San Luis Obispo County Department of Agriculture

Annual.



Report

1998

Moo...over for Agriculture

#### San Luis Obispo County Department of Agriculture Weights and Measures

2156 Sierra Way, Sulte A, San Luis Obispo, CA 93401 805 781-5910

> 530 Traffic Way, Arroyo Grande, CA 93420 805 473-7090

1734 Paso Robles Street, Paso Robles, CA 93446 805 237-3090

#### Staff & Associates

Agricultural Commissioner/Sealer of Weights and Measures Richard D. Greek

> Assistant Agricultural Commissioner Robert F. Lilley

Chief Deputy Sealer of Weights and Measures Stephen F. Morrison

Deputy Agricultural Commissioners

Janice Campbell Robert Hopkins

Brenda W. Ouwerkerk

Department Automation Specialist

Marsha Palmer

Public Information Officer Kathleen Wolff

Supervising Administrative Clerk Judy A. Noble

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Susan Wells Troy Wolverton

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Dennis Knowles
Marc Lea
Richard Little
Edwin Moscoso
Heidi Quiggle

John Schmitz Robert Stockel John Warrick Jenny Weaver Jennifer Welch

Weights & Measures Inspectors

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Jan E. Hendrix

Robert Lopez

Agricultura/Measurement Standards Technicians

Marlene Bartsch Terry Boche Christine Linne Roxy McIntosh

Gail Perez MaryBeth St. Amand

Current Temporary Employees

Manuel Mendoza-Calderon

Joy Albright-Souza P. Kim Cairns Lydia Doppe Laura Gardner Launnie Ginn Mary Hertel Jim Park

Tod Radelfinger Craig Rossier Deborah Schmitz

Contract

Cerae MacCaulay

Calendar Year Contributions

Alicia Doran

Rick Landon



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#### Cover photo:

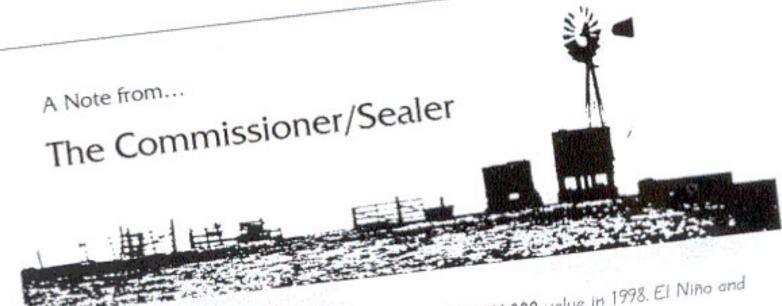
Contentment under the Oaks by Marlin Harms second place photo contest winner, Ag Appreciation Week 1998

Back cover photos from Ag Appreciation Week 1997 and 1998 participants: Edna Valley "Wine Trail" by Merle A. Moriarty-Roders Flow of the Fleeced Flock by Marlin Harms Just Jam C's Bountiful Harvest by René Marie Hitz Seen Better Days by Janis Tremper

Snowy Field of Sweet Alyssum by Ann Kunke The Irrigation Pond by Leonard Roders

Vineyards with Mustard by Tina Metzger

Graphics by Erick



Farm gate returns declined with an estimated \$358,821,000 value in 1998. El Niño and generally lower commodity prices were the major factors in the economic down turn experienced in 1998. The fluctuation in economic value of county food, fiber and horticultural products are only a partial reflection of the influences changing the face of agriculture. Farmers and ranchers continue to assess and modify the way they do business to improve the sustainability of the farm. Whether conserving natural resources or increasing and stabilizing the return on their investment, farming requires the evaluation and implementation of the latest in science, technology, marketing and

Change is also evident and reflected in the tapestry of crops that color our landscape business practices. and fill our tables with fresh wholesome food, hence this year's report theme "Moo..over for Agriculture." Other components include our dynamic Farmers Market program; the global demand for local products; growing recognition for San Luis Obispo premium wines; the contribution of our marine fisheries and the associated tourism generated from the tapestry and business of agriculture and food production. Please review pages \_ and \_to see what observations pioneer farming and ranching families make regarding the changing face of agriculture. Growth, diversity and an increasing urban oriented society create tremendous opportunities for farmers and

ranchers. The challenge is to ensure that public policy respects and supports the needs of agriculture while opening up a greater understanding and appreciation for agriculture by customers and neighbors.

Thanks to everyone who supported our efforts in producing this report.

# What has been the biggest change in SLO County agriculture over the past 20 years?



"Urbanization is the biggest factor that has changed our operation. We are now growing more on smaller fields. There are only two farmers left in the Edna Valley where 20 years ago there were maybe 20."

Chris Barway —



"The cattle industry in the county has declined in the last 20 years. In 1972 people consumed 125 pounds of beef per capita and now it is 60 pounds per capita."

Mike Phelan — Cattle

"Students coming today
(to the Ag program) are
brighter than ever
before and not afraid of
the computer and cannot
wait for computers to
work for them."

Joe Sabol — Cal Poly School of Agriculture



"The biggest change has been vegetable transplants and drip irrigation—drip irrigation didn't exist 20 years ago."

