



Cover photo from Avila Beach Pier Laura Mullis, Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector's Office

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT JUNE 30, 2023

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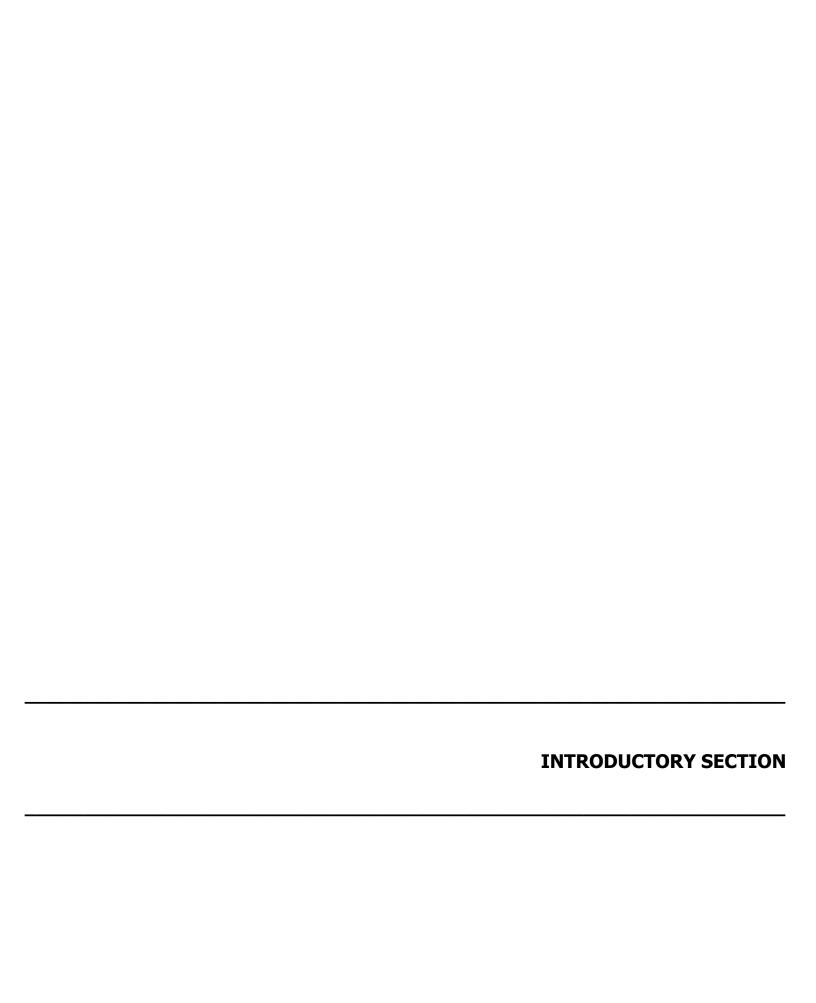
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Michael Stevens, Deputy Justin Cooley, Deputy

December 12, 2023

Honorable Board of Supervisors County of San Luis Obispo 1055 Monterey Street, Suite D430 San Luis Obispo, California 93408

To the Citizens of San Luis Obispo County and Your Honorable Board:

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the County of San Luis Obispo (County) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, is hereby submitted as mandated by Sections 25250 and 25253 of the Government Code of the State of California. These statutes require that the County publish a complete set of financial statements audited in accordance with Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS) by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The County prepares its financial statements in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The requirements for financial reporting in accordance with GAAP are established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

This report consists of management's representations concerning County finances. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management has established a comprehensive internal control framework designed to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the County's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide a reasonable, rather than an absolute assurance, that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The County's financial statements have been audited by CliftonLarsonAllen LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide a reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, are free of any material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the County's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, are fairly presented and in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the County's financial statements was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the requirements imposed by federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the County's separately issued Single Audit Report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and the two should be read in conjunction with each other. The County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

The County of San Luis Obispo, incorporated in 1850, is located on the central coast of the State of California, midway between Los Angeles and San Francisco. The County covers approximately 3,300 square miles and serves a population of 282,013 residents. Approximately 44% of the population resides in the unincorporated area. The seven incorporated cities in the County are Arroyo Grande, Atascadero, Grover Beach, Morro Bay, Paso Robles, Pismo Beach, and San Luis Obispo.

A five-member County Board of Supervisors (Board) is the legislative authority and governance for the County. Each supervisor is elected to a four-year term in nonpartisan districts. The terms are staggered with two supervisors being elected then three supervisors being elected in alternating election years. The Board is responsible, among other things, for establishing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the County Administrative Officer and non-elected department heads. The County Administrative Officer is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the Board and for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the County. The County has five elected department heads responsible for the offices of the County Clerk-Recorder, Assessor, Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector, District Attorney, and Sheriff-Coroner.

The County provides a full range of services, including public safety and fire protection; construction and maintenance of highways, streets, and other infrastructure; health and social programs that promote the well-being of the community; and recreational activities and cultural events.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the County's financial planning and control. The County Budget Act, as presented in California Government Code Sections 29000 and 30200, provides the general provisions and requirements for preparing and approving the County budget. All County departments are required to submit budget requests to the County Administrative Officer. The budgets are then reviewed by the County Administrative Officer and compiled into a proposed budget with the County Administrative Officer's recommendation. Public hearings are set in the month of June, with the Board of Supervisors adopting the recommended budget before the start of the next fiscal year. The proposed budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., Public Safety), and department or division (e.g., Sheriff-Coroner). During the year, department heads may make transfers of appropriations within the same budget unit with the approval of the County Administrative Officer and Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector. Transfers of appropriations between budget units or increases in the budget from new revenue sources, reserves and/or contingencies require the Board of Supervisors' approval. Monthly estimates for both revenues and expenditures are used to assist departments with budgetary control, and quarterly reports are submitted by each department to the County Administrative Officer and the Board on the status of the departmental budgets.

Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the General Fund this comparison is presented as part of the required supplementary information immediately following the notes to the financial statements. For other governmental funds with appropriated annual budgets, this comparison is presented in the governmental funds subsection of the statements.

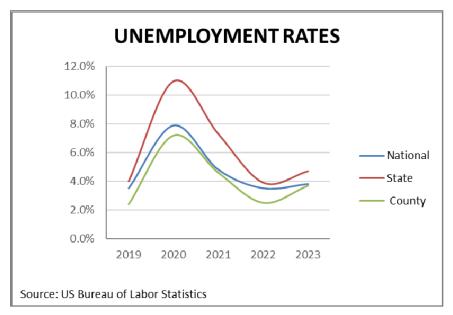
The County has various blended component units which primarily provide utility and debt financing services. The County has one discretely presented component unit and one fiduciary component unit. The discretely presented component unit is the Children and Families Commission of San Luis Obispo County (First 5), which allocates funds from the California Children and Families Trust Fund and advocates for quality programs and services, supporting children prenatal to age five, to ensure that every child is healthy and ready to learn in school is discretely presented in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. The fiduciary component unit is the San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust which is an independent trust that administers the San Luis Obispo County Employees Retirement Plan on behalf of the County. The San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust is a fiduciary component unit and is presented in the Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

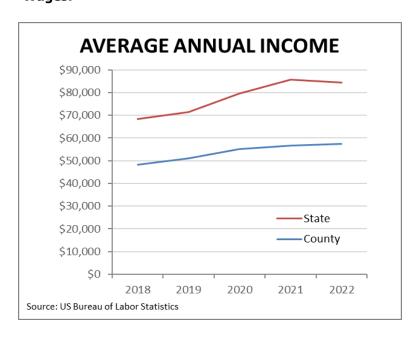
The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the County operates.

Employment:

- Unemployment in the County, as of September 2023, was 3.6% which is lower than both the state rate of 4.7% and the national rate of 3.8%. During the same period last year, unemployment in the County was 2.5%. San Luis Obispo County gained 4,200 jobs over the past year and ranks as the 8th lowest unemployment rate in the state.
- The State of California has a major presence in the County of San Luis Obispo with California Men's Colony, Atascadero State Hospital, and the California Polytechnic State University, making the State one of the largest employers in the County.



Wages:

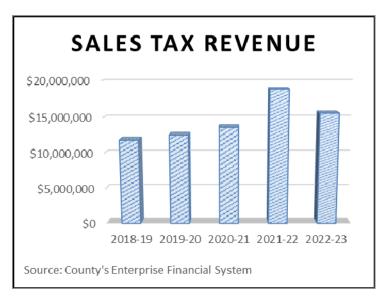


- Average income increased by 1.2% to \$57,477 from 2021 to 2022 (most recent data) for the residents of the County of San Luis Obispo whereas average income for the state decreased by 1.5% to \$84,436 as reported by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.
- As reported by the Bureau of Labor Statistics, the highest earning 2022 occupational groups in the area consisted of physicians, psychiatrists, dentists, chief executives, architectural and engineering managers, computer and information systems managers, lawyers, financial managers, nurse practitioners, and pharmacists.

Retail Sales and Agriculture:

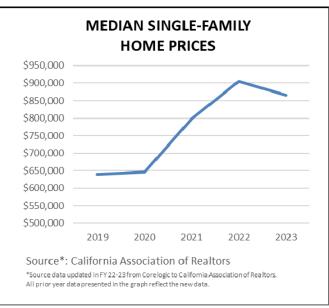
Both retail sales and agriculture continue to be integral part of the County's economy.

- Sales and use tax revenue within the unincorporated areas of the County was \$15.6 million in FY 2022-23.
- According to Visit SLO CAL, tourists spent \$2.15 billion in the calendar year 2022. The leading sectors for tourism spending were lodging (\$765 million), food service (\$510 million), retail (\$267 million), and recreation (\$190 million).
- Crop values for 2022 reached \$1.1 billion, a slight increase of less than one percent over the previous year. The top three commodities by value were strawberries, wine grapes, and cattle and calves.



Real Estate and Property Taxes:

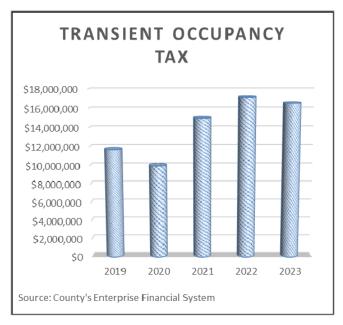
- The County's median price for a single-family home decreased from \$905,000 in June 2022 to \$865,000 in June 2023. This is a 4.4% decrease from the prior year. A combination of factors has led to less competition in the housing market in the last year, but the steady, high interest rates are largely responsible for this decline.
- Discretionary property tax receipts were \$161.5 million in FY 2022-23, an increase of 7.5% over the prior year.
- The total tax levy on secured property, which excludes unsecured property, direct charges, and school bonds, was \$661.4 million for FY 2022-23, an increase of 6.8% from the previous year.



- Property transfer tax is related to the value and number of real estate transactions during the year. In the County's unincorporated areas property transfer taxes decreased 29.0% to \$3.2 million in FY 2022-23.
- The property tax delinquency rate increased from 0.9%, in FY 2021-22, to 1.0% in FY 2022-23.

Tourism:

- The scenic coastline, rolling vineyards, and abundance of outdoor activities continues to make San Luis Obispo County a tourist destination. Transient Occupancy Tax (TOT) collections in the unincorporated areas decreased 3.5% in FY 2022-23 to \$16.5 million.
- Annual airline passenger travel at the San Luis Obispo County Airport increased by 24.5% during FY 2022-23, compared to FY 2021-22.
- The California Mid-State Fair in Paso Robles reported a 0.5% increase in attendance over last year's fair. Unofficial attendance was estimated at 334,000 people.



Long-Term Financial Planning:

- The FY 2023-24 recommended budget authorized a \$838.8 million governmental fund spending level, an increase over the \$807.0 million adopted budget for FY 2022-23. The budget provides support to the development of departmental programs and services and assists County operations in responding to continuously changing needs, including the health and safety of the community. This budget includes American Rescue Plan Act funding for multiple high priority projects to address health and safety needs, meet regulatory requirements, and replace aging infrastructure in the County's water and wastewater systems. In FY 2023-24, the General Fund has \$709.0 million appropriated to finance expenditures, including contingencies of \$33.5 million.
- The General Fund reports fund balance intended for a variety of long-term needs in classifications based on the extent to which the amounts are restricted for use. The General Reserve, established per Government Code §29127, is accessible only upon declaration of emergency by the Board of Supervisors. As of June 30, 2023, the General Reserve was \$7.0 million. In addition to the General Reserve, reserves exist for building replacement (\$51.2 million), automation projects (\$21.5 million), and tax-loss mitigation purposes (\$59.2 million). Other classifications of General Fund balance are described in Footnote 11.
- The County was awarded \$55 million of Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds under the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021. In FY 2020-21, the County Board of Supervisors adopted broad expenditure categories for the use of the funds based on the US Department of Treasury's defined eligible uses. As of June 30, 2023, \$23.9 million of the funds had been spent to date.

County Defined Use Category	Allocation	<u>Expenditures</u>
Public Health	\$12.0 M	\$2.8 M
Housing and Homeless	\$6.0 M	\$2.7 M
Business, Childcare, Non-Profit Grants	\$9.0 M	\$4.5 M
Water, Sewer, and Broadband	\$13.0 M	\$0.9 M
Restoration of Government Services	\$15.0 M	\$13 M
Total	\$55.0 M	\$23.9 M

- Each year a five-year Capital Improvement Program (CIP) is compiled. The CIP is a plan for short-range and long-range capital acquisition and development. It also includes plans to improve or rehabilitate County-owned roads and facilities. The plan provides the mechanism for estimating capital requirements; setting priorities; monitoring and evaluating the progress of capital projects; and informing the public of projected capital improvements and unfunded needs. While the CIP covers a five-year planning period, it is updated each year to reflect ongoing changes as new projects are added, existing projects are modified, and completed projects are removed from the plan document. The five-year CIP does not appropriate funds; rather it serves as a budgeting tool, identifying those capital project appropriations to be made through the adoption of the County's annual budget. The budgeted capital expenditures for FY 2023-24 increased 59% from the prior year and are approximately \$11 million.
- In September 2018, Governor Jerry Brown signed Senate Bill 1090, a bipartisan bill that will provide \$85 million in economic assistance to the community. The bill is an effort, in part, to lessen the effects of lost tax revenue that will result from the closure of the Diablo Canyon Nuclear Power Plant. PG&E had planned to close the plant by fiscal year 2024-25. However, Senate Bill 846, signed into law on September 2, 2022, by Governor Newsom, will allow the plant to operate until 2030, and in November 2023, PG&E submitted a license application to extend the lifetime of the plant by up to 20 years. The future operation of the plant is pending review by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, but PG&E previously received approval to keep the plant operational during that review. The County will continue to receive its portion of annual installment payments for the economic assistance through FY 2024-25 and the total payments will be used for economic development (\$4.0 million), safety (\$4.5 million), affordable housing (\$6.4 million), infrastructure (\$5.0 million), roads (\$1.2 million), libraries (\$2.0 million), and General Fund tax loss mitigation (\$12.1 million).

Relevant Financial Policies:

- Balanced Budget: The County Administrative Officer shall present a balanced budget for all County operating funds on an annual basis.
- Ongoing Budget Administration: The County Administrative Officer shall submit Quarterly Financial Status Reports to the Board of Supervisors. The reports shall provide expenditure and revenue projections and identify and clarify projected variances along with recommendations and proposed corrective actions.
- Budget Priorities: The budget is an effort to allocate resources in an effective and efficient manner in order to achieve the County's vision of a Safe, Healthy, Livable, Prosperous, and Well-Governed Community.
- Use of "One-Time" Funds: One-time revenue shall be dedicated for use for one-time expenditures. Annual budgets will not be increased to the point that ongoing operating costs become overly reliant upon cyclical or unreliable one-time revenues.
- Debt Policy: A comprehensive Debt Management Policy was developed by the Auditor-Controller and approved by the Debt Advisory Committee. It was adopted by the Board of Supervisors on December 14, 2010.
- Cost Recovery through Fees: Utilize fees to recover costs where reasonable and after all cost savings options have been explored.
- Pension Cost: Governor Brown implemented a Public Employee Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) which took
 effect on January 1, 2013. In compliance with PEPRA the County established a Tier III retirement plan that
 complies with or exceeds the requirements of the pension reform legislation. In addition, the County and
 most labor units have adopted a 50/50 split of pension rate increases between the County and the
 employees. As of December 31, 2022, approximately 64% of County employees fall under PEPRA.

Major Initiatives

- In December of 2022, a series of atmospheric rivers struck the state of California, bringing powerful winter storms and causing unprecedented damage to personal property, government facilities, and infrastructure throughout the County of San Luis Obispo. The County Emergency Operations Center (EOC) was activated on four separate occasions in early 2023 to support storm response activities, and Federal Disaster Declarations were issued for the storms on January 9, 2023, and March 9 and 10, 2023. As of November 2023, the estimated total cost of damage to the County is \$67.6 million. To date, the County has currently requested \$40.3 million for public assistance from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and \$16 million from the Federal Highway Administration (Cal-Trans).
- Administrative Office: After multiple public hearings concerning the County's district map adopted at the end
 of 2021, County Supervisors approved a settlement agreement with the San Luis Obispo County Citizens for
 Good Government, the League of Women's Voters and three other plaintiffs who challenged the validity of
 the supervisorial district map adopted in December 2021. The settlement agreement was entered into
 effect as of March 21, 2023, and the previously approved map was repealed and replaced with a new
 district map by the Board of Supervisors on April 18, 2023.
- Parks and Recreation: After one year of construction, the County of San Luis Obispo opened the new Nipomo Skate Park on May 6, 2023. Funding for the project came from Parks Public Facility Fees and two grants from California State Parks through the Proposition 68 Parks Bond Act: \$456,230 from the Per Capita Grant Program and \$1,131,484 from the Regional Park Program.
- In October 2022, the County Board of Supervisors approved the issuance of bonds by the SLO County Financing Authority for an aggregate amount not to exceed \$78.5 million. The bonds will be used to finance the acquisition and construction of a co-located Sheriff and County Fire emergency dispatch facility, a new Probation Department building, and rehabilitation of the Cayucos Veterans Memorial Hall. The Cayucos Veterans Memorial rehabilitation project will also utilize \$7 million in grants and donations.

Awards and Acknowledgments

Awards:

- The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the County of San Luis Obispo for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This was the thirty-seventh consecutive year that the County has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the County published an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. This report satisfied both Generally Accepted Accounting Principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Annual Comprehensive Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.
- The Government Finance Officers Association presented the County with its Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 2022. In order to receive this prestigious award, a governmental unit must publish a budget document that meets program criteria as a policy document, as an operations guide, as a financial plan, and as a communications device.
- The County of San Luis Obispo earned the California State Controller's Award for Counties Financial Transaction Reporting for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. This is the seventh consecutive year that the County has earned this award which recognizes the County's professionalism in preparing an accurate and timely report.

Acknowledgments:

The preparation of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the staff of the Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector's Office. We would like to acknowledge the special efforts of our Enterprise Financial System Operations Division and our independent auditors, CliftonLarsonAllen LLP, for their assistance in the report preparation. We would also like to express our appreciation to all County departments who assisted in this process and to the Board of Supervisors for its leadership responsibility and unfailing support to ensure the continued general fiscal health and integrity of the County.

Respectfully submitted,

James W. Hamilton, CPA

Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector

Rebecca Campbell

Acting County Administrative Officer

Ilseen Coupbell



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

County of San Luis Obispo California

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2022

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO

LIST OF ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS

JUNE 30, 2023

Elected Officials

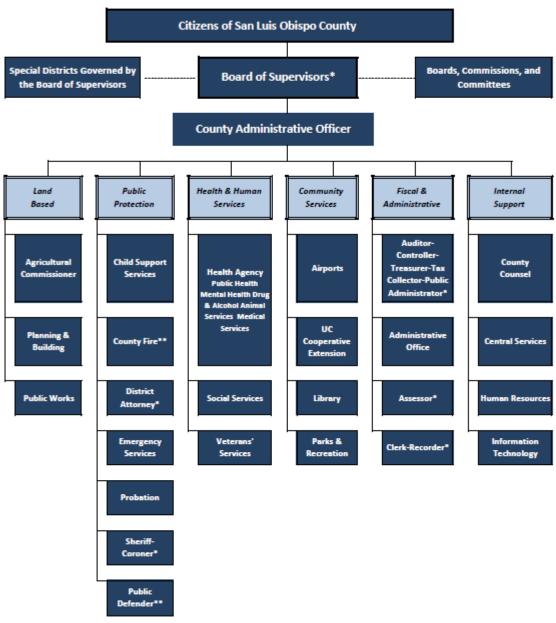
Board of Supervisors



Assessor Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector-Public Administrator County Clerk-Recorder District Attorney Sheriff-Coroner	James W. Hamilton Elaina Cano Dan Dow
Appointed Officials	
Agricultural Commissioner	Martin Settevendemie
Director of Airports	Courtney Johnson
Behavioral Health Administrator	Anne Robin
Central Services Director	
Chief Probation Officer	Robert Reyes
Director of Child Support Services	Natalie Walter
County Administrative Officer (Interim)	John Nilon
County Counsel	Rita L. Neal
County Fire Chief	John Owens
Director of UC Cooperative Extension	
Director of Groundwater Sustainability	
Health Agency Director	
Human Resources Director	
Director of Information Technology	
Library Director	
Director of Parks and Recreation	
Director of Planning and Building	
Public Health Officer	•
Director of Public Works	
County Social Services Director	
Veterans Services Officer	Morgan Boyd



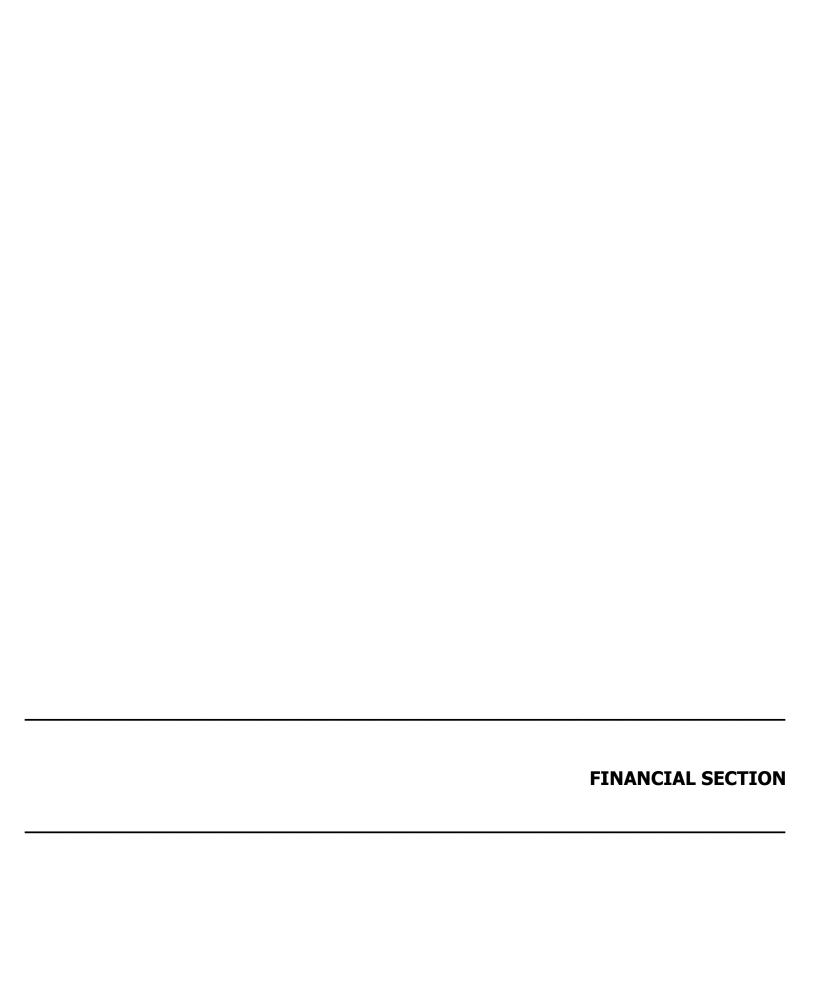
County of San Luis Obispo Organizational Chart



^{*} Elected Officials

^{**}Contract









INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Board of Supervisors County of San Luis Obispo, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements *Opinions*

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of San Luis Obispo, California (the County), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of First 5 San Luis Obispo and the San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust which represent the following percentages of assets, net position and revenues/additions of the opinion units shown below as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023:

Opinion Unit	<u>Assets</u>	Net Position	Revenues/Additions
Discretely Presented			
Component Unit	100%	100%	100%
Aggregate Remaining			
Fund Information	57%	62%	(1%)

Those statements were audited by other auditors, whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for First 5 San Luis Obispo and the San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County of San Luis Obispo and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, effective July 1, 2022, the County adopted new accounting guidance for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITA). The guidance requires entities to recognize a right-to-use subscription asset and corresponding SBITA liability for all SBITAs with terms greater than twelve months. Our opinions are not modified in respect to this matter.

Prior Period Adjustment

As discussed in Note 19 to the financial statements, a prior period adjustment was recorded for the correction of an error in prior year financial statements. Our opinions are not modified in respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County of San Luis Obispo's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of County of San Luis Obispo's internal control. Accordingly, no
 such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about County of San Luis Obispo's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of the County's proportionate share of the San Luis Obispo County's pension plan's net pension liability, schedule of the County's contributions to the San Luis Obispo County's pension plan, other post-employment benefits (OPEB) plan schedule of changes in the County's net OPEB liability and related ratios, other post-employment benefits (OPEB) plan schedule of actuarially determined plan contributions and related ratios, and budgetary comparison information for the General Fund be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Honorable Board of Supervisors County of San Luis Obispo, California

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of San Luis Obispo's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the combining and individual fund statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 12, 2023, on our consideration of the County of San Luis Obispo's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of San Luis Obispo's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Roseville, California December 12, 2023





COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2023

As management of the County of San Luis Obispo (the County), we offer readers the County's financial statements, this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the transmittal letter at the front of this report and the County's financial statements, which begin on page 35. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in thousands of dollars.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at June 30, 2023, by \$1,525,635 (net position). The majority of this amount, \$1,522,954 is the net investment in capital assets, while \$173,086 is restricted for specific purposes (restricted net position). Unrestricted net position indicates the portion of net position which may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors; however, the recording of the County's pension liability in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68 (GASB 68) and the County's OPEB liability in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75 (GASB 75) created a negative unrestricted net position of \$170,405 (Table A).
- ❖ The County's total net position decreased by \$12,740, with governmental activities decreasing \$16,985 and business-type activities increasing \$5,400 (Table B).
- ❖ The \$9.1 million increase in net investment in capital assets represents capital acquisitions during the year reduced by depreciation and increased by retirement of long-term debt (Table A).
- As of June 30, 2023, the County's governmental activities reported combined ending net position of \$1,105,182 a decrease of \$16,985 in comparison with the prior year. Due to the recording of the long-term pension and OPEB obligations, no amount of the governmental activities' net position is available for spending at the County's discretion for current and future needs (unrestricted net position) (Table A).
- Business-type activities posted a net program income loss of \$13,336 before general revenues, contributions and transfers from other funds, a decrease of \$31,369 when compared to net program income of \$18,033 in the prior year. The majority of the difference relates to increased depreciation expense being recorded in the Airport Fund. Several capital assets belonging to the Airport Fund were either retired or had their useful lives reduced to align with Federal Aviation Administration guidelines. Due to these changes an additional \$12.1 million in depreciation expense was recorded.
- ❖ At the end of the fiscal year, the entire \$455,399 fund balance of the General Fund was either nonspendable (\$6,773), restricted (\$24,607), committed (\$224,823) or assigned (\$199,196).
- ❖ The County issued the 2022 Series A and B Lease Revenue Bonds for \$71,615. The issuance will be used to refund the 2012 Series A Certificate of Participation debt and fund capital projects, including construction of a co-located emergency dispatch center, a new office building for the Probation Department, and rehabilitation of the Cayucos Veterans Hall.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements include four components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, 3) notes to the financial statements, and 4) required supplementary information. This report also contains supplementary information and other information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements

The *Government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused employee vacation balances).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (Governmental Activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their cost through user fees and charges (Business-type Activities). The governmental activities of the County include public protection, public ways and facilities, health and sanitation, public assistance, education, recreation and cultural services, and general government. The main business-type activities of the County include the airport, golf courses, flood control districts, the Nacimiento water project, the Los Osos wastewater project and county services areas.

Blended component units are included in our basic financial statements and consist of legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable and that have substantially the same board as the County or provide services entirely to the County. They include county service areas, flood control districts, waterworks districts, lighting maintenance districts, and the San Luis Obispo County Public Facilities Corporation and SLO County Financing Authority.

The County discretely presents the First 5 San Luis Obispo County component unit. The mission of First 5 is to allocate funds from the California Children and Families Trust Fund and advocate for quality programs and services, supporting children prenatal to age 5, to ensure that every child is healthy and ready to learn in school. First 5 does not meet the requirements for blending, and therefore its financial activities are presented separately from the County.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 35 to 37 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as <u>Governmental Activities</u> in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on the balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *Governmental Funds* with similar information presented for *Governmental Activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions.

Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *Governmental Funds* and *Governmental Activities*.

The County maintains twenty-six individual governmental funds organized according to their type: *general, special revenue, debt service,* and *capital projects*. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds' balance sheet and in the governmental funds' statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, and the Capital Projects Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the remaining twenty-four governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements found in the other supplementary information section of this report.

A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund and special revenue funds to demonstrate compliance with the budget and can be located in the required supplementary section of the report. Individual budgetary data for each of the nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the other supplementary information section of this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 38 to 41 of this report.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> - The County maintains two different types of proprietary funds, <u>enterprise</u> and <u>internal service funds</u>. <u>Enterprise funds</u> are used to report the same functions presented as <u>Business-type Activities</u> in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses <u>enterprise funds</u> to account for the airport, golf course, wastewater facility, flood control districts, waterworks districts and county service areas. <u>Internal service funds</u> are an accounting device used to account for its vehicle operations and maintenance, public works services, other post-employment benefits, and self-insurance programs. Because these services predominately benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the *government-wide financial statements*, only in more detail. The Airport, Nacimiento Water Contract, State Water Project, and Los Osos Wastewater funds are considered to be major funds of the County and are presented separately in the *proprietary fund financial statements*. All other enterprise funds have been combined into a single column for presentation. The seven internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service and enterprise funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* found in the other supplementary information section of this report.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 42 to 44 of this report.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The County also discretely presents the *San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust* which is an independent trust that administers the San Luis Obispo County Employees Retirement Plan on behalf of the County. The *San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust* is a fiduciary component unit and presented in the Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 45 to 46 of this report.

<u>Notes to the Basic Financial Statements</u> - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 47 to 97 of this report.

<u>Required Supplementary Information</u> - The notes to the basic financial statements are followed by a section of *required* supplementary information (RSI) that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

The required supplementary information can be found on pages 98 to 106 of this report.

<u>Other Supplementary Information</u> - In addition to the basic financial statements, accompanying notes, and required supplementary information, this report also presents certain *other supplementary information* including the County's General Fund and special revenue funds budgetary schedules, and combining and individual fund statements and schedules.

Combining and individual fund statements and schedules - The combining and individual fund statements and schedules referred to earlier provide information for nonmajor governmental funds, nonmajor enterprise funds, internal service funds, and fiduciary funds and are presented following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 107 to 116 and 135 to 150 of this report.

Budgetary comparison schedules - The budgetary comparison schedules (other than the General Fund which is presented in the required supplementary information section) for the Capital Projects, Pension Obligation Bonds, San Luis Obispo County Public Facilities Corporation, SLO County Financing Authority, and nonmajor Special Revenue funds can be found on pages 117 to 134 of this report.

Detail budgetary schedules demonstrating legal level of compliance with budgetary control for the General Fund are presented on pages 151 to 158 of this report.

Statistical schedules provide financial, revenue capacity, debt capacity, demographic and economic, and operating trend information. These schedules are presented on pages 159 to 177 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As stated earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1,525,635 as detailed in the table below:

Table A
Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2023
(in thousands)

			ine 30, 2023			2022-2023					
	_	Govern- mental Activities		Business- Type Activities	_	Total Primary Govern- ment	Govern- mental Activities	 Business- Type Activities		Total Primary Govern- ment	Total % Change
Assets:											
Current assets	\$	807,167	\$	181,010	\$	988,177	\$ 800,870	\$ 171,884	\$	972,754	1.6%
Other noncurrent assets		74,215		26,181		100,396	6,637	26,757		33,394	200.6%
Capital assets	_	1,402,161		575,699	_	1,977,860	1,349,875	 590,446		1,940,321	1.9%
Total assets		2,283,543		782,890	_	3,066,433	2,157,382	789,087		2,946,469	4.1%
Deferred Outflows of Resources		289,045		6,182		295,227	144,216	4,614		148,830	98.4%
Liabilities:											
Current liabilities		175,037		31,689		206,726	183,415	29,411		212,826	(2.9%)
Long-term liabilities	_	1,278,764	_	320,615	_	1,599,379	866,124	 329,871	_	1,195,995	33.7%
Total liabilities		1,453,801		352,304	_	1,806,105	1,049,539	359,282		1,408,821	28.2%
Deferred Inflows of Resources		13,605		16,315		29,920	129,892	18,211		148,103	(79.8%)
Net position: Net investment in capital											
assets		1,229,892		293,062		1,522,954	1,216,907	296,939		1,513,846	0.6%
Restricted		173,086		-		173,086	98,489	-		98,489	75.7%
Unrestricted	_	(297,796)		127,391	_	(170,405)	(193,229)	 119,269		(73,960)	130.4%
Total net position	\$_	1,105,182	\$_	420,453	\$	1,525,635	\$ 1,122,167	\$ 416,208	\$_	1,538,375	(0.8%)

Analysis of Net Position

The County's total net position decreased by \$12.7 million, or 0.8%. The total net position decrease was a combination of increased total assets (\$120.0 million), increased deferred outflows of resources (\$146.4 million), increased total liabilities (\$397.3 million), and decreased deferred inflow of resources (\$118.6 million). Causes for the changes in each of these categories are detailed below.

