential for the environment to change such that future valuation assumptions are different from the current assumptions. For example, declines in interest rates over the last three decades resulted in higher investment returns for fixed income investments, but lower expected future returns necessitating either a change in investment policy, a reduction in discount rate, or some combination of the two. Assumption change risk is an extension of the other risks identified, but rather than capturing the risk as it is experienced, it captures the cost of recognizing a change in environment when the current assumption is no longer reasonable.

Contribution risk is the potential for actual future contributions to deviate from the expected future contributions. There are different sources of contribution risk such as the sponsor choosing to not make contributions in accordance with the funding policy. As another example, the contribution requirement might become a financial strain on the sponsor because of material changes in the contribution base (e.g., covered employees, covered payroll) that affects the amount of contributions the plan can collect.



SECTION II – DISCLOSURES RELATED TO RISK

The chart below shows the components contributing to the Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL) from January 1, 2014 through January 1, 2023. Over the last 10 years, the UAL has increased by approximately \$596 million. The net investment losses (gold bar) of \$180 million on the Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA) and the assumptions changes (purple bar) of \$222 million are the primary sources in the UAL increase. The net liability losses (gray bar) of \$147 million and contributions being less than the "tread water" level (red bar, defined later in this section) by \$47 million have also increased the UAL since January 1, 2013.

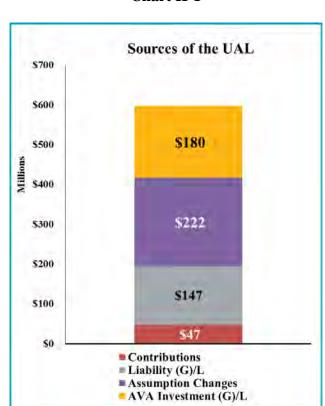


Chart II-1



SECTION II – DISCLOSURES RELATED TO RISK

Chart II-2 below details the annual sources of the UAL change (colored bars) for the Plan years ending December 31. The net UAL change for the year is represented by the blue diamonds.

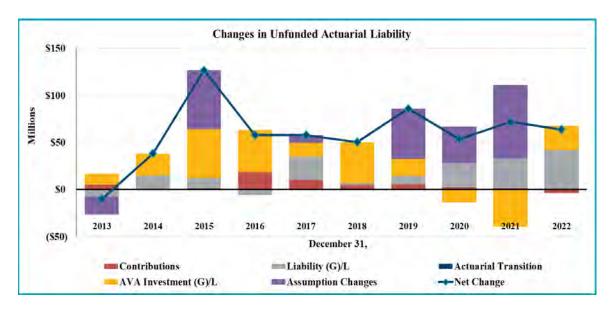


Chart II-2

On a market value and an actuarial value basis, the average annual geometric return over the 10-year period is 6.2% and 5.6% respectively. Actuarial asset losses were greater than the gains over the period, primarily due to the market performance in FYE 2015, 2018 and 2022 with actual returns of -1.4%, -3.7%, and -7.7% respectively, well below the assumed rate of return.

Over the same period, the assumed rate of return decreased from 7.25% to 6.75%. It is important to note that these changes reflected a downward revision to the estimate of future investment earnings and ultimately costs will be determined by actual investment earnings. The inflation assumption was increased in the January 1, 2022 valuation from 2.25% to 2.50% which affected assumed active member pay increases as well as the assumed COLA growth for retirees in Tier 1.

The impact of all assumption changes is represented by the purple bars and also includes changes in demographic assumptions such as changes in mortality rates and longevity improvements projected in the future, which had a significant impact on the measurement of the UAL for the January 1, 2016 actuarial valuation.

Each year the UAL is expected to increase for benefits earned in the current year (the normal cost) and interest on the UAL. This expected increase is referred to as the tread water level. If contributions are greater than the tread water level, the UAL is expected to decrease. Conversely, if contributions are less than the tread water level, the UAL is expected to increase. The amortization policy (as well as the delayed implementation of contribution rate increases) can affect whether or not the contributions exceed the tread water level.



SECTION II – DISCLOSURES RELATED TO RISK

The UAL is expected to decrease next year, all else being equal, as some of the UAL payment is expected to pay off principal. However, the practice of delaying the implementation date of contribution increases can potentially offset progress toward paying down UAL principal.

Table II-1 below numerically summarizes the changes in the UAL for each year over the last 10 years ending December 31. These totals support our identification of investment returns and assumption changes as the primary risks to the Plan.

Table II-1

Changes in Unfunded Actuarial Liability (\$ in millions)											
December 31,	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	Total
Assumed Rate of Return	7.25%	7.25%	7.125%	7.125%	7.00%	7.00%	6.875%	6.75%	6.75%	6.75%	
Source											
AVA (Gain)/Loss	\$ 11.3	\$ 23.3	\$ 51.8	\$ 44.9	\$ 14.3	\$ 43.7	\$ 17.9	\$ (13.5)	\$ (39.3)	\$ 26.0	\$ 180.4
Liability (Gain)/Loss	(7.3)	14.3	10.8	(5.6)	24.7	1.7	9.0	26.1	31.7	41.6	\$ 147.0
Assumption Change	(19.3)	0.0	62.8	0.0	8.5	0.0	53.4	38.5	78.1	0.0	\$ 222.0
Contributions ¹	5.2	0.6	1.5	18.6	10.5	5.0	5.6	2.4	1.5	(3.7)	<u>47.2</u>
Total UAL Change	_		$$12\overline{6.9}$	\$ 57.9	\$ 58.0	\$ 50.4	\$ 85.9	\$ 53.5	\$ 72.0	\$ 63.9	\$ 596.6

Actual contributions (more than) / less than normal cost and interest on the UAL (tread water level)



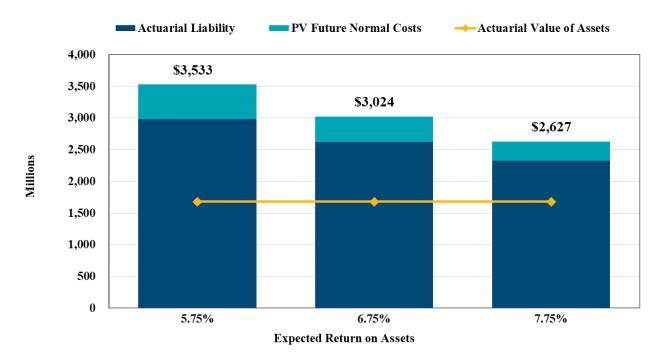
SECTION II – DISCLOSURES RELATED TO RISK

Assessing Costs and Risks

Sensitivity to Investment Returns

The chart below compares assets to the present value of all projected future benefits discounted at the current expected rate of return (6.75%) and at investment returns 100 basis points above and below the expected rate of return. The present value of future benefits is shown as a bar with the portion attributable to past service in dark blue (Actuarial Liability) and the portion attributable to future service in teal (Present Value of Future Normal Costs). The gold line shows the Actuarial Value of Assets.

Present Value of Future Benefits versus Assets



If investments return 6.75% annually, the Plan would need approximately \$3.0 billion in assets today to pay all projected benefits compared to current assets of \$1.7 billion. If investment returns are only 5.75%, the Plan would need approximately \$3.5 billion in assets today, and if investment returns are 7.75%, the Plan would need approximately \$2.6 billion in assets today.



SECTION II - DISCLOSURES RELATED TO RISK

Sensitivity to Investment Returns – Stochastic Projections

Stochastic projections serve to show the range of probable outcomes of various measurements. The graphs on this and the following page show the projected range of the contribution rate and of the funded ratio (i.e., the market assets divided by liabilities). The range in both scenarios is driven by the volatility of investment returns (assumed to be based on a 11.7% standard deviation of annual returns, as provided by the Plan's investment consultant). The stochastic projections of investment returns are based on an assumption that each future year's investment return is independent from all other years and is identically distributed according to a lognormal distribution. This assumption may result in an unrealistically wide range of compound investment returns over longer periods of time.

Total Contribution Rate 40th-60th 5th-20th 20th-40th 60th-80th 80th-95th 50th 95.0% 85.0% 75.0% 65.0% 55.0% 45.0% 35.0% 25.0% 15.0% 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037 2038

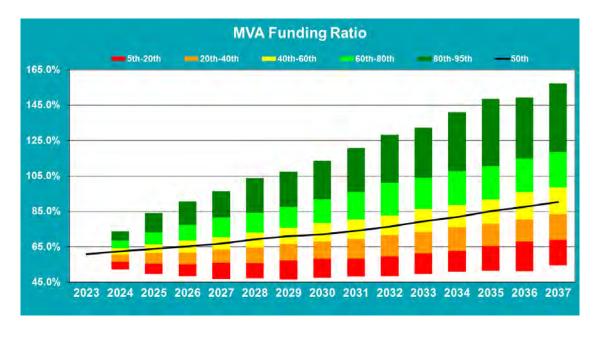
Stochastic Projection of Total Contributions as a Percent of Pay

The stochastic projection of contributions as a percent of pay shows the probable range of future contribution rates. The baseline contribution rate (black line), which is based on the median of the simulations using an average return of 6.75% each year, aligns with the projections discussed in subsection D of the Executive Summary of this report. In the most pessimistic scenario shown, the 95th percentile, the projected contribution rate is approximately 86% of pay in 2038. Conversely, in the most optimistic scenario shown, the 5th percentile, the projected contribution rate declines to about 20% starting in 2033. In these projections, we assumed that the minimum contribution allowed is the total normal cost plus the assumed administrative expenses. However, under PEPRA, if the Plan becomes extremely over-funded (above 120%), the contribution can drop below the normal cost plus assumed administrative expenses.



SECTION II – DISCLOSURES RELATED TO RISK

Stochastic Projection of Funded Ratio on a Market Value of Assets Basis



The graph above shows the projection of the funded ratio based on the market value of assets. While the median funded ratio (black line) is projected to be approximately 90% at the end of the 15-year period shown here, there is a wide range of potential outcomes. Good investment returns have the likelihood of bringing the funded ratio well over 100%. Due to the sound funding policy of the Plan, even in scenarios with significant unfavorable investment returns, the Plan is projected to remain around 50% funded, as long as the Actuarially Determined Contributions continue to be made.

Contribution Risk

If contribution rates become a significant percentage of payroll, future salary increases, and the hiring of new members are potentially at risk. When member payroll growth stagnates or even declines, the dollar level of contributions made to the Plan also stagnates or declines since contributions are based on payroll levels.

There is also a risk of the contribution rates increasing when payroll decreases since the Plan's funding policy amortizes the UAL as a level percentage of pay. This means that the UAL payments are designed to increase at the assumed payroll growth rate of 3.00%, so that the payment is expected to remain constant as a percentage of payroll. If payroll growth is less than the expected 3.00% or there is a decline in payroll, the UAL payments are spread over a smaller payroll base and the contribution rate as a percentage of pay increases, potentially making the Plan less affordable.



SECTION II – DISCLOSURES RELATED TO RISK

Plan Maturity Measures

The future financial condition of a mature pension plan is more sensitive to each of the risks identified above than a less mature plan. To assess each of these risks, it is important to understand the maturity of the plan and how it has changed over time.

Plan maturity can be measured in a variety of ways, but they all get at one basic dynamic – the larger the plan is compared to the contribution or revenue base that supports it; the more sensitive the plan will be to risk. The measures below have been selected as the most important in understanding the primary risks identified for a plan.

Inactives per Active (Support Ratio)

One simple measure of plan maturity is the ratio of the number of inactive members (those receiving benefits or deferred – those entitled to a deferred vested benefit or refund of contributions) to the number of active members. The Support Ratio is expected to increase gradually as a plan matures. The chart below shows the growth in the Support Ratio from just below 1.1 to almost 1.5 over the period. The number of active members has grown by around 12% for SLOCPT, while the number of inactive members, excluding non-vested members with contributions on account, has increased by over 55%.



¹ January 1, 2022 and January 1, 2023 Deferred Membership counts include 256 and 309 non-vested members with contributions on account, respectively.

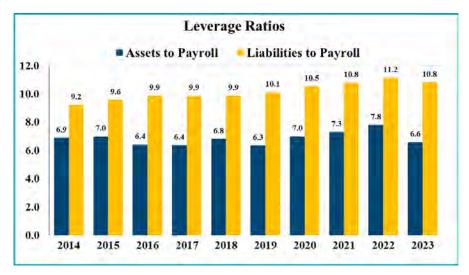


SECTION II – DISCLOSURES RELATED TO RISK

Leverage Ratios

Leverage or volatility ratios measure the size of a plan compared to its revenue base more directly. The asset leverage ratio is simply the Market Value of Assets divided by active member payroll and indicates the sensitivity of the Plan to investment returns. The liability leverage ratio is the ratio of a plan's Actuarial Liability to active member payroll and indicates the sensitivity of the Plan to assumption changes or demographic experience.

The chart below shows the historical leverage ratios of the Plan. Both leverage ratios have gradually increased since 2014. Both leverage ratios decreased in 2023 due to the larger than expected payroll increase. The assets to payroll ratio decreased significantly due to the unfavorable asset performance based on the Market Value of Assets.



To appreciate the impact of the ratio of assets to payroll on plan cost, consider the situation for a new plan with almost no assets. Even if the assets suffer a bad year of investment returns, the impact on the plan cost is nil, because the asset level is so small.

As the Plan becomes better funded, the asset leverage ratio will increase, and if it was 100% funded, the asset leverage ratio would be 10.8 times payroll, or the Actuarial Liability (AL) leverage ratio.

The asset leverage ratio of 6.6 means that if the Plan's assets lose 10% of their value, which is a 16.75% actuarial loss compared to the expected return of 6.75%, the loss would be equivalent to 111% of payroll (16.75% times 6.6). Based on the current amortization policy and economic assumptions, the contribution rate would ultimately increase by about 8% of payroll (after full recognition of the asset loss in the actuarial value of assets).

More Detailed Assessment

While a more detailed assessment is always valuable to enhance the understanding of the risks identified above, we believe the scenarios illustrated above cover the primary risks facing the Plan at this time. We would be happy to provide the Board with a more in-depth analysis at their request.



SECTION III – ASSETS

Pension Plan assets play a key role in the financial operation of the Trust and in the decisions the Board may make with respect to future deployment of those assets. The level of assets, the allocation of assets among asset classes, and the methodology used to measure assets will likely affect contributions and the ultimate security of participants' benefits.

In this section, we present detailed information on Trust assets including:

- **Disclosure** of Trust assets as of January 1, 2022 and January 1, 2023,
- Statement of the **changes** in market values during the year,
- Development of investment rate of return for the Market Value of Assets and the Actuarial Value of Assets,
- Development of the Actuarial Value of Assets, and
- An allocation of the assets between the **valuation subgroups**.

Disclosure

There are two types of asset values disclosed in this value, the Market Value of Assets and the Actuarial Value of Assets. The market value represents a "snap-shot" or "cash-out" value, which provides the principal basis for measuring financial performance from one year to the next. Market values, however, can fluctuate widely with corresponding swings in the marketplace. As a result, market values are usually not as suitable for long-term planning as the Actuarial Value of Assets. The Actuarial Value of Assets reflects smoothing of annual investment returns in order to mitigate any wide fluctuations in overall investment returns.

Table III-1 on the next page discloses and compares the asset values as of January 1, 2022 and January 1, 2023.



SECTION III – ASSETS

Table III-1 Statement of Assets at Market Value									
	January 1, 2022	January 1, 2023							
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 78,934,513	\$ 84,236,612							
Receivables	587,832	1,611,636							
Equities	747,912,868	575,255,268							
Bonds	483,175,536	399,852,554							
Mortgages	9,336,523	2,829,116							
Alternative Investments	244,171,272	313,798,079							
Real Estate	220,641,792	252,831,097							
Other	6,282,448	5,798,274							
	\$ 1,791,042,784	\$ 1,636,212,636							
Liabilities	(41,079,995)	(41,720,561)							
Market Value of Assets	\$ 1,749,962,789	\$ 1,594,492,075							
Reserves									
Member Deposit	\$ 406,419,442	\$ 429,540,342							
Appropriation	15,569,672	39,135,470							
Retired Members	1,300,964,786	1,366,339,705							
Cost of Living	450,389,329	461,544,911							
Contingency	(1,082,969,980)	(1,202,377,724)							
Market Value Adjustments	659,589,540	500,309,371							
Total Reserves	\$ 1,749,962,789	\$ 1,594,492,075							



SECTION III – ASSETS

Changes in Market Value

The components of asset change are:

- Contributions (employer and employee)
- Benefit payments
- Expenses (investment and administrative)
- Investment income (realized and unrealized)

Table III-2 below shows the components of change in the Market Value of Assets during the fiscal years ending December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2022.