Don Talley — Vegetables and Wine Grapes



"North County cereal grains have been replaced by grapes. There is a greater economic impact from an acre of grapes than grain. My dad made a good living in the 40s and 50s with dry land grains — eventually my brother and I couldn't make a living farming grains."

Wayne Cooper — Retired PGRE Agriculture Representative

Background photo Vineyard at Sonset by Ag Appreciation Week photo contest entrant Chris Browning



"We used to be able to sell angus bulls direct from the ranch, but since exotic breeds came in, it interfered with my business. Now fewer people are coming to the country to buy the bulls. Although I have had the right color of cattle all along black angus is more popular than ever."

Jean Rotta - Cow/Calf Operation



"I think the biggest single change has been transportation of produce to market—it used to all go by rail, now we truckload lots."

John Taylor --- Vegetables



"The biggest change is that you now have to have somebody full time to deal with the regulations and reporting on pesticides and labor laws."

Tom Ikeda — Venetables



"Nobody dry farms anymore. North County used to have a lot of dry land farms. People have changed their eating habits and there are more vegetarians."

Susan Diefenderfer-Cattle and Dryland



"I've been living in SLO since 1966.
Agriculture has moved from residual dairy to
no dairy — except at Cal Poly. The industry
has transitioned from cattle and grain to wine
grapes, which are now dominant."

Tim LaSalle — Agriculture Leadership Program

"There are different consumer concerns now like food safety, increased awareness in health and the 5-a-day program. In 1976 when I started marketing I was one of very few women in the business."

Rosemary Talley — Vegetables, Wine Grapes



# "What We Do"

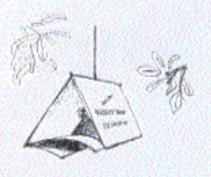
The County Department of Agriculture/Measurement Standards is leading the way to a better future through numerous programs and services designed to protect the public's health and safety and the environment, promote agriculture, and ensure the integrity of the marketplace. Following is a description of the department's activities:

#### **Environmental Protection**

The Environmental Protection division conducts a comprehensive program in pesticide use enforcement and hazardous materials control which protects workers, the public's health and safety, and the environment. This is achieved by permitting and monitoring the use of pesticides; collecting and reviewing pesticide use data; investigating pesticide incidents, enforcing laws, and responding to pesticide accidents; educating and assisting users of pesticides, and promoting the importance of Integrated Pest Management (IPM) and food safety. In addition, government agencies using pesticides are regulated and a county-wide agricultural hazardous materials inventory is conducted providing information to emergency responders and the public.

#### **Pest Prevention**

The Pest Prevention program is mandated by the California Food and Agriculture Code to prevent the introduction and spread of pests in



San Luis Obispo County. Pest exclusion, pest detection, and pest eradication programs protect agriculture, urban, rural areas, and native habitat from pests foreign to California through targeted inspection programs. County beekeepers are regulated and information is provided for public safety.

#### Integrated Pest Management

The Integrated Pest Management program aims to protect the environment, agriculture, and the public from rodents, weeds, insect pests and diseases. An integrated pest management approach is followed to reduce risk and the dependency on traditional pesticides. Community outreach



and coordination is conducted to educate
 those who control pest problems concerning integrated pest management concepts.

#### **Product Quality**

Our Product Quality programs assure the consumer that agricultural products are properly inspected for compliance with applicable rules, and that agricultural business is afforded a fair and equitable opportunity to market their products. Quality control inspections of Farmers' Markets, nurseries, organic farms, egg producers, and seed distributors are conducted.

#### **Agricultural Resources**

The county's rich agricultural resources are protected through a variety of activities in the Agricultural Resources program including: agricultural statistics, computer mapping, and the Annual County Crop Report; Land Use Planning reduces conflicts between farmers and neighbors, provides technical agricultural information to boards, councils and committees, and protects agricultural lands for the future; Emergency Preparedness planning protects the public and agriculture by monitoring harvestable crops during a Diablo Canyon Power Plant emergency and periods of natural disaster; and Resource Protection assists agricultural compliance in water quality and air pollution programs, monitors organic waste disposal programs that affect agriculture, and helps agriculture with soil health issues.

#### Weights and Measures

The Weights and Measures program provides price comparisons and accurate measure for the consumer and assures fairness for the merchant when products, such as groceries or gasoline, are sold by weight, measure, count or time. Both the buyer and seller are protected when Weights and Measures inspectors test store scales, checkout scanners, packages, taxi meters, gasoline pumps or the products for net contents and labeling.