The overall \$120.0 million increase in total assets, or 4.1%, is primarily due to inflows of cash and restricted cash (\$88.1 million) and recording of lease assets (\$31.7 million). The increase in cash is attributable to the issuance of the 2022 Series A and B Lease Revenue Bonds. This debt issuance increased restricted cash resulting in a net change in restricted cash in governmental activities by \$67.1 million. Lease assets increased due to the County's Department of Social Services entering into a new 35-year lease agreement to rent a 20,000 square foot office building. The County also implemented GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA), which resulted in \$2.8 million of SBITA assets being recorded.

The \$146.4 million increase, or 98.4%, in deferred outflows of resources was primarily the combination of an increase in deferred pension resources (\$141.9 million) and an increase in deferred OPEB resources (\$4.7 million). The increases are the combination of the changes in plan assumptions and in projected and actual earnings on plan investments from the prior year.

Total liabilities of the County increased \$397.3 million, or 28.2%. The main contributor to the increase was the County's net pension liability. Due to reduced investment assets and changes to actuarial assumptions the net pension liability increased \$326.3 million. Additionally, bonds and notes payable increased \$45.2 million primarily due to the issuance of the 2022 Series A and B Lease Revenue Bonds. The debt issuance was used to refund the 2012 Certificate of Participation debt and fund the construction of co-located emergency dispatch center, a new probation building, and rehabilitation of the Cayucos Veterans Hall. Lastly, the lease liability increased \$33.3 million due to the County's Department of Social Services entering into a new office building lease.

Deferred inflows of resources decreased \$118.2 million, or 79.8%. The decrease is primarily due to changes in the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments from the prior year.

Unrestricted net position indicates the portion of net position which may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The recording of the County's pension liability, per the requirements of GASB 68, and the recording of the County's OPEB liability per the requirements of GASB 75, caused the County's unrestricted net position to remain negative indicating that the majority of the County's net position is invested in capital assets or otherwise restricted for use.

The most significant portion of the County's net position is net investment of capital assets of \$1,522,954. This amount reflects investment in capital assets (e.g., land and easements, structures and improvements, infrastructure, and equipment), less any outstanding related debt used to acquire those assets, and less any construction related payables. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The remaining \$173,086, or 11.3%, of the balance of the County's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County reported positive balances for business-type activities in all net position categories.

In total, the County's net position decreased \$12.7 million. Total net position for governmental activities decreased \$17.0 million and total net position for business-type activities increased \$4.3 million due to normal operating activities.

Net Investment in Capital Assets for governmental and business-type activities increased a net of \$9.1 million. Governmental activities increased \$13.0 million. The increase related to road microsurfacing, overlay, and chip seal projects as well as retrofitting the existing bridge on Lopez Drive over Lopez Lake (\$1.8 million), reconfiguring of the Avila Beach Dr/Hwy 101 Interchange (\$357 thousand) and replacing the existing bridge on Huasna Road over Arroyo Grande Creek (\$251 thousand). Other notable governmental activity projects include construction of the Nipomo Skate Park (\$2.7 million), continuing construction of the co-located emergency dispatch center (\$2.2 million) and rehabilitation of the Cayucos Veterans Hall. Business-type activities net investment decreased \$3.9 million primarily due to the Airport Fund adjusting the useful life or retiring several capital assets.

Restricted net position represents net position of the County which is subject to constraints imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, or regulations. Total *restricted net position* was \$173.1 million, a 75.7% increase over the prior year. The increase is primarily attributable to the issuance of the 2022 Series A and B Lease Revenue Bonds. The debt issuance increased restricted net position related to debt service by \$72.9 million. The remaining change to net position was the net difference between the *General Government, Public Protection, Health and Sanitation, Public Assistance, Public Ways and Facilities, Recreation and Cultural Services,* and *Education* functions (\$1.7 million). This change was primarily attributable to variance in purchase obligations, claims, contracts, and enabling legislation from the prior year.

There was a decrease of \$96.4 million in *Unrestricted net position* reported in connection with the Total Primary Government. This category represents the portion of the County's net position which is not subject to constraints imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, or regulations. When positive, this amount may be used to meet the County's general obligations.

The table on the next page indicates the changes in net position for governmental and business-type activities:

Table B **Statement of Activities** For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (in thousands)

		June 30, 2023							2022-2023				
	_	Govern-		Business-		Total	-	Govern-	Total	Total			
		mental		Type		Primary		mental		Type		Primary	%
	_	Activities	_	Activities		Government	_	Activities		Activities		Government	Change
Revenues:													
Program revenues:													
Charges for services	\$	64,978	\$	61,648	\$	126,626	\$	58,805	\$	58,252	\$	117,057	8.2%
Operating grants and													
contributions		368,652		5,622		374,274		325,854		5,846		331,700	12.8%
Capital grants and													
contributions		6,371		963		7,334		12,449		15,106		27,555	(73.4%)
General revenues:													
Property taxes		235,064		4,944		240,008		216,107		4,380		220,487	8.9%
Other taxes		37,417		-		37,417		41,804		-		41,804	(10.5%)
Interest and investment													
income		13,395		1,814		15,209		(16,312)		(1,333)		(17,645)	(186.2%)
Grants not restricted to													
specific programs		5,334		-		5,334		9,001		-		9,001	(40.7%)
Other revenues		306		5,282		5,588		1,424		1,148		2,572	117.3%
	_		_		-		-		-		-		
Total revenues		731,517		80,273		811,790		649,132		83,399		732,531	10.8%
Expenses:	_		_		-		-		-		-		
General government		37,088		-		37,088		54,592		-		54,592	(32.1%)
Public protection		254,728		_		254,728		204,993		_		204,993	24.3%
Public ways and facilities		55,375		_		55,375		35,995		_		35,995	53.8%
Health and sanitation		152,565		-		152,565		132,713		-		132,713	15.0%
Public assistance		201,741		-		201,741		132,751		_		132,751	52.0%
Education		15,256		-		15,256		11,930		_		11,930	27.9%
Recreation and cultural		,				•		,				,	
services		13,754		_		13,754		12,310		_		12,310	11.7%
Interest on long-term		13,734				13,734		12,510				12,310	11.770
debt		11,299		_		11,299		7,947		_		7,947	42.2%
Airport		11,233		26,498		26,498		7,547		11,366		11,366	133.1%
Golf		_		4,884		4,884		_		4,231		4,231	15.4%
State Water Contract				6,882		6,882		_		5,924		5,924	16.2%
Nacimiento Water				0,002		0,002				3,324		3,324	10.270
Contract		_		14,170		14,170		_		13,889		13,889	2.0%
Lopez Flood Control				7,708		7,708		_		6,941		6,941	11.1%
Lopez Park				7,700		7,700		_		0,541		0,541	11.1/0
General Flood Control				1,490		1,490		_		1,521		1,521	(2.0%)
County Service Areas				7,340		7,340		_		5,636		5,636	30.2%
Los Osos Wastewater		_		12,597		12,597		_		11,663		11,663	8.0%
LOS OSOS Wastewater	_		-	12,557	-	12,557	-		-	11,003	-	11,003	8.070
Total expenses		741,806		81,569		823,375		593,231		61,171		654,402	25.8%
Excess/(deficiency)	_	741,000	-	81,303	-	023,373	-	333,231	-	01,171	-	034,402	25.070
before transfers		(10,289)		(1 206)		(11,585)		55,901		22,228		78,129	(114.8%)
before transfers		(10,269)		(1,296)		(11,363)		55,901		22,220		70,129	(114.0%)
Transfers		(6,696)		6,696		_		(213)		213		_	_
Hansiers	_	(0,030)	-	0,030	-		-	(213)	-	213	-		
Change in net position		(16,985)		5,400		(11,585)		55,688		22,441		78,129	(114.8%)
change in het position		(10,505)		3,400		(11,505)		33,000		22,771		,0,123	(114.070)
Net position - beginning													
of year, as restated		1,122,167		415,053		1,537,220		1,066,479		393,767		1,460,246	5.3%
5. 15a., 35 restated	_	_,,	-	.13,033	-	2,557,220	-	2,000,170	-	333,707	-	2, .50,2 10	3.370
Net position - end of year	Ś	1,105,182	\$	420,453	\$	1,525,635	\$	1,122,167	\$	416,208	\$	1,538,375	(0.8%)
5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5 5.5	´ =	_,0,_02	· * =	.20, .00	* =	_,	· ´=	_,,	· * =		· *	_,,_	(0.070)

Analysis of Governmental and Business-type Activities

Governmental Activities

Governmental Activities decreased the County's net position by \$17.0 million compared to an increase of \$55.7 million in the prior year.

Overall, total revenues for governmental activities increased \$82.4 million, or 12.7%. Significant factors contributing to the overall increase in revenues from the prior year are detailed below:

- Charges for Services increased \$6.2 million, or 10.5%, due to cable, gas & electric, garbage, and petroleum franchise fee revenue increasing a combined 11.5%. Additionally, building permits and plan check revenue increased 27.4%. Total building permits issued for the year were 4,577 which was a 13.5% increase from the prior year, indicating increased housing construction activity in the County.
- Operating Grants and Contributions increased by \$42.8 million, or 13.1%. The County recognized \$17.3 million of American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) revenue in FY 22-23: \$8.2 million was spent on restoration of government services; \$2.6 million was spent on public health; \$2.6 million was spent on housing projects and homeless programs; and \$3.0 million was spent on business, childcare, and non-profit grant programs. Total ARPA revenue recognized increased \$10.6 million over the prior year. Additionally, Public Assistance revenue increased \$13.3 million mainly due to the County receiving Homeless Housing, Assistance and Prevention (HHAP) grant program aid to address immediate homelessness challenges, develop a unified regional response to homelessness, and to continue efforts to end and prevent homelessness in our community.
- ❖ *Property Taxes* rose \$19.0 million, or 8.8% over the prior year, a function of the regular 2% increase in assessed property value allowed by California's Proposition 13 and increasing property values on new sales.
- ❖ Interest Earnings Not Restricted to Specific Programs increased \$29.7 million primarily due to increased rates of return on County Treasury investments.

Overall, total expenses for governmental activities increased \$148.6 million, or 25.0%. Notable factors contributing to the overall increase in expenses from the prior year are detailed below:

- Changes to the County's pension liability caused the largest increase in governmental activities expenses. The total increase in expenses caused by changes in net pension liability, deferred outflows, and deferred inflows was \$55.1 million. The *General Government* increase was \$9.4 million, the *Public Protection* increase was \$28.5 million, the *Health and Sanitation* increase was \$11.3 million, the *Public Assistance* increase was \$15.2 million, and the *Education* increase was \$2.1 million.
- Public Protection expenses increased \$49.7 million, or 24.3%. Payments to local cities and community services districts funded through the Integrated Regional Water Management program totaled \$2.3 million. These funds are to improve regional water self-reliance security and adapt to effects on water supply arising out of climate change. Additionally, negotiated salary increases across the function were \$9.5 million and contracted fire services increased \$4.2 million.
- ❖ Public Ways and Facilities expenses increased \$19.4 million, or 53.8%. Rainstorms occurring between December 2022 and March 2023 caused unprecedented damage to County roads and other infrastructure. The increase in expenses related to repair costs caused by the storms.
- ❖ Public Assistance expenses increased \$69.0 million, or 52.0%. Support services for housing and homeless programs as well as in-home support services both increased over the prior year. Professional services for the Department of Social Services increased \$2.4 million and professional services for Law Enforcement Medical Care increased \$1.7 million.
- Recreation and Cultural Services expenses increased \$1.4 million, or 11.7%. The increase related to construction costs of the Nipomo Skate Park.

For FY 2022-23, the County was able to maintain its funding of General Fund contingencies at a level of 5%, while still making investments in the many programs and services provided to the community.

Business-type Activities

Business-type activities increased the County's net position by \$5.4 million compared to an increase of \$22.4 million in the previous year. Expenses exceeding revenues by \$1.3 million, and net transfers of \$6.7 million resulted in the total increase to net position. Key elements of current year business-type activity are as follows:

Total revenue decreased \$3.1 million, or 3.7% from the preceding year.

- ❖ Total Airport revenue decreased \$10.1 million. The decrease was related the Airport Fund receiving federal aid in fiscal year 2021-22 of \$12.3 million for the rehabilitation of the San Luis Obispo County Airport runway. Passenger enplanements increased 23.5% over the prior year which led to increased revenue for fuel flowage, ground transportation, parking fees, landing fees, passenger facility charges, and customer facility. Revenue for Fees, Fines, and Charges for Services increased \$2.4 million from fiscal year 2021-22.
- The Nacimiento Water Contract Fund revenue decreased \$1.1 million due to reduced water sales revenue.
- County Service Area Fund revenue increased \$761 thousand due to increased water sales revenue.

Expenses for business-type activities increased \$20.4 million, or 33.3% from the prior year.

- ❖ Total Airport expenses increased \$15.1 million. The majority of the difference relates to increased depreciation expense being recorded as several capital assets belonging to the Airport Fund were either retired or had their useful lives reduced to align with Federal Aviation Administration guidelines. Due to these changes an additional \$12.1 million in depreciation expense was recorded.
- County Service Area Fund expenses increased \$1.7 million due to increased operational costs to provide water services.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENT ANALYSIS

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the County's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is beneficial in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, total fund balance less the nonspendable portion may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. Total fund balance consists of the following components (see footnote 11 for additional detail):

- Nonspendable fund balance, \$6,782, increased \$118 thousand, or 1.8% from the prior year. Nonspendable fund balance represents amounts that are not spendable in form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, and includes (1) inventories of \$121, (2) prepaid items of \$743, and (3) long-term receivables of \$5,918. The increase from the prior year primarily relates to additional prepaid rent payments.
- Restricted fund balance, \$154,279, increased \$73.7 million, or 91.5%, from the prior year. Restricted fund balance represents amounts that are subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, regulations, or enabling legislation. Significant components of this balance include amounts restricted for (1) tax reduction reserves of \$3,990 (2) public protection programs of \$11,253, (3) Mental Health Services Act funds of \$2,774, (4) public facilities funds of \$13,862, (5) traffic impact programs of \$12,166, (6) automation projects of \$2,344, and (7) debt service of \$95,930. The increase is attributable to additional restricted cash for the 2022 Lease Revenue Bonds Series A and B issuance proceeds.

- Committed fund balance, \$311,551, increased \$816 thousand, or 0.3%, from the prior year. Committed fund balance represents amounts with constraints imposed by the Board of Supervisors for specified purposes. Significant components of this balance include commitments for (1) flood control programs, \$13,209, (2) tax reduction reserve, \$59,160, (3) automation projects, \$21,452, (4) roads, \$20,010, (5) building replacement, \$51,208, (6) solar plant mitigation, \$15,640, (7) capital projects, \$17,281, (8) SB 1090 economic development, \$10,890 and (9) COVID-19 services, \$5,529. The increase from the prior year was the combination of increased building replacement (\$4.1 million) and tax reduction reserve commitments (\$16.8 million) and decreased COVID-19 services commitments (\$12.2 million) and general reserves (\$6.0 million).
- Assigned fund balance, \$199,196, increased \$9.2 million, or 4.8%, from the prior year. Assigned fund balance represents amounts the County intends to use for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. Significant components of this balance include (1) behavioral health programs, \$22,431, (2) tax reduction reserve, \$29,015, (3) general government, \$8,621, (4) social services programs, \$30,633, and (5) subsequent fiscal year budget, \$50,788. The largest changes in the assigned fund balance category were increases to tax reductions reserves, public protection programs, and public assistance programs.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$671,808, an increase of 14.2%, or \$83.8 million in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 76.0% of the total fund balance, or \$510,747 is available to meet the County's current and future needs.

General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. As of the end of the current fiscal year, spendable fund balance (restricted, committed, and assigned) of the General Fund was \$448,626 while total fund balance reached \$455,399. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it is useful to compare both total fund balance and spendable fund balance to total fund expenditures of \$638.7 million. Spendable fund balance represents 70.2% of the total fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 71.3% of the same amount, a 5.7% decrease from the prior year. During the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the General Fund increased by \$18.5 million.

The following provides an explanation for significant contributors to the change in the General Fund's fund balance.

- ❖ Total revenues exceeded total expenditures by \$23.8 million, which was a \$14.6 million decrease from the prior year.
- ❖ General Fund revenues increased \$56.4 million, or 9.3% over the prior year. The fund saw increases in every revenue category but the largest increases from the prior year were to taxes (\$8.2 million), use of money and property (\$21.0 million), and aid from other governments (\$21.4 million). Increases in tax revenues was due to increases in assessed property values, resulting in increased property tax revenue. The increase in the use of money and property revenue resulted from rising interest rate returns on Treasury investments. The increase in governmental aid was due to the County recognizing \$17.3 million in American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA), a \$10.6 million increase in ARPA recognized revenue from the prior fiscal year. Additionally, the County recognized \$2.9 million in FEMA claim reimbursement associated with COVID-19 expenditures and received \$4.5 million in additional federal aid for welfare administration.
- ❖ Total expenditure in the General Fund increased \$71.0 million, or 12.5%, from the prior year. The primary expenditure functions contributing to the increase were *General Government*, \$11.5 million, *Public Protection*, \$16.7 million, and *Public Assistance*, \$55.4 million. These increases were offset by a decrease in *Health and Sanitation* expenditures of \$17.7 million. The increase in *General Government* was primarily due to negotiated salary increases and payments to other agencies for ARPA program grants and a housing and homeless project grant. The increase in *Public Protection* expenditure was due to negotiated salary increase and additional costs associated with the County's contract with Cal-Fire for fire protection services. The increase to *Public Assistance* is mainly due to the Department of Social Services entering into a new 35-year agreement for a 20,000 square foot office building and the decrease to *Health and Sanitation* was the recognition of lease agreements in the prior year.

Capital Projects

The Capital Projects Fund handles construction projects for the County's governmental funds. The fund ended the fiscal year with a total fund balance of \$17.6 million. Capital outlay expenditures exceeded revenues by \$10.1 million and net transfers totaled \$9.3 million. The combination of these two factors resulted in a \$738 thousand decrease in fund balance for the current year. Funding for specific projects comes primarily from the use of designations, public facilities fees, issuance of long-term debt, and aid from other government agencies. The General Fund transferred \$4.7 million to the Capital Projects Fund for various capital projects including \$1.4 million for roof renovations and \$702 thousand for the Cuesta Peak communications tower. The Public Facilities Corporation Debt Service Fund transferred in \$1.4 million of debt proceeds to offset construction costs for the new Animal Services Facility, co-located emergency dispatch center, Cayucos Veterans Hall rehabilitation, and new Probation Department office building. Significant current year activities of the Capital Projects Fund are discussed in the Capital Assets section under governmental activities.

Governmental Fund Revenues

Revenues for all governmental funds combined totaled \$752.2 million in the current fiscal year, an increase of approximately 11.3%, or \$76.3 million, from the prior fiscal year revenues of \$675.9 million.

The following table presents the amount of revenues from various sources and also displays increases or decreases from the prior year.

Table C
Revenues Classified by Source
Governmental Funds
Fund Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023
(in thousands)

		2022-20)23		2021-20)22	Increase/(De	Decrease)	
			Percent			Percent		Percent	
		Amount	of Total	A	Amount	of Total	Amount	Change	
Revenues by Source:									
Taxes	\$	270,790	36.0%	\$	261,163	38.6%	\$ 9,627	3.7%	
Licenses, Permits, and									
Franchises		15,478	2.1%		12,597	1.9%	2,881	22.9%	
Fines, Forfeitures, and									
Penalties		4,297	0.6%		4,304	0.6%	(7)	(0.2%)	
Use of Money and									
Property		13,346	1.8%		(14,773)	(2.2%)	28,119	(190.3%)	
Aid from Governmental									
Agencies		378,339	50.2%		350,382	51.8%	27,957	8.0%	
Charges for Current									
Services		55,512	7.4%		49,498	7.4%	6,014	12.1%	
Other Revenues	-	14,429	1.9%		12,734	1.9%	1,695	13.3%	
Total	\$	752,191	100.0%	\$	675,905	100.0%	\$ 76,286	11.3%	

The following provides an explanation of revenues by source that changed significantly over the prior year in the governmental funds.

- ❖ *Taxes* increased \$9.6 million, or 3.7% primarily due to the regular 2% increase in assessed property value allowed by California's Proposition 13.
- ❖ Licenses, Permits, and Franchises increased slightly by \$2.9 million, or 22.9%, over the prior year. This is largely due to a \$1.5 million increase in revenue associated with permits for mechanical, electric, and plumbing. There were also large increases in franchise fee revenue for gas and electric as well as plot plans revenue. The remaining change was associated with various departmental fee revenue.

- Use of Money and Property increased \$28.1 million over the prior year. This increase is primarily due to investment interest earnings exceeding any changes in the fair market value of investments.
- ❖ Aid from Governmental Agencies increased \$28.0 million, or 8.0%. The County received \$5 million more in state aid and \$22.6 million more in federal aid. Increased state aid was primarily for veteran's affairs and waterway management programs, as well as state awarded grants. The increase in federal aid was primarily due to an increase in State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (SLFRF) that were received to respond to the COVID-19 Public Health emergency and to deal with negative economic impacts locally. There was also an increase in federal welfare administration revenue and federal pass-through grants.
- Charges for Services increased \$6.0 million, or 12.1%. This increase is due to increased payments from other funds for debt services, capital assets, and other interfund services. The increase is also from increased payments from other various services.

Governmental Fund Expenditures

Expenditures for all governmental funds combined totaled \$764.8 million in the current fiscal year an increase of approximately 14.4%, or \$96.4 million, from the prior fiscal year expenditures of \$668.4 million.

The following table presents expenditures by function for Governmental Funds, as well as the increase or decrease from the prior year.

Table D Expenditures by Function Including Capital Outlay Governmental Funds Fund Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

(in thousands)

	2022-20)23	2021-20)22		Increase/(De	crease)
		Percent		Percent			Percent
	Amount	of Total	Amount	of Total		Amount	Change
Expenditures by Function:							
General Government	\$ 75,027	9.8%	\$ 63,569	9.5%	\$	11,458	18.0%
Public Protection	233,444	30.4%	212,388	31.6%		21,056	9.9%
Public Ways and Facilities	58,016	7.6%	39,124	5.9%		18,892	48.3%
Health and Sanitation	140,568	18.4%	157,490	23.6%		(16,922)	(10.7%)
Public Assistance	188,616	24.7%	133,275	19.9%		55,341	41.5%
Education	14,199	1.9%	15,712	2.4%		(1,513)	(9.6%)
Recreation and Cultural Services	16,685	2.2%	12,420	1.9%		4,265	34.3%
Principal payments	13,067	1.7%	9,137	1.4%		3,930	43.0%
Interest on Long-Term Debt	10,581	1.4%	7,895	1.2%		2,686	34.1%
Capital outlay	14,563	1.9%	17,376	2.6%	_	(2,813)	(16.2%)
Total	\$ 764,766	100.0%	\$ 668,386	100.0%	\$	96,380	14.4%

The following provides an explanation of the expenditures by function that changed significantly over the prior year.

- ❖ General Government increased \$11.5 million, or 18.0%, primarily due to salary and wage increases. An additional \$2.1 million in expenditure was also recorded for SBITA agreements. These SBITA agreements began being recorded with the implementation of GASB Statement No. 96, SBITA, in FY 2022-23. \$3.1 million was also paid to external agencies, related to State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (SLFRF).
- ❖ Public Protection increased \$21.1 million, or 9.9%, primarily due to salary and wage increases and increased costs associated with the County's contract with Cal-Fire for fire protection services. An additional \$2.3 million in expenditure was related to Integrated Regional Water Management (IRWM) payments.

- Public Ways and Facilities expenditures increased \$18.9 million, or 48.3%. Expenditures primarily consist of various road improvement projects. The increase in expenditure is largely related to repairing roads that were damaged during the year from two large storms that had federal emergency declarations.
- ❖ Health and Sanitation expenditures decreased \$16.9 million, or 10.7%. This is mainly due to Health Agency lease agreements that were recorded in the prior year due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87.
- Public Assistance expenditure increased \$55.3 million, or 41.5%. Of which, \$36.8 million is related to a new Social Services Department office building lease agreement. Additionally, support services for housing and homeless programs as well as in-home support services both increased over the prior year. Professional services for the Department of Social Services increased \$2.4 million and professional services for Law Enforcement Medical Care increased \$1.7 million.

Proprietary Funds

The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The following table shows actual revenues, expenses, and results of operations for the 2022-23 fiscal year.

Table E Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Results of Operations Proprietary Funds Fund Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

(in thousands)

			N	laior	Funds			Nonmajor Funds		Total
	Airport		Nacimiento Water Contract		State Water Project	Los Osos Wastewater	-	Other Enterprise Funds	-	Total Enterprise
Operating revenues	\$ 11,809	\$	20,296	\$	7,829	\$ 7,431	\$	19,612	\$	66,977
Operating expenses	26,091	i.	7,581		6,832	9,174	-	20,183	_	69,861
Operating income (loss)	(14,282)	·	12,715		997	(1,743)	_	(571)	_	(2,884)
Non-operating revenues (expenses), net	5,813		(5,814)		2,980	(3,218)	_	1,443	-	1,204
Net income (loss) before contributions and transfers	(8,469)		6,901		3,977	(4,961)		872		(1,680)
Contributions and transfers, net	(302)			-	6,281	1,129	_	551	-	7,659
Change in net position	\$ (8,771)	\$	6,901	\$	10,258	\$ (3,832)	\$	1,423	\$	5,979

All the enterprise funds are expected to continue to meet their ongoing cost of operations and to be able to maintain sufficient reserves in the long-term.

- ❖ The Airport Fund reported an operating loss of \$14.3 million, a \$12.3 million increase from the prior year's operating loss of \$2.0 million. Operating revenues increased by \$2.4 million compared to the prior year, indicating strong demand for commercial passenger travel. Total passenger enplanement activity increased 23.7% over the prior year. Additionally, revenue for rents, concessions, and parking all increased over the prior year. The primary cause of the increase in operating loss was due to increased depreciation expense. Several capital assets either had their useful life reduced or were retired resulting in increased depreciation expense being recorded. Net position decreased by \$8.8 million compared to an increase in net position of \$15.4 million in the prior year.
- The Nacimiento Water Contract Fund realized operating income of \$12.7 million, a \$2.5 million increase from the prior year's operating income of \$10.2 million. The increase is primarily attributable to the receipt of a \$4.7 million settlement for leak repairs to the Nacimiento water pipeline. The overall increase to operating income was partially reduced by decreased water sales of \$1.1 million and increased operating and maintenance costs of \$477 thousand. Overall net position increased \$6.9 million compared to an increase in net position of \$3.6 million in the prior year.
- The State Water Project Fund realized operating income of \$1.0 million, a \$400 thousand decrease from the prior year's operating income of \$1.4 million. While water sales increased \$608 thousand, operating expenses also increased \$943 thousand. The fund also received a \$6.3 million transfer from the Flood Control Zone Special Revenue Fund for the sale of the unallocated portion of the Flood Control District's State Water from 2008 to 2014. Overall, net position increased by \$10.3 million, which is an increase of \$6.4 million over the prior year.
- ❖ The Los Osos Wastewater Fund reported an operating loss of \$1.7 million, an increase of \$647 thousand when compared to the prior year's operating loss of \$1.1 million. The wastewater plant began full-service operations in FY 2016-17. While operating revenues remained relatively similar to the prior year, operating expenses to operate and maintain the plant increased \$939 thousand. Overall net position decreased \$3.8 million, which is \$2.1 million more than the prior year's decrease to net position of \$1.8 million.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The original budget for expenditures and transfers out increased by \$120.6 million, or 18.2%, during the year, leading to the final amended budget. This increase was funded by increases to both budgeted revenues and transfers-in (\$73.0 million) and the uses of reserves and designations for the balance. Unanticipated revenues totaling \$67.2 million in State, Federal, and Other Governmental Aid, \$3.4 million in Other Revenue, \$762 thousand in Interfund Revenues, \$670 thousand in Charges for Current Services, \$500 thousand in Licenses, Permits, and Franchises, \$296 thousand in Fines, Forfeitures, and Penalties, and \$162 thousand in Other Financing Sources financed the budget augmentations.

General Government function augmentations of \$58.2 million consisted of \$15.3 million in American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) augmentations, \$17.2 million in augmentations toward capital projects and maintenance and upgrades to County facilities, \$7.3 million in augmentations in payments to other agencies, and the remaining augmentations went to various General Fund departments for salaries and benefits and services and supplies. Public Protection function augmentations of \$23.0 million were primarily divided among Sheriff-Coroner program augmentations of \$7.4 million, County Fire which received \$7.9 million in augmentations, Planning and Building program augmentations of \$3.2 million, Office of Emergency Services program augmentations of \$1.5 million, Probation program augmentations of \$1.2 million, Waste Management program augmentations of \$718 thousand, District Attorney program augmentations of \$648 thousand, and the remaining smaller augmentations were for the Public Defender, Animal Services, and Agricultural Commissioner's programs. Health and Sanitation function augmentations of \$15.1 million were divided between Public Health program augmentations of \$8.1 million and Behavioral Health program augmentations of \$7.0 million. The \$17.7 million increase in the Public Assistance function relates almost entirely to Social Services including CalWORKS assistance, law enforcement medical care and veteran services' programs. Recreation augmentations of \$2.3 million were primarily for Parks related capital projects. Public Ways and Facilities augmentations of \$2.3 million were primarily for Development Services and Groundwater Sustainability payments.

At the close of the fiscal year, actual General Fund expenditures were 81.9% of the current budget, while General Fund revenues were realized at 92.0% of budget.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

On June 30, 2023, the County had \$2.0 billion invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, systems improvements, machinery and equipment, park facilities, golf courses, airport facilities, roads, bridges, dams, water and sewer lines, and intangible right-to-use assets (see Table F). This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$37.5 million, or 1.9%, from last year.

Table F Capital Assets June 30, 2023 (in thousands)

_ .

		Govern- mental Activities		Govern- mental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total Capital Assets		Total Capital Assets	Total
		June 30,		June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,		June 30,	Percent
	_	2022		2023	2022	2023	2022	-	2023	Change
Land	\$	796,039	\$	796,050	\$ 36,718	\$ 36,718	\$ 832,757 \$	5	832,768	0.0%
Water Rights		-		-	68,244	72,319	68,244		72,319	6.0%
Other Property Non-Depreciable		-		-	1,968	1,968	1,968		1,968	-
Construction-in- progress		67,532		65,871	3,489	4,974	71,021		70,845	(0.2%)
Structures &										
Improvements		281,671		312,615	225,568	228,663	507,239		541,278	6.7%
Equipment		108,959		112,616	11,134	12,629	120,093		125,245	4.3%
Other Property Depreciable		1,258		1,258	554	554	1,812		1,812	
Бергеставле		1,236		1,236	334	334	1,012		1,012	_
Infrastructure Depreciable		457,561		465,617	385,272	385,317	842,833		850,934	1.0%
Lease Assets		95,938		134,513	336	336	96,274		134,849	40.1%
Subscription Assets	=	-	•	5,104	 	297		-	5,401	100.0%
Subtotal	=	1,808,958		1,893,644	 733,283	743,775	2,542,241		2,637,419	3.7%
Less Accumulated Depreciation		(454,095)		(477,254)	(142,750)	(167,800)	(596,845)		(645,054)	8.1%
Less Accumulated Amortization	_	(4,988)	-	(14,229)	 (87)	(276)	(5,075)		(14,505)	185.8%
Total	\$_	1,349,875	\$	1,402,161	\$ 590,446	\$ 575,699	\$ 1,940,321 \$; <u> </u>	1,977,860	1.9%

The County implemented GASB Statement No. 96 and began reporting right-to-use subscription-based IT assets (\$5.4 million) and accumulated amortization. The assets represent the County's right-to-use underlying information technology software, alone or in combination with tangible capital assets, of software vendors.

Major additions and future commitments in capital assets - Governmental Activities

County Roads had the majority of additions in governmental activities with \$14.2 million worth of assets. Microsurfacing, overlay, and chip seal projects throughout the County comprised most of the road additions. Other major roads projects include retrofitting the existing bridge on Lopez Drive over Lopez Lake (\$1.8 million), reconfiguring of the Avila Beach Dr/Hwy 101 Interchange to reduce traffic delays (\$357 thousand), replacing the existing bridge on Huasna Road over Arroyo Grande Creek (\$251 thousand), and replacing Jack Creek Road Bridge in Templeton (\$254 thousand).