Table III-2 Changes in Market Value of Assets									
	De	cember 31, 2021	De	cember 31, 2022					
Beginning of Year	\$	1,566,326,195	\$	1,749,962,789					
Revenues									
Contributions									
Employer Contributions	\$	61,177,212	\$	72,095,657					
Member Contributions		36,699,913		39,229,067					
Total Contributions	\$	97,877,125	\$	111,324,724					
Prefunding Discount Amortization	\$	(1,325,003)	\$	(1,485,140)					
Net Investment Income									
Interest	\$	2,827,151	\$	2,674,764					
Dividends		5,895,188		6,814,654					
Real Estate Income		0		0					
Realized and Unrealized		206,236,189		(138,985,835)					
Other Income		22,153		47,067					
Investment Expenses		(3,973,810)		(3,569,887)					
Net Investment Income	\$	211,006,871	\$	(133,019,237)					
Total Revenues	\$	307,558,993	\$	(23,179,653)					
Disbursements									
Benefits Payments									
Monthly Benefit Payments	\$	117,368,651	\$	124,133,519					
Refunds of Member Contributions		3,314,923		3,401,763					
Death Benefits		441,485		1,858,601					
Total Benefit Payments	\$	121,125,059	\$	129,393,883					
Administrative Expenses		2,797,340		2,897,178					
Total Disbursements	\$	123,922,399	\$	132,291,061					
Net Increase / (Decrease)		183,636,594		(155,470,714)					
End of Year	\$	1,749,962,789	\$	1,594,492,075					



SECTION III – ASSETS

Tables III-3 below shows the development of the actuarial investment gains or losses as well as the actual rates of returns on both the AVA and MVA. The calculations are based on the assumption that the assumed rate of investment return is net of investment expenses.

Table III-3 Development of Investment Returns									
	N	Iarket Value	Ac	tuarial Value					
 Assets as of January 1, 2022 a) Contributions b) Prefunding Discount Amortization c) Benefits Paid d) Administrative Expenses e) Expected Investment Earnings at 6.75% 	\$	1,749,962,789 111,324,724 (1,485,140) (129,393,883) (2,897,178) 117,326,182	\$	1,619,357,406 111,324,724 (1,485,140) (129,393,883) (2,897,178) 108,510,318					
2) Expected Value of Assets as of January 1, 2023	\$	1,844,837,494	\$	1,705,416,247					
3) Actual Value of Assets as of January 1, 2023	\$	1,594,492,075	\$	1,679,560,652					
4) Actuarial Investment Gain/(Loss) [(3) - (2)]	\$	(250,345,419)	\$	(25,855,595)					
5) Change in excludable assets for AVA	\$	-	\$	(161,191)					
6) Net Actuarial Investment Gain/(Loss) [(4 + (5)]	\$	(250,345,419)	\$	(26,016,786)					
7) Actual Investment Earnings [(1e) + (6)]	\$	(133,019,237)	\$	82,493,532					
8) Actual Rate of Return as of December 31, 2022 (net of investment expenses only)		-7.7%		5.1%					
9) Ratio of Actuarial Value of Assets to Market Value				105%					



SECTION III – ASSETS

Development of Actuarial Value of Assets

Tables III-4 below shows the development of the Actuarial Value of Assets under the five-year smoothing method for the Trust.

	Table III-4 Development of Actuarial Value of Assets for Ja	anuar	y 1, 2023
1)	Actuarial Value of Assets as of 1/1/2022	\$	1,619,357,406
2)	Non-Investment Cash Flow for FYE 2022		(22,451,477)
3)	Expected Return for FYE 2022		108,510,318
4)	Expected Actuarial Value of Assets as of 1/1/2023 [(1) +(2) +(3)]	\$	1,705,416,247
5)	Actual Return on Market Value as of FYE 2022	\$	(133,019,237)
6)	Actual Return Below Expected in 2022: (5) - (3)	\$	(241,529,555)
7)	Recognition of Returns Above / (Below) Expected December 31, 2022 (20% of 6.) December 31, 2021 (20% of 110,287,770) December 31, 2020 (20% of 51,601,739) December 31, 2019 (20% of 95,456,027) December 31, 2018 (20% of -145,899,912) Total Recognition of Returns for 1/1/2023 Preliminary Actuarial Value of Assets as of 1/1/2023 [(4) + (7)]	\$ 	(48,305,911) 22,057,554 10,320,348 19,091,205 (29,179,982) (26,016,786) 1,679,399,461
9)	Excludable Assets: Additional Annuity Reserve Beginning of Year End of Year Change in Excludable Assets Final Actuarial Value of Assets as of 1/1/2023 [(8) - (9)]	\$ \$	1,869,784 1,708,593 (161,191) 1,679,560,652



SECTION III – ASSETS

Allocation of Assets by Class

The following table shows the allocation of the Actuarial Value of Assets between the three Classes (Miscellaneous, Probation, and Safety). The assets are allocated to each Class based on an equalization of each group's funded ratio to the total funded ratio of SLOCPT. The Actuarial Value of Assets is used to calculate each subgroups' UAL and the resulting amortization payment.

Table III-5 Allocation of Assets by Class for January 1, 2023										
		Miscellaneous		Probation	Safety	,	Total SLOCPT			
Valuation Assets as of December 31, 2021	\$	1,244,954,117	\$	72,118,550	\$	302,284,739	\$	1,619,357,406		
Valuation Assets as of December 31, 2022								1,679,560,652		
Funded Ratio		64.1%		64.1%		64.1%		64.1%		
Actuarial Liability	\$	2,017,948,374	\$	116,798,119	\$	487,445,896	\$	2,622,192,389		
Allocation of Assets to Equalize Funded Ratios		47,577,545		2,692,713		9,932,988		60,203,246		
Valuation Assets as of December 31, 2022	\$	1,292,531,662	\$	74,811,263	\$	312,217,727	\$	1,679,560,652		



SECTION III – ASSETS

Historical Investment Performance

The following table shows the historical annual asset returns on both a market value and actuarial value basis since 2006. The 5-year, 10-year and 15-year geometric average annual returns are also included for reference.

Table III-5 Net Return on Market Value and Actuarial Value of Assets										
Year Ended December 31	Net Return on Market Value	Net Return on Actuarial Value								
2006	11.1%	7.8%								
2007	4.8%	8.4%								
2008	-28.0%	3.8%								
2009	23.5%	5.7%								
2010	14.3%	6.0%								
2011	2.7%	5.5%								
2012	12.0%	6.2%								
2013	13.1%	6.2%								
2014	4.6%	5.3%								
2015	-1.4%	3.0%								
2016	6.1%	3.5%								
2017	14.9%	6.0%								
2018	-3.7%	3.7%								
2019	15.2%	5.7%								
2020	10.4%	7.9%								
2021	13.6%	9.4%								
2022	-7.7%	5.1%								
Geometric Average										
5-Year	5.1%	6.3%								
10-Year	6.2%	5.6%								
15-Year	5.2%	5.5%								

Returns are net of investment expenses starting in 2021. Returns are net of both administrative and investment expenses prior to 2021.



SECTION IV – LIABILITIES

In this section, we present detailed information on Trust liabilities including:

- **Disclosure** of Trust liabilities at January 1, 2022 and January 1, 2023;
- Statement of **changes** in these liabilities during the year.

Disclosure

Several types of liabilities are calculated and presented in this report. Each type is distinguished by the people ultimately using the figures and the purpose for which they are using them. Note that these liabilities are not appropriate for settlement purposes, including the purchase of annuities and the payment of lump sums.

- **Present Value of Future Benefits:** Used for measuring all future Trust obligations; the obligations of the Trust earned as of the valuation date and those to be earned in the future by current Plan participants, under the current Trust provisions.
- Actuarial Liability: Used for funding calculations, this liability is calculated taking
 the Present Value of Future Benefits and subtracting the present value of future
 Member and future Employer Normal Cost Contributions under an acceptable
 actuarial funding method. The method used for this Trust is called the Entry Age
 Normal (EAN) funding method.
- **Unfunded Actuarial Liability:** The excess of the Actuarial Liability over the Actuarial Value of Assets.

Table IV-1 on the following page discloses each of these liabilities for the current and prior valuations. With respect to each disclosure, a subtraction of the appropriate value of Plan assets yields, for each respective type, a **net surplus**, or an **Unfunded Actuarial Liability**.



SECTION IV – LIABILITIES

Table IV-1 Present Value of Future Benefits and Actuarial Liability (\$ in thousands) January 1, 2023											
	Mi	scellaneous		Probation Safety			our	Total	oun	uary 1, 2022 Total	
Present Value of Benefits											
Actives	\$	879,146	\$	74,692	\$	180,042	\$	1,133,880	\$	1,069,837	
Terminated Vested		78,273		3,277		7,704		89,254		83,974	
Retirees		1,287,748		56,861		301,805		1,646,413		1,583,314	
Disabled		22,480		3,423		53,864		79,767		67,958	
Beneficiaries		53,493		2,696		18,532		74,721		70,640	
Total Present Value of Benefits	\$	2,321,140	\$	140,949	\$	561,948	\$	3,024,036	\$	2,875,723	
Actuarial Liability											
Total Present Value of Benefits	\$	2,321,140	\$	140,949	\$	561,948	\$	3,024,036	\$	2,875,723	
Present Value of Future Normal Costs		303,192		24,151		74,502		401,844		377,616	
Actuarial Liability	\$	2,017,948	\$	116,798	\$	487,446	\$	2,622,192	\$	2,498,107	
Actuarial Value of Assets	\$	1,292,532	\$	74,811	\$	312,218	\$	1,679,561	\$	1,619,357	
Funded Ratio		64.1%		64.1%		64.1%		64.1%		64.8%	
Unfunded Actuarial Liability/(Surplus)	\$	725,416	\$	41,987	\$	175,228	\$	942,632	\$	878,750	



SECTION IV – LIABILITIES

Changes in Liabilities

Each of the liabilities disclosed in the prior tables are expected to change at each valuation. The components of that change, depending upon which liability is analyzed, can include:

- New hires since the last valuation
- Benefits accrued since the last valuation
- Plan amendments increasing benefits
- Passage of time which adds interest to the prior liability
- Benefits paid to retirees since the last valuation
- Participants retiring, terminating, or dying at rates different than expected
- A change in actuarial or investment assumptions
- A change in the actuarial funding method

Unfunded liabilities will change because of all of the above, and also due to changes in Trust assets resulting from:

- Contributions different than expected
- Investment earnings different than expected
- A change in the method used to measure Plan assets

Table IV-2 Development of 2023 Experience Gain/(Loss) (\$ in thousands)	
1. Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL) at January 1, 2022	\$ 878,750
2. Middle of year actuarial liability payment	(66,752)
3. Interest to end of year on 1 and 2	57,100
4. Expected UAL at January 1, 2023 (1+2+3+4)	\$ 869,098
5. Actual Unfunded Liability at January 1, 2023	 942,632
6. Net Gain/(Loss): (4 - 5)	\$ (73,534)
7. Portion of net Gain/(Loss) due to:	
a. Actuarial investment loss	\$ (26,017)
b. Active member salary increases more than expected	(34,040)
c. Contribution implementation delay	(5,626)
d. Disability experience	(5,562)
e. Retirement experience	(3,579)
f. Termination experience	3,612
g. Inactive mortality gain	3,478
h. Retiree COLA increases more than expected	(2,566)
i. Other experience	 (3,234)
Total Gain/(Loss)	\$ (73,534)



SECTION V – CONTRIBUTIONS

In the process of evaluating the financial condition of any pension plan, the actuary analyzes the assets and liabilities to determine what level (if any) of contributions is needed to properly maintain the funding status of the Trust. Typically, the actuarial process will use a funding technique that will result in a pattern of contributions that are both stable and predictable.

For this Trust, the actuarial funding method used to determine the normal cost and the Unfunded Actuarial Liability is the **Entry Age Normal (EAN)** cost method. There are three primary components to the total contribution: the **normal cost rate** (employee and employer), the **Unfunded Actuarial Liability rate** (UAL rate), and **assumed administrative expenses**.

The normal cost rate is determined in the following steps. First, an individual normal cost rate is determined by taking the value of each member's projected future benefits as of the member's entry age into the Trust. This value is then divided by the value of the member's expected future salary, also at entry age, producing a normal cost rate that should remain relatively constant over a member's career.

The total normal cost is computed by adding the expected dollar amount of each active member's normal cost for the current year – known as the Individual Entry Age Method. The total normal cost is adjusted with interest to the middle of the year, to reflect the fact that the normal cost contributions are paid throughout the year as member payroll payments are made. Finally, the total normal cost rate, calculated by dividing the total normal cost by expected payroll of the closed group, is reduced by the member contribution rate to produce the employer normal cost rate.

The Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL) is the difference between the EAN Actuarial Liability and the Actuarial Value of Assets. Effective with the January 1, 2018 valuation, the UAL as of January 1, 2018 is amortized over a closed period (17 years remaining as of January 1, 2023) as a percentage of payroll. Effective with the January 1, 2019 valuation, any new source of UAL due to actuarial gains and losses, assumption changes, or method changes is amortized over a separate closed 20-year period as a percentage of payroll. This is referred to as layered amortization.

The table on the following page presents the calculation of the contribution rates for the Trust for this valuation and compares the total contribution rate with the prior year rate. The tables on the following pages contain more details on the calculation of the UAL amortization payments, as well as details on the calculation of the contribution rates for each group and tier.



SECTION V – CONTRIBUTIONS

The table below presents the calculation of the UAL payments of the Trust as a dollar amount and as a percentage of pay under the amortization policy. The total UAL payment of the Trust is 30.56% as a percentage of pay.

	Table V-1								
			Development of	Amortization 1	Payment				
For the January 1, 2023 Actuarial Valuation									
	Type of Base	Date Established	Initial Amount	Initial Amortization Years	January 1, 2023 Outstanding Balance	U	Amortization Amount	% of Pay	
1.	Remaining UAL ¹	1/1/2018	\$ 616,930,482	22	\$ 596,738,659	17	\$ 47,546,692	19.64%	
2.	(Gain)/Loss Base	1/1/2019	50,735,419	20	48,544,339	16	4,043,874	1.67%	
3.	Assumption Changes	1/1/2020	53,371,279	20	51,865,304	17	4,132,502	1.71%	
4.	(Gain)/Loss Base	1/1/2020	35,467,272	20	34,466,495	17	2,746,207	1.13%	
5.	Assumption Changes	1/1/2021	35,700,366	20	35,133,598	18	2,686,555	1.11%	
6.	(Gain)/Loss Base	1/1/2021	23,219,142	20	22,850,521	18	1,747,307	0.72%	
7.	Assumption Changes	1/1/2022	78,053,947	20	77,593,575	19	5,711,276	2.36%	

20

20

1,905,326

73,533,922

\$ 942,631,737

19

20

1.916.630

73,533,922

1/1/2022

1/1/2023



8.

9.

(Gain)/Loss Base

(Gain)/Loss Base

Total

140,242

5,223,827

\$ 73,978,482

0.06%

2.16%

30.56%

¹ The funding policy adopted as of January 1, 2010 was a 30-year closed amortization period for the entire Unfunded Actuarial Liability. As of January 1, 2019, any unexpected increase or decrease in the UAL is amortized as a separate 20-year closed layer.

SECTION V – CONTRIBUTIONS

Table V-2 shows the calculations of the contribution rates for each Class, as well as a comparison to the prior year rates.