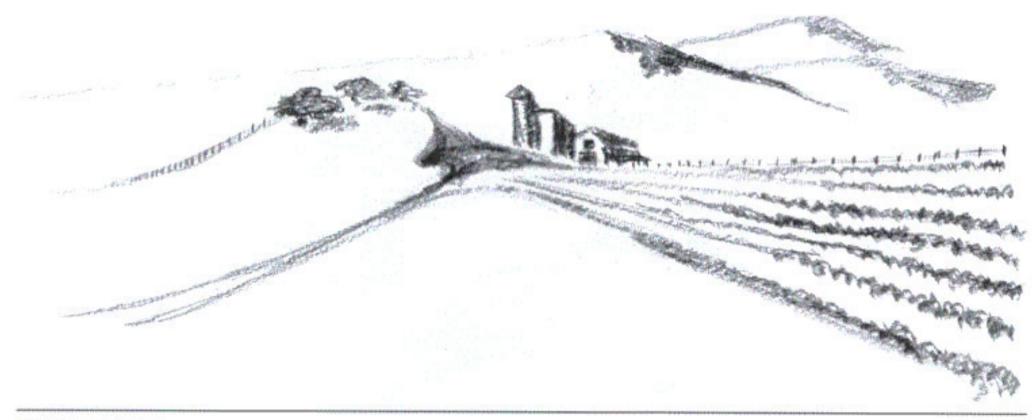
# Sustainable Agriculture and Integrated Pest Management

Building upon the historical foundation of a successful Biological Control program, the Department continued to focus on promoting and implementing integrated pest management concepts. A comprehensive review of all pest management program areas was initiated with the goal of developing a cohesive integrated pest management team approach to all pest management program activities.

Integrated pest management education focused efforts in two arenas. Meetings and training sessions were facilitated with several school districts, encouraging policies and pest management practices to reduce pesticide uses and reduce potential risks to students and school personnel. Additionally, considerable planning effort was devoted to the development of an integrated pest management program for county buildings and facilities.

The department participated with several multi-agency and grower cooperative land management projects to reduce the impact of Yellow Starthistle and Purple Starthistle. Enhancing this effort, the department was awarded two grants which will be utilized in 1999. The first grant is to develop and deliver a yellow starthistle management education program as part of a rangeland water quality short course. The second grant is for the control of an invasive weed in riparian habitats.

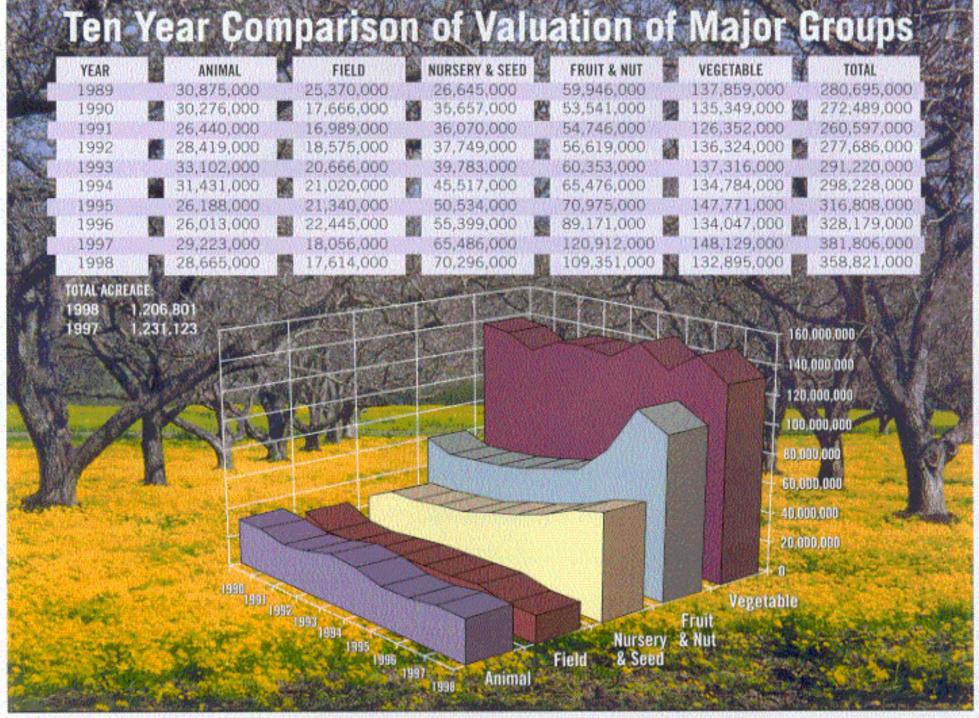
Efforts continued to promote and monitor
the progress of biological control agents, with
an emphasis on the noxious weed Yellow
Starthistle. A new insect pest of this weed was
introduced this previous year.