Other notable capital asset additions during fiscal year 2022-23 include construction of the Nipomo Skate Park (\$2.7 million), continued construction of the co-located emergency dispatch project (\$2.2 million), rehabilitation of the Cayucos Veterans Hall (\$1.8 million), and migration to the CalMHSA (Mental Health Services Act) statewide electronic health record system (\$1.5 million).

Major additions and future commitments in capital assets - Business-type Activities

The Airport completed work on resurfacing of the taxiway and apron (\$4.6 million) and also purchased an aircraft rescue fire fighting crash truck to assist in rescue situations (\$1.1 million).

More detailed information about the County's capital assets is presented in Notes 4 and 5 in the financial statements.

Debt Administration

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County of San Luis Obispo had total notes, bonds, and leases payable of \$640.1 million. In July 2003, the County issued pension obligation bonds to refund the unfunded actuarial accrued liability due to the Pension Trust. The balance remaining on the County's pension obligation bonds at the end of fiscal year 2022-23 was \$79.5 million. The pension obligation bonds debt service payments are funded by County payroll benefits.

The remainder of the County's debt consists of \$22.6 million in certificates of participation, which are repaid from a variety of revenues; \$82.1 million in state and other loans; \$69.7 million in assessment bonds, of which, \$69.4 million related to the Los Osos Wastewater Project; \$152.4 million in revenue bonds which are repaid with water service revenue; \$126.5 million in lease agreements, \$2.8 million in subscription-based IT arrangements, and \$98.4 million in lease revenue bonds for debt refunding and construction of multiple capital projects, including an animal services facility, a co-located emergency dispatch center, a new probation building, and rehabilitation of the Cayucos Veterans Hall. General Obligation Bonds totaling \$5.9 million are backed by the full faith and credit of the County.

Table G Outstanding Debt June 30, 2023

(in thousands)

	Govern- mental Activities June 30, 2022		Govern- mental Activities June 30, 2023	Business- Type Activities June 30, 2022		Business- Type Activities June 30, 2023		Total June 30, 2022	Total June 30, 2023	Total Percent Change
Certificates of		-			_		_			
Participation	\$ 10,657	\$	3,205	\$ 9,409	\$	6,120	\$	20,066	\$ 9,325	(53.5%)
Certificates of										
Participation from										
Direct Borrowings	8,163		7,973	5,455		5,351		13,618	13,324	(2.2%)
Pension Obligation										
Bonds	85,112		79,516	-		-		85,112	79,516	(6.6%)
State Notes from										
Direct Borrowings	1,426		1,264	84,528		80,701		85,954	81,965	(4.6%)
Other Notes from				100		100		100	466	(45.00()
Direct Borrowings	-		-	196		166		196	166	(15.3%)
Lease Revenue	22.022		06.775			4 620		22.022	00.444	227 20/
Bonds Revenue	23,032		96,775	-		1,639		23,032	98,414	327.3%
Bonds				157,815		152,400		157,815	152,400	(3.4%)
General Obligation	-		-	137,613		132,400		137,613	132,400	(3.470)
Bonds	_		_	6,538		5,942		6,538	5,942	(9.1%)
Assessment				0,550		3,342		0,550	3,342	(3.170)
Bonds	344		294	70,978		69,437		71,322	69,731	(2.2%)
				-,-		, -		,-	,	(,
Leases	92,248		126,334	250		164		92,498	126,498	36.8%
SBITA	-		2,614	-		199		-	2,813	100.0%
					-		-			
Total	\$ 220,982	\$	317,975	\$ 335,169	\$	322,119	\$	556,151	\$ 640,094	15.1%

The increase from the prior year for the County's certificates of participation, notes, bonds, and leases payable was \$83.9 million, or 15.1%. During the fiscal year, the County issued the 2022 Series A and B Lease Revenue Bonds. The issuance will be used to fund capital projects as well as refund the 2012 Series A Certificate of Participation debt. The County's liability for leases increased \$34.0 million mainly due to the Department of Social Services entering into a new 35-year agreement for a 20,000 square foot office building. Additionally, the County implemented GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA), which added \$2.8 million in liabilities. Overall, total debt payments made in FY 2022-23 were \$27.1 million. Detailed debt information can be found in Note 10.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 1.25% of its net assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the County is \$854.6 million.

Other liabilities include compensated absences of \$37.0 million for governmental activities and \$579 thousand for business-type activities; landfill post-closure costs of \$8.7 million; and a self-insurance liability of \$23.5 million. More detailed information about the County's long-term debt and other long-term liabilities is presented in Note 10 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

- ❖ The County is committed to providing services with integrity, collaboration, professionalism, accountability and responsiveness, and these values are reflected in the Fiscal Year 2022-23 budget.
- ❖ The County has received various COVID-19 funding awards to support specific programs and to address issues related to the pandemic (including direct response). Significant awards and allocations include:
 - \$55.0 million in American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funds. Through June 30, 2023, \$23.9 million has been spent, with \$13.0 million being used towards restoration of government services, \$4.5 million being used for business, childcare, and non-profit grants, \$2.8 million for public health programs, \$2.7 million used for housing and homeless services, and \$900 thousand being used for water, sewer, and broadband projects.
 - \$28.3 million in Coronavirus Relief Funds through the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act.
 - \$8.1 million of Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) expense reimbursement from the beginning of the pandemic through FY 2022-23.
- ❖ As a political subdivision of the State, County operations and budget are impacted by State issues and policies at the State level. As we develop the County's FY 2023-24 budget, we are mindful of several issues at the State level that are likely to have impacts on local budgets. The Governor released his January 10, 2023, Proposed FY 2023-24 State Budget with expenditures totaling \$297 billion and a \$22.5 billion budget deficit.

On January 13, 2023, the State's Legislative Analyst's Office (LAO) released a report on the Overview of the Governor's FY 2023-24 Budget. In the report, the LAO stated, "The Governor's budget also includes estimates of multiyear revenues and spending. Under those projections, and the Governor's budget proposals, the State faces operating deficits of \$9 billion in 2024-25, \$9 billion in 2025-26, and \$4 billion in 2026-27. These figures represent future budget problems. That is, if the Governor's Budget projections are accurate, the State would have to address deficits of these amounts in each of these future years."

The LAO provided an update on February 15, 2023, reporting that it estimates that State revenues will likely be \$10 billion lower for FY 2022-23 and FY 2023-24, and that the Governor's Budget was likely unaffordable in future years.

The County receives 39 percent of its General Fund Revenue from the State. Therefore, we are and will continue to be mindful of the State's fiscal challenges and the consequential impacts on the County.

The County is home to PG&E's Diablo Canyon Nuclear Power Plant (Diablo Canyon), which produces enough energy to meet the needs of more than 3 million northern and central Californians. The plant was expected to close in 2025, however, Senate Bill 846, allows the plant to operate until 2030, and in November 2023, PG&E submitted a license application to extend the lifetime of the plant by up to 20 years. The future operation of the plant is pending review by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, but PG&E previously received approval to keep the plant operational during that review.

According to a 2013 study by the California Polytechnic State University in San Luis Obispo, Diablo Canyon, one of the largest employers in the county, contributes approximately \$1 billion annually to the local economy. In addition to unitary taxes from the value of the plant, the County receives direct funding from PG&E for emergency preparedness and response activities. PG&E also initiates a variety of expenditures including emergency equipment, infrastructure and training which provide sales tax, as well as general economic benefits to the community. The reduction in unitary taxes from Diablo Canyon was expected to occur gradually as the assessed value of the plant declines leading up to the

original closure in 2025. To lessen the effects, in part, of lost tax revenue associated with Diablo Canyon's closure Senate Bill 1090 was passed in September 2018 and approved the payment of \$85 million by PG&E to the community. The County began receiving payment of its \$34.9 million portion in FY 2018-19 and will continue to receive payments through FY 2024-25.

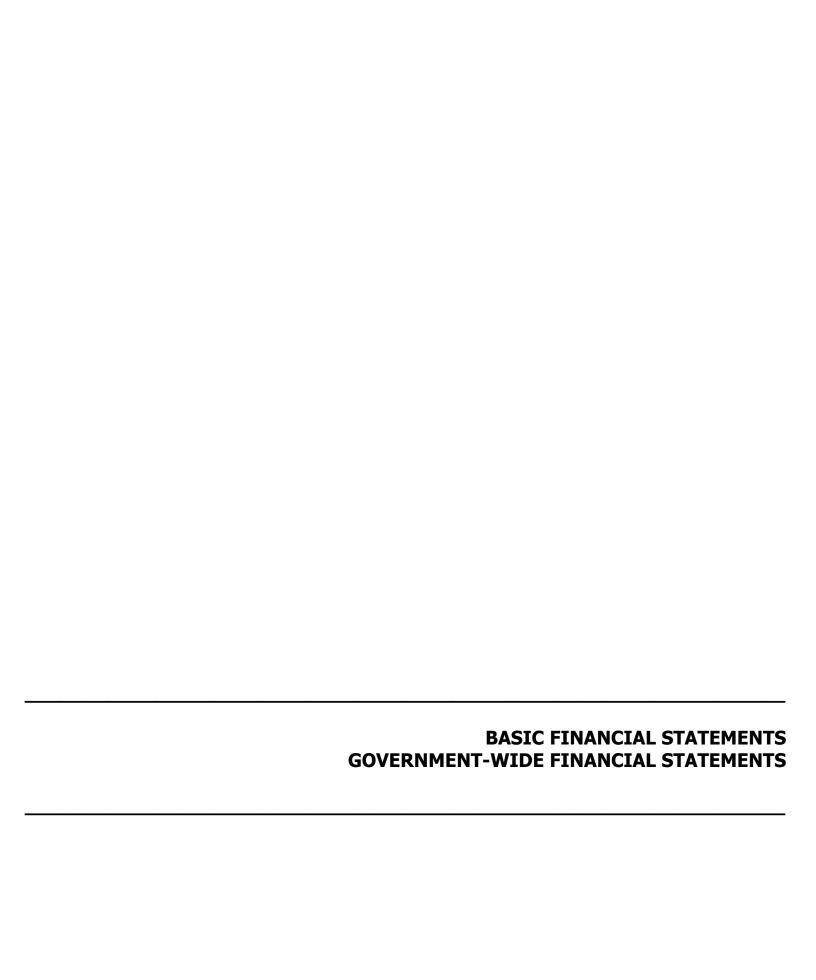
Local economic indicators:

- > Sales tax revenue for the unincorporated areas was \$15.6 million, compared to \$18.8 million in the prior year.
- County assessed property tax valuations increased from \$64.3 million to \$68.4 million, or 6.4%.
- > Transient Occupancy Tax collections were \$16.5 million, a 3.5% decrease from FY 2021-22.
- ❖ The Board of Supervisors adopted the FY 2023-24 budget in June 2023, with a \$122.5 million fund balance in the General Fund, of which \$50.8 million was appropriated to finance the current year's expenditures including contingencies. \$7.0 million was placed in general reserves, and \$61.5 million was earmarked for designations. The total General Fund budget for FY 2023-24 is \$713.7 million, a 6.2% increase from the previous year. The County budget also includes community-wide results and indicators as well as department goals and performance measures that gauge how departments are meeting the needs of the community.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to show the County's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the County Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector, Post Office Box 1149, San Luis Obispo, California 93406-1149. This report is also available online at www.slocounty.ca.gov







COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

		Primary Government		Component Unit
	Governmental	Business-Type		First 5
	Activities	Activities	Total	San Luis Obispo
ASSETS Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 692,400	\$ 88,498	\$ 780,898	\$ 9,160
Accounts receivable, net	8,113	3,726	11,839	-
Property taxes receivable	15,357	-	15,357	-
Other receivables	1,935	98,713	100,648	- 270
Due from other governments Interest receivable	55,048 1	240 16	55,288 17	2/0
Leases receivable	265	651	916	-
Deposits with others	57	86	143	4
Internal balances	11,829	(11,829)	-	-
Inventories	860	84	944	-
Prepaid items	753 30 540	424	1,177	4
Loans receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles) Total Current Assets	20,549 807,167	401 181,010	20,950 988,177	9,438
	007,107	101,010	300,177	9,430
Noncurrent Assets:	72 505	10 100	02.702	
Restricted cash with fiscal agent Leases receivable	72,585 1,630	10,198 15,727	82,783 17,357	-
Prepaid insurance	-	256	256	_
Capital Assets:		250	250	
Nondepreciable	861,921	115,979	977,900	-
Depreciable, net	414,852	459,363	874,215	-
Lease assets, net	122,779	162	122,941	75
SBITA assets, net Total Noncurrent Assets	2,609	195 601,880	2,804 2,078,256	75
	1,476,376			
Total Assets	2,283,543	782,890	3,066,433	9,513
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred pensions	269,983	3,037	273,020	127
Deferred OPEB	19,062	243	19,305	-
Deferred loss on refunding Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	289,045	2,902 6,182	<u>2,902</u> 295,227	127
	205,015	0,102	255,227	127
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	47,440	9,708	57,148	222
Salaries and benefits payable	6,153	83	6,236	2
Deposits from others	13,910	1,397	15,307	
Accrued interest	5,632	4,146	9,778	-
Other current liabilities	1,741	-	1,741	-
Unearned revenue	46,213	3,579	49,792	-
Bonds and notes payable Lease liability	14,095	12,281	26,376	-
SBITA liability	4,789 2,411	86 113	4,875 2,524	36
Compensated absences	26,268	296	26,564	6
Landfill closure/postclosure costs	1,269	-	1,269	-
Self-insurance payable	5,116		5,116	
Total Current Liabilities	175,037	31,689	206,726	266
Long-Term Liabilities:				
Net pension liability	918,503	10,335	928,838	128
Net OPEB liability	27,036	358	27,394	-
Bonds and notes payable Lease liability	174,932	309,475 78	484,407	-
SBITA liability	121,545 203	76 86	121,623 289	36
Compensated absences	10,684	283	10,967	18
Landfill closure/postclosure costs	7,476		7,476	
Self-insurance payable	18,385		18,385	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	1,278,764	320,615	1,599,379	182
Total Liabilities	1,453,801	352,304	1,806,105	448
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred pensions	1,008	11	1,019	2
Deferred OPEB	10,330	137	10,467	-
Deferred bond refunding	453	450	903	-
Deferred amounts related to leases	1,814	15,717	17,531	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	13,605	16,315	29,920	2
NET POSITION	4 222 222	202.002	4 500 054	2
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	1,229,892	293,062	1,522,954	3
General government	10,548		10,548	_
Public protection	21,140	-	21,140	-
Health and sanitation	18,706	-	18,706	· -
Public assistance	2,750	-	2,750	2
Public ways and facilities	26,634	-	26,634	-
Recreation and cultural services	3,093	-	3,093	-
Education	204	-	204	-
Debt service Unrestricted	90,011	127 201	90,011	0.105
	(297,796)	127,391	(170,405)	9,185
Total Net Position	\$ 1,105,182	\$ 420,453	\$ 1,525,635	\$ 9,190

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

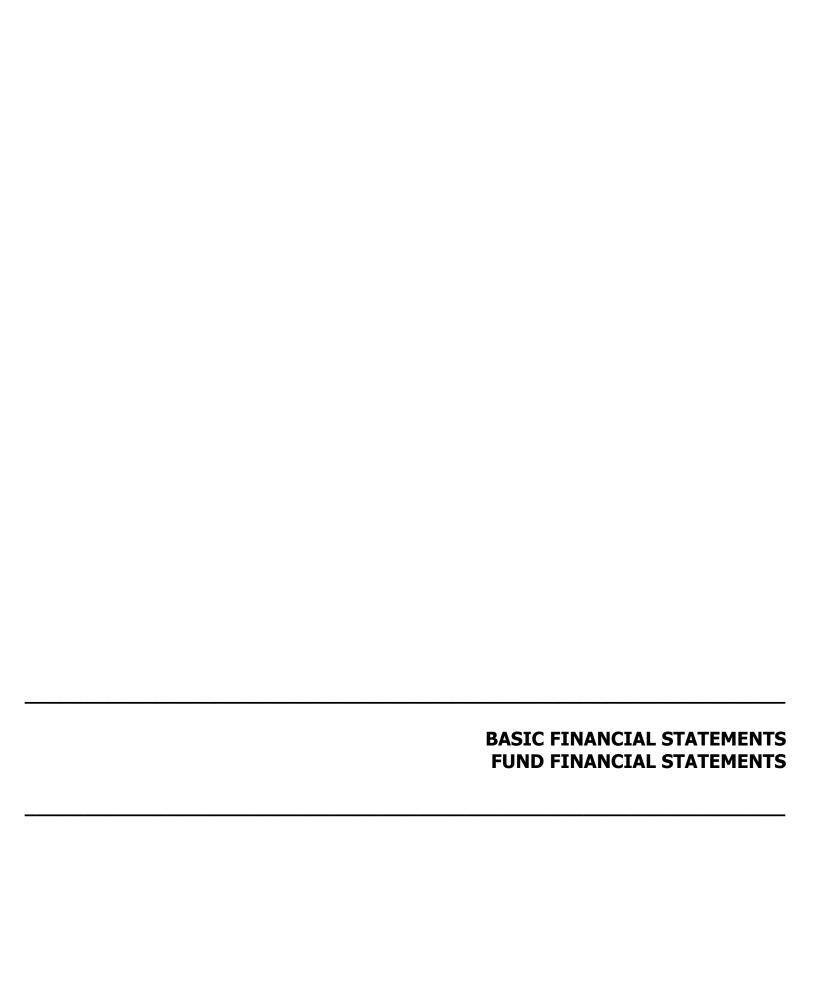
	Program Revenues									
Functions/Programs	<u>E</u>	xpenses	and	es, Fines, d Charges · Services	Gr	perating rants and ntributions	Gra	apital ints and ributions		Total
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$	37,088	\$	16,808	\$	19,120	\$	1,000	\$	36,928
Public protection	Ψ	254,728	Ψ	25,758	Ψ	79,867	Ψ	-	Ψ	105,625
Public ways and facilities		55,375		4,974		22,753		4,516		32,243
Health and sanitation		152,565		8,130		107,717		-		115,847
Public assistance		201,741		901		137,154		_		138,055
Education		15,256		2,313		247		-		2,560
Recreation and cultural services		13,754		6,094		1,794		855		8,743
Interest on long-term debt		11,299				-,				
Total governmental activities		741,806		64,978		368,652		6,371		440,001
Business-type activities:										
Airport		26,498		11,724		5,599		-		17,323
Golf		4,884		4,738		, -		-		4,738
State Water Contract		6,882		7,367		14		-		7,381
Nacimiento Water Contract		14,170		15,596		-		-		15,596
Lopez Flood Control		7,708		7,918		6		-		7,924
Lopez Park		-		-		-		-		-
General Flood Control - Salinas Dam		1,490		1,380		-		-		1,380
County Service Areas		7,340		5,500		3		-		5,503
Los Osos Wastewater	-	12,597		7,425				963		8,388
Total business-type activities		81,569		61,648		5,622		963		68,233
Total primary government	\$	823,375	\$	126,626	\$	374,274	\$	7,334	\$	508,234
Component unit:										
First 5 San Luis Obispo	\$	2,098	\$	-	\$	1,629	\$	-	\$	1,629

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

		<u> </u>		
Functions/Programs	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Component Unit First 5
Governmental activities: General government Public protection Public ways and facilities Health and sanitation Public assistance Education Recreation and cultural services Interest on long-term debt	\$ (160) (149,103) (23,132) (36,718) (63,686) (12,696) (5,011) (11,299)	\$ - - - - - - - -	\$ (160) (149,103) (23,132) (36,718) (63,686) (12,696) (5,011) (11,299)	
Total governmental activities	(301,805)		(301,805)	
Business-type activities: Airport Golf State Water Contract Nacimiento Water Contract Lopez Flood Control Lopez Park	- - - - -	(9,175) (146) 499 1,426 216	(9,175) (146) 499 1,426 216	
General Flood Control County Service Areas	-	(110) (1,837)	(110) (1,837)	
Los Osos Wastewater		(4,209)	(4,209)	
Total business-type activities		(13,336)	(13,336)	
Total primary government	\$ (301,805)	\$ (13,336)	\$ (315,141)	
Component unit:				
First 5 San Luis Obispo				\$ (469)
General Revenues: Taxes:				
Property taxes Sales and use taxes Transient occupancy taxes Transfer tax Other taxes Grants not restricted to specific programs Interest earnings not restricted to specific programs Other revenues Transfers	235,064 15,560 16,548 3,164 2,145 5,334 13,395 306 (6,696)	4,944 - - - - 1,814 5,282 6,696	240,008 15,560 16,548 3,164 2,145 5,334 15,209 5,588	- - - - - 173 6
Total General Revenues and Transfers	284,820	18,736	303,556	179
Change in net position	(16,985)	5,400	(11,585)	(290)
Net position - beginning of year, as restated	1,122,167	415,053	1,537,220	9,480
Net position - end of year	\$ 1,105,182	\$ 420,453	\$ 1,525,635	\$ 9,190







COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

		General Fund	Capita	l Projects Fund	onmajor vernmental Funds	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>							
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash with fiscal agent Accounts receivable, net Accrued property taxes receivable Other receivables Due from other governments Interest receivable Due from other funds Inventories Leases receivable Loans receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles Advances to other funds Deposits with others Prepaid items Other assets	\$	514,748 - 7,904 15,357 1,906 45,420 1 - 121 1,759 - 5,918 5 734	\$	18,978 - - - 2,606 - 286 - - - - -	\$ 111,051 72,585 189 - 29 7,022 - - 136 20,549 1,982 - 9 52	\$	644,777 72,585 8,093 15,357 1,935 55,048 1 286 121 1,895 20,549 7,900 5 743 52
Total assets	\$	593,873	\$	21,870	\$ 213,604	\$	829,347
<u>LIABILITIES</u>							
Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Due to other funds Deposits from others Unearned revenue Other current liabilities Advances from other funds	\$	34,859 5,380 - 6,087 46,038 1,741	\$	1,737 - - 108 - -	\$ 8,772 165 286 2,775 67 - 571	\$	45,368 5,545 286 8,862 46,213 1,741 571
Total liabilities		94,105		1,845	 12,636		108,586
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue Deferred amounts related to leases Total deferred inflows of resources	_	42,683 1,686 44,369		2,458 - 2,458	 1,998 128 2,126		47,139 1,814 48,953
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	_	6,773 24,607 224,823 199,196		- 286 17,281 - -	 9 129,386 69,447 - -		6,782 154,279 311,551 199,196
Total fund balances		455,399		17,567	 198,842		671,808
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	593,873	\$	21,870	\$ 213,604	\$	829,347

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

Total Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 671,808
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position were different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds.		1,263,151
Lease assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds.		122,017
SBITA assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds.		2,553
Accrued property tax and grant revenues are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.		47,139
Internal service funds are used by the County to charge the costs of vehicle fleet management, comprehensive public works services, and operations of the County's workers' compensation, protected self-insurance, unemployment, and dental insurance programs to individual funds. The assets and liabilities are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.		(30,622)
Adjustments for internal service funds are necessary to "close" those funds by charging additional amounts to participating business-type activities to completely cover the internal service funds' costs for the year.		4,500
Interest on long-term debt is recognized as it accrues, regardless of when it is due.		(5,632)
The pension liability of governmental funds is not due and payable in the current period, and therefore is not reported in the fund financial statements.		(838,939)
The other post-employment benefit (OPEB) of governmental funds is not due and payable in the current period, and therefore is not reported in the fund financial statements.		(24,556)
The unamortized portion of changes to the net pension liability, the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, and contributions subsequent to the pension liability measurement date are not reported in the fund financial statements for governmental funds.		245,675
The unamortized portion of changes to the net other post-employment benefit (OPEB) liability, the net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB investments, and contributions subsequent to the OPEB liability measurement date are not reported in the fund financial statements for governmental funds.		7,920
Governmental funds report the effects of refundings when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.		(453)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds and notes payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds as follows: Certificates of participation Bonds and notes payable Leases payable SBITA payable Compensated absences	(11,178) (177,849) (125,542) (2,558) (33,507)	
Landfill closure/postclosure costs	(8,745)	 (359,379)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 1,105,182

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

<u>REVENUES</u>	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Taxes Licenses, permits, and franchises Fines, forfeitures, and penalties Use of money and property Aid from other governments Charges for services Other revenues	\$ 251,198 15,478 3,392 9,409 333,654 37,218 12,101	389 302 1,855 1,871	\$ 19,592 516 3,635 42,830 16,423 2,268	\$ 270,790 15,478 4,297 13,346 378,339 55,512 14,429
Total revenues	662,450	4,477	85,264	752,191
EXPENDITURES				
Current: General government Public protection Public ways and facilities Health and sanitation Public assistance Education Recreation and cultural services Debt service: Principal payments Interest and fiscal charges Capital outlay Total expenditures	75,027 224,449 4,025 132,329 188,072 596 6,204 7,132 848	- - - - - - 14,563	8,995 53,991 8,239 544 13,603 10,481 5,935 9,733	75,027 233,444 58,016 140,568 188,616 14,199 16,685 13,067 10,581 14,563
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	23,768	(10,086)	(26,257)	(12,575)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Refunding bonds issued Premium on refunding bonds issued Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Leases SBITAs Transfers in Transfers out	- - - 38,935 305 2,174 (46,647	9,352	70,033 4,634 (5,724) - - 36,524 (13,215)	70,033 4,634 (5,724) 38,935 305 48,050 (59,866)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(5,233	9,348	92,252	96,367
Net change in fund balances	18,535	(738)	65,995	83,792
Fund balances - beginning	436,864		132,847	588,016
Fund balances - ending	\$ 455,399	\$ 17,567	\$ 198,842	\$ 671,808

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 83,792
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances were different because:		
Property tax, intergovernmental revenue and other revenue in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		254
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. These expenditures have no effect on net position. Capital outlay expenditures that have no effect on net position are reported in the following functional categories:		
Capital outlay General government Public protection Public ways Health and sanitation Public assistance Education	\$ 13,165 6,177 2,492 14,224 390 583	40.003
Recreation and cultural services	 3,872	40,903
Governmental funds report new leases as expenditures. These expenditures have no effect on net position.		38,935
In the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		(22,971)
In the Statement of Activities, the cost of right to use lease assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as amortization expense.		(6,815)
In the Statement of Activities, the cost of SBITA assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as amortization expense.		(2,165)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position.		(248)
Debt proceeds and new leases are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the Statement of Net Position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the Statement of Activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduces the liability in the Statement of Net Position.		
Refunding bonds issued Premium on refunding bonds issued Payment to escrow agent Debt principal payments Lease payments Lease issuance SBITA payments SBITA issuance		(70,033) (4,634) 5,724 5,759 4,521 (38,935) 2,465 (305)
Some expenses reported in the Government-Wide Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, they are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		
Change in compensated absences Change in accrued interest payable Change in landfill closure/postclosure costs Change in net OPEB liability Change in deferred OPEB outflows Change in deferred OPEB inflows Change in Net Pension Liability Change in deferred pension outflows Change in deferred pension outflows Change in deferred pension outflows Change in deferred pension inflows Change in capital appreciation bond accretion	\$ (1,143) (782) (573) 1,958 4,232 (4,729) (294,299) 128,039 111,172 2,046	
Amortization of debt premiums and discounts and refunding Internal service funds were used by the County to charge the costs of vehicle fleet management, comprehensive public works services, and operations of the County's workers' compensation, protected self-insurance, unemployment, and dental insurance programs to individual funds. The net revenue or expenditure effect of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	392	(53,687)
·		(124)
The net (revenue) expense allocable to business-type activities		 579
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ (16,985)

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

		Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						
	Airport	Nacimiento Water Contract	State Water Project	Los Osos Wastewater	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds	
ASSETS								
Current assets: Cash and investments Accounts receivable, net Other receivables	\$ 27,132 - 481	\$ 16,065 - -	\$ 17,629 3,326 1,041	\$ 6,484 - 97,149	\$ 21,188 400 42	\$ 88,498 3,726 98,713	\$ 47,623 20	
Due from other governments Interest receivable Leases receivable Deposits with others Inventories	240 16 576	- - - -		- - -	- - 75 86 84	240 16 651 86 84	- - - - 739	
Loans receivable Prepaid items	<u> </u>			401	424	401 424	10	
Total current assets	28,445	16,065	21,996	104,034	22,299	192,839	48,392	
Noncurrent assets: Restricted cash with fiscal agent Leases receivable Advances to other funds Prepaid insurance Capital assets:	15,715 - -	10,198 - - 256	:	- - -	12 20	10,198 15,727 20 256	:	
Nondepreciable: Land Construction in progress Water rights Other property Depreciable:	24,030 3,081 - -	3,259 - -	72,319 -	5,406 167 - -	4,022 1,727 - 1,968	36,717 4,975 72,319 1,968	- - -	
Infrastructure, net Structures and improvements, net Equipment, net Other property, net Lease assets, net SBITA assets, net	323 73,316 5,498 - - 57 155	139,758 8,213 5 -	5,078 1 - -	156,965 643 94 - -	20,541 47,394 1,038 496 105 40	317,587 134,644 6,636 496 162 195	- 432 13,190 - 762 56	
Total noncurrent assets	122,175	161,689	77,398	163,275	77,363	601,900	14,440	
Total assets	150,620	177,754	99,394	267,309	99,662	794,739	62,832	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred pensions Deferred OPEB Deferred loss on refunding Total deferred outflows of resources	1,841 150 - 1,991	2,902 2,902		:	1,196 93 - 1,289	3,037 243 2,902 6,182	23,387 1,760 - 25,147	
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Interest payable Self-insurance payable	1,913 48 -	303 - 2,230	6,795 - - -	82 1,631	615 35 285	9,708 83 4,146	2,072 608 - 5,116	
Deposits from others Unearned revenue Due to other funds Accrued vacation and sick leave - current Lease liability - current	63 191 - 162 10	803 - - - -	2 2,874 - - -	11 - - -	518 514 - 134 76	1,397 3,579 - 296 86	5,048 - - 2,473 116	
SBITA liability - current Notes and bonds payable - current	87 40	5.250		3.895	26 3.096	113 12.281		
Total current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities:	2,514	8,586	9,671	5,619	5,299	31,689	15,459	
Self-insurance liability Advances from other funds Accrued vacation and sick leave Lease liability SBITA liability Notes and bonds payable Net OPEB Liability Net Pension Liability	5,233 170 48 72 126 228 6,263	147,149 - -	- - - - - -	1,214 - - - 135,755 -	902 113 30 14 26,445 130 4,072	7,349 283 78 86 309,475 358 10,335	18,385 - 972 676 30 - 2,480 79,564	
Total noncurrent liabilities	12,140	147,149		136,969	31,706	327,964	102,107	
Total liabilities	14,654	155,735	9,671	142,588	37,005	359,653	117,566	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred pensions Deferred OPEB Bond refunding Deferred amounts related to leases Total deferred inflows of resources	7 87 - 15,630 15,724	- - 287 - 287	- - - - -	- - - -	4 50 163 87 304	11 137 450 15,717 16,315	87 948 - - 1,035	
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	104,416 17.817	11,498 13.136	77,398 12.325	52,249 72.472	47,501 16,141	293,062 131.891	13,187 (43,809)	
Total net position	\$ 122,233	\$ 24,634	\$ 89,723	\$ 124,721	\$ 63,642	424,953	\$ (30,622)	
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service	ce fund activities related to e	nterprise funds				(4,500)		
Net Position of Business-Type Activities per Government	t-Wide Financial Statements					\$ 420,453		

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						Governmental	
	Airport	Nacimiento Water Contract	State Water Project	Los Osos Wastewater	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Total Enterprise Funds	Activities Internal Service Funds	
OPERATING REVENUES:								
Charges for services Other revenues	\$ 11,760 49	\$ 15,596 4,700	\$ 7,367 462	\$ 7,425 6	\$ 19,547 65	\$ 61,695 5,282	\$ 75,870 117	
Total operating revenues	11,809	20,296	7,829	7,431	19,612	66,977	75,987	
OPERATING EXPENSES:								
Salaries and benefits Services and supplies Other charges Insurance benefit payments Depreciation Amortization Countywide cost allocation	3,957 4,653 32 - 17,083 98 268	5,186 - - 2,221 - 174	6,553 - - 192 - 87	4,733 - - - 4,370 - 71	2,413 14,918 3 - 2,465 91 293	6,370 36,043 35 - 26,331 189 893	41,778 30,522 - 6,435 2,680 151 575	
Total operating expenses	26,091	7,581	6,832	9,174	20,183	69,861	82,141	
Operating income (loss)	(14,282)	12,715	997	(1,743)	(571)	(2,884)	(6,154)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):								
Property taxes Investment income (expense) Interest income (expense) Sale of capital assets Other revenues (expense) Aid from governmental agencies	- 469 (2) (253) - 5,599	- 675 (6,489) - - -	2,779 188 - (1) - 14	116 (3,334) - -	2,165 366 (1,060) (37) - 9	4,944 1,814 (10,885) (291) - 5,622	569 (6) 225 -	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	5,813	(5,814)	2,980	(3,218)	1,443	1,204	788	
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	(8,469)	6,901	3,977	(4,961)	872	(1,680)	(5,366)	
Capital contributions Transfers in Transfers out	(302)	- - - -	6,281 	963 207 (41)	608 (57)	963 7,096 (400)	122 6,673 (1,553)	
Change in net position	(8,771)	6,901	10,258	(3,832)	1,423	5,979	(124)	
Net position - beginning, as restated	131,004	17,733	79,465	128,553	62,219		(30,498)	
Net position - ending	\$ 122,233	\$ 24,634	\$ 89,723	\$ 124,721	\$ 63,642		\$ (30,622)	
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal services	fund activities rela	ted to enterprise	e funds			(579)		
Change in Net Position of Business-Type Activities per Government-Wide Financial Statements								