Table V-2 Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) Rate and Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL) by Class									
MISCELLANEOUS									
Total Normal Cost	20.38%	20.03%	-0.35%						
Administrative Expenses	1.06%	1.01%	-0.05%						
UAL Amortization	<u>27.91%</u>	<u>28.42%</u>	0.51%						
Total Miscellaneous ADC	49.35%								
UAL attributable to Miscellaneous	\$675,579,008	\$725,416,712	7.4%						
Projected Payroll	\$183,887,318	\$200,347,680	9.0%						
PROBATION									
Total Normal Cost	26.89%	26.56%	-0.33%						
Administrative Expenses	1.06%	1.01%	-0.05%						
UAL Amortization	<u>30.52%</u>	30.98%	0.46%						
Total Probation ADC	58.47%	58.55%	0.08%						
UAL attributable to Probation	\$39,135,401	\$41,986,856	7.3%						
Projected Payroll	\$9,739,933	\$10,636,267	9.2%						
SAFETY									
Total Normal Cost	27.24%	27.09%	-0.15%						
Administrative Expenses	1.06%	1.01%	-0.05%						
UAL Amortization	41.01%	44.24%	3.23%						
Total Safety ADC	69.31%	72.34%	3.03%						
UAL attributable to Safety	\$164,035,945	\$175,228,169	6.8%						
Projected Payroll	\$30,382,727	\$31,083,332	2.3%						
TOTAL									
Total Normal Cost	21.62%	21.24%	-0.38%						
Administrative Expenses	1.06%	1.01%	-0.05%						
UAL Amortization	29.80%	30.56%	0.76%						
Total SLOCPT ADC	52.48%	52.81%	0.33%						
Total Unfunded Actuarial Liability	\$878,750,354	\$942,631,737	7.3%						
Projected Payroll	\$224,009,978	\$242,067,279	8.1%						



SECTION V – CONTRIBUTIONS

Tables V-3 through V-5 show the calculations of the normal cost rates for each Class and Tier, as well as by bargaining unit.

Table V-3 Normal Cost by Tier as of January 1, 2023								
	Tier 1	Tier 2	Tier 3	Total				
MISCELLANEOUS								
Member Paid Contributions ¹	13.82%	5.85%	13.77%	12.91%				
Employer Paid Member Contributions	8.18%	9.05%	0.00%	3.56%				
Employer Normal Cost	<u>2.93%</u>	<u>5.15%</u>	<u>3.60%</u>	<u>3.57%</u>				
Total Normal Cost	24.93%	20.05%	17.37%	20.03%				
COLA portion of Normal Cost	5.88%	3.51%	2.97%	3.94%				
PROBATION								
Member Paid Contributions ¹	19.95%	N/A	17.00%	18.86%				
Employer Paid Member Contributions	6.25%	N/A	0.00%	3.94%				
Employer Normal Cost	4.18%	N/A	<u>3.25%</u>	<u>3.76%</u>				
Total Normal Cost	30.37%	N/A	20.25%	26.56%				
COLA portion of Normal Cost	8.00%	N/A	3.88%	6.45%				
SAFETY								
Member Paid Contributions ¹	16.01%	9.83%	14.66%	14.25%				
Employer Paid Member Contributions	6.48%	6.60%	0.00%	3.09%				
Employer Normal Cost	<u>9.75%</u>	12.73%	<u>8.77%</u>	<u>9.75%</u>				
Total Normal Cost	32.24%	29.15%	23.43%	27.09%				
COLA portion of Normal Cost	9.07%	5.90%	4.77%	6.27%				
TOTAL								
Member Paid Contributions ¹	14.61%	6.61%	13.97%	13.34%				
Employer Paid Member Contributions	7.81%	8.58%	0.00%	3.52%				
Employer Normal Cost	3.86%	6.63%	4.22%	<u>4.38%</u>				
Total Normal Cost	26.28%	21.82%	18.20%	21.24%				
COLA portion of Normal Cost	6.45%	3.98%	3.21%	4.35%				

¹ Weighted-average of all active members in group. Excludes the portion of Employer Paid for Member Contributions ("pick-ups") for applicable bargaining units.



SECTION V – CONTRIBUTIONS

Table V-4 Elements of Normal Cost as of January 1, 2023

Miscellaneous Valuation Groups

	RTA	Other	Management				SLOCEA				
	BU #71, 72	BU #14, 21-22	Non Court	Court BU #18	Court BU #24-28	Total Mgmt	Non Court	Court BU #19	Court BU #20	Total SLOCEA	Total Misc.
Service Retirement	21.59%	13.11%	16.46%	18.62%	17.56%	16.57%	14.86%	14.67%	15.00%	14.86%	15.50%
Vesting	1.61%	1.86%	1.94%	1.63%	2.11%	1.94%	1.75%	3.08%	1.92%	1.76%	1.82%
Death-in-Service	0.18%	0.12%	0.18%	0.16%	0.16%	0.18%	0.16%	0.12%	0.14%	0.16%	0.16%
Disability	0.23%	0.27%	0.29%	0.31%	0.31%	0.29%	0.27%	0.31%	0.27%	0.27%	0.27%
Refunds	<u>1.02%</u>	<u>1.47%</u>	<u>2.46%</u>	<u>2.58%</u>	<u>2.73%</u>	2.48%	2.18%	2.82%	2.44%	<u>2.19%</u>	2.28%
Total Normal Cost	24.64%	16.82%	21.32%	23.28%	22.87%	21.46%	19.20%	21.00%	19.77%	19.23%	20.03%
Member Contribution Rate ¹ Employer Paid Member	14.61%	10.92%	16.80%	19.82%	20.16%	17.07%	16.15%	19.77%	18.16%	16.24%	16.46%
Contribution Rate	0.00%	1.78%	4.90%	0.00%	0.00%	4.49%	3.15%	0.00%	0.00%	3.02%	3.56%
County Normal Cost	10.03%	5.90%	4.52%	3.47%	2.72%	4.39%	3.05%	1.23%	1.62%	2.99%	3.57%

Average of all active members in group. Member Contribution Rate is the total rate, including the portion of Employer Paid Member Contribution Rate ("pick-ups") for applicable bargaining units.



SECTION V – CONTRIBUTIONS

Table V-5 Elements of Normal Cost as of January 1, 2023 Safety and Probation Valuation Groups

Probation Safety Non-Management Management Non-**Total** Grand Non-Sworn Non-Sworn Total Safety Sworn Sworn Management **Probation** Total Management Service Retirement 24.99% 20.73% 21.10% 49.22% 22.20% 21.12% 21.02% 16.46% 20.26% Vesting 2.82% 1.52% 1.63% 0.00% 2.17% 1.23% 0.80% 1.09% 1.71% Death-in-Service 0.22% 0.19% 0.20% 0.88% 0.44% 0.49% 0.46% 0.48% 0.21% 1.47% 2.79% 2.89% 2.90% 0.67% Disability 1.96% 1.51% 5.35% 2.88% Refunds 2.89% 2.04% 2.12% 2.96% 2.45% 1.65% 1.47% 1.61% 2.18% **Total Normal Cost** 32.87% 25.96% 58.41% 30.05% 27.37% 25.87% 27.09% 21.24% 26.56% Member Contribution Rate¹ 26.88% 22.40% 22.79% 29.04% 24.44% 17.45% 16.09% 17.34% 16.86% **Employer Paid Member** Contribution Rate 9.29% 3.42% 3.94% 8.87% 1.14% 3.50% 2.69% 3.09% 3.52% **County Normal Cost** 5.99% 3.56% 3.76% 29.37% 5.60% 9.92% 9.78% 9.75% 4.38%



Average of all active members in group. Member Contribution Rate is the total rate, including the portion of Employer Paid Member Contribution Rate ("pick-ups")

SECTION VI – ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORTING INFORMATION

The disclosures needed to satisfy the GASB requirements can be found in the SLOCPT GASB 67/68 Report as of December 31, 2022.

In accordance with Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) and its recommended checklist for Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports, the Schedule of Funding Progress, and the Schedule of Funded Liabilities by Type (formerly known as the Solvency Test) disclosures are included below.

Table VI-1 on the following page shows the Schedule of Funding Progress for the Plan.

	Table VI-1 Schedule of Funding Progress (\$ in thousands)												
Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Liability	Unfunde Actuaria Liability (U	l Funded		Covered Payroll	UAL as a % of Covered Payroll						
12/31/2013 2,3	\$ 1,182,924	\$ 1,518,751	\$ 335,	827 77.9%	\$	164,704	203.9%						
12/31/2014	1,231,474	1,605,591	374,	117 76.7%		167,695	223.1%						
12/31/2015	1,248,328	1,686,497	438,	169 74.0%		177,004	247.5%						
12/31/2015 ²	1,248,328	1,749,342	501,	014 71.4%		177,004	283.1%						
12/31/2016	1,268,405	1,827,342	558,	937 69.4%		185,020	302.1%						
12/31/2017	1,328,750	1,937,173	608,	423 68.6%		196,848	309.1%						
12/31/2017 ²	1,328,750	1,945,681	616,	931 68.3%		196,848	313.4%						
12/31/2018	1,362,562	2,029,929	667,	367 67.1%		200,537	332.8%						
12/31/2019	1,416,763	2,116,700	699,	937 66.9%		205,694	340.3%						
12/31/2019 ²	1,416,763	2,170,071	753,	308 65.3%		205,694	366.2%						
12/31/2020	1,506,270	2,277,428	771,	158 66.1%		214,044	360.3%						
12/31/2020 2	1,506,270	2,313,128	806,	858 65.1%		214,044	377.0%						
12/31/2021	1,619,357	2,420,054	800,	696 66.9%		224,010	357.4%						
12/31/2021 2	1,619,357	2,498,108	878,	750 64.8%		224,010	392.3%						
12/31/2022	1,679,561	2,622,192	942,	632 64.1%		242,067	389.4%						

December 31, 2019 and earlier values were calculated by the prior actuary.

¹ Assets and liability	ies do not include Employee	Additional Reserve amounts of	•
12/31/2013	5,942,492	12/31/2018	2,784,819
12/31/2014	5,295,316	12/31/2019	2,598,886
12/31/2015	4,362,000	12/31/2020	2,265,799
12/31/2016	3,961,371	12/31/2021	1,869,784
12/31/2017	3.267.574	12/31/2022	1.708.593

² Reflects assumption changes.

³ Reflects benefit provisions under Tier 3 for new members.



SECTION VI – ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORTING INFORMATION

Table VI-2 below shows the Schedule of Funded Liabilities by Type, which shows the portion of actuarial liabilities that are covered by the Actuarial Value of Assets.

			Table VI-2										
Schedule of Funded Liabilities by Type													
(A) (B) (C) Retirees, Remaining Portion of Actuarial Valuation Active Beneficiaries, Active Liabilities Covered Date Member and Members' Reported by Reported Assets													
January 1,	Contributions	Term Vested	Liabilities	Assets	(A)	(B)	(C)						
2014	\$ 273,309,118	\$ 906,484,213	\$ 338,957,696	\$ 1,182,923,978	100%	100%	1%						
2015	281,229,850	1,007,167,130	317,194,229	1,231,473,577	100%	94%	0%						
2016	293,285,939	1,121,011,613	335,044,713	1,248,327,560	100%	85%	0%						
2017	302,137,773	1,199,445,618	325,758,923	1,268,404,900	100%	81%	0%						
2018	306,814,143	1,318,568,176	320,298,192	1,328,750,029	100%	78%	0%						
2019	311,516,344	1,415,752,372	302,660,596	1,362,561,581	100%	74%	0%						
2020	326,803,590	1,532,378,294	310,889,599	1,416,762,603	100%	71%	0%						
2021	335,230,574	1,674,114,715	303,782,771	1,506,269,826	100%	70%	0%						
2022	347,561,004	1,805,886,262	344,660,494	1,619,357,406	100%	70%	0%						
2023	362,911,900	1,890,155,570	369,124,919	1,679,560,652	100%	70%	0%						

Amounts for January 1, 2020 and earlier were calculated by the prior actuary.



APPENDIX A – MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

The data for this valuation was provided by the Trust staff as of January 1, 2023. We performed an informal examination of the obvious characteristics of the data for reasonableness and consistency in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice No. 23.

Reconciliation of Membership since Prior Valuation

		Membership	Data Reconcil	ation				
	Active	Terminated Non-Vested	Terminated Vested	Disabled	Retired	DROP	Beneficiary	Total
As of January 1, 2022	2,776	256	605	144	2,701	77	250	6,809
New Entrants	451							451
Returned to Work	12	(2)	(10)					0
Industrial Disabilities	(9)	(1)		12	(2)			0
Ordinary Disabilities			(2)	2				0
Retirements	(66)		(27)		118	(25)		0
DROP	(18)					18		0
Vested Terminations	(93)		93					0
Reciprocal Terminations	(17)	(1)	18					0
Non-Vested Terminations	(106)	106						0
Deceased With Beneficiaries Payable	(1)				(22)	(1)	24	0
Deceased Without Beneficiary	(3)	(1)		(3)	(48)	(1)		(56)
Beneficiary Deaths							(14)	(14)
Benefits Stopped Not Due to Death								0
Domestic Relations Orders			4		6			10
Refund of Contributions	(96)	(48)	(11)					(155)
Data Adjustments			2					2
As of January 1, 2023	2,830	309	672	155	2,753	68	260	7,047



APPENDIX A – MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

SLOCPT Membership – Active Members as of January 1, 2023

San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust **Valuation Data Comparison - Actives January 1, 2022 January 1, 2023** Change Total Actives Count 2,776 2,830 1.9 % Average Age 44.2 43.9 (0.3)Average Service 8.6 8.3 (0.3)**Total Salaries** 224,019,349 \$ 242,067,280 8.1 % 80,699 \$ 85,536 Average Salaries 6.0 % Miscellaneous Members 2,360 2.0 % Count 2,408 Average Age 45.0 44.7 (0.4)Average Service 8.5 8.2 (0.3)**Total Salaries** 183,896,690 \$ 200,347,680 8.9 % 77,922 \$ Average Salaries 83,201 6.8 % **Probation Members** Count 114 122 7.0 % Average Age 40.9 40.4 (0.4)Average Service 11.0 10.7 (0.3)**Total Salaries** 9,739,933 \$ 10,636,267 9.2 % Average Salaries 85,438 \$ 87,183 2.0 % Safety Members Count 302 300 (0.7)%38.5 38.8 0.3 Average Age Average Service 8.2 8.3 0.1 **Total Salaries** \$ 30,382,726 \$ 31,083,333 2.3 % \$ Average Salaries 100,605 \$ 103,611 3.0 %



APPENDIX A – MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

SLOCPT Membership – Active Members by Tier as of January 1, 2023

San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust											
		Comparison - Ac									
		l Salaries in thousand									
		January 1, 2022	January 1, 2023	Change							
Total Actives		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,								
Total	Count	2,776	2,830	1.9 %							
	Total Salaries	224,019	242,067	8.1 %							
Tier 1	Count	881	783	(11.1)%							
	Total Salaries	81,234	78,607	(3.2)%							
Tier 2	Count	289	268	(7.3)%							
	Total Salaries	27,491	27,614	0.4 %							
Tier 3	Count	1,606	1,779	10.8 %							
	Total Salaries	115,294	135,846	17.8 %							
Miscellaneous I	Members	-, -									
Total	Count	2,360	2,408	2.0 %							
	Total Salaries	183,897	200,348	8.9 %							
Tier 1	Count	722	636	(11.9)%							
	Total Salaries	64,511	62,465	(3.2)%							
Tier 2	Count	241	222	(7.9)%							
	Total Salaries	22,219	22,314	0.4 %							
Tier 3	Count	1,397	1,550	11.0 %							
	Total Salaries	97,167	115,568	18.9 %							
Probation Mem		,	- 7								
Total	Count	114	122	7.0 %							
	Total Salaries	9,740	10,636	9.2 %							
Tier 1	Count	70	67	(4.3)%							
	Total Salaries	6,601	6,702	1.5 %							
Tier 2	Count	-	-	0.0 %							
	Total Salaries	-	_	0.0 %							
Tier 3	Count	44	55	25.0 %							
	Total Salaries	3,139	3,934	25.3 %							
Safety Members		-,	- 7								
Total	Count	302	300	(0.7)%							
	Total Salaries	30,383	31,083	2.3 %							
Tier 1	Count	89	80	(10.1)%							
	Total Salaries	10,122	9,439	(6.7)%							
Tier 2	Count	48	46	(4.2)%							
	Total Salaries	5,272	5,300	0.5 %							
Tier 3	Count	165	174	5.5 %							
	Total Salaries	14,989	16,344	9.0 %							