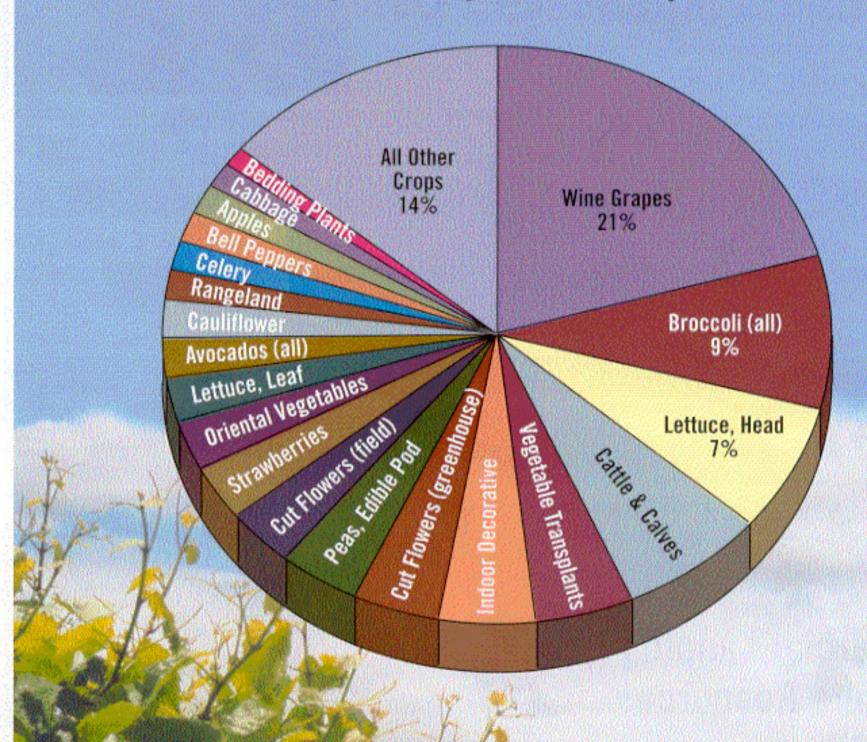
# Departmental Goals for 1999

The following goals are in addition to existing programs conducted by the department:

- Conduct a validated farm worker survey for pesticide safety and make any necessary changes in the administration of the Worker Protection Standards Program
- Provide additional safety margins for the public when restricted pesticides are used near sensitive sites such as schools and homes
- · Implement an integrated pest management program for county facilities and grounds
- Promote agriculture through a calendar of agricultural events and activities in the county
- Implement a "High Risk Pest Exclusion Program" to help prevent the introduction of pests foreign to the county
- · Implement priority policies adopted in the Agriculture and Open Space Element of the County's General Plan
- Promote training and develop test procedures to combat electronic Weights and Measures fraud in the marketplace



# **Top Twenty Value Crops**



1. Wine Grapes	\$74,358,000
2. Broccoli (all)	\$30,625,000
3. Lettuce, Head	\$25,923,000
4. Cattle & Calves	\$25,130,000
5. Vegetable Transplants	\$16,958,000
6. Indoor Decorative	\$16,672,000
7. Cut Flowers (greenhouse)	\$14,800,000
8. Peas, Edible Pod	\$14,384,000
9. Cut Flowers (field)	\$11,673,000
10. Strawberries	\$10,814,000

11. Oriental Vegetables\$	10,038,000
12. Lettuce, Leaf	\$9,062,000
13. Avocados (all)	\$8,590,000
14. Cauliflower	\$7,121,000
15. Rangeland	\$6,663,000
16. Celery	\$6,129,000
17. Bell Peppers	\$6,068,000
18. Apples	\$5,332,000
19. Cabbage	\$5,138,000
20. Bedding, Sod & Ground Cover	\$4,009,000

### **Animal Industry**

With few exceptions most of the categories reported in animal industry declined from last year due to sharp decreases in value. Especially hard hit were hogs and sheep, as a result of foreign imports. Cattle and calve values were up slightly in 1998.



COMMODITY	YEAR	NO. OF HEAD	PRODUCTION	UNIT	VALUE PER UNIT	TOTAL
Cattle and Calves	1998 1997	57,000 58,000	359,000 358,000	Cwt Cwt	70.00 68.00	\$25,130,000 \$24,344,000
Hogs	1998 1997	1,150 1,280	2,270 2,432	Cwt Cwt	54.00 72.00	123,000 175,000
Honey	1998 1997		221,000 177,500	Lbs Lbs	0.66 0.77	146,000 137,000
Milk	1998 1997		46,658 68,971	Cwt Cwt	16.02 13.74	747,000 948,000
Sheep and Lambs	1998 1997	8,300 8,550	10,375 10,688	Cwt Cwt	79.70 104.00	827,000 1,112,000
Wool	1998 1997		58,000 63,000	Lbs Lbs	0.52 0.80	30,000 50,000
Miscellaneous*	1998 1997					1,662,000 2,457,000
TOTAL ANIMAL INDUSTRY	1998 1997					\$28,665,000 \$29,223,000

<sup>\*</sup>Aquaculture, Bees wax, Eggs, Game Birds, Goats, Pollen, Pollination, Poultry

# **Commercial Landing** of Marine Resources for 1997

We are reporting 1997 commercial fishery landings for Morro Bay and Port San Luis Obispo. Although these figures are not considered "agriculture" for statewide crop report purposes, a rich variety of fishery resources come through the two ports each year providing a vital food source as well as making a crucial contribution to the local economy.

Source of information: California Department of Fish and Game.