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds G							Governmental		
	Airport		acimiento Water Contract	State Wate		Los Osos Wastewater	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		Total Enterprise Funds	Activities Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:										
Receipts from customers and third parties Receipts from interfund billings Payments for goods and services Payments to employees for services	\$ 11,490 (3,87 ² (3,01 ²	- 1)	20,631 - (5,470)	\$ 5,8	-	\$ 7,431 - (4,815)	\$ 20,10 (14,98 (2,25	- 31)	65,481 - (35,742) (5,268)	\$ - 75,991 (23,401) (37,511)
Payments for insurance benefits Payments for premiums		· 	<u> </u>			-		<u>-</u>		(5,194) (7,199)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	4,602	2	15,161	(7	77)	2,616	2,86	i9	24,471	2,686
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:										
Property tax proceeds Grants and subsidies from other governmental agencies Advances from other funds Due from other funds	6,108	- 3 -	- - -	2,7	79 13 -	- - -	2,16 38 (40	9 32	4,944 6,130 382 (400)	- - -
Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds	(302	-	-	6,2	81	207 (41)	60)8 i7)	7,096 (400)	6,673 (1,553)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	5,806			9,0	173	166	2,70		17,752	5,120
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				3,0	,,,	100	2,70		17,752	3,120
Purchases and construction of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets	(6,705	5)	-	(4,0	174) -	(178)	(99)3) -	(11,950)	(2,879) 240
Advances from other funds Capital contributions	(139	9)	-		-	(541) 5,112		-	(680) 5,112	122
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt Principal paid on capital debt	. (30	-	- (4,827)		-	(3,804)	(3,53	-	(12,196)	(117)
Interest paid on capital debt		1)	(6,981)			(3,380)	(1,29		(11,661)	(8)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(6,875	5)	(11,808)	(4,0	74)	(2,791)	(5,82	!7)	(31,375)	(2,642)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:										
Interest received	469	<u> </u>	675	1	.88	116	36	i6	1,814	569
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	469	<u> </u>	675	1	.88	116	36	i6	1,814	569
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	4,002	2	4,028	4,4	10	107	11	.5	12,662	5,733
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:										
Beginning of year	23,130		22,235	13,2	19	6,377	21,07	'3	86,034	41,890
End of year	\$ 27,132	\$	26,263	\$ 17,6	29	\$ 6,484	\$ 21,18	\$ \$	98,696	\$ 47,623
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:										
Operating income (loss)	\$ (14,282	2) \$	12,715	\$ 9	97	\$ (1,743)	\$ (57	<u>'1)</u> \$	(2,884)	\$ (6,154)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization expense Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities,	17,181	L	2,221	1	.92	4,370	2,55	66	26,520	2,831
and deferred inflows of resources: (Increase) decrease in: Receivables, net	342)	334	(2,4	35)	_	6	52	(1,697)	2
Inventory Prepaid items		-	-	(2,	-	-		88)	(38)	(127) 224
Deferred outflows - pension	(1,07)	L)	-		-	-	(61	.7)	(1,688)	(12,129)
Deferred outflows - OPEB Leases	(35)		-		-	-	(2	!2) '4)	(849)	(428)
Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable	1,095	5	(263)		38	(16)	12	16	980	903
Deposits from others Salaries and benefits payable	(17		154	((45) -	5 -		36 '5)	133 (79)	(502) (723)
Deferred inflows - pension Deferred inflows - OPEB	(72) 48	L)	-		-	-	(54		(1,266) 73	(10,555) 473
Net OPEB liability Net pension liability	2,727	1	-		-	-		.3)	(9) 4,131	(223) 27,854
Unearned revenue Self-insurance liability	114		- -	4	76	-	49		1,085	27,834 - 1,240
Total adjustments	18,884	1	2,446	(1,7	74)	4,359	3,44	10	27,355	8,840
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 4,602	2 \$	15,161	\$ (7	77)	\$ 2,616	\$ 2,86	9 \$	24,471	\$ 2,686
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Leases	\$	- \$	-	\$	- :	\$ -	\$ 2	27 \$	27	\$ -

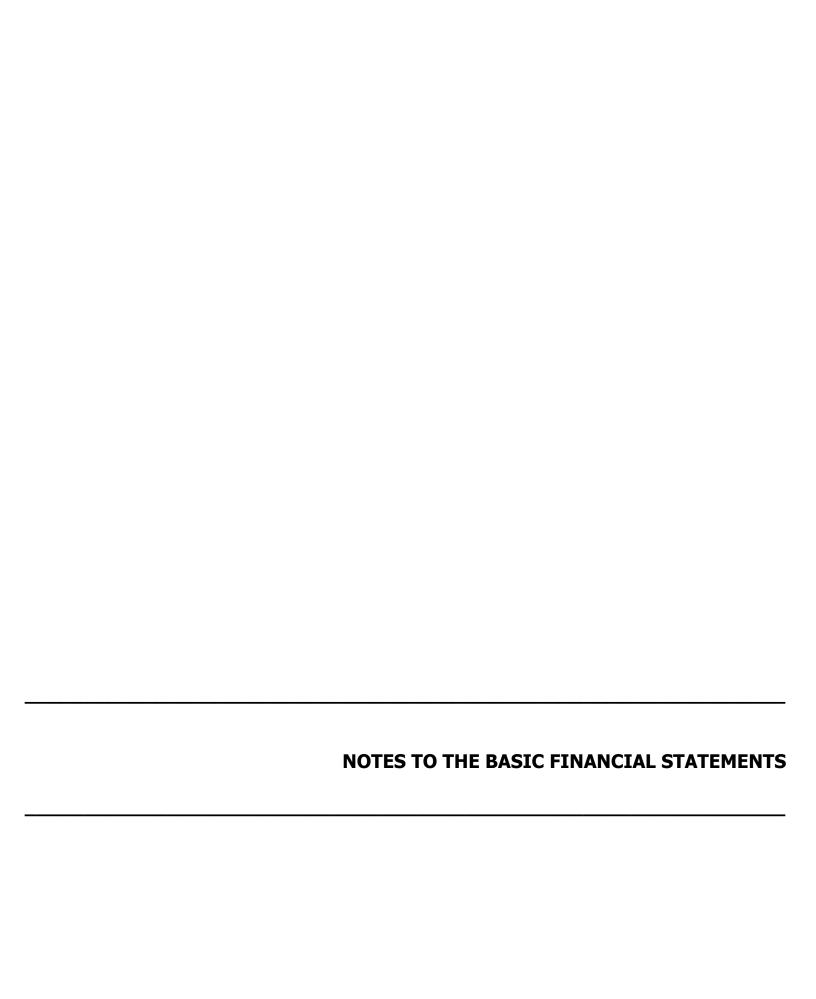
COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL AND INVESTMENT TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS) SAN LUIS OBISPO PENSION TRUST FUND DECEMBER 31, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

	San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust December 31, 2022		Investment Trust Funds June 30, 2023		Custodial Funds June 30, 2023	
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables: Contributions	\$	84,237	\$	727,330	\$	117,881
Interest and dividends Securities sold Taxes for other governments		525 1,067 -		- - -		- - 434
Investments at fair value: Bonds and notes		303,369		_		-
International fixed income Collateralized mortgage obligations		96,484 2,829		-		-
Domestic equities International equities Alternative investments		322,032 253,223		-		-
Real estate Other investments		313,798 252,831 -		- - -		- - -
Other assets Capital assets, net		197 5,620		-		4,013 16
Total assets	\$	1,636,212	\$	727,330	\$	122,344
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Other current liabilities Prefunded contributions Securities purchased Other long-term liabilities	\$	1,283 37,737 2,700	\$	- - -	\$	84,028 - - 9
Total liabilities	\$	41,720	\$	-	\$	84,037
NET POSITION Restricted for: Pensions Pool Participants Individuals, organizations and other governments	\$	1,594,492 - - -	\$	- 727,330 -	\$	- - 38,307
Total net position	\$	1,594,492	\$	727,330	\$	38,307

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL AND INVESTMENT TRUST FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS) SAN LUIS OBISPO PENSION TRUST FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (IN THOUSANDS)

	San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust December 31, 2022	Investment Trust Funds June 30, 2023	Custodial Funds June 30, 2023
ADDITIONS			
Contributions: Contributions to pooled investments Employer contributions Member contributions	\$ - 72,096 39,229	\$ 1,510,533 	\$ - - -
Total contributions	111,325	1,510,533	
Investment income: Realized and unrealized gains and losses Interest Dividends Investment expenses	(138,986) 2,675 6,814 (3,570)	9,401 - -	1,890 - -
Total investment income	(133,067)	9,401	1,890
Property taxes collected for other governments Sales taxes collected for other governments Other Income	- - 47	- - -	230,113 17,500 16,011
Total additions	(21,695)	1,519,934	265,514
DEDUCTIONS			
Benefits: Monthly benefit payments Refunds of contributions Death benefits	124,133 3,402 1,859	- - -	
Total benefits	129,394		
Administrative expenses Distributions from pooled investments Depreciation expense Interest expenses	2,897 - - -	1,303,487 - -	28 - - 26,973
Payments to other local governments Prefunded discount amortization Property taxes distributed to other governments	1,485 	- - -	1,697 - 234,522
Total deductions	133,776	1,303,487	263,220
Change in net position	(155,471)	216,447	2,294
Net position - beginning	1,749,963	510,883	36,013
Net position - ending	\$ 1,594,492	\$ 727,330	\$ 38,307







COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (IN THOUSANDS) JUNE 30, 2023

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The County of San Luis Obispo (the County) was established by an act of the California State Legislature on February 18, 1850 as one of California's original 27 Counties. The County is a political subdivision of the State of California and may exercise the powers specified by the Constitution and laws of the State. The County exercises its powers through an elected five-member Board of Supervisors. The County provides various services on a countywide basis including public protection, public ways and facilities, health and sanitation, public assistance, education, and recreational and cultural services.

The County reporting entity includes all significant organizations, departments, and agencies over which the County is considered financially accountable. The component units discussed below are included in the County's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational and financial relationships with the County. The accompanying financial statements present the financial position of the County and those County-related entities that meet the criteria for component units established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Blended Component Units

These component units are so intertwined with the County that they are, in substance, the same as the County and, therefore, are blended and reported as if they were part of the County. Each of the following entities have governing bodies which are substantively the same as the governing body of the County, are fiscally accountable to the County, and have a significant relationship with the County, and therefore are included in its government-wide, governmental fund and proprietary fund financial statements:

County Service Areas – County Service Areas have been established for the purpose of providing specific services to distinct geographical areas within the County. These services include drainage and sewer collections facilities maintenance, street lighting energy charges, centralized septic services, wastewater disposal and treatment, and fire and emergency medical services in various unincorporated areas of the County.

Flood Control and Water Conservation Districts – Flood control and water conservation districts have been established for the purpose of providing specific flood and conservation services to distinct geographical areas within the County. These services include weather and hydrological data collections services, water delivery, water treatment and distribution services, and the construction of the Lopez Dam Seismic Remediation project.

SLO County Financing Authority (the Authority) – The Authority was created to assist in the financing, construction, and equipping of public facilities for one or both of the Authority's members.

San Luis Obispo County Public Facilities Corporation (PFC) – The PFC is a nonprofit public benefit corporation organized to assist public agencies within the County of San Luis Obispo with the acquisition and construction of various public facilities.

Separate financial statements or additional financial information for each of the component units may be obtained from the Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector at 1055 Monterey, Room D290, San Luis Obispo, CA 93408.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Also, included in the accompanying financial statements as investment trust funds are the assets of numerous self-governed schools, special districts, and regional boards and authorities for which the County Treasurer acts as custodian of those assets. The financial reporting for these governmental entities, which are independent of the County, is limited to the total amount of cash and investments and the related fiduciary responsibility of the County for disbursement of these assets. Activities of these entities are administered by separate boards and are independent of the County Board of Supervisors. The County Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector makes disbursements upon the request of the entity's officers. The County Board of Supervisors has no effective authority to govern, manage, approve budgets, assume financial accountability, establish revenue limits, nor to appropriate surplus funds available in these entities. Seven cities and numerous self-governed special districts provide services to the residents of the County. The operations of these entities have been excluded from the basic financial statements as each entity conducts its own day-to-day operations and answers to its own governing board.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Children and Families Commission of San Luis Obispo County (First 5) — First 5 was created in 1998 with the passage of Proposition 10, the California Children and Families First Act. First 5's mission is to allocate funds from the California Children and Families Trust Fund and advocate for quality programs and services, supporting children prenatal to age 5, to ensure that every child is healthy and ready to learn in school. First 5 is governed by a nine-member commission that includes public officials and community leaders from the fields of early childhood education, health care, and family support. The County can influence the day-to-day operations and financial decisions of First 5 as the County Board of Supervisors appoints all commission members. First 5 is reported as a discretely presented component unit because its governing body is not substantively the same as the County's governing body, and it does not provide services entirely or exclusively to the County.

San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust (Pension Trust) – Pension Trust is an independent trust that administers the San Luis Obispo County Employees Retirement Plan on behalf of the County, is a fiduciary component unit which is presented in the Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Government-wide financial statements consist of the statement of net position and the statement of activities that report information about the County and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities of the County. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Internal activities and indirect expenses are consolidated in the statement of activities. Examples of expenses that have been eliminated include the allocation of indirect costs under the Countywide Cost Allocation Plan and internal payments for services provided between departments.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) fees, fines and charges to customers or applicants for goods or services offered by the programs, 2) operating grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular program, and 3) capital grants and contributions restricted to particular programs. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Enterprise funds, reported as business-type activities, distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with an enterprise fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the County enterprise funds (Airport, Nacimiento Water Contract, State Water Project, Los Osos Wastewater, and nonmajor enterprise) are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The County's internal service funds also distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items, receive revenue primarily from charges to customers, and have services, administrative expenses, and deprecation of capital assets as costs; however, the internal service funds are reported as governmental activities in the Government-wide financial statements because they principally serve internal County operations.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements report detailed information about the County's funds, including fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements are provided for each fund category – Governmental, Proprietary, and Fiduciary even though the latter are excluded from the Government-wide financial statements. The emphasis of the Governmental and Proprietary Fund financial statements is on major individual funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service funds are presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements.

New Accounting Pronouncements

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the County implemented the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements:

• GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (GASB 96). The requirements of this statement are effective for financial statement periods beginning after June 15, 2022. GASB 96 improves consistency in accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITA) by establishing a definition for SBITAs and providing uniform guidance for accounting and financial reporting for transactions that meet that definition. Under this Statement, a government is required to report a subscription asset and subscription liability for a SBITA and to disclose essential information about the arrangement.

The County reports the following Major Governmental Funds:

- The General Fund is the County's primary operating fund. The General Fund is used to account for all
 revenues and expenditures necessary to carry out the basic governmental activities of the County that
 are not accounted for through other funds. For the County, the General Fund includes such activities as
 public protection, public ways and facilities, health and sanitation, public assistance, education, and
 recreational and cultural services.
- The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the financial resources restricted for the acquisition or construction of specific projects, or items other than those financed by proprietary funds.

The County reports the following Major Proprietary Funds:

- The Airport Fund accounts for the maintenance, operations, and development of the County-owned commercial service airports in San Luis Obispo and Oceano.
- The Nacimiento Water Contract Fund accounts for the activities and delivery of water associated with the Nacimiento water supply reservoir and the contract with Monterey County.
- The State Water Project Fund accounts for revenues, expenses and net position relating to the countywide taxpayers' obligations associated with the State Water Project, which provides for the delivery of state water into the County.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

- The Los Osos Wastewater Fund accounts for the construction, operation and maintenance of the wastewater treatment plant serving the community of Los Osos.
- Additionally, the County reports on Internal Service Funds. Internal Service Funds are used to account
 for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or
 agencies of the County or to other governments on a cost-reimbursement basis. Internal Service Funds
 account for the activities of fleet operations, construction management services, and self-insurance
 programs such as workers' compensation, long-term disability, employee benefits, and personal injury &
 property damage.

The County reports the following Fiduciary Funds:

- The Pension Trust Fund accumulates contributions from the County and its employees, as well as earnings from the fund's investments. Disbursements are made from the fund for retirement, disability and death benefits (based on a defined benefit formula), and administrative expenses. This fund includes all assets of the San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust as of December 31, 2022.
- The Investment Trust Funds account for the assets of legally separate entities that deposit cash with the County Treasurer. These entities include school and community college districts, other special districts governed by local boards, regional boards and authorities and pass through funds for tax collections for cities. These funds represent the assets, primarily cash and investments, and the related liability of the County to disburse these monies on demand.
- The Custodial Funds account for the resources held by the County in a custodial capacity on behalf of other agencies. These include accounts for temporary holding of funds for the tax assessment areas created under the 1915 Improvement Act, temporary clearing funds, and other temporary holding funds not classified in other fiduciary categories.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Nonexchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, sales tax, transient occupancy taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis of accounting, revenues from property taxes are recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from sales and transient occupancy taxes are recognized when the underlying transactions take place. Revenues from grants and similar items are recognized as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized as soon as they become both measurable and available. The County considers all revenues in governmental funds to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers property tax revenues and all other revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. It is the County's policy to submit reimbursement and claim requests for federal and state grant revenues within 30 days of the end of the program cycle, and payments are generally received within 90 days. Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures generally are recorded when the related liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, prepaid items, such as rent expense, are recorded using the consumption method which recognizes expenses during the period benefited by the prepayment. Debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recognized as expenditures only to the extent that payment is due. General capital assets acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

The County eliminates the effect of interfund activity from the Government-wide financial statements by consolidating internal activities and indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. ASSETS, DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES, LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND EQUITY

Deposits and Investments

In accordance with Government Code Section 27130, a treasury oversight committee serves the County. The committee consists of a representative appointed by the Board of Supervisors, the Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector, the Superintendent of Schools, a representative from the County's school districts and community college, and one member from the public at large. The committee meets annually and is subject to the California open meeting statutes.

Cash balances of substantially all funds are pooled and invested by the County Treasurer for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. State statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and External Investment Pools*, investments held by the County Treasurer are stated at fair value at June 30, 2023. The fair value of pooled investments is determined annually and is based on current market prices.

The County pool is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company and does not issue separate investment reports. The County has not provided or obtained any legally binding guarantees to support the value of the shares. Participants may withdraw up to the amortized cost of their respective shares as displayed on the combined balance sheet. The share of the Treasurer's pool related to involuntary participants is 99.99 percent.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. All short-term cash surpluses are maintained in the County Treasury cash and investments pool, the earnings from which are allocated quarterly to each fund based on average daily cash balances.

Receivables and Pavables

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. No uncollectible allowance is recorded for enterprise special district receivables, which are primarily for water service billings. These receivables are written off in the year they become uncollectible.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the financial statements may report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. A deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods. In addition to liabilities, the financial statements may report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources which represent an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods.

Property Tax

The County is responsible for the assessment, collection, and apportionment of property taxes for all taxing jurisdictions within the County, including schools, cities, and special districts. Property taxes, for which the lien date is January 1, are payable in two equal installments, November 1 and February 1, and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Property taxes receivable are recognized when levied. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due on the January 1 lien date and become delinquent on August 31. The County is permitted by Article XIII-A of the State of California Constitution (known as Proposition 13) to levy a maximum tax of \$1.00 per \$100.00 of full cash value. Property taxes are accounted for in the Unapportioned Property Tax and Interest Fund, a Custodial Fund, until allocation and disbursement to the taxing jurisdictions.

Beginning in fiscal year 1993-94, the County of San Luis Obispo adopted the "Alternative Method of Distribution of Tax Levies and Collections and of Tax Sale Proceeds" provided for in Revenue and Taxation Code Sections 4701-4717, which is commonly known as the "Teeter Plan". The Teeter Plan has no impact on tax rates or collection procedures. It merely changes the way the collections of delinquent taxes and penalties are distributed among the taxing agencies. Those agencies participating in the Teeter Plan receive 100% of the secured property taxes billed each year without regard to delinquencies. The General Fund covers the delinquent amount to all agencies and, in return, receives the delinquent taxes, penalties and interest when collected. As a result of the Teeter Plan, secured property taxes receivable are recorded in the General Fund only, and there is no allowance for uncollectible amounts. Penalties and interest are deposited into the Tax Loss Reserve Fund. Once the Tax Loss Reserve Fund balance exceeds 25% of the secured delinquent roll, the excess may be credited to the General Fund.

The Teeter Plan was amended beginning fiscal year 2001-02 by removing unitary tax payments (including PG&E), so that all agencies in the County will share in any delinquency that may occur.

Unsecured property is not part of the Teeter Plan. Unsecured property taxes receivable is accrued to taxing agencies, net of the uncollectible amount which is estimated based on prior year collections.

Interfund Transactions

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds" in the fund financial statements. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the Government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by nonspendable fund balance in the applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories held by the General Fund, and the Public Works and Garage Internal Service Funds, are carried at cost (first-in, first-out). The Internal Service Funds' inventories are controlled by perpetual inventory systems and are adjusted as appropriate to reflect year-end physical inventory counts. Governmental Funds (other than the General Fund) record inventory as expenditures when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the Government-wide and Fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than purchased.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, structures and improvements, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activity columns in the Government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial individual cost greater than the capitalization threshold for the specified type of asset and an estimated useful life beyond a single fiscal period. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are recorded at acquisition value. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 1980, are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement costs.

Normal maintenance and repairs are not capitalized but are charged to operations when incurred. Betterments or major improvements, which significantly increase values, change capacities, or extend useful lives, are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement of capital assets, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

Capital outlays are recorded as expenditures in the General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects Funds and as capital assets in the Proprietary Funds and Government-wide financial statements to the extent the County's capitalization thresholds are met. Interest incurred during the construction phase on financing capital assets of business-type activities is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds over the same period. Amortization of assets acquired under capital leases is included in depreciation and amortization. Facilities and improvements, infrastructure, and machinery and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives.

The capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives of specific asset types are as follows:

Asset Type	Capitalization Threshold	Estimated Useful Life
Land	No threshold	
Infrastructure	\$100,000	20 to 100 years
Structures & Improvements	\$25,000	15 to 50 years
Equipment	\$5,000	2 to 15 years
Lease Assets	\$5,000	Lease term
Subscription Assets	\$5,000	Subscription term

Lease Asset

Lease assets are recorded at the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liabilities and modified by any lease payments made to the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term, less any lease incentives received from the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term along with any initial direct costs that are ancillary charges necessary to place the lease assets into service.

Lease assets are amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life on the underlying asset, unless the lease contains a purchase option that the County has determined reasonably certain of being exercised.

Subscription Asset

Subscription assets are recorded at the amount of the initial measurement of the subscription liabilities and modified by any subscription payments made to the vendor at the commencement of the subscription term and any capitalizable initial implementation costs. The asset is reduced by any vendor incentives received at the commencement of the subscription term.

Subscription assets are amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of the subscription term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

Compensated Absences

The County's policy is to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave benefits. Each year-end, a liability is accrued for the balance of unpaid compensatory time off, sick leave, and vacation earned.

Accumulated benefits will be liquidated in future years as employees elect to use them. In the normal course of business, all payments of these accumulated benefits will be funded from appropriations in the year in which they are to be paid. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee designations and retirements.

Long-term Obligations

In the Government-wide financial statements, and in proprietary funds in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources relating to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's pension plan with San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust (SLOCPT) and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SLOCPT. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefits' terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's OPEB Plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, the OPEB Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor the constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. The fund balance classifications used are nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned (see Note 11 for a description of these categories).

In circumstances when an expenditure is made for a purpose for which amounts are available from multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is generally depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

E. ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash in Treasury

Investments made by the Treasurer are regulated by the California Government Code (CGC) and by the County's Investment Policy (IP). The objectives of the policy in order of priority are safety and preservation of capital, liquidity sufficient to meet scheduled cash flow needs, and then yield, subject to safety and liquidity, while maintaining compliance with federal, state, and local laws and regulations.

The San Luis Obispo County Investment Pool is rated by Fitch Ratings, one of the Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organizations. Fitch has consistently rated the County Pool with their highest rating since Fiscal Year (FY) 1994-95. Fitch reaffirmed the County Pool's "AAAf/S1" rating on August 25, 2022. The County Pool's "AAAf" fund credit quality rating reflects "the highest underlying credit quality (or lowest vulnerability to default)". The "f" suffix to the Fund Credit Quality Rating indicates a fund rather than an individual issue or issuer. The County Pool's "S1" rating reflects the pool's low sensitivity to market risk and capacity to return stable principal value to meet anticipated cash flow requirements, even in adverse interest rate environments.

The County Treasury Oversight Committee (CTOC) was created by the Board of Supervisors' Resolution and consists of five members. The CTOC monitors and reviews quarterly, the management of public funds maintained in the investment pool in accordance with the CGC. The CTOC and the Board of Supervisors review and approve the IP annually. The County Treasurer prepares and submits a comprehensive investment report to the members of the CTOC and the investment pool participants every quarter. The report covers the type of investments in the pool, maturity dates, par value, actual costs, and fair value. CGC directs the CTOC to cause an annual IP compliance audit. A list of providers for the annual compliance audit is specified in the Board Resolution which created the CTOC. These providers are the County Auditor in conjunction with or in addition to work directed by CGC, independent certified public accountants (CPAs) selected to review the County's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, and independent CPAs as deemed appropriate. CLA (CliftonLarsonAllen LLP) was selected to perform an Annual Investment Program Compliance Audit for the FY ended June 30, 2023. The results of these audits have been presented to the Board of Supervisors on a yearly basis. All such audits from prior years have had no findings.

Under CGC, the County may purchase as investments: obligations issued by the United States Treasury; obligations, participations, or other instruments of or issued by a federal agency or a United States government-sponsored enterprise; obligations of state and local agencies of this state and any of the other 49 states; bankers' acceptances; commercial paper; negotiable certificates of deposit; repurchase agreements; medium-term corporate notes; debt issuances guaranteed by the International Bank for Reconstruction (IBRD), International Finance Corporation (IFC), or the Inter-American Development Bank (IADB) that are eligible for purchase and sale within the United States; as well as other investments established by the CGC. CGC prohibits investments in derivatives which include inverse floaters, range notes, or mortgage-derived, interest strips and any security that could result in zero interest accrual if held to maturity. While securities lending and reverse repurchase agreements are considered permitted investments per CGC, the County IP prohibits these types of investments.

The County maintains a combined pool of cash and investments which provides cash flow for the funding needs of the County, school districts, and other local agencies required by law to keep funds in the Treasury. The combined pool's investments are stated at fair value and have a weighted-average maturity of 1.34 years. Interest is apportioned to the separate funds based on the individual fund's average daily balance. Securities are held in a customer-segregated safekeeping account during the fiscal year. A Cash Statement and Asset List is requested monthly from the appropriate institutions and verified against records maintained in the Treasury.

The County's combined pool has invested in the CalTRUST Short-Term Fund (CTSTF). CalTRUST is a Joint Powers Agency Authority created by local public agencies to provide a method for local public agencies to pool their assets for investment purposes. CalTRUST is governed by a Board of Trustees made up of experienced local agency treasury and investment officers. The CalTRUST Board sets overall policies for the program and selects and supervises the activities of the investment manager, which as of June 30, 2023, was BlackRock Financial Management Inc. Public agencies invest in shares of beneficial interest with a Net Asset Value (NAV) that fluctuates. CalTRUST attempts to minimize NAV fluctuation. This type of investment is an authorized investment under CGC §53601 (p). As of June 30, 2023, the CTSTF NAV was \$0.996 per \$1.00 of investment.

The County's combined pool has invested in the State's Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF). This fund is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company but is required to invest according to CGC. Market valuation is conducted quarterly. LAIF provided a fair value dollar factor of 0.984828499 for its portfolio as of June 30, 2023. The fair value of the investments in LAIF is the pool participant's amount invested balance multiplied by the fair value dollar factor. As of June 30, 2023, 2.78% of the LAIF pool includes Medium-term and Short-term Structured notes and Asset-backed securities. The Local Investment Advisory Board, which consists of five members as designated by statute, provides oversight for LAIF.

As of June 30, 2023, the County's combined pool includes funds deposited in collateralized interest-bearing bank accounts known as Public Investment Money Market Accounts (PIMMAs) and FDIC Insured Placement Service Deposits. Per CGC §53631 et seq., PIMMAs are depository accounts, not investments, and are fully liquid and collateralized by eligible securities. Placement Service Deposits are when a single large deposit is placed into individual deposits of less than \$250,000 with network banks. As a result, full FDIC insurance is maintained. Placement Service Deposits are not term deposits, and the full balance is available at any time on demand. PIMMAs and Placement Service Deposits are not investments by code, but they are included in the County's combined pool and are treated internally as investments for tracking, management, and reporting purposes.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 31 requires governmental external investment pools to report certain investments at fair value in the financial statements and report the change in the fair value of investments in the year in which the change occurred. In compliance with these requirements, the fair value of the County's combined pool is determined annually and is based on current market prices received from the securities custodian, CalTRUST, and LAIF, except for instruments which are carried at amortized cost plus accrued interest. The County Treasury has provided a fair value dollar factor of 0.973615827 in the Quarterly Report of Investments as of June 30, 2023, which can be used for financial reporting by the pool participants. The fair value of the investments is the pool participant's amount invested balance multiplied by the fair value dollar factor.

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the County by the CGC. The County's combined pool is further restricted by both the County's IP and the Treasurer's written policies and procedures to reduce exposure to investment risks. The County's IP gives the County Treasurer the authority to act in the best interest of the County in the face of changing market conditions and circumstances by making written exceptions to the County's IP and the Treasurer's written policies and procedures within the limits of the CGC and all relevant laws. As of June 30, 2023, the table represents the County's IP or where more restrictive, the Treasurer's written policies and procedures, that address interest risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer						
Investment types utilized by the combined pool in FY 2022-2	.3								
U.S. Treasury Notes	4 years	100%	N/A						
U.S. Treasury Bills	Maximum issued	100%	N/A						
U.S. Government Agencies: Federal Home Loan Bank	4 years	25%	N/A						
U.S. Government Agencies: Farm Credit	4 years	25%	N/A						
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)									
Joint Powers Authority Pool	N/A	20%	N/A						
Money Market Mutual Funds (Shares of Beneficial Interest) issued by a Joint Powers Authority	N/A	15%	15% per issuer. Requires specific written approval of County Treasurer for each type of investment.						
Supranationals	4 years	20%	10% per issuer (IBRD, IFC, or IADB only). Must have AAA/A-1+ by 1 of the 3 credit rating agencies.						
Public Investment Money Market Accounts (PIMMA)	N/A	50%	20%						
FDIC Insured Placement Service Deposits	N/A	15%	Up to \$250,000 per participating bank						
Bonds, Notes, Warrants, other evidences of indebtedness of any local agency within this state	1 year	10%	No more than 10% of issuer debt and assets. Requires specific written approval of County Treasurer for each type of investment.						
Investments authorized, but not utilized in FY 2022-23									
U.S. Treasury Bonds	4 years	100%	N/A						
CDARS	1 year	15%	1%						
Bankers' Acceptances-Domestic	30 days	10%	4%						
Commercial Paper	30 days	5%	2%						
Collateralized Certificates of Deposit	1 year	5%	1%						
Tri-Party Repurchase Agreements	30 days	15% of all repos	N/A						
Cash Management Bills	Maximum issued	100%	N/A						
Bonds issued by a Local Agency	1 year	5%	Requires specific written approval of County Treasurer for each type of investment.						
Registered State Warrants	1 year	10%	Requires specific written approval of County Treasurer for each type of investment.						
Pledged Funds held by a trustee or fiscal agent	Per specific resolution, i issuance.	statutory provis ndenture, or ag	ions or in accordance with the ordinance, reement of a local agency providing for the						
Investments not authorized in FY 2022-23									
U.S. Government Agencies: Federal National Mortgage Association	<u> </u>								
U.S. Government Agencies: Federal Home Loan Mortgage Co	orp.								
Bankers' Acceptances-Foreign									
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit									
Bi-Party Repurchase Agreements									
Medium-Term Notes									
Money Market Mutual Funds (Shares of Beneficial Interest) issued by diversified management companies									
Treasury Notes or Bonds of this state									
Registered Treasury Notes or Bonds of any of the other 49 United States									
Notes, Bonds, or other obligations that are at all times secured by a valid first priority security interest									
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities									
Investments not authorized in the County's IP									
Reverse Repurchase Agreements		·							
Securities Lending Agreements									

Interest Rate Risk

In accordance with County's IP, the County manages exposure to declines in fair values by structuring the portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash flow requirements for ongoing operations and thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity.

Custodial Credit Risk

The County minimizes this type of credit risk by pre-qualifying the custodial financial institution and requiring the custodian to hold securities in the County Treasurer's name.