APPENDIX A – MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

SLOCPT Membership – Deferred Vested Members as of January 1, 2023

San Luis	Obispo	County Pensi	on	Trust	
Valuation Data					
	Jai	nuary 1, 2022		January 1, 2023	Change
All Terminated Vesteds					
Deferred					
Count		445		503	13.0 %
Average Age		49.0		48.3	(0.7)
Average Age at Termination		41.0		40.9	(0.1)
Average Service		9.8		9.7	(0.1)
Member Contributions	\$	53,248,302	\$	60,366,160	13.4 %
Average Contribution Balance	\$	119,659	\$	120,012	0.3 %
Reciprocal		,		,	
Count		160		169	5.6 %
Average Age		44.3		43.6	(0.7)
Average Age at Termination		35.3		34.8	(0.7) (0.4)
Average Service		3.6		3.3	(8.7)%
Member Contributions	\$	3,382,902	\$	3,563,424	5.3 %
Average Contribution Balance	\$	21,143	\$	21,085	(0.3)%
Total	Ψ	21,143	Ψ	21,003	(0.5)70
_ *****		<i>(</i> 0 <i>5</i>		(70	11 1 0/
Count		605 47.7		672 47.1	11.1 %
Average Age					(0.6)
Average Age at Termination		39.4 8.1		39.3 8.1	(0.1)
Average Service Member Contributions	\$	56,631,204	\$	63,929,583	(0.9)% 12.9 %
Average Contribution Balance	\$ \$	93,605	\$	95,133	1.6 %
Miscellaneous Terminated Vesteds		,		,	
Deferred					
Count		385		440	14.3 %
Average Age		49.7		49.0	(0.7)
Average Age at Termination		41.6		41.5	(0.1)
Average Service		9.8		9.6	(0.2)
Member Contributions	\$	45,199,925	\$	51,642,229	14.3 %
Average Contribution Balance	\$	117,402	\$	117,369	(0.0)%
Reciprocal					, ,
Count		147		156	6.1 %
Average Age		44.4		43.6	(0.8)
Average Age at Termination		35.5		35.0	(0.5)
Average Service		3.6		3.3	(9.4)%
Member Contributions	\$	3,064,143	\$	3,225,927	5.3 %
Average Contribution Balance	\$	20,845	\$	20,679	(0.8)%
Total Miscellaneous		-,		-,	()
Count		532		596	12.0 %
Average Age		48.2		47.6	(0.6)
Average Age at Termination		39.8		39.8	(0.1)
Average Service		8.1		8.0	(1.7)%
Member Contributions	\$	48,264,068	\$	54,868,156	13.7 %
Average Contribution Balance	\$	90,722	\$	92,061	1.5 %



APPENDIX A – MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust Valuation Data Comparison - Terminated Vested (continued) **January 1, 2022 January 1, 2023** Change **Probation Terminated Vesteds** Deferred Count 16 17 6.3 % Average Age 43.5 42.9 (0.6)Average Age at Termination 36.3 36.1 (0.2)Average Service 9.2 9.6 0.4 Member Contributions 1,673,866 \$ 1,994,012 19.1 % 104,617 \$ Average Contribution Balance 117,295 12.1 % Reciprocal Count 6 6 0.0 % Average Age 43.8 44.8 1.0 Average Age at Termination 31.7 31.7 Average Service 3.5 3.5 0.0 % 161,303 \$ 170,984 6.0 % Member Contributions Average Contribution Balance 26,884 \$ 28,497 6.0 % **Total Probation** Count 22 23 4.5 % Average Age 43.6 43.4 (0.2)Average Age at Termination 35.0 34.9 (0.1)7.6 5.1 % Average Service 8.0 Member Contributions \$ 1,835,169 \$ 2,164,996 18.0 % 83,417 \$ \$ Average Contribution Balance 94,130 12.8 % Safety Terminated Vesteds Deferred Count 44 46 4.5 % 45.2 44.2 Average Age (1.0)37.4 36.5 (0.9)Average Age at Termination 9.4 0.6 Average Service 10.1 6,374,511 \$ 6,729,919 Member Contributions 5.6 % Average Contribution Balance 144,875 \$ 146,303 1.0 % Reciprocal 7 7 Count 0.0 % Average Age 42.4 43.4 1.0 Average Age at Termination 34.4 34.4 0.0 % 3.0 3.0 Average Service Member Contributions 157,456 \$ 166,512 5.8 % 22,494 \$ Average Contribution Balance 23,787 5.8 % **Total Safety** Count 51 53 3.9 % Average Age 44.8 44.1 (0.7)37.0 36.2 (0.8)Average Age at Termination Average Service 9.1 6.9 % 8.5 Member Contributions 6,531,968 \$ 6,896,431 5.6 % \$ Average Contribution Balance 128,078 \$ 130,121 1.6 %



APPENDIX A – MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

SLOCPT Membership – Retired Members as of January 1, 2023

San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust Valuation Data Comparison - Retirees

, uruuv		Jata Compariso	Retirees	
	J	anuary 1, 2022	January 1, 2023	Change
Total Retirees				
Count		2,922	2,976	1.8 %
Average Age		70.1	70.3	0.2
Average Age at Retirement		58.7	58.7	0.0
Annual Benefit	\$	113,152,689	\$ 119,436,459	5.6 %
Average Annual Benefit	\$	38,724	\$ 40,133	3.6 %
Miscellaneous Retirees				
Count		2,497	2,538	1.6 %
Average Age		71.0	71.3	0.3
Average Age at Retirement		59.6	59.6	0.1
Annual Benefit	\$	88,666,634	\$ 93,750,484	5.7 %
Average Annual Benefit	\$	35,509	\$ 36,939	4.0 %
Probation Retirees				
Count		81	82	1.2 %
Average Age		66.9	67.4	0.5
Average Age at Retirement		55.6	55.8	0.1
Annual Benefit	\$	4,041,390	\$ 4,057,440	0.4 %
Average Annual Benefit	\$	49,894	\$ 49,481	(0.8)%
Safety Retirees				
Count		344	356	3.5 %
Average Age		64.1	63.9	(0.2)
Average Age at Retirement		53.1	52.9	(0.2)
Annual Benefit	\$	20,444,664	\$ 21,628,535	5.8 %
Average Annual Benefit	\$	59,432	\$ 60,754	2.2 %



APPENDIX A – MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

SLOCPT Membership – Retired DROP Members as of January 1, 2023

San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust **Valuation Data Comparison - DROP Retirees January 1, 2022 January 1, 2023** Change Total DROP Retirees 77 (11.7)% Count 68 60.9 61.3 0.4 Average Age Average Age at Retirement 59.0 0.3 58.7 Annual Benefit \$ 5,659,871 \$ 4,983,306 (12.0)%Average Annual Benefit \$ 73,505 \$ 73,284 (0.3)%Miscellaneous DROP Retirees Count 51 45 (11.8)%Average Age 63.5 63.8 0.3 Average Age at Retirement 61.3 0.3 61.6 3,401,338 \$ Annual Benefit 3,072,744 (9.7)%\$ 66,693 \$ Average Annual Benefit 68,283 2.4 % **Probation DROP Retirees** Count 1 (100.0)%Average Age 61.0 (61.0)57.0 Average Age at Retirement (57.0)\$ Annual Benefit 135,041 (100.0)%Average Annual Benefit \$ 135,041 (100.0)%Safety DROP Retirees Count 25 23 (8.0)%55.6 Average Age 56.4 0.8 53.5 53.9 0.4 Average Age at Retirement Annual Benefit 2,123,492 \$ 1,910,562 (10.0)%\$ 84,940 \$ 83,068 Average Annual Benefit (2.2)%



APPENDIX A – MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

SLOCPT Membership – New Retired Members as of January 1, 2023

San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust **Valuation Data Comparison - New Retirees Only January 1, 2022 January 1, 2023** Change **Total Retirees** Count 140 139 (0.7)%61.1 59.2 (1.9)Average Age at Retirement Average Annual Benefit \$ 37,232 \$ 43,112 15.8 % Miscellaneous Retirees Count 119 114 (4.2)%Average Age at Retirement 62.4 61.3 (1.0)Average Annual Benefit \$ 35,051 \$ 41,143 17.4 % **Probation Retirees** 1 5 Count 400.0 % Average Age at Retirement 54.0 57.2 3.2 \$ 6,600 \$ Average Annual Benefit 46,678 607.2 % Safety Retirees Count 20 20 0.0 % Average Age at Retirement 53.9 47.4 (6.5)Average Annual Benefit \$ 51,741 \$ 53,445 3.3 %



APPENDIX A – MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

SLOCPT Membership – Beneficiaries as of January 1, 2023

San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust **Valuation Data Comparison - Beneficiaries January 1, 2022** Change **January 1, 2023 Total Beneficiaries** Count 250 260 4.0 % Average Age 76.3 76.3 (0.0)Annual Benefit 6,521,508 \$ 6,945,322 6.5 % Average Annual Benefit 26,086 \$ 26,713 2.4 % Miscellaneous Beneficiaries 205 Count 215 4.9 % 76.5 76.5 Average Age 0.0 Annual Benefit \$ 4,790,952 \$ 5,117,219 6.8 % \$ Average Annual Benefit 23,370 \$ 23,801 1.8 % **Probation Beneficiaries** Count 6 7 16.7 % 79.5 Average Age 78.1 (1.4)Annual Benefit 208,947 \$ 271,990 30.2 % \$ 34,824 \$ Average Annual Benefit 38,856 11.6 % Safety Beneficiaries Count 39 38 (2.6)%Average Age 74.9 75.0 0.0 \$ 1,521,609 \$ 1,556,113 Annual Benefit 2.3 %

39,016 \$

40,950

5.0 %

\$



Average Annual Benefit

APPENDIX A – MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

SLOCPT Membership – Total Benefits by Benefit Type as of January 1, 2023

San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust **Total Benefits by Benefit Type** Number **Annual Benefit Amount Type of Benefit** Service Retirement Unmodified 1,183 \$42,327,937 Cash Refund 196 7,319,390 100% Continuance 842 39,154,149 50% Continuance 287 14,067,253 Benefits Coordinated with Social Security Unmodified 145 \$4,439,209 Cash Refund 44 1,364,575 100% Continuance 72 3,230,765 50% Continuance 52 2,350,822 Total Service Retirement 2,821 \$114,254,101 Disability Retirement Unmodified 88 \$2,836,010 Cash Refund 14 331,461 100% Continuance 44 1,719,461 50% Continuance 9 295,426 Total Disability Retirement 155 \$5,182,358 260 **Beneficiaries** \$6,945,322 **Total Benefits** 3,236 \$126,381,781



APPENDIX A – MEMBERSHIP INFORMATION

Age & Service Distribution of Active Members by Count and Total Salary as of January 1, 2023

		Age a	and Servi	ce Distri	bution fo	r Active I	Member	S	
Attained									
Age	0 - 4	5 - 9	10 - 14	15 - 19	20 - 24	25 - 29	30+	Count	Payroll
< 25	56							56	\$ 3,342,249
25 - 29	222	22						244	15,881,476
30 - 34	250	130	10					390	29,981,648
35 - 39	170	183	51	20				424	35,170,385
40 - 44	161	147	56	74	13	1		452	39,695,102
45 - 49	86	73	54	60	54	6		333	31,394,582
50 - 54	85	61	30	61	59	25	5	326	30,907,742
55 - 59	62	59	34	46	56	33	15	305	29,079,318
60 - 64	46	54	30	29	30	19	5	213	18,826,862
65 - 69	16	21	10	11	9	3	2	72	6,656,330
70 +	2	5	5	3				15	1,131,585
Total	1,156	755	280	304	221	87	27	2,830	\$ 242,067,280



						Mer	nber Cont	ribution R	ates						
						N	Iiscellane	ous - Tier	1						
BU	14.21.22	7a (LAFCO)	7c (LAFCO)	4	7,8,9,10,11,17	12	17c, 18	20	24,26,27,28	25	1,5,13	2	19	98	99
Entry	11,21,22	Non-Court	Non-Court	Non-Court	Non-Court	Non-Court	Court	Court	Court	Court		Non-Court	Court	Non-Court	100
Age	Other				Management		Other	Other		Management		SLOCEA			Management
18	15.15%	19.00%	16.83%	21.69%	21.19%	20.30%	22.14%	19.62%	20.99%	20.00%	20.88%	20.32%	19.14%	22.24%	22.55%
19	15.22%	19.07%	16.90%	21.76%	21.26%	20.37%	22.21%	19.69%	21.06%	20.07%	20.95%	20.39%	19.21%	22.31%	22.62%
20	15.29%	19.14%	16.97%	21.83%	21.33%	20.44%	22.28%	19.76%	21.13%	20.14%	21.02%	20.46%	19.28%	22.38%	22.69%
21	15.35%	19.20%	17.03%	21.89%	21.39%	20.50%	22.34%	19.82%	21.19%	20.20%	21.08%	20.52%	19.34%	22.44%	22.75%
22	15.37%	19.22%	17.05%	21.91%	21.41%	20.52%	22.36%	19.84%	21.21%	20.22%	21.10%	20.54%	19.36%	22.46%	22.77%
23	15.39%	19.24%	17.07%	21.93%	21.43%	20.54%	22.38%	19.86%	21.23%	20.24%	21.12%	20.56%	19.38%	22.48%	22.79%
24	15.42%	19.27%	17.10%	21.96%	21.46%	20.57%	22.41%	19.89%	21.26%	20.27%	21.15%	20.59%	19.41%	22.51%	22.82%
25	15.46%	19.31%	17.14%	22.00%	21.50%	20.61%	22.45%	19.93%	21.30%	20.31%	21.19%	20.63%	19.45%	22.55%	22.86%
26	15.51%	19.36%	17.19%	22.05%	21.55%	20.66%	22.50%	19.98%	21.35%	20.36%	21.24%	20.68%	19.50%	22.60%	22.91%
27	15.56%	19.41%	17.24%	22.10%	21.60%	20.71%	22.55%	20.03%	21.40%	20.41%	21.29%	20.73%	19.55%	22.65%	22.96%
28	15.62%	19.47%	17.30%	22.16%	21.66%	20.77%	22.61%	20.09%	21.46%	20.47%	21.35%	20.79%	19.61%	22.71%	23.02%
29	15.69%	19.54%	17.37%	22.23%	21.73%	20.84%	22.68%	20.16%	21.53%	20.54%	21.42%	20.86%	19.68%	22.78%	23.09%
30	15.76%	19.61%	17.44%	22.30%	21.80%	20.91%	22.75%	20.23%	21.60%	20.61%	21.49%	20.93%	19.75%	22.85%	23.16%
31	15.84%	19.69%	17.52%	22.38%	21.88%	20.99%	22.83%	20.31%	21.68%	20.69%	21.57%	21.01%	19.83%	22.93%	23.24%
32	15.93%	19.78%	17.61%	22.47%	21.97%	21.08%	22.92%	20.40%	21.77%	20.78%	21.66%	21.10%	19.92%	23.02%	23.33%
33	16.02%	19.87%	17.70%	22.56%	22.06%	21.17%	23.01%	20.49%	21.86%	20.87%	21.75%	21.19%	20.01%	23.11%	23.42%
34	16.12%	19.97%	17.80%	22.66%	22.16%	21.27%	23.11%	20.59%	21.96%	20.97%	21.85%	21.29%	20.11%	23.21%	23.52%
35	16.22%	20.07%	17.90%	22.76%	22.26%	21.37%	23.21%	20.69%	22.06%	21.07%	21.95%	21.39%	20.21%	23.31%	23.62%
36	16.32%	20.17%	18.00%	22.86%	22.36%	21.47%	23.31%	20.79%	22.16%	21.17%	22.05%	21.49%	20.31%	23.41%	23.72%
37	16.43%	20.28%	18.11%	22.97%	22.47%	21.58%	23.42%	20.90%	22.27%	21.28%	22.16%	21.60%	20.42%	23.52%	23.83%
38	16.54%	20.39%	18.22%	23.08%	22.58%	21.69%	23.53%	21.01%	22.38%	21.39%	22.27%	21.71%	20.53%	23.63%	23.94%
39	16.66%	20.51%	18.34%	23.20%	22.70%	21.81%	23.65%	21.13%	22.50%	21.51%	22.39%	21.83%	20.65%	23.75%	24.06%
40	16.78%	20.63%	18.46%	23.32%	22.82%	21.93%	23.77%	21.25%	22.62%	21.63%	22.51%	21.95%	20.77%	23.87%	24.18%
41	16.91%	20.76%	18.59%	23.45%	22.95%	22.06%	23.90%	21.38%	22.75%	21.76%	22.64%	22.08%	20.90%	24.00%	24.31%
42	17.04%	20.89%	18.72%	23.58%	23.08%	22.19%	24.03%	21.51%	22.88%	21.89%	22.77%	22.21%	21.03%	24.13%	24.44%
43	17.18%	21.03%	18.86%	23.72%	23.22%	22.33%	24.17%	21.65%	23.02%	22.03%	22.91%	22.35%	21.17%	24.27%	24.58%
44	17.32%	21.17%	19.00%	23.86%	23.36%	22.47%	24.31%	21.79%	23.16%	22.17%	23.05%	22.49%	21.31%	24.41%	24.72%
45	17.46%	21.31%	19.14%	24.00%	23.50%	22.61%	24.45%	21.93%	23.30%	22.31%	23.19%	22.63%	21.45%	24.55%	24.86%
46	17.61%	21.46%	19.29%	24.15%	23.65%	22.76%	24.60%	22.08%	23.45%	22.46%	23.34%	22.78%	21.60%	24.70%	25.01%
47	17.77%	21.62%	19.45%	24.31%	23.81%	22.92%	24.76%	22.24%	23.61%	22.62%	23.50%	22.94%	21.76%	24.86%	25.17%
48	17.93%	21.78%	19.61%	24.47%	23.97%	23.08%	24.92%	22.40%	23.77%	22.78%	23.66%	23.10%	21.92%	25.02%	25.33%
49	18.09%	21.94%	19.77%	24.63%	24.13%	23.24%	25.08%	22.56%	23.93%	22.94%	23.82%	23.26%	22.08%	25.18%	25.49%
50	18.26%	22.11%	19.94%	24.80%	24.30%	23.41%	25.25%	22.73%	24.10%	23.11%	23.99%	23.43%	22.25%	25.35%	25.66%
51	18.43%	22.28%	20.11%	24.97%	24.47%	23.58%	25.42%	22.90%	24.27%	23.28%	24.16%	23.60%	22.42%	25.52%	25.83%
52	18.60%	22.45%	20.28%	25.14%	24.64%	23.75%	25.59%	23.07%	24.44%	23.45%	24.33%	23.77%	22.59%	25.69%	26.00%
53	18.78%	22.63%	20.46%	25.32%	24.82%	23.93%	25.77%	23.25%	24.62%	23.63%	24.51%	23.95%	22.77%	25.87%	26.18%
54	18.96%	22.81%	20.64%	25.50%	25.00%	24.11%	25.95%	23.43%	24.80%	23.81%	24.69%	24.13%	22.95%	26.05%	26.36%
55	19.15%	23.00%	20.83%	25.69%	25.19%	24.30%	26.14%	23.62%	24.99%	24.00%	24.88%	24.32%	23.14%	26.24%	26.55%
56	19.34%	23.19%	21.02%	25.88%	25.38%	24.49%	26.33%	23.81%	25.18%	24.19%	25.07%	24.51%	23.33%	26.43%	26.74%
57	19.53%	23.38%	21.21%	26.07%	25.57%	24.68%	26.52%	24.00%	25.37%	24.38%	25.26%	24.70%	23.52%	26.62%	26.93%
58	19.73%	23.58%	21.41%	26.27%	25.77%	24.88%	26.72%	24.20%	25.57%	24.58%	25.46%	24.90%	23.72%	26.82%	27.13%
59+	19.93%	23.78%	21.61%	26.47%	25.97%	25.08%	26.92%	24.40%	25.77%	24.78%	25.66%	25.10%	23.92%	27.02%	27.33%