	Morro Bay and	Port San Luis	California Ports		
FISHERY	1,000's POUNDS	\$1,000	1,000's POUNDS	\$1,000	
Rockfish	1,487	1,172	16,059	8,304	
Spot Prawn	138	936	755	4,992	
Dover Sole	2,695	822	11,674	3,344	
Thorny/Heads	871	624	6,085	4,965	
Cabezon	161	581	265	857	
Salmon	323	534	5,248	7,291	
Sablefish	401	446	6,323	8,771	
Albacore	401	286	7,379	5,769	
Ocean Shrimp	605	280	14,020	5,367	
Rockcrab	175	203	290	1,486	
Halibut	61	165	1,268	3,204	
Petrale Sole	112	114	1,830	1,631	
Swordfish	37	103	1,897	5,377	
Rex Sole	175	70	1,000	363	
Thresher Shark	41	61	468	642	
Surfperch	33	56	77	102	
Lingcod	58	43	1,114	602	
Dungeness Crab	10	38	9,874	18,603	
Bluefin Tuna	10	17	4,955	2,829	
Kelp Greenling	4	16	23	56	
English Sole	25	10	1,428	490	
Anchovy	50	9	12,606	529	
Mako Shark	7	9	205	233	
Flounder	6	7	201	55	
All Others	130	66	385,153	83,037	
Total	8,016	\$6,668	490,197	\$168,899	
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<sup>\*\*</sup>Revised

# Fruit and Nut Crops

Numerous factors led to nearly a 10% decline in 1998.

Foremost was the El Niño induced cool and wet spring which delayed the maturation of many fruit crops and significantly reduced wine grape production. Severe competition in both fresh market and processed apples substantially impacted the volume of apples harvested, while avocados continue to be affected by two recent pests. A strong demand for processed strawberries boosted the value of this commodity.



CROP	YEAR	ACREAGE BEARING ACREAGE	PER ACRE	PRODUCTION TOTAL	UNIT	VALUE PER UNIT	TOTAL
Apples	1998	2.110	5.200	10,972	Ton	\$486.00	\$5,332,000
	1997	2,295	8.020	18,406	Ton	\$472.00	\$8,688,000
Avocados (Hass)	1998	1,006	3.880	3,903	Ton	2,180.00	8,509,000
(1997 only-Hass & other)	1997	996	4.150	4,133	Ton	2,278.00	9,416,000
Avocados (Other)	1998	35	3.140	110	Ton	740.00	81,000
Grapes, Wine (All)	1998 1997	11,897 11,128		59,932 69,384			74,358,000 83,680,000
- Chardonnay	1998	3,400	4.480	15,232	Ton	1,612.00	24,554,000
	1997	3,400	6.500	22,100	Ton	1,572.00	34,741,000
- Sauvignon Blanc	1998	659	6.580	4,336	Ton	854.00	3,703,000
	1997	610	8.140	4,965	Ton	826.00	4,101,000
- White Wine (Other)	1998 1997	445 443	5.630 7.300	2,505 3,234	Ton Ton	778.00 710.00	1,949,000
- Cabernet Sauvignon	1998	3,530	5.910	20,862	Ton	1,182.00	24,659,000
	1997	3,275	6.520	21,353	Ton	1,150.00	24,556,000
- Merlot	1998	1670	4,020	6,713	Ton	1,352.00	9,077,000
	1997	1230	4,520	5,560	Ton	1,360.00	7,561,000
- Pinot Noir	1998	290	2.570	745	Ton	2,024.00	1,508,000
	1997	284	2.600	738	Ton	1,760.00	1,300,000
- Zinfandel	1998	1,315	5.520	7,259	Ton	800.00	5,807,000
	1997	1,302	6.650	8,658	Ton	678.00	5,870,000
- Red Wine (Other)	1998	588	4.650	2,734	Ton	1,134.00	3,101,000
	1997	584	5.530	3,230	Ton	1,008.00	3,255,000
Lemons	1998	1,090	16.370	17,843	Ton	222.00	3,961,000
	1997	1,075	16.430	17,662	Ton	231.00	4,080,000
Pistachios	1998	135	0.430	58	Ton	2,400.00	139,000
	1997	135	1.000	135	Ton	2,000.00	270,000
Strawberries	1998	497	28.140	13,986	Ton	773.20	10,814,000
	1997	390	29.760	11,606	Ton	680.42	7,897,000
Valencia Oranges	1998	309	18.600	5,747	Ton	136.00	782,000
	1997	309	15.130	4,675	Ton	175.00	818,000
English Walnuts	1998	2,440	0.390	952	Ton	920.00	875,000
	1997	2,560	0.540	1,382	Ton	1,420.00	1,963,000
Miscellaneous*	1998 1997	2,250 2,300	endressing to determine	40.0000 10.000 20.4 142 147 14 145 15 147 11		PARTICLE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE	4,500,000 4,100,000
TOTAL FRUIT & NUT CROPS	1998 1997	21,769 21,188					\$109,351,000 \$120,912,000

<sup>\*</sup>Almonds, Apricot, Asian Pear, Black Walnut, Bushberry, Cherry, Feijoa, Grapefruit, Horned Melons, Kiwi, Lime, Navel Orange, Nectarine, Peach, Pear, Persimmon, Pomegranate, Table Grape, Pepino, Tangelo

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# **Vegetable Crops**

El Niño controlled what occurred in the vegetable industry with less harvested acreage reported for essentially every commodity. The torrential rains of February and March caused some disruption in planting schedules which lead to the reduced acreage. The value for most commodities remained close to 1997 values with the exception of bell peppers and oriental vegetables which went up briskly.