Credit Risk

The County minimizes exposure to credit risk by pre-qualifying the financial institutions limiting investments to the safest types of securities, diversifying the portfolio, and setting limits per issuer.

Concentration of Credit Risk

At June 30, 2023, the County did not have investments in medium-term notes.

The following is a summary of the credit quality distribution and concentration of credit risk by investment type as a percentage of the County's Investment Pool's fair value at June 30, 2023.

U.S. Government Agencies AA+ Aaa U.S. Treasuries AA+ Aaa Supranationals AAA CalTRUST-Short-Term Fund AAf/S1+ Not Rated	e S&P Moody's % of Portfo	folio
LAIF Not Rated Not Rated Total	AA+ Aaa 42.3 AA+ Aaa 29.3 AAA Aaa 18.5 t-Term Fund AAf/S1+ Not Rated 4.7	33% 54% 75% 08%

GASB Statement No. 40 requires that investments in single issuers exceeding 5% of the County's pooled investments be disclosed as concentrations of credit risk. As of the year ended June 30, 2023, the following investments exceeded the 5% disclosure threshold:

Investment Type	% of Portfolio
U.S. Government Agencies-Federal Home Loan Bank	21.34%
U.S. Government Agencies-Farm Credit Bank	20.96%
Supranationals – IADB	8.08%
Supranationals – IBRD	6.57%

At June 30, 2023, the County had the following investments and interest-bearing deposits (in thousands):

			Weighted				
			Average				
		Interest Rate	Maturity				
Instrument	Maturity Dates	%	Years		Fair Value		Cost
U.S. Government Agencies	7/10/23-10/19/26	0.173%-5.150%	1.30	\$	619,934	\$	634,425
U.S. Treasuries	7/25/23-2/15/27	0.177%-5.126%	1.77		429,920		442,174
Supranationals	9/27/23-3/10/27	0.236%-4.749%	1.47		271,758		288,477
CalTRUST	On Demand	4.500%	-		69,541		69,773
LAIF	On Demand	2.170%	-	_	74,449		75,000
Total Investments in County T	reasury			\$_	1,465,602	\$_	1,509,849

Deposits in Transit 5,125 Outstanding Warrants (11,691) Total 1,664,736 1 Imprest Cash 1,649	205,374 326 ,715,549 5,125 (11,691) ,708,983 1,649
Non-pool Cash Deposits 3,313	3,313
Other Cash Deposits 4,962	4,962
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents \$\frac{1,669,698}{2} \\$ \frac{1}{2}	,713,945
Restricted Cash with Fiscal Agent U.S. Government & Federal Agencies \$ 82,783 \$	82,632
Certificates of Deposit & Money Market Accounts -	-
Total 82,783	82,632
Total restricted and unrestricted cash and cash equivalents \$\frac{1,752,481}{\}\$\$	1,796,577
Total Cash and Investments Summary Fair Value	
Total Governmental Activities \$ 764,985	
Total Business-Type Activities 98,696	
Total Investment and Custodial Fiduciary Funds 845,211	
Total Fiduciary Component Unit – SLO Pension Trust as of December 31, 2022 84,237	
SLO Pension Trust Fund Perspective Difference ¹ (49,808)	
Total Component Unit – First 5 9,160	
Total Cash and Investments as of June 30, 2023 \$ 1,752,481	

 $^{^{1}}$ Perspective amount represents the combination of the change in Total SLO Pension Trust cash from the Pension Trust's ACFR Reporting Date of 12/31/2022 to the County's ACFR Reporting Date of 6/30/2023 and the portion of Pension Trust's cash held outside of the County's financial system. The cash balance in the County's Treasury for San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust as of 6/30/2023 is \$34,429.

The following represents a condensed statement of net position and changes in net position for the Treasurer's investment pool as of June 30, 2023 (in thousands):

Chatamant of Nat Danition	Fair Value
Statement of Net Position: Net position held for pool participants	\$ <u>1,664,736</u>
Equity of internal pool participants Equity of external pool participants (voluntary and involuntary) Total Equity	\$ 937,408 727,328 \$ 1,664,736
Statement of Changes in Net Position: Revenue Investment costs	\$ 28,567 (964)
Net deposits Change in fair value Net change in pool net position Net position at July 1, 2022	226,869 (5,300) 249,172 1,415,564
Net position at June 30, 2023	\$ <u>1,664,736</u>

Fair Value Measurements

The County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is divided into 3 levels with each level based on the source used to measure the fair value of the asset.

The County has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2023:

		<u>Fair Value Measurements Using</u>							
		<u>Investments by fair value level</u>							
				<u>Quoted</u>					
				Prices in					
				<u>Active</u>		<u>Significant</u>			
				Markets for		<u>Other</u>		<u>Significant</u>	
				<u>Identical</u>		<u>Observable</u>		<u>Unobservable</u>	
				<u>Assets</u>		<u>Inputs</u>		<u>Inputs</u>	
				(Level 1)		(Level 2)		(Level 3)	
<u>Debt securities</u>							_		
U.S. Treasuries	\$	429,920	\$	429,920	\$	-	\$	-	
U.S. Government Agencies		619,934		619,934		-		-	
Supranationals		271,758		271,758		-		-	
Total measured at fair value		1,321,612		1,321,612		-		-	
Investments measured at amortized									
cost									
LAIF		74,449		-		-		-	
CalTRUST	_	69,541		-		-			
Total investments in County Treasury	\$	1,465,602	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	

Restricted Cash with Fiscal Agent

Cash and investments at June 30, 2023, that are restricted by legal or contractual requirements are comprised of the following (in thousands):

<u>Various Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Required lease reserves for long-term debt	\$ 82,054
Restricted interest on lease reserves	729
Restricted for contractor retentions	
Total Restricted Cash	\$ 82,783

Cash Deposits Outside of the Treasury Pool

At fiscal year-end, the carrying amount of the County's other cash deposits was \$3,289,033 and the combined financial institutions' balance was \$3,313,427. The difference of \$24,394 between the County's deposit balance and the financial institutions' balance results from transactions in transit, and outstanding warrants and bond coupons. The entire bank balance of \$3,313,427 was covered by federal depository insurance or by collateral held by the County's agent in the County's name.

3. RECEIVABLES

Receivables at year-end for the County are as follows (in thousands):

				Nonmajor Special			
	G	eneral		Revenue			
Governmental Funds	Fund			Funds			
Accounts Receivable	\$	7,904		\$	189		
Lease Receivables		1,759			136		
Other Receivables*		1,906			29		
Loans Receivables		-			27,481		
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts		-			(6,932)		

Proprietary Funds		Water W irport Contract Pro		State Vater roject Fund	Los (Waste Fui	water	Ente	nmajor erprise unds	Ser	ernal vice nds		
Accounts Receivable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,326	\$	-	\$	400	\$	20
Lease Receivables	16	5,291		-		-		-		87		-
Other Receivables*		481		-		1,041	g	97,149		42		-
Loans Receivables		-		-		-		401		-		-
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts		-		-		-		-		-		-

^{*}Other receivables primarily consist of accrued deposits; except for the Los Osos Wastewater Fund, which represents the special assessment receivable.

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital, lease assets, and subscription-based information technology arrangements for the year ended June 30, 2023, is as follows (in thousands):

Governmental Activities Capital assets, non-depreciable:	Restated Balance July 1, 2022	Additions	Retirements	Transfers & Adjustments	Balance June 30, 2023
Land	\$ 796,039	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11	\$ 796,050
Construction in progress	67,532	32,510	(118)	(34,053)	65,871
Total capital assets, non-depreciable:	863,571	32,510	(118)	(34,042)	861,921
Capital assets, depreciable					
Structures and improvements	281,671	4,696	(13)	26,261	312,615
Equipment	108,959	5,338	(2,535)	854	112,616
Infrastructure	457,561	1,129	-	6,927	465,617
Other property	1,258				1,258
Total capital assets, depreciable	849,449	11,163	(2,548)	34,042	892,106
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Structures and improvements	(113,809)	(6,898)	13	-	(120,694)
Equipment	(77,874)	(7,178)	2,479	-	(82,573)
Infrastructure	(262,316)	(11,558)	, <u>-</u>	-	(273,874)
Other property	` (96)	(17)	-	-	(113)
Total accumulated depreciation	(454,095)	(25,651)	2,492		(477,254)
Total capital assets depreciable, net	395,354	(14,488)	(56)	34,042	414,852
Lanca pasata amantimakia					
Lease assets, amortizable Land	198	311			509
Structures and improvements	95,274	38,621	_	-	133,895
Equipment	93,274 466	30,021	(357)	_	109
Total lease assets, amortizable	95,938	38,932	(357)		134,513
Total lease assets, allorazable	33,330	30,332	(337)		151,515
Less accumulated amortization for:					
Land	(46)	(58)	-	-	(104)
Structures and improvements	(4,846)	(6,730)	-	-	(11,576)
Equipment	(96)	(65)	107		(54)
Total accumulated amortization	(4,988)	(6,853)	107		(11,734)
Total lease assets, amortizable net	90,950	32,079	(250)		122,779
Subscription assets, amortizable ¹	5,084	20	-	-	5,104
Less accumulated amortization for subscription					•
assets		(2,495)			(2,495)
Total subscription assets, amortizable net	5,084	(2,475)			2,609
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 1,354,959	\$ 47,626	\$ (424)	\$ -	\$ 1,402,161

Business-Type Activities Capital assets, not being depreciated:	В	estated alance 1, 2022	A	dditions	Retir	rements		nsfers & ustments	_	Balance e 30, 2023
Land	\$	36,718	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	36,718
Construction in progress	Ą	3,489	Ŧ	3,434	P	(7)	Ą	(1,942)	Ą	4,974
Water rights		68,244		4,075		(/)		(1,572)		72,319
Other property		1,968		1,075		_		_		1,968
Total capital assets, not being depreciated:		110,419		7,509		(7)		(1,942)		115,979
Capital assets, being depreciated										
Infrastructure		385,272		-		(11)		56		385,317
Structures and improvements		225,568		2,737		(1,507)		1,865		228,663
Equipment		11,134		1,538		(64)		21		12,629
Other property		554								554
Total capital assets, being depreciated		622,528		4,275		(1,582)		1,942		627,163
Less accumulated depreciation for:										
Infrastructure		(60,332)		(7,411)		12		-		(67,731)
Structures and improvements		(76,995)		(18,230)		1,207		-		(94,018)
Equipment		(5,365)		(690)		62		-		(5,993)
Other property		(58)		- (2.2.2.2.)		-				(58)
Total accumulated depreciation		(142,750)		(26,331)		1,281				(167,800)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		479,778		(22,056)		(301)		1,942		459,363
Lease assets, amortizable										
Land		79		-		-		-		79
Equipment		257								257
Total lease assets, amortizable		336				-				336
Less accumulated amortization for:										
Land		(11)		(11)		-		-		(22)
Equipment		(76)		(76)						(152)
Total accumulated amortization		(87)		(87)						(174)
Total lease assets, amortizable net		249		(87)						162
Subscription assets, amortizable ¹ Less accumulated amortization for subscription		270		27		-		-		297
assets				(102)						(102)
Total subscription assets, amortizable net		270		(75)		_		_		195
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	590,716	\$	(14,709)	\$	(308)	\$		\$	575,699
zasess type dearnacs capital assets, net	Ψ	330,710	Ψ	(1.7,00)	Ψ	(330)	Ψ		Ψ	3,3,033

¹ Subscription assets beginning balance was restated with the implementation of GASB 96 in fiscal year 2022-23.

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to functions/funds of the primary government as follows:

	Depreciation		Amortization		Total
Governmental Activities					
General Government	\$	4,811	\$	4,971	\$ 9,782
Public Protection		4,633		1,348	5,981
Public Ways and Facilities		11,056		137	11,193
Health and Sanitation		690		1,676	2,366
Public Assistance		230		1,123	1,353
Education		429		90	522
Recreational and Cultural Services		1,122		-	1,122
Capital assets held by the County's Internal Service Funds are					
charged to the various functions based on their usage of assets		2,680		-	 2,680
Total governmental activities depreciation/amortization expense	\$	25,651	\$	9,348	\$ 34,999
Business-type Activities					
Airport	\$	17,083	\$	98	\$ 17,181
Los Osos Wastewater		4,370		-	4,370
Nacimiento Water Contract		2,221		-	2,221
State Water Project		192		-	192
Nonmajor Enterprise		2,465		91	 2,556
Total business-type activities depreciation/amortization expense	\$	26,331	\$	189	\$ 26,520

5. CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS AND RELATED COMMITMENTS

Construction in Progress accounts reflect the amount within governmental and business-type funds for construction projects which are not yet complete.

The following is a schedule of major projects included in Construction in Progress as of June 30, 2023 (in thousands):

Governmental Activities

Project	 Expended to June 30, 2023	 Committed Funds	Remaining Budget
Roads Infrastructure	\$ 28,099	\$ 12,724	\$ 25,081
Radio Modernization	5,577	523	-
Women's Jail	4,945	100	81
Fire and Sheriff Co-located Dispatch Location	5,408	-	34,261
Sheriff Jail Management and Records Management Systems Software Implementation Project	2,617	1,583	-
Bob Jones Octagon/Ontario Park Trail Extension	1,657	239	3,078
Cayucos Vets Hall Rehab Behavioral Health Cal Mental Health	2,433	26	8,746
Services Authority Electronic Health Records Project	1,491	1,855	2
New Probation Office Building	1,473	-	38,411
Courthouse Annex	1,443	16	-
Public Works Roof	1,384	-	59
Templeton to Atascadero Park Trail Connector	1,269	-	315
Business-Type Activities		C "	.
Project	Expended to June 30, 2023	Committed Funds	Remaining Budget
Airport Terminal Redesign	\$ 1,787	\$ -	\$ 476

6. LEASES AND SUBSCRIPTION-BASED INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ARRANGEMENTS

County as Lessor

The County leases out several of its buildings and land. Lease terms vary, with current agreements going out until fiscal year 2055-2056. For agreements with renewal options the County included these renewal periods in the lease term when it is reasonably certain that the renewal option(s) will be exercised. For contracts that contain termination options for either party to exercise (cancellable period), these periods are excluded from the lease receivable calculation. The County's lease arrangements do not contain any material residual value guarantees. When the borrowing rate is not stated in the contract, or readily available, the County uses the Treasury Quarterly Yield percentage to discount the lease payments. The agreements currently use a discount rate ranging from 0.71% to 2.01% to measure the present value of the lease payments expected to be received during the lease term period.

Minimum lease payments receivable on leases of properties as of June 30, 2023, are as follows:

	G	Governmental Activities			B	Business-Typ	pe Act	ivities
Year Ending								
June 30,	Pr	incipal	Int	erest	P	rincipal	Ir	nterest
2024	\$	265	\$	12	\$	650	\$	114
2025		269		10		485		110
2026		238		9		420		107
2027		246		7		445		104
2028		211		5		466		101
2029-2033		666		10		2,511		449
2034-2038		-		-		2,797		356
2039-2043		-		-		3,441		245
2044-2048		-		-		3,869		112
2049-2053		-		-		942		25
2054-2058				-		352		3
Total	\$	1,895	\$	53	\$	16,378	\$	1,726

The total amount of revenue (inflows of resources) relating to leases recognized in the current fiscal year is as follows:

June 30, 2023	 rnmental civities	Business-Type Activities		
Lease revenue	\$ 314	\$	1,185	
Lease interest	15		127	

The County did not have any leases of assets that are investments, regulated leases, sublease transactions, sale-leaseback transactions, or lease-leaseback transactions requiring disclosure.

County as Lessee

The County entered into various contracts as lessee primarily for office space, land, equipment, and office equipment. Lease terms vary, with current agreements going out until fiscal year 2056-2057. For agreements with renewal options the County included these renewal periods in the lease term when it is reasonably certain that the renewal option(s) will be exercised. For contracts that contain termination options for either party to exercise (cancellable period), these periods are excluded from the lease liability calculation. The County's lease contracts generally do not include restrictive financial or other covenants. Certain leases require additional payments for maintenance, which are expensed as incurred. The County's lease arrangements do not contain any material residual value guarantees. When the borrowing rate is not stated in the contract, or readily available, the County uses the Treasury Quarterly Yield percentage to discount the lease payments. The agreements currently use a discount rate ranging from 0.51% to 2.01% to measure the present value of the lease payments expected to be paid during the lease term period.

The future principal and interest lease payments as of June 30, 2023, are as follows:

	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities
Year Ending				
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2024	\$ 4,790	\$ 841	\$ 86	\$ 1
2025	4,920	805	37	-
2026	4,868	771	16	-
2027	4,809	737	12	-
2028	4,382	707	13	-
2029-2033	21,702	3,080	-	-
2034-2038	20,133	2,379	-	-
2039-2043	17,629	1,747	-	-
2044-2048	19,141	1,127	-	-
2049-2053	15,709	525	-	-
2054-2058	8,251	124		
Total	\$ 126,334	\$ 12,843	\$ 164	\$ 1

The County did not have any sublease transactions, sale-leaseback transactions, or lease-leaseback transactions requiring disclosure.

<u>Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements</u>

The County entered into various subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITA). SBITA terms vary, with current agreements going out until fiscal year 2026-2027. For agreements with renewal options the County included these renewal periods in the SBITA term when it is reasonably certain that the renewal option(s) will be exercised. For contracts that contain termination options for either party to exercise (cancellable period), these periods are excluded from the SBITA liability calculation. Certain SBITAs require additional payments for maintenance, which are expensed as incurred. When the borrowing rate is not stated in the contract, or readily available, the County uses the Treasury Quarterly Yield percentage to discount the lease payments. The agreements currently use a discount rate ranging from 0.73% to 2.01% to measure the present value of the SBITA payments expected to be paid during the SBITA term period.

The future principal and interest SBITA payments as of June 30, 2023, are as follows:

	(Governmental Activities			Bu	siness-Ty	ype Activ	/ities
Year Ending June 30,	Pr	rincipal	Inte	erest	Pri	ncipal	Inte	erest
2024	\$	2,410	\$	3	\$	113	\$	1
2025		96		1		86		-
2026		76		-		-		-
2027		32		-		-		-
Total	\$	2,614	\$	4	\$	199	\$	1

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County has self-insurance programs for liability, workers' compensation, unemployment insurance and dental coverage. There were three liability claim settlements and there were five workers' compensation claim settlements that have exceeded insurance coverage during the past three fiscal years. Insurance coverage for liability and workers' compensation above the County's self-insured retention (SIR) is provided through Public Risk Innovation, Solutions, and Management (PRISM). The County is a member of PRISM, a joint powers authority whose purpose is to develop and fund programs of excess insurance for its member counties. The authority is solvent; self-insurance and authority limits are as follows:

Type of Coverage	<u>Self-Insurance</u>	<u>Authority</u>
Liability	\$ 250,000 per occurrence	\$ 25,000,000
Workers' Compensation	\$ 350,000 per occurrence	Statutory
Unemployment	\$ 492,454 maximum	
Dental	None-Funded by Employees	

Annual actuarial valuations are obtained for the Workers' Compensation and the Liability Funds. These valuations provide the basis for premiums charged to insured departments. The County's SIR amounts are paid directly, without the use of purchased annuity contracts. Financial information on PRISM is available on request from the Office of Risk Management, County of San Luis Obispo.

The estimated claims liability for the Protected Self-Insurance Fund was recorded at a discounted 85% confidence level, and the estimated liability for the Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Fund was also recorded at a discounted 85% confidence level.

	Beginning of the fiscal year liability	ent year claims, changes & estimates	Cla	iim payments	Ва	llance at fiscal year-end	
2021-22	\$ 21,016	\$ 6,765	\$	5,521	\$	22,260	
2022-23	\$ 22,260	\$ 6,817	\$	5,576	\$	23,501	

8. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2023, was (in thousands):

Payable Fund (Due to Balance)	Receivable Fund (Due from Balance)	 Amount
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Capital Projects Fund	\$ 286
	Total	\$ 286

The SLO County Financing Authority owes the Capital Projects Fund \$286 for bond proceeds for the Animal Services Facility.

Payable Fund (Advances from Balance)	Receivable Fund (Advances to Balance)	Amount
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	\$ 551 20 571
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	General Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds	134 768 902
Airport Fund	General Fund	5,233
Los Osos Wastewater Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	1,214
	Total	\$ 7,920

The General Fund advanced \$238 to the Parks Special Revenue Fund for the restoration of the Cayucos Pier and \$313 for the Nipomo Skate Park Project. The Lopez Park Enterprise Fund advanced \$20 to the Parks Special Revenue Fund for future debt payments.

The County Service Areas Enterprise Funds received advances from the County Services Area 10 Special Revenue Fund for operational costs (\$655), the General Flood Control Zone Special Revenue Fund for state water projects (\$113), and the General Fund for debt and operational costs (\$13). The Golf Enterprise Fund also received \$121 from the General Fund for a water line replacement project.

The Airport Fund owes the General Fund \$5,233 for internal loans for various projects including the refinancing of a state loan for the construction of hangars and the new terminal.

The Los Osos Wastewater Fund received a long-term operating loan from the General Flood Control Zone Special Revenue Fund of \$1,214.

9. TRANSFERS

A reconciliation of transfers is detailed below (in thousands):

Transfer From	Transfer To	Amount
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 33,024
	Capital Projects Fund	6,481
	Internal Service Funds	6,673
	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	262
	Los Osos Wastewater Fund	207
		46,647
Capital Projects Fund	General Fund	4
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Capital Projects Fund	2,871
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	1,985
	General Fund	1,733
	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	345
	State Water Project Fund	6,281
		13,215
Airport Fund	General Fund	199
·	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	103
		302
Los Osos Wastewater Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	41
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	56
	General Fund	1
		57_
Internal Service Funds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	1,316
	General Fund	237
		1,553
	Total Transfers	\$ 61,819

General Fund Transfers

General Fund transfers to Nonmajor Governmental Funds included contributions to the following Special Revenue and Debt Service Funds:

- Pension Obligation Bond Debt Service Fund (\$12,005) to finance debt service payments.
- Roads (\$6,329) to fund various road improvement projects and (\$12,000) to repair storm damages sustained in the winter of 2023.
- Parks (\$1,034) to repair storm damages sustained in the winter of 2023.
- Library (\$651) for budget appropriated uses.
- Community Development (\$40) for budget appropriated uses.
- Flood Control Zone (\$248) for the water resource data enhancement project.
- Solid Waste Management (\$717) for budget appropriated uses.

General Fund transfers to the Capital Projects Fund (\$6,481) were made for various capital projects including the Co-Located Emergency Dispatch Center, various roof repairs, and initial costs associated with the new Probation Department building.

The General Fund transferred \$6,500 to the Protected Self-Insurance (\$3,600) and Workers Compensation (\$2,900) Internal Service Funds (ISF) to increase fund reserve levels. The General Fund also transferred \$173 in American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) revenue funding for restorative purposes to the Public Works ISF (\$4) and Workers Compensation ISF (\$169).

General Fund transfers to Nonmajor Enterprise Fund include the following contributions:

- County Service Areas (\$249) in ARPA revenue funding for water projects.
- Golf Fund (\$13) for budget appropriated uses.

General Fund transfers to the Los Osos Wastewater Fund (\$207) were made for ARPA revenue funding for sewer projects.

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund transferred \$4 to the General Fund for debt service payments associated with Cayucos Veterans Hall rehabilitation project.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Public Facilities Fees (PFF) Fund transferred:

- \$1,361 to the Parks Special Revenue Fund for the Biddle Park Gazebo (\$19), Nipomo Skate Park (\$821), Jack Ready Imagination Park (\$494) and Cave Landing improvements (\$27) projects.
- \$1,448 to the Capital Projects Fund for library projects (\$42), for parks trail projects (\$184), and for a new Co-Located Emergency Dispatch Center funded by Fire PFF (\$611) and Law Enforcement PFF (\$611).
- \$1,198 to the General Fund for debt service payments for the new Co-Located Emergency Dispatch Center, funded by Fire PFF (\$698), Law Enforcement PFF (\$107) and General Government PFF (\$393).

Parks Fund transferred:

- \$101 to the Pension Obligation Bond Debt Service Fund to finance debt service payments.
- \$8 to the General Fund for off-highway motor vehicle fees.
- \$1 to the Lopez Park Enterprise Fund for debt service.

Roads Fund transferred:

- \$4 to the Flood Control District Special Revenue Fund.
- \$110 to the General Fund for the Oceano community water drainage improvement project debt service payment.

Roads Impact Fees Fund transferred:

- \$213 to the Roads Fund for capital and maintenance projects.
- \$344 to the General Fund for the 2020 Series B Lease Revenue Bond debt service payment.

Library Fund transferred:

- \$277 to the Pension Obligation Bond Debt Service Fund to finance debt service payments.
- \$33 to the General Fund for budget appropriated uses.

Flood Control Districts Fund transferred:

• \$6,281 to the State Water Project Fund for the preliminary planning and design phase of the Department of Water Resources Delta Conveyance Project.

Driving Under the Influence Programs Fund transferred \$29 to the Pension Obligation Bond Debt Service Fund to finance debt service payments.

County Service Area Funds transferred \$344 to Enterprise County Service Area Funds for budget appropriated uses.

Debt Service Financing Authority Fund transferred \$1,423 to the Capital Projects Fund for 2020 Series A Lease Revenue bond proceeds for construction of the Animal Services Facility (\$718) and for the new Co-Located Emergency Dispatch Center bond proceeds (\$705).

The Community Development Fund transferred \$40 to the General Fund for budgeted appropriated uses.

Major Enterprise Funds

The Airport Fund transferred:

- \$199 to the General Fund for debt service payments on construction of the new airport terminal.
- \$103 to the Pension Obligation Bond Debt Service Fund to finance debt service payments.

The Los Osos Wastewater Fund transferred \$41 to the Flood Control Districts Fund for debt service payments.

Nonmajor Enterprise Funds

The Golf Fund transferred \$55 to the Pension Obligation Bond Debt Service Fund to finance debt service payments.

County Service Area Funds transferred:

- \$1 to the Flood Control Districts Fund for debt service payments.
- \$1 to the General Fund for debt service payments.

Internal Service Funds (ISF)

Both the Garage ISF and the Public Works ISF transferred to the Pension Obligation Bond Debt Service Fund to finance debt service payments. The Garage ISF transferred \$54, and the Public Works ISF transferred \$1,262.

The Protected Self-Insurance ISF transferred \$237 to the General Fund for an insurance reimbursement claim paid by the General Fund.

10. BONDED INDEBTEDNESS AND LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2023, is as follows (in thousands):

	Beginning Balance								Ending Balance		ue within
Governmental Activities	July 1, 2022 Adjustm		<u>justments</u>	ents <u>Additions</u>		Reductions		June 30, 2023		one year	
Bonds and notes payable:											
Certificates of participation (COP)	\$	10,127	\$	-	\$ -	\$	6,922	\$	3,205	\$	170
Certificates of participation from direct borrowings		8,163		-	-		190		7,973		196
Unamortized premium on COP		530		-	-		530		-		-
Unamortized premium on lease revenue bonds		3,652		-	4,634		314		7,972		-
State notes from direct borrowings		1,426		-	-		162		1,264		163
Pension obligation bonds		85,112		(2,046)	-		3,550		79,516		10,552
Lease revenue bonds		19,380		-	70,033		610		88,803		2,961
Assessment bonds from direct borrowings		344		-	-		50		294		53
Total bonds and notes payable		128,734		(2,046)	74,667		12,328		189,027		14,095
Leases		92,248		-	38,934		4,848		126,334		4,789
Subscription-based IT arrangements ¹		5,084		-	20		2,490		2,614		2,411
Other liabilities:											
Compensated absences		35,415		-	22,897		21,360		36,952		26,268
Landfill post-closure costs		8,172		-	1,284		711		8,745		1,269
Self-insurance		22,260		-	6,817		5,576		23,501		5,116
Total other liabilities		65,847		-	30,998		27,647		69,198		32,653
Total Governmental Activities	\$	291,913	\$	(2,046)	\$ 144,619	\$	47,313	\$	387,173	\$	53,948
					_				_		

Business-Type Activities	В	ginning alance / 1, 2022	<u>Adjustments</u>		<u>Ad</u>	<u>ditions</u>	Red	<u>uctions</u>	<u>Jui</u>			e within <u>e year</u>
Bonds and notes payable:												
Certificates of participation (COP)	\$	9,213	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,093	\$	6,120	\$	630
Certificates of participation from direct borrowings		5,455		-		-		104		5,351		107
Unamortized premium on COP		196		-		-		196		-		-
State notes from direct borrowings		84,528		-		-		3,827		80,701		3,737
Other notes from direct borrowings		196		-		-		30		166		40
Revenue bonds		150,585		-		-		4,990		145,595		5,250
Unamortized premium on revenue bonds		7,230		-		-		425		6,805		-
General obligation bonds		6,030		-		-		540		5,490		565
Unamortized premium on general obligation bonds		508		-		-		56		452		-
Lease revenue bonds		-		-		1,582		-		1,582		365
Unamortized premium on lease revenue bonds		-		-		67		10		57		-
Assessment bonds		70,978		-		-		1,541		69,437		1,587
Total bonds and notes payable		334,919				1,649		14,812		321,756		12,281
Leases		250		-				86		164		86
Subscription-based IT arrangements ¹		270	_			27		98		199		113
Other liabilities:												
Compensated absences		485	_			338		244		579		296
Total other liabilities		485				338		244		579		296
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	335,924	\$	-	\$	2,014	\$	15,240	\$	322,698	\$	12,776

 $^{^{1}}$ Subscription-based IT arrangements beginning balance was restated with the implementation of GASB 96.