	Member	Contribution Ra	ntes
	Prol	bation - Tier 1	
BU	8	9	31,32
Entry			Non-
Age	Management	Management	
18	25.84%	25.84%	25.43%
19	25.92%	25.92%	25.51%
20	26.00%	26.00%	25.59%
21	26.07%	26.07%	25.66%
22	26.09%	26.09%	25.68%
23	26.11%	26.11%	25.70%
24	26.14%	26.14%	25.73%
25	26.19%	26.19%	25.78%
26	26.24%	26.24%	25.83%
27	26.30%	26.30%	25.89%
28	26.36%	26.36%	25.95%
29	26.44%	26.44%	26.03%
30	26.52%	26.52%	26.11%
31	26.61%	26.61%	26.20%
32	26.71%	26.71%	26.30%
33	26.81%	26.81%	26.40%
34	26.92%	26.92%	26.51%
35	27.03%	27.03%	26.62%
36	27.14%	27.14%	26.73%
37	27.26%	27.26%	26.85%
38	27.38%	27.38%	26.97%
39	27.51%	27.51%	27.10%
40	27.65%	27.65%	27.24%
41	27.79%	27.79%	27.38%
42	27.93%	27.93%	27.52%
43	28.09%	28.09%	27.68%
44	28.24%	28.24%	27.83%
45	28.40%	28.40%	27.99%
46	28.57%	28.57%	28.16%
47	28.74%	28.74%	28.33%
48	28.92%	28.92%	28.51%
49	29.10%	29.10%	28.69%
50	29.28%	29.28%	28.87%
51	29.47%	29.47%	29.06%
52 5 2	29.66%	29.66%	29.25%
53	29.86%	29.86%	29.45%
54	30.06%	30.06%	29.65%
55	30.27%	30.27%	29.86%
56	30.48%	30.48%	30.07%
57 50	30.69%	30.69%	30.28%
58	30.91%	30.91%	30.50%
59+	31.13%	31.13%	30.72%



				Member Contri	bution Rates			
				Safety -				
BU	6	3,14	27,28	7	10	15	15	16
Entry	Non-	Non-	Non-		(Sheriff-Coroner)	(non-sworn)	(sworn)	(sworn)
Age	Management			Management	Management		Management	
18	22.12%	16.22%	22.35%	26.30%	30.95%	22.48%	27.23%	33.13%
19	22.12%	16.33%	22.46%	26.41%	31.06%	22.59%	27.23%	33.24%
20	22.34%	16.44%	22.57%	26.52%	31.17%	22.70%	27.45%	33.35%
21	22.45%	16.55%	22.68%	26.63%	31.28%	22.81%	27.56%	33.46%
22	22.56%	16.66%	22.79%	26.74%	31.39%	22.92%	27.67%	33.57%
23	22.68%	16.78%	22.91%	26.86%	31.51%	23.04%	27.79%	33.69%
24	22.80%	16.90%	23.03%	26.98%	31.63%	23.16%	27.91%	33.81%
25	22.92%	17.02%	23.15%	27.10%	31.75%	23.28%	28.03%	33.93%
26	23.04%	17.14%	23.27%	27.22%	31.87%	23.40%	28.15%	34.05%
27	23.16%	17.26%	23.39%	27.34%	31.99%	23.52%	28.27%	34.17%
28	23.28%	17.38%	23.51%	27.46%	32.11%	23.64%	28.39%	34.29%
29	23.40%	17.50%	23.63%	27.58%	32.23%	23.76%	28.51%	34.41%
30	23.52%	17.62%	23.75%	27.70%	32.35%	23.88%	28.63%	34.53%
31	23.64%	17.74%	23.87%	27.82%	32.47%	24.00%	28.75%	34.65%
32	23.76%	17.86%	23.99%	27.94%	32.59%	24.12%	28.87%	34.77%
33	23.88%	17.98%	24.11%	28.06%	32.71%	24.24%	28.99%	34.89%
34	24.00%	18.10%	24.23%	28.18%	32.83%	24.36%	29.11%	35.01%
35	24.12%	18.22%	24.35%	28.30%	32.95%	24.48%	29.23%	35.13%
36	24.12%	18.22%	24.35%	28.30%	32.95%	24.48%	29.23%	35.13%
37	24.12%	18.22%	24.35%	28.30%	32.95%	24.48%	29.23%	35.13%
38	24.12%	18.22%	24.35%	28.30%	32.95%	24.48%	29.23%	35.13%
39	24.12%	18.22%	24.35%	28.30%	32.95%	24.48%	29.23%	35.13%
40	24.12%	18.22%	24.35%	28.30%	32.95%	24.48%	29.23%	35.13%
41	24.12%	18.22%	24.35%	28.30%	32.95%	24.48%	29.23%	35.13%
42	24.12%	18.22%	24.35%	28.30%	32.95%	24.48%	29.23%	35.13%
43	24.12%	18.22%	24.35%	28.30%	32.95%	24.48%	29.23%	35.13%
44	24.12%	18.22%	24.35%	28.30%	32.95%	24.48%	29.23%	35.13%
45	24.12%	18.22%	24.35%	28.30%	32.95%	24.48%	29.23%	35.13%
46	24.12%	18.22%	24.35%	28.30%	32.95%	24.48%	29.23%	35.13%
47	24.12%	18.22%	24.35%	28.30%	32.95%	24.48%	29.23%	35.13%
48	24.12%	18.22%	24.35%	28.30%	32.95%	24.48%	29.23%	35.13%
49	24.12%	18.22%	24.35%	28.30%	32.95%	24.48%	29.23%	35.13%
50	24.12%	18.22%	24.35%	28.30%	32.95%	24.48%	29.23%	35.13%
51	24.12%	18.22%	24.35%	28.30%	32.95%	24.48%	29.23%	35.13%
52	24.12%	18.22%	24.35%	28.30%	32.95%	24.48%	29.23%	35.13%
53	24.12%	18.22%	24.35%	28.30%	32.95%	24.48%	29.23%	35.13%
54	24.12%	18.22%	24.35%	28.30%	32.95%	24.48%	29.23%	35.13%
55	24.12%	18.22%	24.35%	28.30%	32.95%	24.48%	29.23%	35.13%
56	24.12%	18.22%	24.35%	28.30%	32.95%	24.48%	29.23%	35.13%
57	24.12%	18.22%	24.35%	28.30%	32.95%	24.48%	29.23%	35.13%
58	24.12%	18.22%	24.35%	28.30%	32.95%	24.48%	29.23%	35.13%
59+	24.12%	18.22%	24.35%	28.30%	32.95%	24.48%	29.23%	35.13%



							ntribution Rates							
BU Entry	4	12	7 (LAFCO)	14, 21, 22	71 (RTA)	98, 99	all others	3, 14	6	7	15 (Non-Sworn)	15 (Sworn)	10, 16	27, 28
Age	Miscellaneous	Safety	Safety	Safety	Safety	Safety	Safety	Safety						
18	12.80%	11.41%	14.88%	6.76%	11.79%	13.66%	12.30%	10.45%	16.01%	18.53%	12.63%	13.32%	19.22%	12.88%
19	12.92%	11.53%	15.00%	6.88%	11.91%	13.78%	12.42%	10.80%	16.36%	18.88%	12.98%	13.72%	19.62%	13.28%
20	13.04%	11.65%	15.12%	7.00%	12.03%	13.90%	12.54%	11.15%	16.71%	19.23%	13.33%	14.12%	20.02%	13.68%
21	13.19%	11.80%	15.27%	7.15%	12.18%	14.05%	12.69%	11.50%	17.06%	19.58%	13.68%	14.52%	20.42%	14.08%
22	13.30%	11.91%	15.38%	7.26%	12.29%	14.16%	12.80%	11.85%	17.41%	19.93%	14.03%	14.92%	20.82%	14.48%
23	13.46%	12.07%	15.54%	7.42%	12.45%	14.32%	12.96%	12.20%	17.76%	20.28%	14.38%	15.32%	21.22%	14.88%
24	13.58%	12.19%	15.66%	7.54%	12.57%	14.44%	13.08%	12.55%	18.11%	20.63%	14.73%	15.73%	21.63%	15.29%
25	13.72%	12.33%	15.80%	7.68%	12.71%	14.58%	13.22%	12.90%	18.46%	20.98%	15.08%	16.13%	22.03%	15.69%
26	13.92%	12.53%	16.00%	7.88%	12.91%	14.78%	13.42%	13.25%	18.81%	21.33%	15.43%	16.53%	22.43%	16.09%
27	14.02%	12.63%	16.10%	7.98%	13.01%	14.88%	13.52%	13.60%	19.16%	21.68%	15.78%	16.93%	22.83%	16.49%
28	14.21%	12.82%	16.29%	8.17%	13.20%	15.07%	13.71%	13.95%	19.51%	22.03%	16.13%	17.33%	23.23%	16.89%
29	14.36%	12.97%	16.44%	8.32%	13.35%	15.22%	13.86%	14.30%	19.86%	22.38%	16.48%	17.73%	23.63%	17.29%
30	14.66%	13.27%	16.74%	8.62%	13.65%	15.52%	14.16%	14.65%	20.21%	22.73%	16.83%	18.13%	24.03%	17.69%
31	14.82%	13.43%	16.90%	8.78%	13.81%	15.68%	14.32%	15.00%	20.56%	23.08%	17.18%	18.53%	24.43%	18.09%
32	15.11%	13.72%	17.19%	9.07%	14.10%	15.97%	14.61%	15.35%	20.91%	23.43%	17.53%	18.94%	24.84%	18.50%
33	15.26%	13.87%	17.34%	9.22%	14.25%	16.12%	14.76%	15.70%	21.26%	23.78%	17.88%	19.34%	25.24%	18.90%
34	15.44%	14.05%	17.52%	9.40%	14.43%	16.30%	14.94%	16.05%	21.61%	24.13%	18.23%	19.74%	25.64%	19.30%
35	15.76%	14.37%	17.84%	9.72%	14.75%	16.62%	15.26%	16.40%	21.96%	24.48%	18.58%	20.14%	26.04%	19.70%
36	15.91%	14.52%	17.99%	9.87%	14.90%	16.77%	15.41%	16.40%	21.96%	24.48%	18.58%	20.14%	26.04%	19.70%
37	16.12%	14.73%	18.20%	10.08%	15.11%	16.98%	15.62%	16.40%	21.96%	24.48%	18.58%	20.14%	26.04%	19.70%
38	16.35%	14.96%	18.43%	10.31%	15.34%	17.21%	15.85%	16.40%	21.96%	24.48%	18.58%	20.14%	26.04%	19.70%
39	16.56%	15.17%	18.64%	10.52%	15.55%	17.42%	16.06%	16.40%	21.96%	24.48%	18.58%	20.14%	26.04%	19.70%
40	16.76%	15.37%	18.84%	10.72%	15.75%	17.62%	16.26%	16.40%	21.96%	24.48%	18.58%	20.14%	26.04%	19.70%
41	16.91%	15.52%	18.99%	10.87%	15.90%	17.77%	16.41%	16.40%	21.96%	24.48%	18.58%	20.14%	26.04%	19.70%
42	16.94%	15.55%	19.02%	10.90%	15.93%	17.80%	16.44%	16.40%	21.96%	24.48%	18.58%	20.14%	26.04%	19.70%
43	17.17%	15.78%	19.25%	11.13%	16.16%	18.03%	16.67%	16.40%	21.96%	24.48%	18.58%	20.14%	26.04%	19.70%
44	17.40%	16.01%	19.48%	11.36%	16.39%	18.26%	16.90%	16.40%	21.96%	24.48%	18.58%	20.14%	26.04%	19.70%
45	17.49%	16.10%	19.57%	11.45%	16.48%	18.35%	16.99%	16.40%	21.96%	24.48%	18.58%	20.14%	26.04%	19.70%
46	17.77%	16.38%	19.85%	11.73%	16.76%	18.63%	17.27%	16.40%	21.96%	24.48%	18.58%	20.14%	26.04%	19.70%
47	18.01%	16.62%	20.09%	11.97%	17.00%	18.87%	17.51%	16.40%	21.96%	24.48%	18.58%	20.14%	26.04%	19.70%
48	18.11%	16.72%	20.19%	12.07%	17.10%	18.97%	17.61%	16.40%	21.96%	24.48%	18.58%	20.14%	26.04%	19.70%
49	18.39%	17.00%	20.47%	12.35%	17.38%	19.25%	17.89%	16.40%	21.96%	24.48%	18.58%	20.14%	26.04%	19.70%
50	18.43%	17.04%	20.51%	12.39%	17.42%	19.29%	17.93%	16.40%	21.96%	24.48%	18.58%	20.14%	26.04%	19.70%
51	18.64%	17.25%	20.72%	12.60%	17.63%	19.50%	18.14%	16.40%	21.96%	24.48%	18.58%	20.14%	26.04%	19.70%
52	18.70%	17.31%	20.78%	12.66%	17.69%	19.56%	18.20%	16.40%	21.96%	24.48%	18.58%	20.14%	26.04%	19.70%
53	18.90%	17.51%	20.98%	12.86%	17.89%	19.76%	18.40%	16.40%	21.96%	24.48%	18.58%	20.14%	26.04%	19.70%
54	19.09%	17.70%	21.17%	13.05%	18.08%	19.95%	18.59%	16.40%	21.96%	24.48%	18.58%	20.14%	26.04%	19.70%
55	19.39%	18.00%	21.47%	13.35%	18.38%	20.25%	18.89%	16.40%	21.96%	24.48%	18.58%	20.14%	26.04%	19.70%
56	19.45%	18.06%	21.53%	13.41%	18.44%	20.31%	18.95%	16.40%	21.96%	24.48%	18.58%	20.14%	26.04%	19.70%
57	19.47%	18.08%	21.55%	13.43%	18.46%	20.33%	18.97%	16.40%	21.96%	24.48%	18.58%	20.14%	26.04%	19.70%
58	19.49%	18.10%	21.57%	13.45%	18.48%	20.35%	18.99%	16.40%	21.96%	24.48%	18.58%	20.14%	26.04%	19.70%
59	19.51%	18.12%	21.59%	13.47%	18.50%	20.37%	19.01%	16.40%	21.96%	24.48%	18.58%	20.14%	26.04%	19.70%
60	19.53%	18.14%	21.61%	13.49%	18.52%	20.39%	19.03%	16.40%	21.96%	24.48%	18.58%	20.14%	26.04%	19.70%
61	19.55%	18.16%	21.63%	13.51%	18.54%	20.41%	19.05%	16.40%	21.96%	24.48%	18.58%	20.14%	26.04%	19.70%
62+	19.57%	18.18%	21.65%	13.53%	18.56%	20.43%	19.07%	16.40%	21.96%	24.48%	18.58%	20.14%	26.04%	19.70%