YEAR	HARVESTED ACREAGE	PRODUCTION PER ACRE	TOTAL UNIT	PER UNIT	TOTAL	
1998	842	381.0	320,802	30#	\$5.19	\$1,665,000
1997	1,340	600.0	804,000	30#	\$5.16	\$4,149,000
1998	937	907.0	849,859	30#	7.14	6,068,000
1997	1,006	744.0	748,464	30#	5.67	4,244,000
1998	8,490	604.0	5,127,960	23#	5.74	29,434,000
1997	9,575	588.0	5,630,100	23#	5.70	32,092,000
1998	450	6.3	2,835	Ton	420.00	1,191,000
1997	640	6.0	3,840	Ton	450.00	1,728,000
1998	1,052	802.0	843,704	45#	6.09	5,138,000
1997	880	675.0	594,000	45#	5.98	3,552,000
1998	1,736	678.0	1,177,008	25#	6.05	7,121,000
1997	1,824	658.0	1,200,192	25#	5.66	6,793,000
1998	1,090	1,109.0	1,208,810	60#	5.07	6,129,000
1997	1,031	1,121.0	1,155,751	60#	5.90	6,819,000
1998	6,207	678.0	4,208,346	50#	6.16	25,923,000
1997	7,151	762.0	5,449,062	50#	6.76	36,836,000
1998	1,972	809.0	1,595,348	25#	5.68	9,062,000
1997	2,074	818.0	1,696,532	25#	5.08	8,618,000
1998	1,513	767.0	1,160,471	80#	8.65	10,038,000
1997	2,145	834.0	1,788,930	80#	6.56	11,735,000
1998	3,410	461.0	1,572,010	10#	9.15	14,384,000
1997	3,520	465.0	1,636,800	10#	8.38	13,716,000
1998	326	868.0	282,968	20#	4.54	1,285,000
1997	304	806.0	245,024	20#	4.54	1,112,000
1998	530	759.0	402,270	30#	4.24	1,706,000
1997	605	747.0	451,935	30#	4.74	2,142,000
1998	77	1,645.0	126,665	20#	15.52	1,966,000
1997	74	1,650.0	122,100	20#	15.50	1,893,000
1998 1997	3,835 4,035					11,785,000 12,700,000
1998 1997	32,467 36,204					\$132,895,000 \$148,129,000
	1998 1997 1998 1997 1998 1997 1998 1997 1998 1997 1998 1997 1998 1997 1998 1997 1998 1997 1998 1997 1998 1997 1998 1997 1998 1997 1998 1997 1998 1997	YEAR         ACREAGE           1998         842           1997         1,340           1998         937           1997         1,006           1998         8,490           1997         9,575           1998         450           1997         640           1998         1,052           1997         1,824           1998         1,090           1997         1,031           1998         1,972           1997         2,074           1998         1,513           1997         2,145           1998         3,410           1997         304           1998         3,410           1997         304           1998         3,520           1998         530           1997         605           1998         77           1997         74           1998         3,835           1997         4,035           1998         32,467	YEAR         ACREAGE         PER ACRE           1998         842         381.0           1997         1,340         600.0           1998         937         907.0           1997         1,006         744.0           1998         8,490         604.0           1997         9,575         588.0           1998         450         6.3           1997         640         6.0           1998         1,052         802.0           1997         880         675.0           1998         1,736         678.0           1997         1,824         658.0           1998         1,090         1,109.0           1997         1,031         1,121.0           1998         1,972         809.0           1997         2,074         818.0           1997         2,074         818.0           1998         1,513         767.0           1998         3,410         461.0           1997         304         806.0           1998         326         868.0           1997         304         806.0           1998         530	YEAR         ACREAGE         PER ACRE         TOTAL UNIT           1998         842         381.0         320,802           1997         1,340         600.0         804,000           1998         937         907.0         849,859           1997         1,006         744.0         748,464           1998         8,490         604.0         5,127,960           1997         9,575         588.0         5,630,100           1998         450         6.3         2,835           1997         640         6.0         3,840           1998         1,052         802.0         843,704           1997         880         675.0         594,000           1998         1,736         678.0         1,177,008           1997         1,824         658.0         1,200,192           1998         1,090         1,109.0         1,208,810           1997         1,031         1,121.0         1,155,751           1998         6,207         678.0         4,208,346           1997         7,151         762.0         5,449,062           1998         1,972         809.0         1,595,348	YEAR         ACREAGE         PER ACRE         TOTAL UNIT         PER UNIT           1998         842         381.0         320,802         30#           1997         1,340         600.0         804,000         30#           1998         937         907.0         849,859         30#           1997         1,006         744.0         748,464         30#           1998         8,490         604.0         5,127,960         23#           1997         9,575         588.0         5,630,100         23#           1997         640         6.3         2,835         Ton           1998         1,052         802.0         843,704         45#           1997         880         675.0         594,000         45#           1997         1,824         658.0         1,177,008         25#           1998         1,736         678.0         1,177,008         25#           1997         1,824         658.0         1,200,192         25#           1998         1,090         1,109.0         1,208,810         60#           1997         7,151         762.0         5,449,062         50#           1998	YEAR         ACREAGE         PER ACRE         TOTAL UNIT         PER UNIT         TOTAL           1998         842         381.0         320.802         30#         \$5.19           1997         1,340         600.0         804,000         30#         \$5.16           1998         937         907.0         849,859         30#         7.14           1997         1,006         744.0         748,464         30#         5.67           1998         8,490         604.0         5,127,960         23#         5.74           1997         9,575         588.0         5,630,100         23#         5.70           1998         450         6.3         2,835         Ton         420.00           1997         640         6.0         3,840         Ton         450.00           1998         1,052         802.0         843,704         45#         6.09           1998         1,736         678.0         1,177,008         25#         6.05           1997         1,824         658.0         1,200,192         25#         5.66           1998         1,090         1,109.0         1,208,810         60#         5.07