Annual debt service requirements for governmental activities as of June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

	Certificates of	of Parti	cipation,							
	Including Di	ng Direct Borrowings Pension Obligation Bonds								
Year Ended June 30,	<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Principal</u>	<u>A</u> p	preciation		<u>Total</u>	
2024	\$ 365	\$	377	\$	10,552	\$	298	\$	10,850	
2025	380		364		10,578		927		11,505	
2026	392		349		10,588		1,597		12,185	
2027	408		334		10,577		2,313		12,890	
2028	419		319		10,566		3,059		13,625	
2029-2033	2.352		1,338		26,655		11,459		38,115	
2034-2038	2,521		850		-		-		-	
2039-2043	1,625		500		-		-		-	
2044-2048	1,569		214		-		-		_	
2049-2053	411		86		-		-		_	
2054-2058	449		49		-		-		-	
2059-2062	287		10		-		-		-	
Total	\$ 11,178	\$	4,790	\$	79,516	\$	19,653	\$	99,170	

					G	overnmental Ac	tivities	(Continued)			
	State Notes, Including Direct Borrowings					Lease Reven	ds	Inc	Assessme luding Direc	,	
Year Ended June 30,		<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2024	\$	163	\$	12	\$	2,961	\$	4,325	\$	53	\$ 15
2025		165		11		3,119		4,180		56	12
2026		166		9		3,260		4,027		58	8
2027		168		7		3,428		3,866		62	5
2028		170		6		2,390		3,728		65	2
2029-2033		432		7		13,755		16,808		-	-
2034-2038		-		-		17,065		13,170		-	-
2039-2043		-		-		20,130		8,858		-	-
2044-2047		-		-		22,695		5,207		-	-
Total	\$	1,264	\$	52	\$	88,803	\$	64,169	\$	294	\$ 42

			Business-Ty	/pe Activ	/ities					
	Certificates of ncluding Dire	,	 State Notes				Revenue Bonds			
Year Ended June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Principal</u>		Interest	
2024	\$ 737	\$ 444	\$ 3,737	\$	1,668	\$	5,250	\$	6,558	
2025	775	405	3,800		1,584		5,525		6,283	
2026	813	365	3,885		1,499		5,815		5,994	
2027	860	322	3,972		1,413		6,120		5,689	
2028	903	278	4,060		1,324		6,415		5,393	
2029-2033	3,240	792	16,308		5,396		36,765		22,270	
2034-2038	741	495	14,641		3,920		46,380		12,658	
2039-2043	856	379	16,165		2,396		33,325		2,009	
2044-2048	992	243	14,133		714		-		-	
2049-2053	777	113	-		-		-		-	
2054-2058	417	50	-		-		-		-	
2059-2062	360	13	-		-		-		-	
Total	\$ 11,471	\$ 3,899	\$ 80,701	\$	19,914	\$	145,595	\$	66,944	

				Bus	iness-Type Acti	vities (C	Continued)				
									Other N	otes	
	General O	bligation	Bonds		Assessmer	nt Bonds	5	Ir	ncluding Direct	Borro	wings
Year Ended June 30,	<u>Principal</u>		Interest		<u>Principa</u> l		Interest		<u>Principal</u>		Interest
2024	\$ 565	\$	271	\$	1,587	\$	1,888	\$	40	\$	-
2025	595		239		1,632		1,844		40		-
2026	630		206		1,677		1,798		40		-
2027	665		170		1,722		1,751		40		-
2028	700		134		1,767		1,703		6		-
2029-2033	2,335		180		9,627		7,747		-		-
2034-2038	-		-		11,051		6,328		-		-
2039-2043	-		-		12,674		4,699		-		-
2044-2048	-		-		14,540		2,831		-		-
2049-2052	-		-		13,160		738		-		-
Total	\$ 5,490	\$	1,200	\$	69,437	\$	31,327	\$	166	\$	-

	Business-Type Activities (Continued)								
	Lease Revenue Bonds								
Year Ended June 30,		<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>					
2024	\$	365	9	\$ 70					
2025		386		51					
2026		405		31					
2027		426		11					
Total	\$	1,582		163					

Long-term liabilities at June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

Long term habilities at Julie 30, 202	o, consisted (or the rollo	wiiig.						
	Date of Issue	Maturity	Interest Rates	Semi Annual Installments	Original Issue Amount	Outstanding at 6/30/2023			
Governmental Activities									
Certificates of Participation									
2007 Series A	3/01/2007	2036	4% - 4.25%	\$7 - \$307	\$5,090	\$3,205			
Used to finance the construction of the Pa and restricted for new construction or ma Services building located in the City of San	ajor renovation o								
IBank Loan	10/01/2016	2046	3.75%	\$5 - \$320	6,000	5,233			
A direct borrowing from the California Infrastructure & Economic Development Bank (IBank) used for the final construction costs of the new terminal building at the San Luis Obispo County Regional Airport. The debt is backed by the General Fund and repaid using a combination of Passenger Facility Charges, Customer Facility Charges, and other local funding from Airport operations. Collateral for this debt is the County of San Luis Obispo Public Library and Office Building located at 6555 Capistrano Ave., Atascadero.									
Oceano Drainage Project	2/01/2021	2061	1.75%	\$1 - \$98	2,841	2,740			
A direct borrowing from the USDA used to service is provided by the County's Genera amount of \$2,841 fully registered as to bo United States Department of Agriculture.	l Fund. The loa	n is secured b	by a Certificate of Pa	articipation bond w	vith first lien	position in the			
officed States Department of Agriculture.					\$28,358	\$11,178			
State Note	10/8/2015	2030	1.00%	\$88	\$2,197	\$1,264			
A direct borrowing from the California implemented by the loan were identified estimated long-term energy savings to the	Energy Commis through the Su	ssion (CEC) t stainable Solu	to be used for ene	ergy conservation	projects.	Projects to be			
Pension Obligation Bonds									
Used to refund the Unfunded Actuarial Acc actuary. Debt service payments are expec				of July 2, 2003, a	as determine	d by an outside			
2003 Series C Capital Appreciation Bonds (CAB)	7/2/2003	2030	5.27% - 5.73%	zero - \$15,000	\$44,199	\$99,169			
2003 Series C CABs Unaccreted Interest						(19,653)			
Lease Revenue Bonds					\$44,199	\$79,516			
2020 Lease Revenue Bonds Series A	3/05/2020	2044	4.0%	\$20 - \$1,030	\$16,145	\$15,060			
Used to finance the construction and equ 2020A Bonds. Debt service is provided b Revenues. Collateral for this debt consists	uipping of an Ai y facility charge	nimal Service s made by p	s Facility and pay or articipating cities to	certain costs of is the County and	suance asso the County's	ciated with the			
2020 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds Series B	3/05/2020	2036	4.0%	\$7 - \$347	\$4,235	\$3,710			
Used to prepay and refund all of the \$5, (Vineyard Drive Interchange Improvemen service is provided by development fees. St., City of San Luis Obispo.	ts, 2008 Series	A) and pay co	ertain costs of issua	ince associated w	ith the 2020	B Bonds. Debt			
2022 Lease Revenue Bonds Series A	11/17/2022	2048	5.0%-5.5%	\$985 - \$20,715	\$62,220	\$62,220			
Used to finance the construction of multi certain costs of issuance associated with t fees and County's General Fund Revenues Luis Obispo and one located just outside County Government Center, Health Agen Courthouse, and Animal Services Facility.	the 2022A Bond Collateral for the City of San	s. Debt servic his debt cons Luis Obispo	te is provided by sel sists of lease revenu in the unincorporat	mi-annual paymer es from 5 facilities ed area of the Co	nts funded by s located in to ounty. The fa	public facility the City of San acilities include			

2022	Lease	Revenu	<u>e</u>	Bonds		Series	Д
inance a portior County's Genera Obispo and one	evenue Refunding Bonds us n of the new government of I Fund Revenues. Collater located just outside the Cit tter, Health Agency Building ices Facility.	enter. Debt ser al for this debt y of San Luis O	vice is provi consists of bispo in the	tificates of Particip ded by semi-annu- lease revenues fro unincorporated are	pation. The origin al payments funde om 5 facilities loca ea of the County.	ed by public ated in the (The facilities	partially used to facility fees and City of San Luis include County
022 Lease Reve	enue Bonds Series B	11/17/2022	2026	4.90%-5.05%	\$785 - \$1,340	\$3,535	\$3,535
ervice is provide consists of lease Obispo in the u	the rehabilitation of Cayuc ed by semi-annual paymen e revenues from 5 facilities nincorporated area of the uilding (Mental Health), Cer	ts funded by re located in the County. The fa	servation fee City of San cilities includ	es and County's Go Luis Obispo and de County Govern	eneral Fund Rever one located just o ment Center, Hea	nues. Collate outside the C Ilth Agency E	ral for this deb City of San Luis
ssessment Bo	onds						
Assessment Distr	Underground Utility rict Limited Obligation nd, Series 2006	12/21/2006	2027	5.45%	\$2 - \$67	\$818	\$294
itility lines in the public right-of-wa Orake Street, Jea	ng originally from Mission of e public right-of-way with a ay in the area of Sherwood an Street, and Kerwin Stre pecial assessments levied a nt District.	an underground I Drive between et, in the uninc	system, and Wedgewood orporated co	d removal of all over d Street and Lamp Community of Camb	rerhead lines and ton Street, including ria. Debt service	supporting st ng portions o is provided	tructures in the of Castle Street, by semi-annua
		Date of Issue	Maturity	Interest Rates	Semi Annual Installments	Issue Amount	Outstanding at 6/30/2023
<u>Business-Type</u>	<u>Activities</u>						
Certificates of	Participation						
009 direct borrowi	of Agriculture (USDA) ng from the USDA used to er sales revenues.	4/30/2009 o finance a wate	2048 er system im	4.375% nprovement projec	\$2 - \$86 t in County Servic	\$1,631 ce Area 23.	\$1,34 Debt service is
011 Refunding	Lopez Dam Remediation	6/08/2011	2030	2.0% - 5.5%	\$23 - \$928	\$11,990	\$6,12
	he 2000 A COP issue. The e payments made by the Lo	_		•		Debt service	e is provided b
ISDA 2013		7/01/2013	2053	2.75%	\$19 - \$67	\$1,621	\$1,36
	ng from the USDA used to er sales revenues.	finance a wate	er system im	provement projec	t in County Servic	e Area 10A.	Debt service is
ISDA Cayucos W	Vater Tank Project	11/02/2021	2061	1.75%	\$1 - \$93	\$2,691	\$2,64
rogram for CSA	ng from USDA used to fina A 10A water system to ad ts. Debt service is provided	dress storage o	leficiencies,	improve redundan	cy and reliability,		
tate Notes						\$23,256	\$11,47
The County has Transportation to	directly borrowed from to finance the construction f California Department of V	of water systen	ns in unincor	porated areas. O	ne of the Los Oso	os Wastewat	er Project loan
opez Recreation opez Water Tre os Osos Wastev	atment Plant Upgrade	2004 2006 2011	2024 2030 2046	2.5132% 2.60% 2.0%	\$10 \$836 \$1,565-\$2,147	325 25,945 80,484	20 10,46 70,21
_os osos vvasiev	rater i rojett	2011	2070	2.0 /0	φ±,505-φζ,1π/	¢100.765	/U,Z12

\$80,701

\$109,765

Revenue Bonds

2018 Nacimiento Water Project Revenue

<u>Refunding Bonds Series A</u> 5/07/2018 2040 3.0% - 5.0% \$158 - \$9,173 \$27,045 \$22,720

Used to refund all of the outstanding 2007 Nacimiento Water Project Revenue Bonds Series A which were used to build the Nacimiento Water Delivery Project. Debt service is provided by water sales revenues of participating cities and districts, payable under water delivery contracts.

<u>2007 Nacimiento Pipeline Project Series B</u> 9/26/2007 2040 5.2% - 5.6% \$887 - \$2,636 \$38,565 \$30,010

Used to build the Nacimiento Water Delivery Project. Debt service is provided by water sales revenues of participating cities and districts payable under water delivery contracts.

2015 Nacimiento Water Project Revenue

<u>Refunding Bonds Series A</u> 8/19/2015 2038 3.0%-5.0% \$159 - \$8,094 \$107,115 \$92,865

The 2007 bonds were used to build the Nacimiento Water Delivery Project. Debt service is provided by water sales revenues of participating cities and districts, payable under water delivery contracts. The 2015 Series A Nacimiento Water Project Revenue Refunding Bonds were issued to provide funds to advance refund certain 2007 Series A Nacimiento Water Project Revenue Bonds.

\$172,725 \$145,595

General Obligation Bonds

<u>2011 Refunding – Lopez Dam Remediation</u> 6/08/2011 2030 2.0% - 5.5% \$21 - \$841 \$10,760 \$5,490

Used to refund the 2000 A general obligation (GO) issue. The original GO Bonds were used to improve and retrofit the Lopez Dam. Debt service is provided by applicable property taxes.

Lease Revenue Bonds

2022 Lease Revenue Bonds Series A

Remediation 11/17/2022 2027 5.0% \$365 - \$427 \$1,582 \$1,582

Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds used to refund the 2012 A Certificates of Participation. The original COP was partially used to finance the Dairy Creek Golf Course. Debt service is provided by semi-annual lease payments from the Dairy Creek Golf Course. Collateral for this debt consists of lease revenues from 5 facilities located in the City of San Luis Obispo and one located just outside the City of San Luis Obispo in the unincorporated area of the County. The facilities include County Government Center, health agency building (main), health agency building (mental health), central services building, old courthouse, and animal services facility.

Assessment Bonds

5/24/2012 2051 2.75% \$47 - \$3,472 \$83,129 \$69,437

Issued to the USDA to finance the construction of the Los Osos Wastewater Project. Debt service is provided by amounts levied against property owners who benefit from the project.

Other Notes

6/30/2022 2027 0.0% \$20 \$196 \$166

A direct borrowing from PG&E through on-bill financing. The loan issued is an unsecured loan to fully or partially reimburse qualified PG&E customers for the costs they incur in connection with a qualified energy efficient retrofit project. These proceeds are being used to install lighting fixture upgrades at the San Luis Obispo County Airport. Debt service is provided by the general Airports revenues. This project will provide estimated long-term energy savings of \$42,000 annually.

Public Facilities Corporation

The SLO County Public Facilities Corporation (PFC) was incorporated on September 7, 1994. The PFC is a nonprofit public benefit corporation organized to assist public agencies within the County of San Luis Obispo with the acquisition and construction of various public facilities.

Financing Authority

The San Luis Obispo County Financing Authority was formed on August 22, 2000, as a joint exercise of powers authority between the County and the Lopez Flood Control District, which administers Lopez Dam. The Authority was created to assist in the financing, construction, and equipping of public facilities for one or both of the members.

Description of Long-Term Lease Arrangements

The County formed the Public Facilities Corporation and the Financing Authority for the purpose of issuing debt. On behalf of the County, these two entities issued all currently outstanding certificates of participation and the Lopez Dam remediation general obligation bond. Therefore, the County makes semi-annual lease payments in lieu of debt service to these entities from a variety of sources including State and Federal revenues, penalty assessments, golf course fees, water contract payments, and property taxes. For lease payment details, see above schedules for specific type of debt.

Description of Special Assessment Bonds

Special assessment debt has been issued to provide funds for the construction of streets, utility and water delivery systems. These bonds will be repaid from amounts levied against the property owners benefited by this construction.

The County acts in an agent capacity for the assessment districts. In the event that a deficiency exists because of unpaid or delinquent special assessments at the time a debt service payment is due, the County must provide resources to cover the deficiency until other resources, for example, foreclosure proceeds, are received. Special assessment principal outstanding on June 30, 2023, totals \$69,825 with interest rates from 2.52% to 5.45%.

Accrued Vacation and Sick Leave Pay and Compensatory Time Off

County employees have accumulated unpaid vested benefits for compensatory time off, sick leave and vacation earned of \$37,531 on June 30, 2023. The accumulated benefits will be liquidated in future years as employees elect to use them. In the normal course of business, all payments of these accumulated benefits will be funded from appropriations in the year in which they are to be paid.

The liability for compensated absences is typically liquidated from the Parks, Driving Under the Influence Program, Library and General funds.

Legal Debt Margin

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 1.25% of its net assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the County is \$854,588 with a margin of \$849,098.

Direct Placement Debt

The County does not have any direct placement debt as of June 30, 2023.

Direct Borrowings

The County's outstanding notes from direct borrowings related to governmental activities of \$9,531 contain default provisions and where applicable (1) the entire obligation becomes due and payable if the County is unable to make installment/lease payments, and (2) the lessor terminates the lease or re-let the leased premises.

The County's outstanding notes from direct borrowings related to business-type activities of \$86,218 contain a provision that if default continues after the cure period, the entire obligation becomes due and payable.

Rebatable Arbitrage Earnings

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 instituted certain arbitrage restrictions with respect to the issuance of tax-exempt bonds after August 31, 1986. Arbitrage regulations deal with the investment of tax-exempt bond proceeds at an interest yield greater than the interest yield paid to bondholders. Generally, all interest paid to bondholders can be retroactively rendered taxable if applicable rebates are not reported and paid to the Internal Revenue Service. During the current year, the County performed calculations of excess investment earnings and at June 30, 2023 had an arbitrage liability of \$153.

Debt Refunding

On November 17, 2022, all the outstanding principal and interest due on the Certificates of Participation 2012 Series A were paid. Funding was provided by the issuance of the SLO County Financing Authority Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds 2022 Series A. The aggregate difference between the 2012 Series A and the 2022 Series A was \$381. Using the effective interest rate method, the refunding resulted in an economic gain of \$377.

11. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES

NET POSITION

Restricted Net Position - This category presents net position with external restrictions imposed on its use by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Included in total restricted net position at June 30, 2023, is \$13,862 of Public Facility Fees, \$12,166 of Road Impact Fees, and \$50 of Wildlife and Grazing programs restricted due to enabling legislation. The remaining \$147,008 of restricted net position is restricted due to restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or contributors.

Restricted net position at June 30, 2023, for governmental activities is as follows (in thousands):

	A	Mount
RESTRICTED FOR:		
General Government		
Purchase obligations for Board of Supervisors professional services	\$	8
Purchase obligations for Administrative Office related professional services		650
Purchase obligations for Clerk-Recorder equipment maintenance		12
Purchase obligations for Human Services professional services and software		213
Purchase obligations for Facilities Management related software		16
Purchase obligations for Building Maintenance projects		750
Purchase obligations for Information Technology related equipment and professional services		208
Purchase obligations for Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector related professional services		162
Purchase obligations for Talent Development professional services		17
Claims, contracts and other restrictions imposed by grantors or contributors		8,512
Total General Government		10,548
Public Protection		
Purchase obligations for Waste Management related professional services		210
Purchase obligations for Grand Jury related supplies		1
Purchase obligations for District Attorney related professional services		20
Purchase obligations for Sheriff-Coroner related equipment and professional services		105
Purchase obligations for Animal Services related equipment		31
Purchase obligations for Emergency Services related professional services		20
Purchase obligations for Probation related equipment and professional services		87
Purchase obligations for fire protection related vehicles and equipment		5,092
Purchase obligations for Planning and Building related professional services		2,237
Purchase obligations for flood control related engineering and environmental services		6,568
Wildlife and Grazing programs restricted by enabling legislation		50
Claims, contracts and other restrictions imposed by grantors or contributors		6,719
Total Public Protection		21,140

Health and Sanitation Purchase obligations for Public Health related professional services and equipment Purchase obligations for Behavioral Health related professional services and computer software Claims, contracts and other restrictions imposed by grantors or contributors Total Health and Sanitation	604 616 17,486 18,706
<u>Public Assistance</u> Claims, contracts and other restrictions imposed by grantors or contributors	2,750
Public Ways and Facilities Purchase obligations for Public Works related professional services Road impact fees restricted by enabling legislation for road maintenance and construction Public facilities fees restricted by enabling legislation for public facilities Total Public Ways and Facilities	606 12,166 13,862 26,634
Recreation and Cultural Services Parks equipment and maintenance services	3,093
Education Library equipment and vehicles Claims, contracts, and other restrictions imposed by grantors or contributors Prepaid expenses Total Education	9 186 9 204
<u>Debt Service</u> Total Restricted Net Position	90,011 \$ 173,086

The Public Works Internal Service Fund reported a deficit in net position of \$37,364 at June 30, 2023. This deficit is mainly due to the fund's net pension liability of \$76,674 and the County plans to reduce the deficit with increased future charges.

The Workers' Compensation and Protected Self-Insurance Internal Service Funds reported deficits in net position of \$3,864 and \$691, respectively, at June 30, 2023. The deficits are mainly due to increased payouts from each fund, without sufficient charges to users. Net position for each fund fluctuates and overtime aims to break-even. Should deficits continue, the amount charged to users will be increased to offset increasing costs.

FUND BALANCE

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor the constraints imposed on the use of resources reported in the funds. In circumstances when an expenditure is made for a purpose for which amounts are available from multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is generally depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

As prescribed by GASB Statement No. 54, the following classifications are used to identify the components of fund balance:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance includes amounts that are (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example: inventories, prepaid amounts, and long-term notes receivable.
- Restricted Fund Balance includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may effectively be changed or lifted only with the consent of the resource provider.
- Committed Fund Balance includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes determined by formal action of the County's highest level of decision-making authority. As prescribed by the State of California County Budget Act, fund balance commitments are established, modified or rescinded by resolution adopted by a four-fifths vote of the Board of Supervisors at regular or special meetings. The general reserve, however, is only established, cancelled, increased or decreased at the time of adopting the budget except in cases of legally declared emergency.

- Assigned Fund Balance comprises amounts intended to be used by the County for specific purposes
 that are neither restricted nor committed. As a practice, for financial statement presentation the County
 Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector assigns non-restricted and non-committed fund balance of the
 General Fund to its intended purpose. Assigned fund balance can be identified by departments and the
 County Administrative Officer for specific uses during the County's budgeting process. Budgets
 requested by departments require approval by the County Board of Supervisors.
- *Unassigned Fund Balance* is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications. Unassigned amounts are technically available for any purpose.

Fund balances for all the major and nonmajor governmental funds as of June 30, 2023, are distributed as follows:

	General Fund		Capital Projects Fund	G	Nonmajor overnmental Funds		Total
Nonspendable:							
Inventories	\$	121	\$ -	\$	-	\$	121
Prepaid items		734	-		9		743
Advances to other funds		5,918	-		-		5,918
Subtotal	\$	6,773	\$ -	\$	9	\$	6,782
Restricted for:							
General Government programs & encumbrances	\$	2,401	\$ -	\$	-	\$	2,401
Automation projects		2,344	-		-		2,344
Tax reduction reserves		3,990	-		-		3,990
Public Protection programs		11,253	-		-		11,253
Public Ways and Facilities programs & encumbrances		401	-		-		401
Health and Sanitation programs & encumbrances		1,220	-		-		1,220
Mental Health Services Act		2,774	-		-		2,774
Recreation programs		224	-		-		224
Public facilities		-	-		13,862		13,862
Traffic impact programs		-	-		12,166		12,166
Flood Control Districts services		-	-		6,568		6,568
Library equipment & maintenance services		-	-		9		9
Driving Under the Influence services		-	-		186		186
Community Service Areas road maintenance		-	-		138		138
Wildlife and grazing programs		-	-		50		50
Parks equipment and maintenance services		-	-		708		708
Solid waste management encumbrances		-	-		55		55
Debt service		_	286		95,644		95,930
Subtotal	\$	24,607	\$ 286	\$	129,386	\$	154,279
		r	 		- 1	<u> </u>	

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total	
Committed to:					
Maintenance projects	\$ 5,959	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,959	
County Counsel services	1,164	-	-	1,164	
IT projects	53	-	-	53	
Other general government	12,168	-	-	12,168	
Fire services and equipment	11,926	-	-	11,926	
Sheriff-Coroner programs	1,298	-	-	1,298	
Other public protection	100	-	-	100	
Public Health programs	935	-	-	935	
Social Services programs	32	-	-	32	
Public works engineering & consulting services	16	-	-	16	
Community parks programs	595	-	-	595	
Fish and Game programs	-	-	202	202	
Flood Control programs	-	-	13,209	13,209	
Lighting programs	-	-	458	458	
Community Development programs	-	-	24,192	24,192	
Emergency Medical Services	-	-	528	528	
Roads	-	-	20,010	20,010	
Community Service Areas	-	-	3,110	3,110	
Driving Under the Influence programs	-	-	212	212	
Library	-	-	6,156	6,156	
Parks	-	-	1,095	1,095	
Solid waste management	-	-	275	275	
General reserve	7,000	-	-	7,000	
SB1090 Economic	10,890	-	-	10,890	
development COVID-19 services	5,529	_	_	5,529	
Internal financing	5,794	_	_	5,794	
Solar plant safety	843	_	_	843	
Solar plant mitigation	15,640	_	_	15,640	
Automation projects	21,452	_	_		
Prado Rd Interchange project	1,435	_	_	21,452 1,435	
Talent Development	1,822	_	_	1,822	
Project Homekey	2,600	_	_	2,600	
Rainy Day Fund	6,209	_	_	6,209	
Building replacement	51,208	_	_	51,208	
Tax reduction reserve	59,160	_	_	59,160	
Lease financing	995	_	- -	955	
Capital Projects		17,281		17,281	
Subtotal	\$ 224,823	\$ 17,281	\$ 69,447	\$ 311,551	

	(General Fund	Capital Projects Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total
Assigned to:							
Tax reduction reserve	\$	29,015	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 29,015
Clerk-Recorder services		1,487		-		-	1,487
IT projects		171		-		-	171
General government		8,621		-		-	8,621
Sheriff-Coroner & Emergency Services programs		19,416		-		-	19,416
Probation programs		17,541		-		-	17,541
District Attorney programs		5,074		-		-	5,074
Planning programs		3,081		-		-	3,081
Other public protection programs		1,235		-		-	1,235
Foster Care & Social Services programs		30,633		-		-	30,633
Other public assistance programs		88		-		-	88
Public ways and facilities		2,358		-		-	2,358
Behavioral Health programs		22,431		-		-	22,431
Public Health programs		7,115		-		-	7,115
Other education programs		4		-		-	4
Subsequent Fiscal Year Budget		50,788		-		-	50,788
Imprest cash		138				<u>-</u> _	138
Subtotal	\$	199,196	\$		\$	-	\$ 199,196
Total	\$	455,399	\$	17,567	\$	198,842	\$ 671,808

12. LAPSING ENCUMBRANCES

The County allows some encumbrances to lapse at year-end and then automatically reappropriates them as part of the subsequent year's budget.

The following is a summary of lapsing encumbrances at June 30, 2023, to be reappropriated during the next fiscal year (in thousands):

Fund	Tota	Total Encumbrances			
General Fund	\$	7,728			
Capital Projects Fund		68,247			
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		18,777			
Total Lapsing Encumbrances	\$	94,752			

13. OTHER COMMITMENTS

In 1965, San Luis Obispo County Flood Control and Water Conservation District (District) began payments in accordance with a contract with the State Department of Water Resources (DWR) for a water supply from the State Water Project. Estimated future principal payments for the State Water contract will total \$23,138 over the next 12 years. The estimated amounts vary by year. For example, the principal amount due in 2023 is \$1,344 while \$2,431 is due in 2035. In 1992 the District entered Water Supply Contracts, of like terms, with various subcontractors which presently provide resources to cover approximately 85% of the capital costs. The contract with the DWR expires in 2035. A proposed Delta conveyance would require a contract extension agreement for financing beyond 2035.

14. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The County is subject to various lawsuits, inverse condemnation cases, personnel actions, disputes over tax assessments, and other actions incidental to the ordinary course of County operations. The County is not aware of any potential claims against the County not covered by insurance, resulting from litigation that would materially affect the financial statements of the County at June 30, 2023.

15. LANDFILL POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS

The Los Osos Landfill is a closed facility under the responsibility of the County. State and federal laws and regulations require the County of San Luis Obispo to perform various maintenance and monitoring activities at the site. By agreement with the landowner, the County assumed responsibility for all closure and postclosure costs when the facility stopped accepting waste. As of the date of this report, the landfill closure is complete and only postclosure costs remain.

The remaining estimated liability for landfill postclosure cost as of June 30, 2023, is \$8,745 (in 2023 dollars). Of this, \$5,131 is for the Maintenance Cost and \$3,614 is the Corrective Action Cost. The cost estimates were provided by a licensed professional geologist in the Postclosure Maintenance Plan dated May 2017 and revised cost dated May 29, 2018, and the Engineers Estimate of Corrective Action Update dated July 27, 2021. Both reports are required to be updated every five years. However, the actual cost of postclosure care may be higher (or lower) due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations. Therefore, the cost estimate will be reviewed and adjusted as needed for changes in these factors.

16. TAX ABATEMENTS

Tax abatements are agreements between the County and individuals or entities in which the County promises to forgo tax revenues and the individual or entity promises to take specific action that contributes to San Luis Obispo county's economic development or otherwise benefits the county's citizens.

The County offers property tax abatements through the Agricultural Preserve Program (Program), as provided by the California Land Conservation Act of 1965 also known as the "Williamson Act". The purpose of the Program is to protect agricultural lands and limited types of open space and outdoor recreation lands of statewide importance. Local agreements are administered under the County Rules of Procedure to Implement the Land Conservation Act of 1965 which were first adopted in 1972. Participation in the program is voluntary; the agricultural preserve is established at the landowner's request if program criteria are met. Once a landowner enters into a contract with the County, the land is reassessed based on the agricultural income producing capability of the land, and the abatement is determined by specific dollar amount.

To be eligible for the Program, individual properties must be within a rural use category and meet a minimum size requirement of 40-100 acres depending on the type of land being preserved. Landowners must agree to keep the land in large parcels ranging from 20-320 acres, not to create new parcels smaller than the applicable minimum, and not to create separate conveyance of an existing parcel that would result in separate ownership smaller than the agricultural preserve minimum parcel size. In return, the County will reassess the property on the basis of the agricultural income producing capacity of the land.

The minimum term of a contract is 20 years, except for properties located within one mile of an urban reserve line or adjacent to a village reserve line which are eligible for a 10-year minimum term contract. Non-renewal is the most common method for a landowner to terminate a land conservation project; however, a property owner may request cancellation of a land conservation contract in order to terminate the contract on all or a portion of the property within one year after an application is accepted for processing.

Under the nonrenewal process, the annual tax assessment increases over a defined period until the assessment reflects the Proposition 13 value, including the annual inflationary factor, of the property. Under the cancellation process, a significant one-time cancellation fee is assessed based upon a certain percentage of the current fair market value of the property.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the Agricultural Preserve Program tax abatements were \$17,850.

17. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Description of the System that Administers the Pension Plan

The Pension Trust is a public employee retirement system established by the County of San Luis Obispo on November 1, 1958. Ten years later the Board of Supervisors adopted the present By-Laws and the San Luis Obispo County Employees Retirement Plan (the "Plan") to provide retirement benefits to the employees of the County.

The Pension Trust is administered by the Board of Trustees to provide retirement, disability, death, and survivor benefits for its members.

Plan Description

The County of San Luis Obispo (the "County") contributes to the San Luis Obispo County Employees Retirement Plan (the "Plan"), which is an independent multiple-employer cost sharing contributory defined benefit pension plan consisting of six employers: the County of San Luis Obispo (the "Employer"), the Superior Court in San Luis Obispo County, the San Luis Obispo Local Agency Formation Commission, the San Luis Obispo Air Pollution Control District, the San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust, and the San Luis Obispo Regional Transit Authority. The Plan exists, operates and is constituted under the authority of Section 53215 of Section 17 of Article XVI of the California Constitution and the Government Code Article 1.5 (Pension Trusts), of Chapter 2 (Officers and Employees), of Part 1 (Powers and Duties Common to Cities, Counties and Other Agencies), of Division 2 (Cities, Counties and Other Agencies), of Title 5 (Local Agencies) of the California Government Code.

Pursuant to the foregoing California Government Code provisions, the County of San Luis Obispo Board of Supervisors established the San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust (the "Trust") by the adoption of Chapter 2.56 of the San Luis Obispo County Code. Following the adoption of Chapter 2.56 of the County Code, the Board of Supervisors adopted the By-Laws of the Pension Trust. The San Luis Obispo County Employees Retirement Plan is part of those By-Laws. The County of San Luis Obispo Board of Supervisors has the sole authority to amend the Plan's provisions.

Participation in the Plan is mandatory for all regular employees. Participants are currently broken into 3 Tiers depending on date of hire:

Tier 1	Tier 1 generally includes members hired before January 1, 2011. As of December 31, 2021, there
Hel 1	were 707 active County employed members in Tier 1.
Tier 2	Tier 2 generally includes members hired on or after January 1, 2011 but before January 1, 2013. Tier 2 only applies to members hired after the date each bargaining unit adopted Tier 2. Members hired in a bargaining unit that did not adopt Tier 2 are considered Tier 1 members. As of December 31, 2021, there were 259 active County employed members in Tier 2.
Tier 3	Tier 3 includes all members hired on or after January 1, 2013. As of December 31, 2021, there were
	1,685 active County employed members in Tier 3.

The Trust and the Plan are both administered by the San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust Board of Trustees (the "Trustees"). Separate stand-alone financial statements are issued for the Plan and are available at the County of San Luis Obispo Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector's office.

The Plan's financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. All assets are invested and held pursuant to, and in accordance with, the Investment Policy of the Plan. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due pursuant to formal commitments and statutory or contractual requirements. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

Plan investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. All other securities are valued at the last reported market price at current exchange rates.

Summary of Plans and Eligible Participants

The active number of County employees and their respective tiers covered by the benefit terms as of December 31, 2022, are shown in the following table:

Tiers	Summary of Plan	Active members
Miscellaneous Tier 1	Vested after accumulation of five years of Pension Trust service credit & eligible to receive a Service Retirement Allowance after vesting and attaining a minimum age of 50.	560 members
Miscellaneous Tier 2	Vested after accumulation of five years of Pension Trust service credit & eligible to receive a Service Retirement Allowance after vesting and attaining a minimum age of 50.	213 members
Miscellaneous Tier 3	Vested after accumulation of five years of Pension Trust service credit & eligible to receive a Service Retirement Allowance after vesting and attaining a minimum age of 52.	1,456 members
Probation Tier 1	Vested after accumulation of five years of Pension Trust service credit & eligible to receive a Service Retirement Allowance after vesting and attaining a minimum age of 50.	67 members
Probation Tier 2	N/A	-
Probation Tier 3	Vested after accumulation of five years of Pension Trust service credit & eligible to receive a Service Retirement Allowance after vesting and attaining a minimum age of 50.	55 members
Safety Tier 1	Vested after accumulation of five years of Pension Trust service credit & eligible to receive a Service Retirement Allowance after vesting and attaining a minimum age of 50.	80 members
Safety Tier 2	Vested after accumulation of five years of Pension Trust service credit & eligible to receive a Service Retirement Allowance after vesting and attaining a minimum age of 50.	46 members
Safety Tier 3	Vested after accumulation of five years of Pension Trust service credit & eligible to receive a Service Retirement Allowance after vesting and attaining a minimum age of 50.	174 members

Benefit Provisions

Members terminating employment before accruing five years of Pension Trust service credit forfeit the right to receive retirement benefits unless they establish reciprocity with another public agency within the prescribed time-period. Non-vested members who terminate service are required to withdraw their accumulated contributions plus accrued interest. The employer contributions forfeited by non-vested members are absorbed back into the pension trust fund. Members who terminate after earning five years of Pension Trust service credit may leave their contributions on deposit and upon reaching age eligibility elect to take a retirement. Differences between expected and actual experience for vested or non-vested benefits may result in an increase or decrease to pension expense and net pension liability.

Plan participants, upon vesting and attaining the minimum retirement age, are entitled to annual retirement benefits as defined in the Plan document. The applicable retirement formula, minimum retirement age, compensation base, post-retirement cost of living adjustment, cost of living adjustment carry over, and final compensation maximum may differ depending upon the Plan provisions in effect at the member's date of hire, the member's classification, the member's age, and the member's bargaining unit. Participants receive their accumulated plan benefits as a life annuity payable monthly upon retirement. In the event of total and permanent disability, participants, upon satisfaction of membership service requirements and other applicable provisions of the Plan, receive disability benefits as defined in the Plan document. The Plan also provides a death benefit of \$1,000 (one-thousand) paid to a beneficiary or estate if a member dies after retirement.

For members within Tier 1, final average salary is the average monthly salary based on the highest twelve consecutive months of earnings and may include a compensation pickup for various management bargaining units. For members with Tier 2 or Tier 3 benefits, final average salary is the average monthly salary based on the highest thirty-six consecutive months of earnings with no pickup.

The retirement benefit for Tier 1, Tier 2, and Tier 3 members includes post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs) based upon the Consumer Price Index. Tier 1 member COLAs are limited to a maximum of 3% annually. For Tier 2 and Tier 3 members, COLAs are limited to a maximum of 2% annually. There is no minimum COLA requirement, and COLAs must be approved by the Board of Trustees annually.