									Member Contrib	oution Rates									
									Tier.	3									
BU	7,8,9,10,11,17	1,2,5,13		17c,18,20	19,24,26,27,28	12	14,21,22	25	71 (RTA)	72 (RTA)	98,99	7 (LAFCO)	3,14		7,10,16		27,28	8, 9	31,32
Entry																(Non-Sworn and			
Age	Miscellaneous 1	Miscellaneous	s Miscellaneous	s Miscellaneou	s Miscellaneous 1	Aiscellane ous	Miscellaneous	Miscellaneou	s Miscellaneous	Miscellaneous	Miscellaneous	Miscellaneous	Safety	Safety	Safety	Sworn) Safety	Safety	Probation	Probation
18	9.22%	10.68%	11.18%	13.16%	13.24%	9.79%	5.14%	12.25%	6.17%	10.17%	11.04%	13.26%	9.25%	14.81%	15.87%	11.43%	10.99%	11.95%	14.19%
19	9.47%	10.93%	11.43%	13.41%	13.49%	10.04%	5.39%	12.50%	6.42%	10.42%	11.29%	13.51%	9.75%	15.31%	16.37%	11.93%	11.49%	12.20%	14.44%
20	9.47%	10.93%	11.43%	13.41%	13.49%	10.04%	5.39%	12.50%	6.42%	10.42%	11.29%	13.51%	10.00%	15.56%	16.62%	12.18%	11.74%	12.45%	14.69%
21	9.72%	11.18%	11.68%	13.66%	13.74%	10.29%	5.64%	12.75%	6.67%	10.67%	11.54%	13.76%	10.25%	15.81%	16.87%	12.43%	11.99%	12.45%	14.69%
22	9.72%	11.18%	11.68%	13.66%	13.74%	10.29%	5.64%	12.75%	6.67%	10.67%	11.54%	13.76%	10.50%	16.06%	17.12%	12.68%	12.24%	12.70%	14.94%
23	9.97%	11.43%	11.93%	13.91%	13.99%	10.54%	5.89%	13.00%	6.92%	10.92%	11.79%	14.01%	11.00%	16.56%	17.62%	13.18%	12.74%	12.95%	15.19%
24	9.97%	11.43%	11.93%	13.91%	13.99%	10.54%	5.89%	13.00%	6.92%	10.92%	11.79%	14.01%	11.25%	16.81%	17.87%	13.43%	12.99%	13.20%	15.44%
25	10.22%	11.68%	12.18%	14.16%	14.24%	10.79%	6.14%	13.25%	7.17%	11.17%	12.04%	14.26%	11.50%	17.06%	18.12%	13.68%	13.24%	13.45%	15.69%
26 27	10.47%	11.93%	12.43%	14.41%	14.49%	11.04%	6.39%	13.50%	7.42%	11.42%	12.29%	14.51%	12.00%	17.56%	18.62%	14.18%	13.74%	13.70%	15.94%
28	10.47% 10.72%	11.93% 12.18%	12.43% 12.68%	14.41% 14.66%	14.49% 14.74%	11.04% 11.29%	6.39% 6.64%	13.50% 13.75%	7.42% 7.67%	11.42% 11.67%	12.29% 12.54%	14.51% 14.76%	12.25% 12.50%	17.81% 18.06%	18.87% 19.12%	14.43% 14.68%	13.99% 14.24%	13.95% 14.45%	16.19% 16.69%
29	10.72%	12.18%	12.93%	14.00%	14.74%	11.54%	6.89%	14.00%	7.67%	11.67%	12.34%	15.01%	13.00%	18.56%	19.12%	15.18%	14.74%	14.45%	16.69%
30	10.97%	12.43%	12.93%	14.91%	14.99%	11.54%	6.89%	14.00%	7.92%	11.92%	12.79%	15.01%	13.25%	18.81%	19.82%	15.43%	14.74%	14.70%	17.19%
31	11.22%	12.43%	13.18%	15.16%	15.24%	11.79%	7.14%	14.00%	8.17%	12.17%	13.04%	15.26%	13.50%	19.06%	20.12%	15.68%	15.24%	15.45%	17.19%
32	11.47%	12.08%	13.43%	15.10%	15.49%	12.04%	7.14%	14.25%	8.42%	12.17%	13.29%	15.51%	14.00%	19.56%	20.12%	16.18%	15.74%	15.70%	17.09%
33	11.72%	13.18%	13.68%	15.66%	15.74%	12.29%	7.64%	14.75%	8.67%	12.67%	13.54%	15.76%	14.25%	19.81%	20.87%	16.43%	15.74%	15.76%	18.19%
34	11.97%	13.43%	13.93%	15.00%	15.99%	12.54%	7.89%	15.00%	8.92%	12.92%	13.79%	16.01%	14.50%	20.06%	21.12%	16.68%	16.24%	16.45%	18.69%
35	11.97%	13.43%	13.93%	15.91%	15.99%	12.54%	7.89%	15.00%	8.92%	12.92%	13.79%	16.01%	15.00%	20.56%	21.62%	17.18%	16.74%	16.70%	18.94%
36	12.22%	13.68%	14.18%	16.16%	16.24%	12.79%	8.14%	15.25%	9.17%	13.17%	14.04%	16.26%	15.00%	20.56%	21.62%	17.18%	16.74%	17.20%	19.44%
37	12.47%	13.93%	14.43%	16.41%	16.49%	13.04%	8.39%	15.50%	9.42%	13.42%	14.29%	16.51%	15.00%	20.56%	21.62%	17.18%	16.74%	17.45%	19.69%
38	12.72%	14.18%	14.68%	16.66%	16.74%	13.29%	8.64%	15.75%	9.67%	13.67%	14.54%	16.76%	15.00%	20.56%	21.62%	17.18%	16.74%	17.70%	19.94%
39	12.97%	14.43%	14.93%	16.91%	16.99%	13.54%	8.89%	16.00%	9.92%	13.92%	14.79%	17.01%	15.00%	20.56%	21.62%	17.18%	16.74%	17.95%	20.19%
40	13.22%	14.68%	15.18%	17.16%	17.24%	13.79%	9.14%	16.25%	10.17%	14.17%	15.04%	17.26%	15.00%	20.56%	21.62%	17.18%	16.74%	18.20%	20.44%
41	13.47%	14.93%	15.43%	17.41%	17.49%	14.04%	9.39%	16.50%	10.42%	14.42%	15.29%	17.51%	15.00%	20.56%	21.62%	17.18%	16.74%	18.45%	20.69%
42	13.47%	14.93%	15.43%	17.41%	17.49%	14.04%	9.39%	16.50%	10.42%	14.42%	15.29%	17.51%	15.00%	20.56%	21.62%	17.18%	16.74%	18.70%	20.94%
43	13.72%	15.18%	15.68%	17.66%	17.74%	14.29%	9.64%	16.75%	10.67%	14.67%	15.54%	17.76%	15.00%	20.56%	21.62%	17.18%	16.74%	18.95%	21.19%
44	13.97%	15.43%	15.93%	17.91%	17.99%	14.54%	9.89%	17.00%	10.92%	14.92%	15.79%	18.01%	15.00%	20.56%	21.62%	17.18%	16.74%	19.20%	21.44%
45	14.22%	15.68%	16.18%	18.16%	18.24%	14.79%	10.14%	17.25%	11.17%	15.17%	16.04%	18.26%	15.00%	20.56%	21.62%	17.18%	16.74%	19.45%	21.69%
46	14.47%	15.93%	16.43%	18.41%	18.49%	15.04%	10.39%	17.50%	11.42%	15.42%	16.29%	18.51%	15.00%	20.56%	21.62%	17.18%	16.74%	19.70%	21.94%
47	14.72%	16.18%	16.68%	18.66%	18.74%	15.29%	10.64%	17.75%	11.67%	15.67%	16.54%	18.76%	15.00%	20.56%	21.62%	17.18%	16.74%	19.95%	22.19%
48	14.97%	16.43%	16.93%	18.91%	18.99%	15.54%	10.89%	18.00%	11.92%	15.92%	16.79%	19.01%	15.00%	20.56%	21.62%	17.18%	16.74%	20.20%	22.44%
49	15.22%	16.68%	17.18%	19.16%	19.24%	15.79%	11.14%	18.25%	12.17%	16.17%	17.04%	19.26%	15.00%	20.56%	21.62%	17.18%	16.74%	20.20%	22.44%
50	15.47%	16.93%	17.43%	19.41%	19.49%	16.04%	11.39%	18.50%	12.42%	16.42%	17.29%	19.51%	15.00%	20.56%	21.62%	17.18%	16.74%	20.45%	22.69%
51	15.72%	17.18%	17.68%	19.66%	19.74%	16.29%	11.64%	18.75%	12.67%	16.67%	17.54%	19.76%	15.00%	20.56%	21.62%	17.18%	16.74%	20.70%	22.94%
52	15.97%	17.43%	17.93%	19.91%	19.99%	16.54%	11.89%	19.00%	12.92%	16.92%	17.79%	20.01%	15.00%	20.56%	21.62%	17.18%	16.74%	20.70%	22.94%
53	16.22%	17.68%	18.18%	20.16%	20.24%	16.79%	12.14%	19.25%	13.17%	17.17%	18.04%	20.26%	15.00%	20.56%	21.62%	17.18%	16.74%	20.95%	23.19%
54	16.47%	17.93%	18.43%	20.41%	20.49%	17.04%	12.39%	19.50%	13.42%	17.42%	18.29%	20.51%	15.00%	20.56%	21.62%	17.18%	16.74%	20.95%	23.19%
55	16.72%	18.18%	18.68%	20.66%	20.74%	17.29%	12.64%	19.75%	13.67%	17.67%	18.54%	20.76%	15.00%	20.56%	21.62%	17.18%	16.74%	21.20%	23.44%
56	16.97%	18.43%	18.93%	20.91%	20.99%	17.54%	12.89%	20.00%	13.92%	17.92%	18.79%	21.01%	15.00%	20.56%	21.62%	17.18%	16.74%	21.45%	23.69%
57	16.97%	18.43%	18.93%	20.91%	20.99%	17.54%	12.89%	20.00%	13.92%	17.92%	18.79%	21.01%	15.00%	20.56%	21.62%	17.18%	16.74%	21.45%	23.69%
58	16.97%	18.43%	18.93%	20.91%	20.99%	17.54%	12.89%	20.00%	13.92%	17.92%	18.79%	21.01%	15.00%	20.56%	21.62%	17.18%	16.74%	21.70%	23.94%
59+	16.97%	18.43%	18.93%	20.91%	20.99%	17.54%	12.89%	20.00%	13.92%	17.92%	18.79%	21.01%	15.00%	20.56%	21.62%	17.18%	16.74%	21.95%	24.19%



APPENDIX C – SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

Contribution Allocation Procedure

The contribution allocation procedure primarily consists of an actuarial cost method, an asset valuation method, and an amortization method as described below. There were no changes to the contribution allocation procedures from the prior valuation.

1. Actuarial Cost Method

The actuarial valuation is prepared using the Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method. Under the principles of this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the valuation is allocated as a level percentage of the individual's projected compensation between entry age and assumed exit (until maximum retirement age). For members who transferred between plans, entry age is based on original entry into the Plan. The normal cost for the Plan is based on the sum of the individual normal costs for each member (Individual Entry Age Method).

2. Asset Valuation Method

The Actuarial Value of Assets is based on the fair value of assets with a five-year phase-in of the actual investment returns in excess of (or less than) expected investment income, net of investment expenses. Expected investment income is determined using assumed investment return rate and the actuarial value of assets (adjusted for receipts and disbursements during the year).

3. Amortization Method

The UAL (or Surplus Funding) is amortized as a percentage of the projected SLOCPT salaries. Effective with the January 1, 2018 valuation, the UAL as of January 1, 2018 is amortized over a closed period (17 years remaining as of January 1, 2023). Effective with the January 1, 2019 valuation, any new source of UAL due to actuarial gains and losses, assumption changes, or method changes is amortized over a closed 20-year period as a percentage of payroll.

4. Contributions

The employers contribute to the retirement fund a percentage of the total compensation provided for all members based on an actuarial experience study, actuarial valuation, recommendation of the actuary, and bargaining agreements for the allocation between employer and employee contributions.



APPENDIX C – SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

Actuarial Assumptions

The return and administrative expense assumptions were adopted by the Board at their May 24, 2021 meeting, based on information presented by Cheiron and the Plan's investment consultant (Verus) updated capital market assumptions. The other assumptions used in this report reflect the results of an Experience Study performed by Cheiron, covering the period from January 1, 2017 through December 31, 2021, and adopted by the Board at their May 23, 2022 meeting for the January 1, 2022 actuarial valuation. More details on the rationale for these assumptions can be found in the Actuarial Experience Study dated June 2, 2022.

1. Rate of Return

Assets are assumed to earn 6.75% net of investment expenses.

2. Administrative Expenses

Administrative expenses are assumed to be \$2,440,000 for the next year. Administrative expenses are assumed to increase by the assumed wage inflation of 3.00% each year.

3. Cost-of-Living Increases

The cost-of-living as measured by the Consumer Price Index (CPI) is assumed to increase at the rate of 2.50% per year. The price inflation assumption is used for increasing the compensation limit that applies to Tier 3 (PEPRA) members.

4. COLA Growth

The COLA growth assumption for Tier 1 members is assumed inflation plus an additional 0.25% "California" adjustment. For Tier 2 and Tier 3 members the COLA growth assumption is 2.0%.