<sup>\*</sup>Anise, Artichokes, Baby Vegetables, Brussel Sprouts, Carrots, Cilantro, Chili Peppers, Cucumber, Endive, Escarole, Garlic, Herbs, Kale, Leek, Mushrooms, Onions, Parsley, Parsnips, Potatoes, Pumpkins, Radishes, Sweet Corn, Tomatillos, Watermelon

# **Nursery Products**

The rate of growth in the nursery industry slowed from last year, but still managed to increase by about 5 million dollars.

Overall this industry was unaffected by El Niño with indoor decorative and vegetable transplants posting the greatest gains.

CROP	YEAR	FIELD PRODUCTION (acres)	GREENHOUSE PRODUCTION (sq ft)	VALUE
Bedding Plants, Sod,	1998	55	124,250	\$4,009,000
& Ground Cover	1997	53	155,780	\$6,526,000
Christmas Trees, Cut	1998 1997	22 28		212,000 223,000
Cut Flowers (Field)	1998 1997	518 481		11,673,000 10,803,000
Cut Flowers (Greenhouse)	1998 1997		1,652,800 1,507,894	14,800,000 11,426,000
Fruit-Nut Trees & Vines	1998	62	121,225	2,437,000
	1997	70	121,225	2,683,000
Indoor Decoratives	1998 1997		2,087,558 1,982,902	16,672,000 14,957,000
Outdoor Ornamentals	1998	45	76,960	2,659,000
	1997	38	77,633	2,183,000
Vegetable Transplants	1998	28	1,005,432	16,958,000
	1997	15	1,165,325	15,204,000
Miscellaneous*	1998	24	28,000	465,000
	1997	9	146,920	843,000
TOTAL NURSERY STOCK	1998	752	5,096,225	\$69,885,000
	1997**	694	5,157,679	\$64,848,000

<sup>\*</sup>Bulbs, Cacti, Herbs, Propagative plants, Scion wood, Specialty plants, Succulents,

# Seed Crops

The cool and wet conditions occurring in the spring of 1998, impacted both the acreage and production of seed crops compared to 1997.

CROP	YEAR	PLANTED ACREAGE	HARVESTED ACREAGE	VALUE
Barley	1998	300	300	\$36,000
	1997	500	450	\$60,000
Oats	1998	200	200	40,000
	1997	350	270	68,000
Flower	1998	162	148	270,000
	1997	153	153	340,000
Vegetable	1998	118	105	65,000
Miscellaneous	1997	185	170	170,000
TOTAL	1998	780	753	\$411,000
Seed Crop	1997	1,188	1,043	\$638,000

Alfalfa, Dry bean, Vegetable



<sup>\*\*</sup>Revised

# Field Crops

Even though it was an El Niño year, conditions were generally more favorable for dryland field crops compared to the drought conditions experienced in the spring of 1997. However, field crops were severely affected by extremely low prices for most commodities. This is especially the case with barley and wheat.

		ACF	REAGE	PRODI	UCTION		, v	/ALUE
CROP	YEAR	PLANTED	HARVESTED	PER ACRE	TOTAL	UNIT	PER UNI	T TOTAL
Alfalfa Hay	1998 1997	3,200	3,160 3,900	6.85 7.42	21,646 28,938	Ton Ton	\$124.00 \$140.00	\$2,684,000 \$4,051,000
Barley	1998 1997	29,500 28,000	28,500 22,500	0.85 0.70	24,225 15,750	Ton Ton	86.00 120.00	2,083,000 1,890,000
Garbanzo Beans	1998 1997	700 1,150	700 675	6,50 3.85	4,550 2,599	Cwt Cwt	32.00 29.50	146,000 77,000
Grain Hay++	1998 1997	23,500 25,000	22,300 20,000	2.50 1.84	55,750 36,800	Ton Ton	78.00 102.00	4,349,000 3,754,000
Grain Stubble (Grazed)	1998 1997		60,000 61,000			Acre Acre	3.90 5.00	234,000 305,000
Irrigated Pasture	1998 1997		4,500 4,900			Acre Acre	200.00 200.00	900,000 980,000
Rangeland, Grazed	1998 1997	445.40	1,025,000 1,025,000			Acre Acre	6.50 6.20	6,663,000
Safflower	1998 1997	3,500 3,850	3,300 3,140	0.30 0.24	990 754	Ton Ton	284.00 333.00	281,000 251,000
Wheat	1998 1997	3,350 2,800	2,750 2,100	0,60 0.89	1,650 1,869	Ton Ton	90,00 114.00	149,000 213,000
Miscellaneous*	1998 1997		850 1,100					125,000 180,000
TOTAL FIELD CROPS	1998 1997		1,151,060 1,144,315					\$17,614,000
- Production and State of State of	Market Property and Property	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE	Charles and the control of the contr	A THE PARTY OF THE	SUPPLIED TO SERVICE	CALL STREET, S	THE PARTY OF THE P	DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON OF