Description of the terms of the plan's deferred retirement option program (DROP)

Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP): A Tier 1 member age 50 or more with 5 or more years of service may elect to participate in the Pension Trust's DROP. An equal amount to the amount that would have been paid had the member retired, is deposited into a DROP account monthly. The addition to the DROP account is increased each year by the Cost-of-Living Adjustment approved by the Board of Trustees not to exceed 3% per year. Members electing to enter DROP must participate a minimum of 6 months up to a maximum of 5 years. Upon actual retirement, the member may receive the accumulated DROP account balance in the form of a lump sum or as an annuity payment.

Contributions

Plan members are required by statue to contribute to the pension plan. Members' contribution rates are formulated based on age at date of entry and the actuarially calculated future benefits. The County is required by statute to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the estimated benefits accrued to its members. Member and employer contribution rates for each plan are as follows:

PLAN	EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION RATES	EMPLOYEE CONTRIBUTION RATES
Missallaneous Tier 1	21.60.24.700/	15 15 26 470/
Miscellaneous Tier 1	31.68-34.70%	15.15-26.47%
Miscellaneous Tier 2	31.68-34.70%	6.76-19.57%
Miscellaneous Tier 3	31.72-34.49%	5.14-18.93%
Probation Tier 1	35.69-36.59%	25.43-31.13%
Probation Tier 2		
	Not Negotiated	Not Negotiated
Probation Tier 3	35.19%	11.95-24.19%
Safety Tier 1	46.02-54.14%	16.22-35.13%
Safety Tier 2	48.24-54.14%	10.45-26.04%
Safety Tier 3	43.89-53.53%	10.99-21.62%
Suice, field	.5.65 55.55 70	10.55 21.02 /0

The County's contributions to the Plan for the past three fiscal years were equal to the required contributions for each year and are noted in the chart below.

Fiscal Year Ended	County contributions (in thousands)
June 30, 2021	\$53,737
June 30, 2022	\$62,935
June 30, 2023	\$73,290

In addition, the County contributes towards post-employment benefits other than retirement (See Note 18).

The San Luis Obispo County Employees Retirement Plan establishes the basic obligations for employer and member contributions and benefits to and of the retirement system. The actual employer and member contribution rates in effect each year are based on recommendations made by an independent actuary that are approved by the Board of Trustees and adopted by the San Luis Obispo County Board of Supervisors.

The entire Plan is 64.1% funded as of January 1, 2023; since this is a multi-employer cost sharing plan, the funded status is the same for all employees across the board. In general, this indicates that for every dollar of benefits due, SLOCPT had approximately 64.1 cents available for payment.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Related to Pensions

Total pension liability represents the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service for current and inactive employees. The County's share of the total pension liability as of December 31, 2022, was \$2,426,976. The County's share of the Plan's fiduciary net position was \$1,498,139 as of the same date. As of December 31, 2022, the Plan's fiduciary net position was 61.73% of the total pension liability.

At June 30, 2023, the County reported a liability of \$928,838 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plan. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2022.

The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation date of January 1, 2022. The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2017 through December 31, 2021. Measurements as of December 31, 2022, are based on the fair value of assets on that date, and the Total Pension Liability as of the valuation date, January 1, 2022. The actuarial assumptions were rolled forward to the Pension Trust Plan's fiscal year-end of December 31, 2022. There were no significant events between the January 1, 2022 valuation date and the December 31, 2022 measurement date for the Pension Plan's GASB Statement No. 67 valuation.

The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of contributions to the Plan relative to the projected contributions of all the Plan's participants, actuarially determined. At December 31, 2022, the County's proportionate share was 93.96%, compared to 94.06% at December 31, 2022, a decrease of 0.10%.

The General Fund, Parks Fund, Driving Under the Influence Program Fund, and Library Fund have typically been used to liquidate the net pension liability for governmental activities.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County recognized pension expense of \$134,723. Pension expense represents the change in the net pension liability during the measurement period, adjusted for actual contributions and the deferred recognition of changes in investment gain/loss, actuarial gain/loss, actuarial assumptions or method and plan benefits. At December 31, 2022, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources (in thousands)	 Deferred Inflows of Resources (in thousands)
Deferred outflows of resources – change in proportion Deferred outflows and inflows of resources – difference between expected	\$ 1,734	\$ 1,019
and actual experience	47,158	-
Deferred outflows of resources – changes in actuarial assumptions	98,853	-
Deferred outflows of resources – net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	88,066	-
County contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 37,209	 -
	\$ 273,020	\$ 1,019

Deferred outflows of resources above represent the unamortized portion of changes to net pension liability, changes in actuarial assumptions, and the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments along with deferred outflows of resources of \$37,209 for contributions for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, made subsequent to the measurement date of December 31, 2022.

The \$37,209 of subsequent contributions will be recognized as reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024. The difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments is amortized over five years on a straight-line basis beginning in the year in which they occur. One-fifth was recognized in pension expense during the Plan's measurement period, and the remaining difference will be amortized over the remaining four-year period. Changes in assumptions and difference between expected and actual experience are recognized over the average expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the Plan, determined as of January 1, 2022, and is 5 years. The difference between the actual employer contributions and the proportionate share of the employer contributions during the measurement period ended December 31, 2022 is also recognized over 5 years.

Amortizable amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in future pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 Future Recognition (in thousands)
2024 2025 2026 2027 Thereafter	\$ 43,879 63,018 60,943 66,953
Total	\$ 234,793

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the January 1, 2022, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2017 – December 31, 2021.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, adjusted for expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return		
Cash Equivalents/Short Duration Govt	10%	1.10%		
Equities – Public Market	30%	4.88%		
Real Assets	15%	4.63%		
Private Markets	30%	6.30%		
US Treasury – Long Duration/TIPS	15%	1.44%		

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that Plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that Employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current Plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the County's portion of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the County's portion of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower, 5.75%, or one percentage-point higher, 7.75%, than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(in thousands) 5.75%	(in thousands) 6.75%	(in thousands) 7.75%
County net pension liability as of December 31, 2022	\$1,261,450	\$928,838	\$656,358

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust ACFR.

<u>Deferred Compensation Plan</u>

The Deferred Compensation Plan, also known as a 457(b), is a voluntary retirement savings plan offered by the County to enable employees to save for their future on a tax deferred basis. The County's Deferred Compensation Plan is established and administered pursuant to Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC). Contributions are limited to an annual maximum dollar amount, as established under the IRC. For certain employee bargaining units, the County will match employee contributions up to \$500 annually. Total employer matching contributions for year ended June 30, 2023, were \$236 thousand.

The plan is administered through a third-party administrator. The County does not perform the investing function and has no fiduciary accountability for the plan. Thus, plan assets and any related liability to the plan participants have been excluded from the County's financial statements.

18. POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description

The County's San Luis Obispo County Retiree Health Care Plan (the OPEB Plan), an agent multi-employer defined post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan is administered by the County utilizing an irrevocable trust. The OPEB Plan is funded solely by the County for the benefit of its employees. The County assists eligible retirees by paying a portion of their premiums for medical care. The County Board of Supervisors must approve any modification, alteration, or amendment of OPEB benefits.

In April 2010, the County established an irrevocable trust with the California Employer's Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT) to prefund the future cost of retiree health insurance benefits. The CERBT is an IRS Section 115 trust fund administered by CalPERS. CalPERS issues a publicly available financial report consisting of financial statements and required supplementary information for the CERBT. The report may be obtained by writing to CalPERS, Lincoln Plaza North, 400 Q Street, Sacramento, CA 95811.

Benefit Eligibility and Employees Covered

To be eligible for benefits, a member must be eligible to retire, attain a minimum age of 50-52, depending on date of hire, and complete a minimum of 5 years of service with the County. In addition, the member must begin receiving their County pension within 120 days of termination of employment. Members receiving disability retirements are also eligible to receive the retirement reimbursement. In the event of a retirant's death, qualified surviving spouses and dependents under the age of 23 are eligible to receive the OPEB benefit.

At June 30, 2023 a total of 4,027 employees were covered by the OPEB Plan's benefit terms:

Active Plan Members	2,755
Inactive Plan Members	1,056
Inactive Plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	216
	4,027

Benefits Provided

The County contracts with BCC to provide healthcare, vision, and dental benefits to eligible county retirees and their dependents. Through BCC, retirees are offered substantially the same health plans as active County employees as well as unique plans for retirees receiving Medicare benefits.

Retirees who elect to participate in a County-sponsored health insurance plan are eligible to a monthly subsidy funded by the County's OPEB benefit. In FY 22-23 the County provided the following to eligible retirees:

	Employee Healthcare Benefit
Calendar Year 2022	\$149 per month
Calendar Year 2023	\$151 per month

Contributions

The County makes all contributions to the trustee for investment and reinvestment pursuant to the terms of the agreement with the CERBT. Employees are not required to contribute to the plan. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the funding was a combination of direct premium payments to contracted medical, dental and vision providers, plus a contribution of \$760 thousand to the CERBT. The County has selected the Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) funding method of contributing 100% of the ADC to fund the CERBT.

Net OPEB Liability

The County reported a net OPEB liability of \$27.4 million as of June 30, 2023. The June 30, 2023, net OPEB Liability was determined by the actuary using a measurement date of June 30, 2022.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023, was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount Rate 6.00%

Inflation 2.30%

Health care cost trend rate Based on the 2022 Getzen model that reflects actual

premium change of 5.60% from 2022 to 2023 followed by 6.50% in 2023 decreasing gradually to an ultimate rate of

3.73% by 2075.

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal

Amortization method for investment gains and Straight-line amortization over a closed 5-year period

losses

Amortization method for effects of assumption

changes and experience gains and losses

Straight-line amortization over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with OPEB through the plan

Amortization method for ADC purposes Level percentage of payroll over a rolling amortization

period of 11 years

Reimbursement eligibility 40% of all retirants will apply for and receive the

reimbursement

Payroll growth rate 2.50% per annum

Salary increases 2.50% plus service-related merit component

6.00% Investment rate of return

Post-retirement mortality Miscellaneous: Pub-2010 General Employees/Retirees

Amount Weighted Above-Median Mortality Table projected

fully generationally using Scale MP-2021.

Probation and Safety: Pub-2010 Safety Employees/Retirees Amount Weighted Above-Median Mortality Table projected

fully generationally using Scale MP-2021.

The withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, and salary scale are based on an experience study for the fiveyear period ending December 31, 2021 completed for the San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust. Other assumptions were developed by the actuary based on County experience and actuarial standards.

Discount Rate

The actuarially assumed discount rate of 6.00% per annum, compounded annually, reflects the County's current policy of pay-as-you-go plus additional funding of the OPEB liability, and the County's ongoing selection of a "less conservative" (Strategy 1) portfolio invested by the CERBT. Per GASB guidance, the discount rate was determined by calculating the single rate that produces the same present value of expected benefit payments as (1) the expected long-term rate of return on plan assets during the period when projected assets are sufficient to pay future retiree benefits, and (2) the 20-year municipal bond rate after assets are projected to be exhausted.

The CERBT Strategy 1 portfolio consists of the following assets managed internally by the California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS) and/or external advisors:

	Target	
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>	Target Range
Global Equity	49%	plus/minus 5%
Fixed Income	23%	plus/minus 5%
Treasury Inflation-Protected Securities (TIPS)	5%	plus/minus 3%
Global Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs)	20%	plus/minus 5%
Commodities	3%	plus/minus 3%
Cash	-	plus 2%

The long-term expected real rate of return, net of expenses, for CERBT Strategy 1 is assumed to be 6.0%.

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

The table below shows the changes in the total OPEB liability, the OPEB Plan fiduciary net position, and the net OPEB liability over the past fiscal year in thousands:

	Total OPEB Liability	Less	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Equals	Net OPEB Liability
Balances as of June 30, 2022	\$57,662		\$28,078		\$29,584
Projected Changes for fiscal year-end June 30, 2023: Service Cost Interest Cost Differences between expected and actual experience Actuarial Gains/Losses Change in Assumptions Changes of Benefit Terms Employee Contributions Employer Contributions Net Investment Income Other Additions Benefit Payments Administrative Expenses Other Deductions Net Projected Changes	1,846 3,604 (10,638) - 3,599 - - - (3,758) - (5,347)		4,461 (3,853) (3,758) (7) (3,157)		1,846 3,604 (10,638) - 3,599 - (4,461) 3,853 - 7 - (2,190)
Projected Balances as of June 30, 2023	\$52,315		\$24,921		\$27,394

Total OPEB liability represents the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments to be provided to current and inactive employees that is attributable to the employees' past periods of service. Plan fiduciary net position describes the resources available to pay for the cost of OPEB benefits. The Net OPEB liability is the amount remaining after the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position is offset against the County's total OPEB liability. Governmental funds contributing towards liquidating the liability include the General Fund, Driving Under the Influence Fund, Library Fund, and Parks Fund.

At June 30, 2023, the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position was 47.6% of the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Healthcare Costs

The following table presents the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.0%, as well as what the liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower, 5.0%, or one percentage-point higher, 7.0%, than the current rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(in thousands)	(in thousands)	(in thousands)
	5.0%	6.0%	7.0%
Net OPEB Liability	\$33,624	\$27,394	\$22,203

The sensitivity of the Net OPEB liability to changes in healthcare trend rates is presented below:

	1%	Trend	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(in thousands)5.0%	(in thousands) 6.0%	(in thousands) 7.0%
Net OPEB Liability	\$21,141	\$27,394	\$34,969

OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$928 thousand. OPEB expense represents the change in the net OPEB liability during the measurement period, adjusted for actual contributions and the deferred recognition of changes in investment gain/loss, actuarial gain/loss, actuarial assumptions or method and plan benefits. The County's discretely presented component unit did not report any OPEB liability, expense or deferred outflows or inflows of resources.

At June 30, 2023, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	 Deferred Outflows of Resources (in thousands)	 Deferred Inflows of Resources (in thousands)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources – difference between expected and actual experience Deferred outflows of resources – changes in actuarial assumptions Deferred outflows of resources – net difference between projected	\$ 2,766 10,437	\$ 10,467 -
and actual earnings on pension plan investments County contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,967 4,135	-
·	\$ 19,305	\$ 10,467

\$4,135 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from County contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.

Amounts reported as deferred (inflows) outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

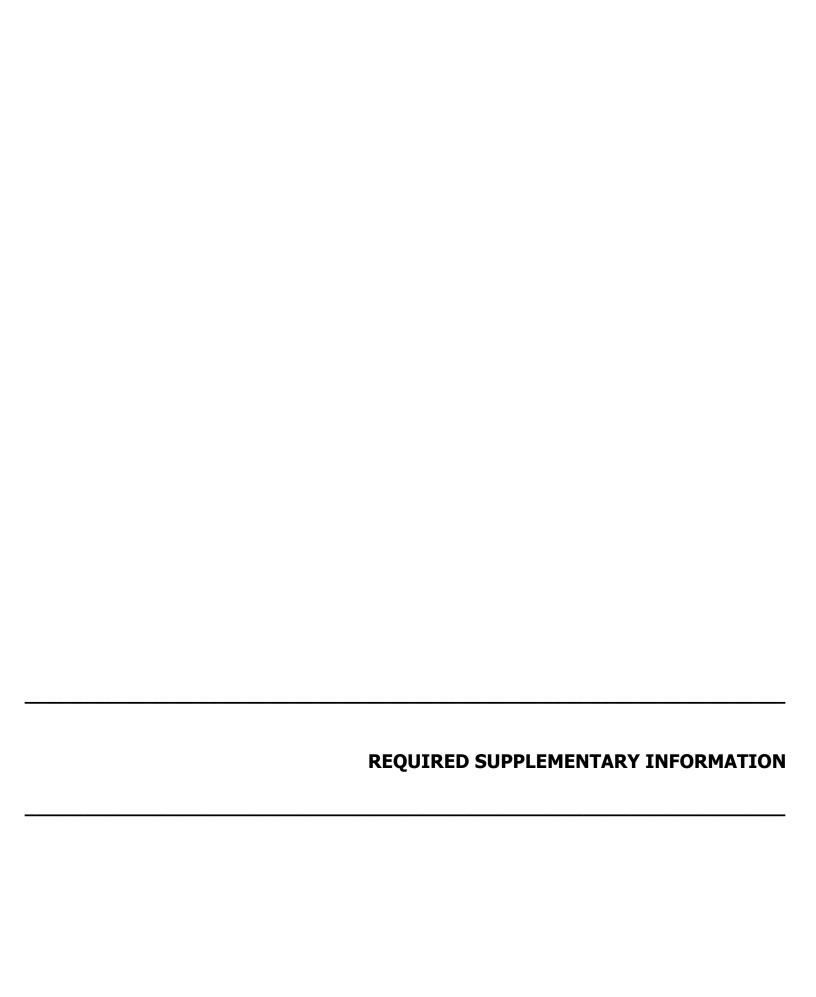
Year ended June 30,	Future Recognition (in thousands)
2024	\$ 2,591
2025	2,594
2026	848
2027	748
2028	(1,076)
Thereafter	(1,002)
	\$ 4,703

The Schedule of Changes in the County's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios and the Schedule of Actuarially Determined Contributions and Plan Contributions and Related Ratios are included as Required Supplementary Information following the Notes to the Financial Statements and present multi-year trend information about the OPEB liability, OPEB Plan fiduciary net position, actuarially determined contributions, and covered-employee payroll.

19. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

The County recorded a prior period adjustment of \$1.2 million in the State Water Project Fund to correct an adjusting entry made in FY 2021-22 that impacted the ending accounts receivable balance. The adjustment reduced net position to both the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance and the Governmentwide Statement of Activities.







REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DESCRIPTION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the San Luis Obispo County Pension Plan's Net Pension Liability
- Schedule of the County's Contributions to the San Luis Obispo County Pension Plan
- Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Plan Schedule of Changes in the County's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
- Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Plan Schedule of Actuarially Determined Plan Contributions and Related Ratios
- Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund
- Notes to Required Supplementary Information

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE SAN LUIS OBISPO COUNTY PENSION PLAN'S NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (in thousands)

				County's proportionate	
	County's	County's		share of the net	Plan fiduciary
Measurement	proportion of	proportionate		pension liability	net position as a
Date	the net	share of the	County's	(asset) as a	percentage of
December	pension	net pension	covered	percentage of	the total
31 st	liability	liability	payroll	covered payroll	pension liability
2013	92.64%	\$354,823	\$153,942*	230.49%	74.78%
2014	92.65%	\$391, 4 23	\$157,730*	248.16%	73.53%
2015	92.92%	\$506,626	\$166,433*	304.40%	67.57%
2016	93.10%	\$602,805	\$172,192*	350.08%	64.59%
2017	93.67%	\$529,033	\$186,278*	284.00%	70.36%
2018	93.82%	\$707,815	\$193,122	366.51%	62.76%
2019	93.80%	\$625,259	\$194,717	321.11%	68.34%
2020	93.64%	\$637,385	\$211,200	301.79%	69.71%
2021	94.06%	\$602,555	\$208,782	288.61%	73.20%
2022	93.96%	\$928,838	\$219,410	423.33%	61.73%

^{*} Restated in accordance with the GASB Statement No. 82 definition of covered payroll as the payroll on which contributions to a pension plan are based as of the measurement date.

Changes to benefit terms

None

Changes of assumptions

The inflation rate (Consumer Price Index) increased from 2.25% in FY 2021-22 to 2.50% in FY 2022-23.

The salary increase assumption increased from 2.75% in FY 2021-22 to 3.00% in FY 2022-23.

Post retirement cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) benefits increased from 2.50% in FY 2021-22 to 2.75% in FY 2022-23 for Tier 1 employees. Tier 2 and Tier 3 remained unchanged.

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE SAN LUIS OBISPO COUNTY PENSION PLAN FOR THE LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS (in thousands)

Fiscal Year ending June 30 th	Actuarially required contributions	Actual contributions	Contribution deficiency (excess)	County's covered payroll	County's actual contributions as a percentage of covered payroll
2014	¢20.0E6	¢20.067A	¢2.000	¢155 754*	18.53%
-	\$30,956	\$28,867^	\$2,089	\$155,754*	
2015	\$30,687	\$30,17 4 ^	\$513	\$162,273*	18.59%
2016	\$32,839	\$31,997^	\$843	\$170,552*	18.76%
2017	\$35,066	\$35,415^	(\$349)	\$181,338*	19.53%
2018	\$45,153	\$42,046^	\$3,107	\$190,135	22.11%
2019	\$48,198	\$43,432	\$4,766	\$193 , 294	22.47%
2020	\$53,675	\$49,018	\$4,658	\$202,414	24.22%
2021	\$52,724	\$53,874	(\$1,150)	\$204,688	26.32%
2022	\$57,5 4 6	\$62,935	(\$5,389)	\$212,907	29.56%
2023	\$67,739	\$73,290	(\$5,551)	\$229,810	31.89%

[^] Restated to reflect a fiscal year measurement period.

Changes to benefit terms

None

Changes of assumptions

The inflation rate (Consumer Price Index) increased from 2.25% in FY 2021-22 to 2.50% in FY 2022-23.

The salary increase assumption increased from 2.75% in FY 2021-22 to 3.00% in FY 2022-23.

Post retirement cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) benefits are assumed to increase from 2.50% in FY 2021-22 to 2.75% in FY 2022-23 for Tier 1 employees. Tier 2 and Tier 3 remained unchanged.

Separate stand-alone financial statements were issued for the Pension Plan and are available at the County of San Luis Obispo Auditor-Controller's office located at the County Government Center Room D220, San Luis Obispo, CA 93408.

^{**} Restated in accordance with the GASB Statement No. 82 definition of covered payroll as the payroll on which fiscal year contributions to a pension plan are based.

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE COUNTY'S NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS¹

(in thousands)

Measurement Date For Fiscal Year Reporting Period		June 30, 2017 2017-18		June 30, 2018 2018-19		June 30, 2019 2019-20		June 30, 2020 2020-21		June 30, 2021 2021-22
Total OPEB liability: Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual	\$	688 1,949	\$	611 2,007	\$	1,538 3,073	\$	1,652 3,140	\$	1,796 3,525
experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments Net change in total OPEB liability	_	(1,690) 947	_	(2,842) 19,530 (1,526) 17,780	_	1,129 (3,037) 2,703	-	4,990 1,269 (3,102) 7,949	-	(650) - (3,166) 1,505
Total OPEB liability – beginning Total OPEB liability – ending (a)	\$	26,775 27,222	\$ <u> </u>	27,722 45,502	\$ <u> </u>	45,502 48,205	\$ <u>_</u>	48,208 56,157	\$	56,157 57,662
Plan Fiduciary net position: Employer contributions Net investment income Benefit payments Administrative expense Other deductions Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position — beginning Plan fiduciary net position — ending (b)	\$ <u>_</u>	1,707 1,155 (1,690) (7) - 1,165 15,860 17,025	- \$ <u>-</u>	2,521 1,286 (1,526) (8) (1,171) 1,102 17,025 18,127	- \$ <u>-</u>	3,922 1,161 (3,037) (4) - 2,042 18,127 20,169	- \$ <u>-</u>	3,778 732 (3,102) (10) - 1,398 20,172 21,570	- \$ <u>-</u>	3,693 5,990 (3,166) (8) - - 6,509 21,570 28,079
County's net OPEB liability – ending (a) – (b)	\$_	10,697	\$ <u>_</u>	27,375	\$ <u>_</u>	28,036	\$ <u>_</u>	34,587	\$ <u>_</u>	29,583
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		61.4%		39.8%		41.8%		38.4%		48.7%
Covered-employee payroll ²	\$	181,338	\$	190,136	\$	193,294	\$	202,414	\$	204,688
County's net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		5.9%		14.4%		14.5%		17.1%		14.5%

¹ In accordance with paragraphs 57.a and 57.b of GASB 75 effective June 30, 2018, employers must disclose a 10-year history of the OPEB information detailed above. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

The County has elected to use the GASB 75 "lookback" method where assets and liabilities are measured as of the prior fiscal year but applied to the current fiscal year.

Changes to benefit terms

None

Changes of assumptions

The inflation rate increased from 2.25% in FY 2021-22 to 2.30% in FY 2022-23.

The discount rate decreased from 6.25% in FY 2021-22 to 6.00% in FY 2022-23.

The payroll growth rate decreased from 2.75% in FY 2021-22 to 2.50% in FY 2022-23.

The Notes to RSI are integral to the above schedule.

(continued)

² Contributions made to the OPEB plan are not based on measure of pay.

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE COUNTY'S NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS¹

(in thousands)

Measurement Date		June 30, 2022
For Fiscal Year Reporting Period		2022-23
Total OPEB liability: Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual	\$	1,846 3,604
experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments	;	(10,638) 3,599 (3,758)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(5,347)
Total OPEB liability – beginning Total OPEB liability – ending (a)	\$	57,662 52,315
Total OPEB liability – ending (a)	Þ	52,315
Plan Fiduciary net position: Employer contributions Net investment income Benefit payments Administrative expense Other deductions Net change in plan fiduciary net position Plan fiduciary net position – beginning Plan fiduciary net position – ending (b)	\$	4,461 (3,853) (3,758) (7) - (3,157) 28,078 24,921
County's net OPEB liability – ending (a) – (b)	\$	27,394
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	•	47.6%
Covered-employee payroll ²	\$	212,907
County's net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		12.9%

¹ In accordance with paragraphs 57.a and 57.b of GASB 75 effective June 30, 2018, employers must disclose a 10-year history of the OPEB information detailed above. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

The County has elected to use the GASB 75 "lookback" method where assets and liabilities are measured as of the prior fiscal year but applied to the current fiscal year.

Changes to benefit terms

None

Changes of assumptions

The inflation rate increased from 2.25% in FY 2021-22 to 2.30% in FY 2022-23.

The discount rate decreased from 6.25% in FY 2021-22 to 6.00% in FY 2022-23.

The payroll growth rate decreased from 2.75% in FY 2021-22 to 2.50% in FY 2022-23.

The Notes to RSI are integral to the above schedule.

² Contributions made to the OPEB plan are not based on measure of pay.

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN SCHEDULE OF ACTUARIALLY DETERMINED AND PLAN CONTRIBUTIONS AND RELATED RATIOS

FOR THE LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS ¹ (in thousands)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30 th	Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC)	Contributions in relation to the ADC	Plan Contributions Over/(Under) ADC	Annual Covered- Employee Payroll ²		Plan Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll
	(a)	(b)	(b-a)			
2017	\$ 1,621	\$ 1,682	\$ 61	\$	181,338	0.93%
2018	\$ 1,707	\$ 2,521	\$ 814	\$	190,136	1.33%
2019	\$ 3,982	\$ 3,925	\$ (57)	\$	193,294	2.03%
2020	\$ 4,229	\$ 3,778	\$ (451)	\$	202,414	1.87%
2021	\$ 5,134	\$ 3,691	\$ (1,443)	\$	204,688	1.80%
2022	\$ 4,890	\$ 4,462	\$ (428)	\$	212,907	2.10%
2023	\$ 4,751	\$ 4,135	\$ (618)	\$	229,810	1.80%

¹ In accordance with paragraph 57.c of GASB 75 effective June 30, 2018, employers must disclose a 10-year history of the OPEB information detailed above. Additional years will be presented as they become available.

Changes to benefit terms

None

Changes of assumptions

The inflation rate increased from 2.25% in FY 2021-22 to 2.30% in FY 2022-23.

The discount rate decreased from 6.25% in FY 2021-22 to 6.00% in FY 2022-23.

The payroll growth rate decreased from 2.75% in FY 2021-22 to 2.50% in FY 2022-23.

The Notes to RSI are integral to the above schedule.

² Contributions made to the OPEB plan are not based on measure of pay.

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO Required Supplementary Information General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual Comparison

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (in thousands)

		Budgeted	l Amo	ounts	Actual	Variance with		
		Original		Final	Amounts	Fi	nal Budget	
Revenues:	·	_			_		_	
Taxes	\$	236,214	\$	236,214	\$ 251,198	\$	14,984	
Licenses, permits, and franchises		15,324		15,823	15,478		(345)	
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties		3,562		3,858	3,053		(805)	
Use of money and property		2,742		2,742	8,034		5,292	
Aid from other governments		317,659		384,842	333,654		(51,188)	
Charges for services		36,984		38,418	36,798		(1,620)	
Other revenue		5,670		9,103	10,586		1,483	
Total Revenues		618,155		691,000	 658,801		(32,199)	
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government		63,553		94,063	64,191		29,872	
Public protection		227,804		250,846	224,449		26,397	
Public ways and facilities		5,637		7,660	4,025		3,635	
Health and sanitation		142,836		157,627	132,329		25,298	
Public assistance		153,112		170,767	188,072		(17,305)	
Education		684		684	596		88	
Recreation and Culture		5,772		10,082	6,204		3,878	
Debt Service:								
Principal Payments		-		-	6,970		(6,970)	
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-		-	834		(834)	
Contingencies		31,693		22,882			22,882	
Total Expenditures		631,091		714,611	 627,670		86,941	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
(Under) Expenditures		(12,936)		(23,611)	 31,131		54,742	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Leases		-		-	38,935		38,935	
SBITAs		-		-	305		305	
Transfers in		272		435	518		83	
Transfers out		(31,007)		(68,054)	(44,950)		23,104	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(30,735)		(67,619)	 (5,192)		62,427	
Net change in fund balances		(43,671)		(91,230)	25,939		117,169	
Fund balances, beginning		326,272		326,272	326,272			
Fund balances, ending	\$	282,601	\$	235,042	\$ 352,211	\$	117,169	

Continued

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO Required Supplementary Information

General Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual Comparison For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (in thousands)

Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America Revenues and Expenditures

Sources/inflows of resources

Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "Total Revenues" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 658,801
Revenues for funds not meeting the special revenue fund definition which are presented with the General Fund for financial reporting purposes	3,649
Total Revenues as reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 662,450
<u>Uses/outflows of resources</u>	
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "Total Expenditures" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 627,670
Expenditures for funds not meeting the special revenue fund definition which are presented with the General Fund for financial reporting purposes	11,012
Total Expenditures as reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 638,682
Other financing sources/(uses) of resources	
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)" from the Budgetary Comparison Schedule	\$ (5,192)
Other financing sources (uses) for funds not meeting the special revenue fund definition which are presented with the General Fund for financial reporting purposes	 (41)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) as reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ (5,233)

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2023

1. BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

A. BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

In accordance with the provisions of Sections 29000 through 29144 inclusive of the California Government Code and other statutory provisions, commonly known as the County Budget Act, the County of San Luis Obispo (the County) prepares and legally adopts a final budget on or before August 30th for each fiscal year. The County operation, commencing July 1st, is governed by the proposed budget, adopted by the Board of Supervisors (the Board), in June of the prior year unless the final budget is adopted before June 30.

After the budget is approved, the appropriations can be added to, subtracted from, or changed only by Board resolution. All such changes must be within the revenues and reserves estimated as available in the final budget or within revised revenue estimates as approved by the Board. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 the Board of Supervisors approved all necessary supplemental appropriations. Generally, the effects of the supplemental appropriations are to increase the budget for cost of living adjustments and new programs and grants financed by other governmental agencies.

An operating budget is adopted each fiscal year for Governmental Funds on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Additionally, encumbrance accounting is utilized to assure effective budgetary control. Encumbrances outstanding at year end represent the estimated amount of the expenditures ultimately to result if the unperformed contracts in process at year end are completed or purchase commitments satisfied. Such year-end encumbrances are reported as reservations of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent year and included in the subsequent year's budget. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year end.

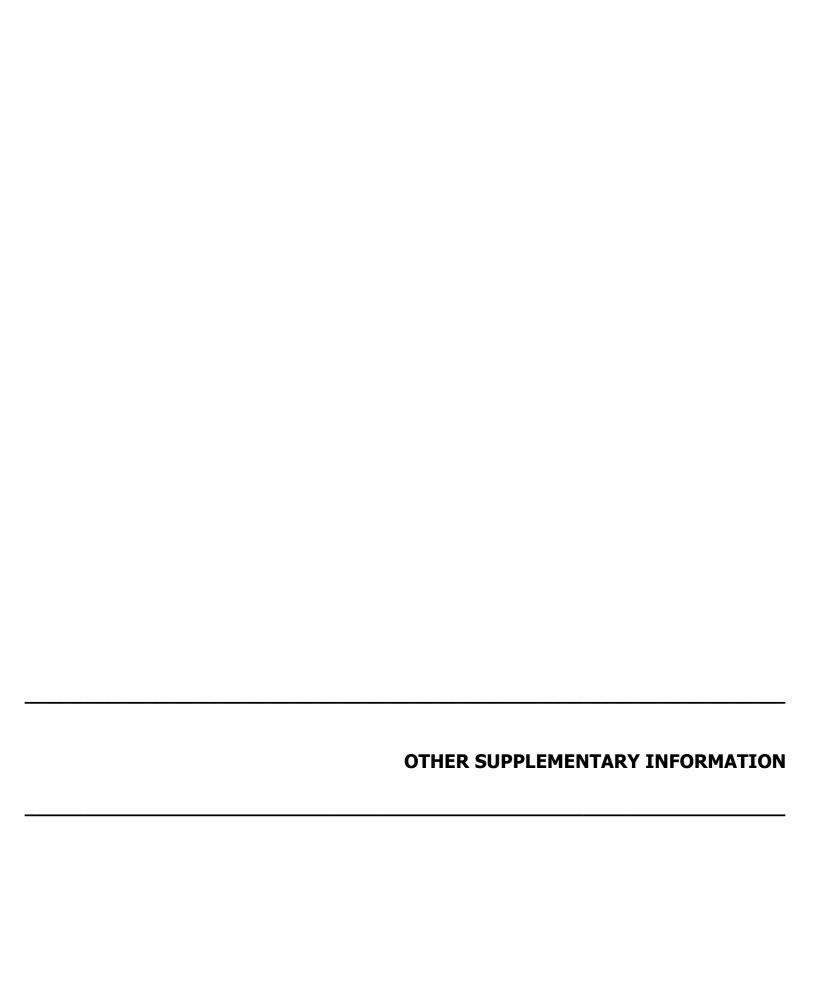
All Governmental, Enterprise, and Internal Service Funds that are under the control of the Board of Supervisors, have legally adopted annual budgets except for the Public Facilities Corporation and Financing Authority debt service funds. Although the Enterprise and Internal Service Funds have adopted budgets, there is no appropriation of expenditures, and these budgets only serve as spending plans for the year.