5. Internal Revenue Code Section 415 Limit

The Internal Revenue Code Section 415 maximum benefit limitations are not reflected in the valuation for funding purposes. Any limitation is reflected in a member's benefit after retirement.

6. Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a)(17)

The Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a)(17) maximum compensation limitation is reflected in the valuation for funding purposes. Any limitation is also reflected in a member's benefit after retirement.



APPENDIX C – SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

7. Interest on Member Contributions

The annual credited interest rate on member contributions is assumed to be 5.75%. The actual crediting rate was changed to 5.75% at the November 2021 Board meeting, with Additional Contributions credited at 0.98%.

8. Family Composition

Percentage married for all active members who retire, become disabled, or die during active service is shown in the table below. Male members are assumed to be four years older than their spouses and female members are assumed to be two years younger than their spouses.

Percentage Married						
Gender	Percentage					
Males	70%					
Females	55%					

9. Payroll Growth

Price inflation component: 2.50%

Productivity increase component: 0.50%

Total Payroll Growth: 3.00%



APPENDIX C – SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

10. Increases in Pay

Price inflation component: 2.50%

Productivity increase component: 0.50%

Additional Merit component based on service:

Miscellane Incre			Safety Mer	it Increases
Service	Rate		Service	Rate
0	5.25%		0	5.25%
1	5.00%		1	4.50%
2	4.00%		2	4.00%
3	3.00%		3	3.00%
4	2.00%		4	2.00%
5	1.00%		5	1.00%
6	0.50%		6	0.75%
7	0.50%		7	0.75%
8	0.50%		8	0.75%
9	0.50%		9	0.75%
10	0.20%		10	0.40%
11	0.20%		11	0.40%
12	0.20%		12	0.40%
13	0.20%		13	0.40%
14	0.20%		14	0.40%
15	0.20%		15	0.40%
16	0.20%		16	0.40%
17	0.20%		17	0.40%
18	0.20%		18	0.40%
19	0.20%		19	0.40%
20	0.20%		20	0.25%
21+	0.00%		21	0.25%
		•	22	0.25%
			23	0.25%
			24	0.25%

Increases are compound rather than additive.



APPENDIX C – SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

11. Rates of Termination

Sample rates of termination are shown in the following table below.

	Rates of Vested Te	rmination
Service	Miscellaneous	Safety/Probation
0	0.00%	0.00%
1	0.00%	0.00%
2	0.00%	0.00%
3	0.00%	0.00%
4	0.00%	0.00%
5	5.50%	2.75%
6	5.00%	2.50%
7	4.50%	2.25%
8	4.25%	2.25%
9	4.00%	2.25%
10	3.75%	2.00%
11	3.50%	2.00%
12	3.25%	1.50%
13	3.00%	1.50%
14	3.00%	1.50%
15	3.00%	1.50%
16	2.75%	1.50%
17	2.75%	1.25%
18	2.50%	1.25%
19	2.50%	1.25%
20	2.00%	1.25%
21	1.50%	1.25%
22	1.50%	1.25%
23	1.50%	1.25%
24	1.50%	1.25%
25	1.50%	1.00%
26	1.50%	1.00%
27	1.50%	1.00%
28	1.50%	1.00%
29	1.50%	1.00%
30	1.50%	0.00%
31	1.50%	0.00%
32	1.50%	0.00%
33	1.50%	0.00%
34	1.50%	0.00%
35+	0.00%	0.00%

^{*}Termination rates do not apply once member is eligible for retirement



APPENDIX C – SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

12. Rates of Withdrawal

Rates of withdrawal apply to active Members who terminate their employment and withdraw their member contributions, forfeiting entitlement to future Plan benefits.

Rat	tes of Withdr	awal
Service	General	Safety
0	20.00%	10.00%
1	15.00%	8.00%
2	12.00%	6.00%
3	10.00%	5.00%
4	6.00%	4.00%
5	2.00%	3.00%
6	1.75%	2.00%
7	1.75%	1.00%
8	1.50%	1.00%
9	1.00%	1.00%
10	1.00%	1.00%
11	1.00%	1.00%
12	0.50%	1.00%
13	0.50%	1.00%
14	0.50%	1.00%
15	0.50%	1.00%
16	0.50%	0.00%
17	0.50%	0.00%
18	0.50%	0.00%
19	0.50%	0.00%
20	0.50%	0.00%
21	0.50%	0.00%
22	0.50%	0.00%
23	0.50%	0.00%
24	0.50%	0.00%
25	0.00%	0.00%
26	0.00%	0.00%
27	0.00%	0.00%
28	0.00%	0.00%
29	0.00%	0.00%
30+	0.00%	0.00%

13. Reciprocal Transfers

30% of vested terminated Members that leave their member contributions on deposit with the Plan are assumed to be reciprocal.

Reciprocal members are assumed to remain with the reciprocal agency until retirement, and receive annual salary increases of 3.00%.



APPENDIX C – SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

14. Rates of Disability

Representative disability rates of active participants are shown below.

	Rates of Disa	bility
Age	Miscellaneous	Safety and Probation
25 or less	0.010%	0.030%
26	0.010%	0.050%
27	0.010%	0.070%
28	0.010%	0.090%
29	0.010%	0.110%
30	0.010%	0.130%
31	0.015%	0.150%
32	0.020%	0.170%
33	0.025%	0.190%
34	0.030%	0.210%
35	0.035%	0.230%
36	0.040%	0.250%
37	0.045%	0.270%
38	0.050%	0.290%
39	0.055%	0.310%
40	0.060%	0.330%
41	0.065%	0.350%
42	0.070%	0.370%
43	0.075%	0.390%
44	0.080%	0.410%
45	0.085%	0.430%
46	0.090%	0.450%
47	0.095%	0.470%
48	0.100%	0.490%
49	0.105%	0.510%
50	0.110%	0.530%
51	0.115%	0.550%
52	0.120%	0.570%
53	0.125%	0.590%
54	0.130%	0.610%
55	0.135%	0.630%
56	0.140%	0.650%
57	0.145%	0.670%
58	0.150%	0.690%
59	0.155%	0.710%
60	0.160%	0.730%
61	0.165%	0.750%
62	0.170%	0.770%
63	0.175%	0.790%
64	0.180%	0.810%
65 or more	0.000%	0.000%

All disabilities for Safety members are assumed to be service-related and no disabilities for Miscellaneous and Probation members are assumed to be service-related.



APPENDIX C – SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

15. Rates of Mortality for Healthy Lives

Mortality rates for Miscellaneous active members are based on the sex distinct Public General 2010 Amount-Weighted Above-Median Income Employee Mortality Table, with generational mortality improvements projected from 2010 using Projection Scale MP-2021, without adjustment.

Mortality rates for Safety and Probation active members are based on the sex distinct Public Safety 2010 Amount-Weighted Above-Median Income Employee Mortality Table, with generational mortality improvements projected from 2010 using Projection Scale MP-2021, without adjustment.

Mortality rates for healthy Miscellaneous annuitants and all beneficiaries are based on the sex distinct Public General 2010 Amount-Weighted Above-Median Income Retiree Mortality Table, with generational mortality improvements projected from 2010 using Projection Scale MP-2021.

Mortality rates for healthy Safety and Probation annuitants are based the sex distinct Public Safety 2010 Amount-Weighted Above-Median Income Retiree Mortality Table, with generational improvements projected from 2010 using Projection Scale MP-2021.

16. Rates of Mortality for Disabled Lives

Mortality rates for Miscellaneous disabled members are based on the sex distinct Public General 2010 Amount-Weighted Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, with generational mortality improvements projected from 2010 using Projection Scale MP-2021, without adjustment.

Mortality rates for Safety and Probation disabled members are based on the sex distinct Public Safety 2010 Amount-Weighted Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, with generational mortality improvements projected from 2010 using Projection Scale MP-2021, without adjustment.



APPENDIX C – SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

17. Rates of Retirement

Rates of retirement are based on age, group, and tier according to the following tables.

		Rates of Ret	irement for Y	OS Less Than 25		
		Tiers 2 and 3				
Age	Miscellaneous	Probation	Safety	Miscellaneous	Probation	Safety
50	2.00%	5.00%	15.00%	1.00%	2.50%	6.75%
51	2.00%	5.00%	15.00%	1.00%	2.50%	6.75%
52	3.00%	5.00%	15.00%	2.00%	2.50%	7.50%
53	3.00%	5.00%	15.00%	2.00%	2.50%	7.50%
54	5.00%	15.00%	25.00%	3.00%	5.00%	7.50%
55	5.00%	25.00%	40.00%	3.00%	5.00%	7.50%
56	5.00%	25.00%	30.00%	3.00%	5.00%	7.50%
57	5.00%	20.00%	20.00%	3.00%	10.00%	7.50%
58	5.00%	7.50%	12.00%	3.00%	7.50%	8.25%
59	5.00%	7.50%	18.00%	3.00%	7.50%	11.25%
60	10.00%	10.00%	25.00%	8.00%	7.50%	15.00%
61	15.00%	10.00%	30.00%	8.00%	7.50%	18.75%
62	20.00%	15.00%	40.00%	15.00%	15.00%	22.50%
63	20.00%	15.00%	50.00%	15.00%	15.00%	30.00%
64	30.00%	15.00%	75.00%	20.00%	15.00%	45.00%
65	35.00%	100.00%	100.00%	20.00%	100.00%	100.00%
66	35.00%			20.00%		
67	35.00%			20.00%		
68	35.00%			20.00%		
69	35.00%			20.00%		
70+	100.00%			100.00%		

		Rates of Re	tirement for Y	YOS 25 or More		
		Tier 1			Tiers 2 and 3	
Age	Miscellaneous	Probation	Safety	Miscellaneous	Probation	Safety
50	3.50%	7.50%	25.00%	1.75%	5.00%	12.00%
51	3.50%	7.50%	25.00%	1.75%	5.00%	12.00%
52	3.50%	7.50%	20.00%	2.50%	5.00%	12.00%
53	3.50%	7.50%	20.00%	2.50%	5.00%	12.00%
54	7.00%	15.00%	30.00%	5.50%	10.00%	12.00%
55	7.00%	35.00%	40.00%	5.50%	10.00%	12.00%
56	7.00%	25.00%	40.00%	6.00%	10.00%	12.00%
57	15.00%	25.00%	30.00%	10.00%	15.00%	12.00%
58	15.00%	12.00%	20.00%	10.00%	10.00%	10.00%
59	15.00%	12.00%	20.00%	10.00%	10.00%	12.50%
60	20.00%	15.00%	30.00%	15.00%	10.00%	18.00%
61	25.00%	15.00%	35.00%	15.00%	10.00%	20.00%
62	25.00%	20.00%	50.00%	20.00%	20.00%	30.00%
63	25.00%	20.00%	50.00%	20.00%	20.00%	30.00%
64	40.00%	20.00%	75.00%	25.00%	20.00%	45.00%
65	40.00%	100.00%	100.00%	25.00%	100.00%	100.00%
66	40.00%			25.00%		
67	40.00%			25.00%		
68	40.00%			25.00%		
69	40.00%			25.00%		
70+	100.00%			100.00%		



APPENDIX C – SUMMARY OF ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS AND METHODS

Tier 1 Reserve Members are assumed to retire at the later of age 55 or attained age. All other Reciprocal and Reserve members are assumed to retire at the later of age 60 or attained age.

18. DROP Assumptions

Members who enter DROP are valued as retired members. There is no assumed DROP account balance or assumed interest crediting rate since their benefits are held by a third party and are not part of the Pension Trust's assets.

19. Changes Since Last Valuation

None.



APPENDIX D – SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

All actuarial calculations are based on our understanding of the statutes governing the SLOCPT as pursuant to Government Code Section 53219 and San Luis Obispo County Code Chapter 2.56 with provisions adopted by the County Board of Supervisors, or the SLOCPT Board of Trustees, effective through December 31, 2022. The benefit and contribution provisions of this law are summarized briefly below. This summary does not attempt to cover all the detailed provisions of the law.

There have been no changes to the Plan provisions since the prior valuation.

A. Membership in Retirement Plans

All regular permanent employees of the County or district covered by the County or agencies that have contracted with the County to participate in the SLOCPT.

B. Tiers

Tier 1: Includes new members hired before January 1, 2011.

Tier 2: Includes new members hired on or after January 1, 2011 and before January 1, 2013. Tier 2 only applies to members hired after the date each particular bargaining unit adopted Tier 2. Members hired in a bargaining unit that did not adopt Tier 2 are considered Tier 1 members.

Tier 3: Includes all new members hired on or after January 1, 2013.

C. Member Contributions

Each Member of the Pension Trust will contribute, by means of payroll deduction, an amount of money equal to the Member's normal rate of contribution times the Member's compensation proportionate to the ratio of actual paid hours, less overtime, to normal hours. Please refer to Appendix B for current Member Contribution rates. Member Contributions will be credited with interest as of the last day of each pay period at an annual rate to be determined by the Board of Trustees.

D. Final Compensation

Tier 1: Highest one-year average for employees in Tier 1 and "Pick Up" included as compensation for various management employees within Bargaining Units 4, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 17, and 99.

Pick up percentages for each applicable bargaining unit shown below:

Bargaining Unit	Pick Up Percentage
4, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 99	9.29%
10	13.55%
17	13.59%

Tiers 2 and 3: Highest three-year average compensation.



APPENDIX D – SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

E. Service Retirement

Eligibility: Age 50 with five years of service. For Miscellaneous members in Tier 3, Age

52 with five years of service.

Benefit: Retirement Age Factor times Final Compensation times Years of Credited

Service, limited to the Maximum Benefit if applicable.

Retirement Age Factors:

				Re	tirement Age	Factors				
		Miscellaneous	S	Prob	ation	Safety				
Age	Tier 1	Tier 2	Tier 3	Tier 1	Tier 3	Tier 1 ¹	Tier 1 ²	Tier 2 ³	Tier 2 ⁴	Tier 3
50	1.426%	1.092%	0.000%	2.300%	2.000%	2.300%	3.000%	2.000%	2.300%	2.000%
51	1.541%	1.156%	0.000%	2.440%	2.100%	2.440%	3.000%	2.140%	2.440%	2.100%
52	1.656%	1.224%	1.000%	2.580%	2.200%	2.580%	3.000%	2.280%	2.580%	2.200%
53	1.770%	1.296%	1.100%	2.720%	2.300%	2.720%	3.000%	2.420%	2.720%	2.300%
54	1.885%	1.376%	1.200%	2.860%	2.400%	2.860%	3.000%	2.560%	2.860%	2.400%
55	2.000%	1.460%	1.300%	3.000%	2.500%	3.000%	3.000%	2.700%	3.000%	2.500%
56	2.117%	1.552%	1.400%	3.000%	2.600%	3.000%	3.000%	2.700%	3.000%	2.600%
57	2.233%	1.650%	1.500%	3.000%	2.700%	3.000%	3.000%	2.700%	3.000%	2.700%
58	2.350%	1.758%	1.600%	3.000%	2.700%	3.000%	3.000%	2.700%	3.000%	2.700%
59	2.466%	1.874%	1.700%	3.000%	2.700%	3.000%	3.000%	2.700%	3.000%	2.700%
60	2.583%	2.000%	1.800%	3.000%	2.700%	3.000%	3.000%	2.700%	3.000%	2.700%
61	2.699%	2.134%	1.900%	3.000%	2.700%	3.000%	3.000%	2.700%	3.000%	2.700%
62	2.816%	2.272%	2.000%	3.000%	2.700%	3.000%	3.000%	2.700%	3.000%	2.700%
63	2.932%	2.418%	2.100%	3.000%	2.700%	3.000%	3.000%	2.700%	3.000%	2.700%
64	3.049%	2.458%	2.200%	3.000%	2.700%	3.000%	3.000%	2.700%	3.000%	2.700%
65	3.165%	2.500%	2.300%	3.000%	2.700%	3.000%	3.000%	2.700%	3.000%	2.700%
66	3.165%	2.500%	2.400%	3.000%	2.700%	3.000%	3.000%	2.700%	3.000%	2.700%
67+	3.165%	2.500%	2.500%	3.000%	2.700%	3.000%	3.000%	2.700%	3.000%	2.700%

¹ Safety Bargaining Units 6 & 7 and Non-Sworn Bargaining Units 3, 14, 15 2 Safety Bargaining Units 10 & 16 and Sworn Bargaining Units 15, 27, 28 3 Non-Sworn Safety members

Maximum Benefit:

Tier 1: SLOCEA and Miscellaneous Other: 80% of Final Compensation

Safety and Probation: 90% of Final Compensation

Miscellaneous Management: 100% of Final Compensation

Tier 2: 90% of Final Compensation

Tier 3: No maximum benefit applies, but pensionable compensation is capped at

\$146,042 for 2023 and adjusted annually based on CPI.