\*Oats, Straw, Sudangrass

++Includes winter forage

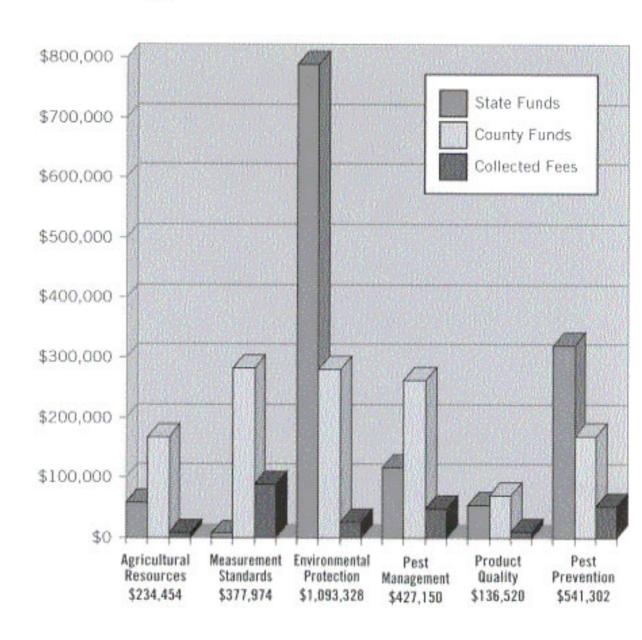


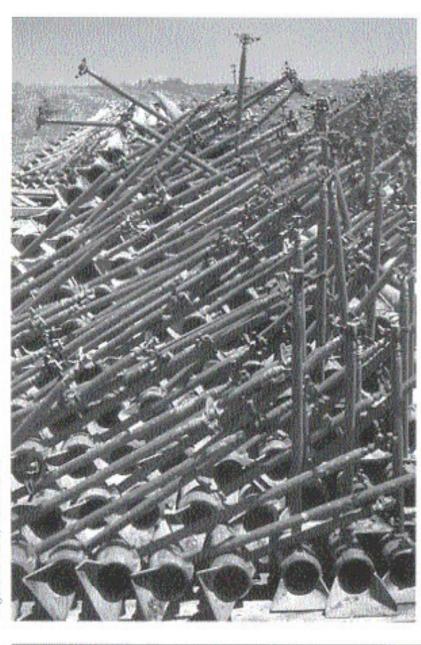
#### **Financial Report**

FISCAL YEAR 1997 - 1998

REVENUE	\$2,810,728	
General Funds	\$968,350	35%
State Funds	\$1,344,928	48%
Collected Fees	\$233,376	8%
Overhead	\$264,074	9%
EXPENDITURES	\$2,810,728	
Salaries & Benefits	\$2,011,253	72%
Services & Supplies	\$423,951	15%
Overhead	\$264,074	9%
Equipment	\$111,450	4%

#### **Funding Sources**

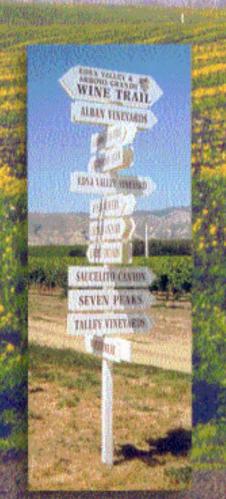




#### **Funding Sources**

AGRICULTURAL RESOURCES	State Funds	\$58,598	25%
Total Funding:	County Funds	\$167.966	72%
\$234,454	Collected Fees	\$7,890	3%
MEASUREMENT STANDARDS	State Funds	\$7,184	2%
Total Funding:	County Funds	\$281,576	74%
\$377,974	Collected Fees	\$89,214	24%
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION	State Funds	\$786,935	72%
Total Funding:	County Funds	\$279,511	26%
\$1,093,328	Collected Fees	\$26,882	2%
PEST MANAGEMENT	State Funds	\$116,994	27%
Total Funding:	County Funds	\$262,245	62%
\$427,150	Collected Fees	\$47,911	11%
PRODUCT QUALITY	State Funds	\$136,520	41%
Total Funding:	County Funds		52%
\$136,520	Collected Fees	\$9,911	7%
PEST PREVENTION	State Funds	\$319,903	59%
Total Funding:	County Funds		31%
\$541,302	Collected Fees	\$51,568	10%









San Luis Obispo County Department of Agriculture / Weights and Measures 2156 Sierra Way, Suite A San Luis Obispo, CA 93401