 $^{^2}$ Safety Bargaining Units 10 & 16 and Sworn Bargaining Units 15, 27, 28 $\,$

³ Non-Sworn Safety members

⁴ Safety Bargaining Units 6 & 7 and Sworn Safety members

APPENDIX D – SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

F. Normal Form of Benefit:

Life Annuity payable to retired member with 50% continuance to an eligible survivor (or eligible children).

G. Optional Retirement Allowance:

A member may elect to have the actuarial equivalent of the service or disability retirement allowance applied to a lesser retirement allowance during the retired member's life in order to provide an optional survivor allowance.

Option 1: Member's allowance is reduced to pay a cash refund of any unpaid annuity payments (up to the amount of the member's contributions at retirement) to the member's estate or to a beneficiary having an insurable interest in the life of the member.

Option 2: 100% of member's reduced allowance is payable to a surviving spouse or beneficiary having an insurable interest in the life of the member.

Option 3: 50% of member's reduced allowance is payable to a beneficiary having an insurable interest in the life of the member.

Option 4: Other % of member's reduced allowance is payable to a beneficiary(ies) having an insurable interest in the life of the member.

H. Ordinary Disability

Eligibility: Under age 65 and five years of service.

Benefit: Greater of (1) 1.5% of Final Compensation times Credited Service, (2) 1/3 of Final Compensation if Credited Service is between 10 and 22.222 years, or (3) the earned Service Retirement Allowance (if eligible).

I. Line-of-Duty Disability

Eligibility: Disablement in the Line-of-Duty Safety and Probation Members only. No age or service requirement.

Benefit: Greater of (1) 50% of Final Compensation, or (2) Service Retirement Allowance (if eligible).

J. Death Before Eligible for Retirement (Basic Death Benefit)

Eligibility: No age or service requirement and must have been an Active Member.



APPENDIX D – SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

Benefit: Refund of employee contributions with interest plus lump sum of one and

one-half month's compensation for each year of service to a maximum of

eighteen months' Compensation.

K. Death After Eligible for Retirement

Eligibility: Service Retirement Eligible.

Benefit: 50% of earned benefit payable to surviving eligible spouse or children until

age 18, or Basic Death Benefit if greater. Spouse can elect an

actuarially-reduced 100% Joint and Survivor benefit.

L. Line-of-Duty Death

Eligibility: Death in the Line-of-Duty for Safety and Probation Members only. No age or

service requirement.

Benefit: 50% of earned benefit payable to surviving eligible spouse or children until

age 18, or Basic Death Benefit if greater. Spouse can elect an

actuarially-reduced 100% Joint and Survivor benefit.

M. Post-Retirement Death Benefit

\$1,000 payable in lump sum to the beneficiary or the estate of the retiree.

N. Cost-of-Living Increases

Cost-of-living increases (or decreases) are applied to all retirement allowances (service and disability), optional death allowances, and annual death allowances effective April 1, based on changes in the average annual Consumer Price Index (CPI), to a maximum of 3% per year for Tier 1 members, and 2% per year for Tier 2 and 3 members.

O. Withdrawal Benefits

All members leaving covered employment with less than five years of service are required to take a refund of their employee contributions with interest. Members with five or more years of service may either withdraw their contributions with interest or leave their contributions on deposit. If contributions are not withdrawn, they are entitled to benefits commencing at any time after service retirement eligibility.

P. Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP)

Eligibility: Tier 1 members (excluding Court employees) that are service retirement

eligible may participate in the SLOCPT's DROP.



APPENDIX D – SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

Benefit:

An amount equal to the annual benefit that would have been paid had the member retired, is deposited into a DROP account. The annual addition to the DROP account is increased each year by the Cost-of-Living Adjustment approved by the Board of Trustees not to exceed 3% per year. Deposits into the DROP account and participation in DROP cease at the earlier of five years of DROP participation or separation from service. Upon actual retirement, the member may receive the DROP account balance in the form of a lump sum or as an annuity payment.

When a member elects to enter DROP, their monthly payment is directed to and accumulated in an investment account held for that individual by a third party. The member is restricted from accessing these funds until they officially elect to retire from employment. The member must participate for a minimum of six months and is required to retire by the end of five years.



APPENDIX D – SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

		Tier 1		
Collective	Valuation		FAC	Benefit
Bargaining Unit	Group	Member Contribution Provides Benefit	Period	Maximum
14	Miscellaneous Other	2% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 55	1 year	80%
21	Miscellaneous Other	2% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 55	1 year	80%
22	Miscellaneous Other	2% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 55	1 year	80%
4	Miscellaneous Management Non-Court	2% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 55	1 year	100%
7	Miscellaneous Management Non-Court	2% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 55	1 year	100%
8	Miscellaneous Management Non-Court	2% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 55	1 year	100%
9	Miscellaneous Management Non-Court	2% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 55	1 year	100%
10	Miscellaneous Management Non-Court	2% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 55	1 year	100%
11	Miscellaneous Management Non-Court	2% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 55	1 year	100%
12	Miscellaneous Management Non-Court	2% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 55	1 year	100%
17	Miscellaneous Management Non-Court	2% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 55	1 year	100%
99	Miscellaneous Management Non-Court	2% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 55	1 year	100%
17C	Miscellaneous Other Court	2% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 55	1 year	80%
18	Miscellaneous Other Court	2% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 55	1 year	80%
20	Miscellaneous Other Court	2% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 55	1 year	80%
24	Miscellaneous Management Court	2% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 55	1 year	100%
25	Miscellaneous Management Court	2% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 55	1 year	100%
26	Miscellaneous Management Court	2% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 55	1 year	100%
27	Miscellaneous Management Court	2% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 55	1 year	100%
28	Miscellaneous Management Court	2% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 55	1 year	100%
1	SLOCEA Non Court	2% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 55	1 year	80%
2	SLOCEA Non Court	2% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 55	1 year	80%
5	SLOCEA Non Court	2% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 55	1 year	80%
13	SLOCEA Non Court	2% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 55	1 year	80%
98	SLOCEA Non Court	2% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 55	1 year	80%
19	SLOCEA Court	2% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 55	1 year	80%
8	Probation Management	3% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 55	1 year	90%
9	Probation Management	3% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 55	1 year	90%
31	Probation Non Management	3% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 55	1 year	90%
32	Probation Non Management	3% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 55	1 year	90%
3	Non Sworn Safety Non Management	3% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 55	1 year	90%
27	Sworn Safety Non Management	3% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 50	1 year	90%
6	Non Sworn Safety Non Management	3% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 55	1 year	90%
7	Non Sworn Safety Management	3% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 55	1 year	90%
10	Sworn Safety Management	3% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 50	1 year	90%
14	Non Sworn Safety Non Management	3% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 55	1 year	90%
28	Sworn Safety Non Management	3% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 50	1 year	90%
15	Non Sworn Safety Management	3% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 55	1 year	90%
15	Sworn Safety Management	3% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 55	1 year	90%
16	Sworn Safety Management	3% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 50	1 year	90%



APPENDIX D – SUMMARY OF PLAN PROVISIONS

	Summary of Benefits by Collective Bargaining Unit									
		Tiers 2 and 3								
Collective	Valuation		FAC	Benefit						
Bargaining Unit	Group	Member Contribution Provides Benefit	Period	Maximum						
Tier 2	Miscellaneous Non-Court	2% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 60	3 year	90%						
Tier 2	Non Sworn Safety	2.7% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 55	3 year	90%						
Tier 2	Sworn Safety	3% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 55	3 year	90%						
Tier 2	DAIA	3% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 55	3 year	90%						
Tier 3	Miscellaneous	2% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 62	3 year	N/A						
Tier 3	Safety	2.7% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 57	3 year	N/A						
Tier 3	Probation	2.7% of Final Average Compensation (FAC) at age 57	3 year	N/A						



APPENDIX E – GLOSSARY

1. Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions as to the occurrence of future events affecting pension costs such as mortality, withdrawal, disability, retirement, changes in compensation, and rates of investment return.

2. Actuarial Cost Method

A procedure for determining the actuarial present value of pension plan benefits and expenses and for developing an allocation of such value to each year of service, usually in the form of a normal cost and an Actuarial Liability.

3. Actuarial Gain (Loss)

The difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of actuarial assumptions during the period between two actuarial valuation dates, as determined in accordance with a particular actuarial cost method.

4. Actuarial Liability

The portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that will not be paid by future normal costs. It represents the value of the past normal costs with interest to the valuation date.

5. Actuarial Present Value (Present Value)

The value as of a given date of a future amount or series of payments. The actuarial present value discounts the payments to the given date at the assumed investment return and includes the probability of the payment being made.

6. Actuarial Valuation

The determination, as of a specified date, of the normal cost, Actuarial Liability, Actuarial Value of Assets, and related actuarial present values for a pension plan.

7. Actuarial Value of Assets

The value of cash, investments, and other property belonging to a pension plan as used by the actuary for the purpose of an actuarial valuation. The purpose of an Actuarial Value of Assets is to smooth out fluctuations in market values.

8. Actuarially Equivalent

Of equal actuarial present value, determined as of a given date, with each value based on the same set of actuarial assumptions.



APPENDIX E – GLOSSARY

9. Amortization Payment

The portion of the pension plan contribution, which is designed to pay interest and principal on the Unfunded Actuarial Liability in order to pay for that liability in a given number of years.

10. Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method

A method under which the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in an actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit ages.

11. Funded Ratio

The ratio of the Markel Value of Assets to the Actuarial Liability.

12. Normal Cost

That portion of the actuarial present value of pension plan benefits and expenses that is allocated to a valuation year by the actuarial cost method.

13. Projected Benefits

Those pension plan benefit amounts which are expected to be paid in the future under a particular set of actuarial assumptions, taking into account such items as increases in future compensation and service credits.

14. Unfunded Actuarial Liability

The excess of the Actuarial Liability over the Market Value of Assets.





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Via Electronic Mail

June 15, 2023

Board of Trustees San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust 1000 Mill Street San Luis Obispo, California 93408

Re: Contribution Rate Increases for Alternative Implementation Dates - July 1, 2023, January 1, 2024 or July 1, 2024

Dear Members of the Board,

The purpose of this letter is to provide the contribution rate increases based on the results of the January 1, 2023 actuarial valuation for three alternative implementation dates.

The total actuarially determined contribution (ADC) rate as of the January 1, 2023 actuarial valuation increased to 52.81% from 52.48% as of the January 1, 2022 actuarial valuation. The Charged Rate (actual contributions collected by SLOCPT as a rate of actual pensionable salary) for the six months ending December 31, 2022 was 49.74% plus a 2.59% contribution rate increase effective as of July 1, 2023, results in a Total Charged Rate of 52.33%. The recommended contribution rate increase of 0.48% is the difference between the ADC as of January 1, 2023, and the Total Charged Rate. These rates are composed of a blended employer appropriation rate and a weighted average of the employee rates.

The table on the next page shows recommended contribution rate increases for each alternative implementation date based on the results of the January 1, 2023 actuarial valuation for SLOCPT in aggregate and for each class of members: Miscellaneous, Probation, and Safety. To calculate the contribution rate increases for the different implementation dates, the Unfunded Actuarial Liability (attributable only to the December 31, 2022 actuarial losses from the January 1, 2023 valuation) was adjusted with interest at the 6.75% assumed rate of return from the valuation date to the respective implementation dates and then re-amortized based on the remaining period at the respective implementation dates. In addition, the payroll used to calculate the increase in the UAL payment rate was also adjusted based on the implementation date at the assumed payroll growth rate of 3.00%.

Contribution Rate Increases for Alternative Implementation Dates												
	Total Charged Rates			2023 Valuation		Implementation Dates						
					July 1, 2023		<u>January 1, 2024</u>		<u>July 1, 2024</u>			
		Rate	Total	Total	Rate	Adjusted	Rate	Adjusted	Rate	Adjusted	Rate	
	12/31/2022	Increases ¹	Rate	ADC	Change	ADC	Change	ADC	Change	ADC	Change	
Total SLOCPT	49.74%	2.59%	52.33%	52.81%	0.48%	52.89%	0.56%	52.97%	0.64%	53.06%	0.73%	
Miscellaneous	46.88%	2.38%	49.26%	49.46%	0.20%	49.53%	0.27%	49.61%	0.35%	49.69%	0.43%	
Probation	53.56%	5.08%	58.64%	58.55%	-0.09%	58.63%	-0.01%	58.71%	0.07%	58.80%	0.16%	
Safety	66.51%	2.92%	69.43%	72.34%	2.91%	72.45%	3.02%	72.57%	3.14%	72.70%	3.27%	

¹ Rate increases from the January 1, 2022 actuarial valuation with delayed implementation to July 1, 2023.

The purpose of this letter is to detail the calculations for the delayed implementation of the recommended contribution rate increases from the January 1, 2023 actuarial valuation. This letter is for the use of the SLOCPT Board of Trustees, the plan sponsors, and SLOCPT staff. Any other user of this letter is not an intended user and is considered a third party.

This letter and its contents have been prepared in accordance with generally recognized and accepted actuarial principles and practices and my understanding of the Code of Professional Conduct and applicable Actuarial Standards of Practice set out by the Actuarial Standards Board as well as applicable laws and regulations. Furthermore, as a credentialed actuary, I meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the opinion contained in this letter. This letter does not address any contractual or legal issues. I am not an attorney, and my firm does not provide any legal services or advice.

Finally, this letter was prepared for SLOCPT for the purpose described herein. This letter is not intended to benefit any other party, and Cheiron assumes no duty or liability to any such party.

Sincerely, Cheiron

Anne D. Harper, FSA, EA, MAAA Principal Consulting Actuary

cc: Carl Nelson

Amy Burke Alice Alsberghe

Tim Hall



SLO County Pension Trust
Pension Contribution
Rate Increases

Rate Increases							2023	2023 Valuation		
	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	As of	at 7/1/24		
	Valuation	Valuation	Valuation	Valuation	Valuation	Valuation	1/1/2023	Implementation		
Total Rate Increases	_									
Miscellaneous	1.65%	1.99%	2.47%	3.41%	1.94%	2.11%	0.20%	0.43%		
Probation	2.25%	3.70%	2.26%	4.56%	3.11%	4.78%	-0.90%	0.16%		
Safety	3.54%	5.63%	1.25%	4.40%	3.29%	2.52%	2.91%	3.27%		
COMBINED	1.93%	2.51%	2.30%	3.60%	2.16%	2.31%	0.48%	0.73%		
Total ADC	40.32%	42.19%	44.52%	47.92%	50.34%	52.48%	52.81%			
Significant Changes:										
Discount Rate Discount Rate net of -	7.125%	7.000%	7.000%	6.875%	6.750%	6.750%	6.750%			
Investment Expense	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y			
Admin. Expense	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N			
Inflation	2.650%	2.500%	2.500%	2.250%	2.250%	2.500%	2.500%			
Payroll Growth Rate	3.375%	3.000%	2.750%	2.750%	2.750%	3.000%	3.000%			
Mortality		Updated (2nd part of 2 step phased)		Updated		Update to Safety tables				
As of Valuation date of Jan. 1 of the Valuation year Actual increase modified for delayed implementation (e.g. Jan. 1st or July 1st of following year) Total person contribution rate increase result of:										

Total penson contribution rate increase result of:

Increases in the Actuarially Determined Contribution Rate (ADC)

Increases to adjust for difference between planned ADC to be collected and the actual charged rate during the prior year.

Increases allocated between Employer and Employee and across Tiers pursuant to MOU provisions for each BU.

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