The legal level of budgetary control (the level on which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is at the department/budget unit and object level except for capital assets, which are controlled at the sub-object level. Object levels of expenditures are as follows: salaries and benefits, services and supplies, other charges, capital assets, and contingencies. Sub-object levels of expenditures for capital assets are land, structures and improvements, and equipment.

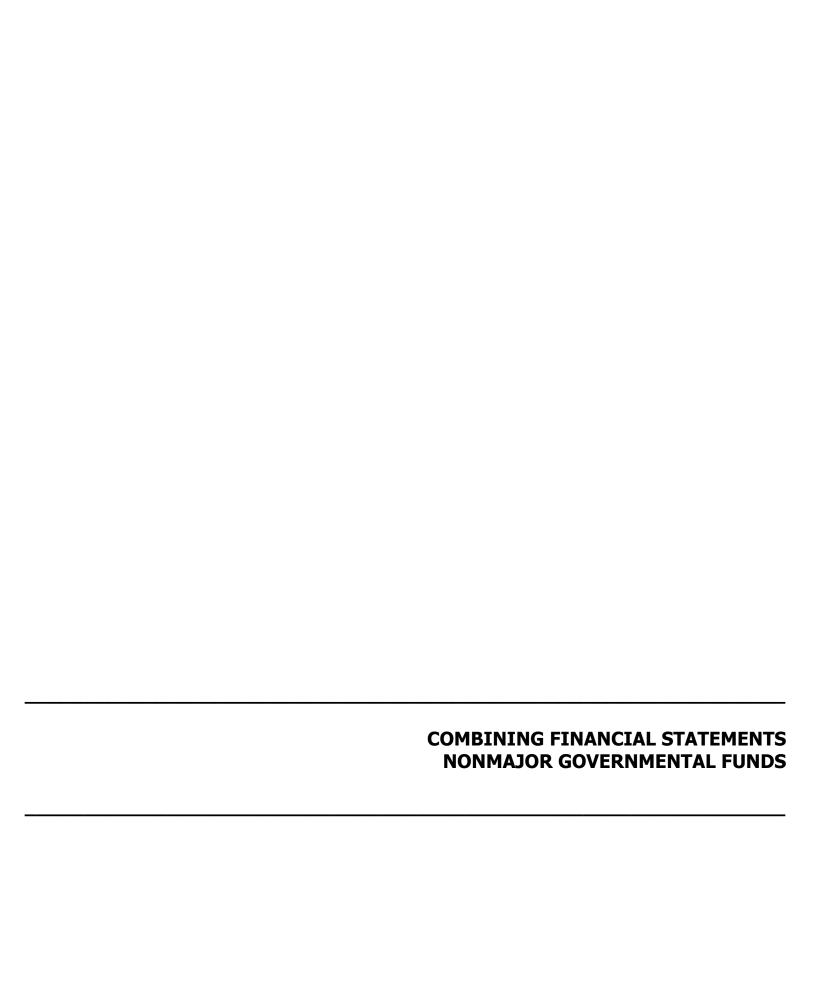
B. BUDGETARY EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF APPROPRIATION

During the current fiscal year, no governmental funds had excess expenditures over the related appropriations at the legal level of budgetary control.











NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS:

Special revenue funds are used to account for revenues that are restricted by law or administrative actions to expenditures for specified purposes. Nonmajor special revenue funds used by the County are listed below:

Community Development Program

Accounts for pass-through grants from Housing and Urban Development (HUD) entitlements to be distributed to the County and other local agencies.

Emergency Medical Services

Accounts for payments to physicians, hospitals, and other providers of emergency medical care from revenues imposed and collected by the courts.

Driving Under the Influence Programs

Accounts for resources collected from persons convicted of driving under the influence to provide education and rehabilitation programs.

Fish & Game

Accounts for funds generated by fines levied as a result of Fish and Game violations.

Road Impact Fees

Accounts for resources collected from developers to add, maintain, and improve roads in specific areas where the fees were allocated.

Library

Accounts for resources used to provide library services throughout the County.

Parks

Accounts for resources used to provide parks and recreational services countywide.

Public Facilities Fees

Accounts for resources collected from the building permit process to build public facilities such as fire and law enforcement stations, library and general government structures.

Roads

Accounts for resources used to maintain the County road system.

Solid Waste Management

Accounts for resources used to oversee proper management, disposal, and recovery of solid waste.

Wildlife & Grazing

Accounts for resources used to provide for range improvements and the control of predators.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

SPECIAL REVENUE SPECIAL DISTRICT FUNDS:

Flood Control Districts

Accounts for resources used to provide control and conservation of flood and storm waters, which are mutually exclusive of Enterprise Flood Control District funds.

Lighting Districts

Accounts for resources used to provide street lighting in unincorporated areas of the county.

County Service Areas

Accounts for resources used to provide for water and sewer services which are mutually exclusive of Enterprise Fund County Service Areas.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS:

Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

San Luis Obispo County Public Facilities Corporation (PFC)

The PFC is a non-profit public benefit corporation organized to assist public agencies within the County of San Luis Obispo with the acquisition and construction of various public facilities.

Pension Obligation Bonds

The Pension Obligation Bonds debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of monies for payment of taxable pension obligation bonds. These bonds were issued to fund the County's unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL).

SLO County Financing Authority

The SLO County Financing Authority is a joint exercise of powers authority created to assist in the financing, construction, and equipping of public facilities for its members.

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Special Revenue								
		ommunity velopment	Me	ergency edical rvices	the I	ng Under nfluence grams		h and ame	
<u>Assets</u>									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,369	\$	261	\$	398	\$	202	
Restricted cash with fiscal agent Accounts receivable, net		_		_		_		-	
Other receivables		_		_		_		_	
Due from other governments		- 78		267		_		_	
Due from other funds		-		-		_		_	
Loans receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles		20,549		-		-		-	
Leases receivable		· -		-		-		-	
Advances to other funds		-		-		-		-	
Prepaid items		-		-		4		-	
Other assets									
Total assets	\$	29,996	\$	528	\$	402	\$	202	
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$	3,725	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
Salaries and benefits payable		, -	•	-	•	-	•	-	
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-	
Deposits from others		2,079		-		-		-	
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		-	
Advances from other funds	-				,				
Total liabilities		5,804							
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Unavailable revenue		-		-		-		-	
Lease revenue		_		-		_		_	
Total deferred inflows of resources									
Fund Balances									
Nonspendable		_		_		4		_	
Restricted		-		-		186		-	
Committed		24,192		528		212		202	
Assigned		-		-		-		-	
Unassigned		-							
Total fund balances		24,192		528		402		202	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of									
resources, and fund balances	\$	29,996	\$	528	\$	402	\$	202	

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Special Revenue									
	Road Impact Fees		Library		Parks		Public Facilities Fees		Solid Waste Management	
<u>Assets</u>	.	12.166	_	6 244	.	2.600	_	12.062	4	242
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash with fiscal agent	\$	12,166	\$	6,344	\$	3,680	\$	13,862	\$	342
Accounts receivable, net		-		1		9		_		-
Other receivables		_		-		29		_		_
Due from other governments		-		_		1,639		-		-
Due from other funds		-		-		-		-		-
Loans receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles		-		-		-		-		-
Leases receivable		-		-		136		-		-
Advances to other funds Prepaid items		-		- 5		-		-		-
Other assets		-		- -		_		-		-
Other assets	-									
Total assets	\$	12,166	\$	6,350	\$	5,493	\$	13,862	\$	342
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	63	\$	797	\$	-	\$	12
Salaries and benefits payable	-	-		117	•	48		-		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		-
Deposits from others		-		-		558		-		-
Unearned revenue Advances from other funds		-		-		- F71		-		-
Advances from other funds						571				
Total liabilities				180		1,974				12
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>										
Unavailable revenue		-		-		1,588		-		-
Lease revenue				-		128		-		
Total deferred inflows of resources		_				1,716				
									<u> </u>	
Fund Balances				-						
Nonspendable Restricted		- 12,166		5 9		708		13,862		- 55
Committed		12,100		6,156		1,095		13,602		275
Assigned		_		-		-		_		-
Unassigned		_								
		10.166		6.476		1 005		12.055	_	226
Total fund balances		12,166		6,170		1,803		13,862		330
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of										
resources, and fund balances	\$	12,166	\$	6,350	\$	5,493	\$	13,862	\$	342

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Special Revenue									
	Roads		Wildlife Grazing		Flood Control Districts		Lighting Districts		County Service Area	
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	19,224	\$	50	\$	18,750	\$	458	\$	2,600
Restricted cash with fiscal agent Accounts receivable, net		-		-		173		1		- 5
Other receivables		_		_		-		_		_
Due from other governments		4,819		_		219		_		_
Due from other funds		-		-				_		_
Loans receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles		-		-		-		-		-
Leases receivable		-		-		-		-		-
Advances to other funds		-		-		1,327		-		655
Prepaid items		-		-		=		=		-
Other assets		52								
Total assets	\$	24,095	\$	50	\$	20,469	\$	459	\$	3,260
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	3,868	\$	-	\$	300	\$	-	\$	7
Salaries and benefits payable		-		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		- 		-		-		-		-
Deposits from others		138		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenue Advances from other funds		67		-		-		-		-
Advances from other funds							-			
Total liabilities		4,073				300				7
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>										
Unavailable revenue		12		-		392		1		5
Lease revenue										
Total deferred inflows of resources		12				392		1		5
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted		-		50		6,568		-		138
Committed		20,010		-		13,209		458		3,110
Assigned		-		-		=		=		-
Unassigned		-								-
Total fund balances		20,010		50		19,777		458		3,248
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of										
resources, and fund balances	\$	24,095	\$	50	\$	20,469	\$	459	\$	3,260

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Debt Service							
	Public	Service Facilities oration	Pensio	ot Service on Obligation Bonds	Debt Service Financing Authority		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash with fiscal agent Accounts receivable, net Other receivables Due from other governments Due from other funds Loans receivable, net of allowance for uncollectibles Leases receivable Advances to other funds Prepaid items Other assets		20 1	\$	23,310 7 - - - - - -	\$	15 72,577 - - - - - - -	\$	111,051 72,585 189 29 7,022 - 20,549 136 1,982 9
Total assets	\$	21	\$	23,317	\$	72,592	\$	213,604
Liabilities Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Due to other funds Deposits from others Unearned revenue Advances from other funds	\$	- - - - -	\$	- - - - -	\$	- - 286 - - -	\$	8,772 165 286 2,775 67 571
Total liabilities <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Unavailable revenue Lease revenue				- - -				12,636 1,998 128
Total deferred inflows of resources Fund Balances Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned		- 21 - -		- 23,317 - - -		- 72,306 - - -		2,126 9 129,386 69,447 -
Total fund balances		21		23,317		72,306		198,842
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	21	\$	23,317	\$	72,592	\$	213,604

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Special Revenue										
		ommunity velopment	Emergency Medical Services		Driving Under the Influence Programs		Fish and Game				
Revenues Taxes		-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-			
Licenses, permits, and franchises Fines, forfeitures, and penalties		-		- 486		-		- 29			
Use of money and property		(7)		3		11		-			
Aid from other governments Charges for services		10,721		-		32 1,080		-			
Other revenues		7				49					
Total revenues		10,721		489		1,172		29			
Expenditures Current:											
Public protection		-		-		-		42			
Public ways and facilities Health and sanitation		- 8,239		-		-		-			
Public assistance		0,239		- 544		-		-			
Education		-		-		1,194		-			
Recreation and cultural services Debt service:		-		-		-		-			
Principal payments		_		_		_		_			
Interest and fiscal charges											
Total expenditures		8,239		544		1,194		42			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues											
over (under) expenditures		2,482		(55)		(22)		(13)			
Other financing sources (uses)											
Refunding bonds issued Premium on refunding bonds issued		-		-		-		-			
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		-		-		_		_			
Transfers in		40		-		-		-			
Transfers out		(40)				(29)					
Total other financing sources (uses)						(29)					
Net change in fund balances		2,482		(55)		(51)		(13)			
Fund balances - beginning		21,710		583		453		215			
Fund balances - ending	\$	24,192	\$	528	\$	402	\$	202			

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

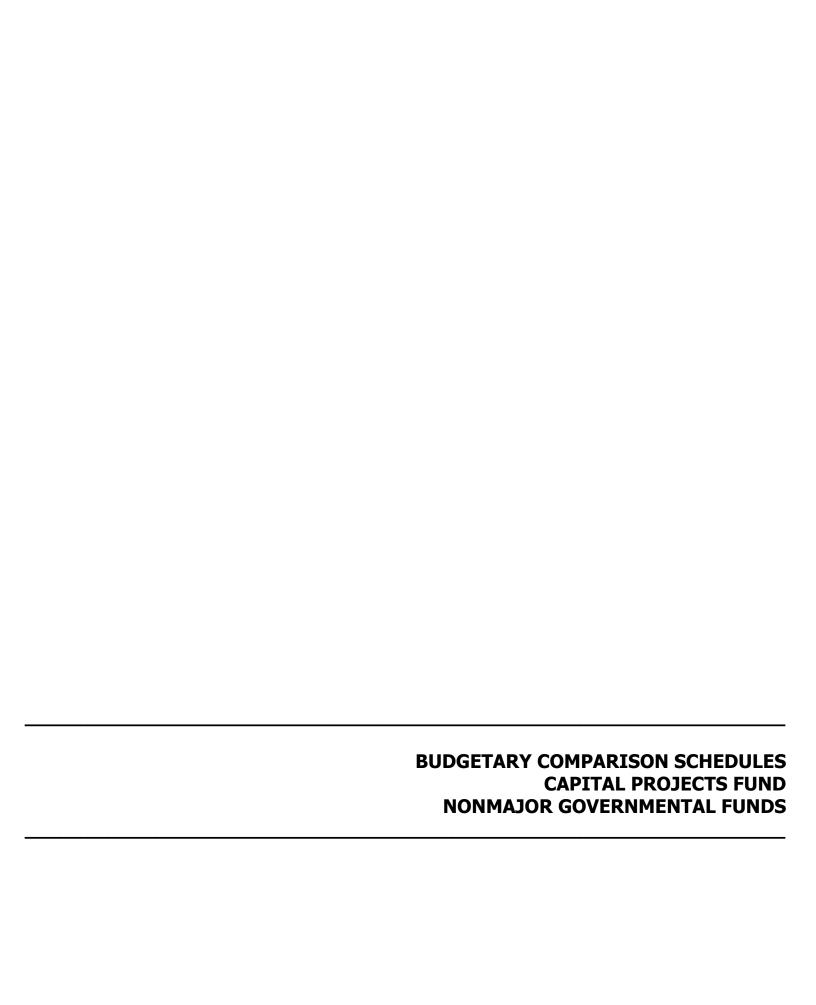
	Special Revenue									
	Road Impact Fees		Library	<u>Parks</u>	Public Facilities Fees	Solid Waste Management				
Revenues Taxes	\$	- \$	11,530	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
Licenses, permits, and franchises Fines, forfeitures, and penalties		-	-	- 1	-	-				
Use of money and property	20	2	74	115	345	(5)				
Aid from other governments		-	222	136	-	93				
Charges for services Other revenues	1,01	.3	93 1,227	6,053	1,521	335				
Other revenues	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1,227	8						
Total revenues	1,21	5	13,146	6,313	1,866	423				
Expenditures Current:										
Public protection		-	-	-	-	810				
Public ways and facilities		-	-	-	-	-				
Health and sanitation Public assistance		_	-	-	-	-				
Education		_	12,409	-	-	-				
Recreation and cultural services		-	, -	10,481	-	-				
Debt service:			4.0							
Principal payments Interest and fiscal charges		-	16 1	-	-	-				
Therest and fiscal charges		<u> </u>								
Total expenditures		<u> </u>	12,426	10,481		810				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	1,21	5	720	(4,168)	1,866	(387)				
Other financing sources (uses)										
Refunding bonds issued Premium on refunding bonds issued		-	-	-	-	-				
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		_	-	_	-	-				
Transfers in		-	651	2,394	-	717				
Transfers out	(55	7)	(310)	(109)	(4,005)					
Total other financing sources (uses)	(55	7)	341	2,285	(4,005)	717				
Net change in fund balances	65	8	1,061	(1,883)	(2,139)	330				
Fund balances - beginning	11,50	8	5,109	3,686	16,001					
Fund balances - ending	\$ 12,16	6 \$	6,170	\$ 1,803	\$ 13,862	\$ 330				

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Special Revenue									
	Roads	Wildlife and Grazing	Flood Control Districts	Lighting Districts	County Service Areas					
Revenues										
Taxes Licenses, permits, and franchises	\$ 2,181	\$ -	\$ 4,626	\$ 45	\$ 1,210					
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -					
Use of money and property	531	1	418	8	51					
Aid from other governments	26,961	3	4,658	-	4					
Charges for services	437	-	601	12	7					
Other revenues	109		87		5					
Total revenues	30,219	4	10,390	65	1,277					
<u>Expenditures</u>										
Current:										
Public protection	-	2	8,108	33	-					
Public ways and facilities	53,221	-	-	-	770					
Health and sanitation	-	=	=	-	=					
Public assistance Education	-	-	-	-	-					
Recreation and cultural services	-	_	-	_	-					
Debt service:	_	_	_	_	_					
Principal payments	50	_	_	_	_					
Interest and fiscal charges	17									
Total expenditures	53,288	2	8,108	33	770					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	(23,069)	2	2,282	32	507					
Other financing sources (uses)										
Refunding bonds issued	-	-	-	-	-					
Premium on refunding bonds issued	-	=	=	-	=					
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	-	-	-	-					
Transfers in	18,543	=	294	=	- (2.44)					
Transfers out	(114)		(6,284)		(344)					
Total other financing sources (uses)	18,429		(5,990)		(344)					
Net change in fund balances	(4,640)	2	(3,708)	32	163					
Fund balances - beginning	24,650	48	23,485	426	3,085					
Fund balances - ending	\$ 20,010	\$ 50	\$ 19,777	\$ 458	\$ 3,248					

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Public F	Debt Service Public Facilities Corporation		t Service n Obligation Bonds	Debt Service Financing Authority		Gov	Total onmajor ernmental Funds
Revenues Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	19,592
Licenses, permits, and franchises Fines, forfeitures, and penalties Use of money and property		-		- - 206		- - 1,682		- 516 3,635
Aid from other governments Charges for services Other revenues		420		- - 776		4,851		42,830 16,423 2,268
Total revenues		420		982		6,533		85,264
Expenditures Current:								
Public protection		-		-		-		8,995
Public ways and facilities		-		-		-		53,991
Health and sanitation		-		-		-		8,239
Public assistance		-		-		-		544
Education Recreation and cultural services Debt service:		-		-		-		13,603 10,481
Principal payments		216		3,548		2,105		5,935
Interest and fiscal charges		194		6,709		2,812		9,733
Total expenditures		410		10,257		4,917		111,521
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		10		(9,275)		1,616		(26,257)
Other financing sources (uses) Refunding bonds issued		_		_		70,033		70,033
Premium on refunding bonds issued		-		-		4,634		4,634
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		-		-		(5,724)		(5,724)
Transfers in		-		13,885		-		36,524
Transfers out		-		-		(1,423)		(13,215)
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		13,885		67,520		92,252
Net change in fund balances		10		4,610		69,136		65,995
Fund balances - beginning		11		18,707		3,170		132,847
Fund balances - ending	\$	21	\$	23,317	\$	72,306	\$	198,842





Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual Comparison

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with	
	(Original		Final		Amounts	Fin	al Budget
Revenues:								
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	\$	-	\$	-	\$	389	\$	389
Use of money and property		-		-		302		302
Aid from other governments		-		10,410		1,855		(8,555)
Charges for services		514		5,999		1,871		(4,128)
Other revenues		_		496		60		(436)
Total Revenues		514		16,905		4,477		(12,428)
						., ., .		(==/ :==/
Expenditures:								
Capital outlay		7,014		113,948		14,563		99,385
Total Expenditures		7,014		113,948		14,563		99,385
Total Experiatares		7,011		113,310		1 1,505		33,303
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
(Under) Expenditures		(6,500)		(97,043)		(10,086)		86 057
(Order) Experialtures		(0,300)		(37,073)	-	(10,000)		86,957
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in		6,377		97,000		9,352		(87,648)
Transfers out		0,377		97,000		•		
				07.000		(4)		(4)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		6,377		97,000		9,348		(87,652)
Not also as to 6 and below as		(422)		(42)		(720)		(605)
Net change in fund balances		(123)		(43)		(738)		(695)
Found below and the nimetre		10 205		10.205		10 205		
Fund balances, beginning		18,305		18,305		18,305		
Fund balances, ending	\$	18,182	\$	18,262	\$	17,567	\$	(695)
rana balances, enamy	<u> </u>	10/102	<u> </u>	10/202	<u> </u>	1, 1001	<u> </u>	(033)

Community Development

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual Comparison

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues:		Jigiriai		ГПа		amounts		ai buuget
Use of money and property Aid from other governments	\$	- 7,459	\$	- 17,172	\$	(7) 10,721	\$	(7) (6,451)
Charges for services Other revenues		- 543		1,330		- 7		(1,323)
Total Revenues		8,002		18,502		10,721		(7,781)
Expenditures: Current: Health and sanitation								
Services and supplies		588		2,363		696		1,667
Other charges		7,454		16,832		7,543		9,289
Contingencies		17		17		<u> </u>		17
Total Expenditures		8,059		19,212		8,239		10,973
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(57)		(710)		2,482		3,192
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in		39		693		40		(653)
Transfers out		(40)		(40)		(40)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1)		653				(653)
Net change in fund balances		(58)		(57)		2,482		2,539
Fund balances, beginning		21,710		21,710		21,710		
Fund balances, ending	\$	21,652	\$	21,653	\$	24,192	\$	2,539

Emergency Medical Services

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual Comparison

For the Year Ended June 30), 2023 (in thousands)
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	Budgeted Amounts				Actual		Variance with	
	Orig	jinal	Final		Amounts		Final Budget	
Revenues:								
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	\$	600	\$	600	\$	486	\$	(114)
Use of money and property		1		1		3		2
Total Revenues		601		601		489		(112)
Expenditures: Current:								
Public assistance								
Services and supplies		643		858		544		314
Total Expenditures		643		858		544		314
Net change in fund balances		(42)		(257)		(55)		202
Fund balances, beginning		583		583		583		
Fund balances, ending	\$	541	\$	326	\$	528	\$	202

Driving Under the Influence Program Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual Comparison

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues:									
Use of money and property	\$	4	\$	4	\$	11	\$	7	
Charges for services		1,506	'	1,506	•	1,080	•	(426)	
Aid from other governments		12		12		32		20	
Other revenues		-		-		49		49	
Total Revenues		1,522		1,522		1,172		(350)	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Education									
Salaries, wages, and benefits		1,038		1,019		778		241	
Services and supplies		409		494		395		99	
Other charges		21		21		21		-	
Debt Service								_	
Contingencies		57		57		_		- 57	
_		1,525		1,591	-	1,194		397	
Total Expenditures		1,525		1,591		1,194		397	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over									
(Under) Expenditures		(3)		(69)		(22)		47	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Leases		-		-		-		-	
Transfers out		-				(29)		(29)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						(29)		(29)	
Net change in fund balances		(3)		(69)		(51)		18	
Fund balances, beginning		453		453		453			
Fund balances, ending	\$	450	\$	384	\$	402	\$	18	

Fish and Game

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual Comparison For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (in thousands)

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual		Variance with	
	Original Final					Amounts		Final Budget	
Revenues: Fines, forfeitures, and penalties Use of money and property Total Revenues	\$	52 - 52	\$	52 - 52	\$	29 - 29	\$	(23)	

Expenditures:

Current:
Public protection
Services and sup
Total Evponditur

Public protection				
Services and supplies	34	54	42	12
Total Expenditures	34	54	42	12
Net change in fund balances	18	(2)	(13)	(11)
Fund balances, beginning	215	215	215	
Fund balances, ending	\$ 233	\$ 213	\$ 202	\$ (11)

Road Impact Fees

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual Comparison

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues: Use of money and property Charges for services Total Revenues	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	202 1,013 1,215	\$	202 1,013 1,215
Expenditures: Current: Public ways and facilities Services and supplies Total Expenditures		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures						1,215		1,215
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(2,269) (2,269)		(6,299) (6,299)		(557 <u>)</u> (557 <u>)</u>		5,742 5,742
Net change in fund balances		(2,269)		(6,299)		658		6,957
Fund balances, beginning		11,508		11,508		11,508		
Fund balances, ending	\$	9,239	\$	5,209	\$	12,166	\$	6,957

Library

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual Comparison For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (in thousands)

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with		
Davanuas		Original		Final	A	Amounts		Final Budget	
Revenues: Taxes	\$	11,040	\$	11,040	\$	11,530	\$	490	
Use of money and property	Ą	44	Ą	44	Þ	74	Ф	30	
Aid from other governments		240		2,025		222		(1,803)	
Charges for services		54		54		93		39	
Other revenues		15		486		1,227		741	
Total Revenues		11,393		13,649		13,146		(503)	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Education									
Salaries, wages, and benefits		7,770		7,800		7,454		346	
Services and supplies		4,293		5,736		4,835		901	
Other charges		8		2,032		120		1,912	
Debt Service Contingencies		- 572		- 543		17		(17) 543	
Total Expenditures		12,643		16,111		12,426		3,685	
Evenes (Deficiency) of Devenues Over									
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,250)		(2,462)		720		3,182	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers in		621		621		651		30	
Transfers out		(33)		(33)		(310)		(277)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		588		588		341		(247)	
Net change in fund balances		(662)		(1,874)		1,061		2,935	
Fund balances, beginning		5,109		5,109		5,109			
Fund balances, ending	\$	4,447	\$	3,235	\$	6,170	\$	2,935	

Parks

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual Comparison For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (in thousands)

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts	ļ	Actual	Varia	nce with
_	0	riginal		Final	A	mounts	Fina	l Budget
Revenues:	_	24	_	400	_		_	(4.07)
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	\$	31	\$	188	\$	1	\$	(187)
Use of money and property		52		52 720		115		63 (F03)
Aid from other governments Charges for services		23		729 6,350		136		(593)
Other revenues		6,287 7		0,330 7		6,053 8		(297)
Total Revenues		6,400		7,326		6,313		(1,013)
Total Nevertues	-	0,700		7,320		0,515		(1,013)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Recreation and cultural services								
Salaries, wages, and benefits		3,247		3,247		3,120		127
Services and supplies		3,046		4,673		6,835		(2,162)
Other charges		42		468		376		92
Capital outlay		47		5,228		150		5,078
Contingencies		200		-		-		
Total Expenditures		6,582		13,616		10,481		3,135
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
(Under) Expenditures		(182)		(6,290)		(4,168)		2,122
(Order) Experialitates	-	(102)		(0,230)		(4,100)		2,122
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in		-		3,391		2,394		(997)
Transfers out		(21)		(21)		(109)		(88)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(21)		3,370		2,285		(1,085)
Net change in fund balances		(203)		(2,920)		(1,883)		1,037
Fund balances, beginning		3,686		3,686		3,686		
Fund balances, ending	\$	3,483	\$	766	\$	1,803	\$	1,037

Public Facilities Fees

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual Comparison

	Budgeted Amounts				A	ctual	Variance with	
		Original		Final	An	nounts	Fina	l Budget
Revenues:								
Use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	345	\$	345
Charges for services		1,064		1,064		1,521		457
Total Revenues		1,064		1,064		1,866		802
Expenditures: Current: General government								
Salaries, wages, and benefits		_		_		_		_
Services and supplies		_		_		_		_
Total Expenditures				_		_		
P. C. C.								
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		1,064		1,064		1,866		802
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				_				
Transfers out		(2,500)		(15,526)		(4,005)		11,521
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(2,500)		(15,526)		(4,005)		11,521
Net change in fund balances		(1,436)		(14,462)		(2,139)		12,323
Fund balances, beginning		16,001		16,001		16,001		
Fund balances, ending	\$	14,565	\$	1,539	\$	13,862	\$	12,323

Roads

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual Comparison For the Year Ended June 30, 2023 (in thousands)

	Budgeted Amounts			ounts	Actual		Variance with	
		Original		Final		mounts	Fina	al Budget
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	1,948	\$	1,948	\$	2,181	\$	233
Use of money and property		150		150		531		381
Aid from other governments		21,055		45,940		26,961		(18,979)
Charges for services		278		278		437		159
Other revenues		7		50		109		59
Total Revenues		23,438		48,366		30,219		(18,147)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public ways and facilities								
Services and supplies		21,596		42,155		53,171		(11,016)
Other charges		503		1,053		, 50		1,003
Capital outlay		9,480		52,029		-		52,029
Debt Service		-		-		67		(67)
Total Expenditures		31,579		95,237		53,288		41,949
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
(Under) Expenditures		(8,141)		(46,871)		(23,069)		23,802
(5.100.) _ partition of		(=/= :=/		(10/01 =)		(==/===/		
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in		8,254		24,284		18,543		(5,741)
Transfers out		(114)		(114)		(114)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		8,140		24,170		18,429		(5,741)
Net change in fund balances		(1)		(22,701)		(4,640)		18,061
Fund balances, beginning		24,650		24,650		24,650		
Fund balances, ending	\$	24,649	\$	1,949	\$	20,010	\$	18,061

Solid Waste Management

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual Comparison

		Budgeted	Amo	unts	Ad	ctual	Varia	ance with
	0	riginal		Final	Am	ounts	Fina	l Budget
Revenues:								
Use of money and property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(5)	\$	(5)
Aid from other governments		-		193		93		(100)
Charges for services		497		497		335		(162)
Total Revenues		497		690		423		(267)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public protection								
Services and supplies		1,773		1,816		687		1,129
Other charges		-		150		123		27
Total Expenditures		1,773		1,966		810		1,156
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
(Under) Expenditures		(1,276)		(1,276)		(387)		889
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in		1,276		1,276		717		(559)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,276		1,276		717		(559)
Net change in fund balances		-		-		330		330
Fund balances, beginning								
Fund balances, ending	\$		\$		\$	330	\$	330

Wildlife and Grazing

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual Comparison

	Budge	ted	Amoun	its	Actu	al	Variance with	
	Original		Fi	inal	Amou	nts	Final Budget	
Revenues: Use of money and property Aid from other governments Total Revenues	-	- 4 4	\$	- 4 4	\$	1 3 4	\$	1 (1)
Expenditures: Current: Public protection Services and supplies Total Expenditures		<u>7</u> 7		<u>7</u> 7		2 2		<u>5</u> 5
Net change in fund balances	(3)		(3)		2		5
Fund balances, beginning	4	8_		48		48		
Fund balances, ending	\$ 4	5	\$	45	\$	50	\$	5

Flood Control Districts

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual Comparison

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				_ Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues:		riginal		· iiiai				. Daaget
Taxes	\$	4,253	\$	4,253	\$	4,626	\$	373
Use of money and property	т	88	т	88	Ψ	418	т	330
Aid from other governments		3,146		3,146		4,658		1,512
Charges for services		, 595		, 595		601		, 6
Other revenues		15		15		87		72
Total Revenues		8,097		8,097		10,390		2,293
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public protection								
Services and supplies		9,144		11,900		5,744		6,156
Other charges		2,782		2,782		2,364		418
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-
Total Expenditures		11,926		14,682		8,108		6,574
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
(Under) Expenditures		(3,829)		(6,585)		2,282		8,867
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in		376		476		294		(182)
Transfers out		-		(6,510)		(6,284)		226
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		376		(6,034)		(5,990)		44
Net change in fund balances		(3,453)		(12,619)		(3,708)		8,911
Fund balances, beginning		23,485		23,485		23,485		
Fund balances, ending	\$	20,032	\$	10,866	\$	19,777	\$	8,911

Lighting Control Districts

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual Comparison

		Budgeted	Amo	unts	Ac	tual	Variance with	
	Ori	ginal		Final	Am	ounts	Final Budget	
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	43	\$	43	\$	45	\$	2
Use of money and property		2		2		8		6
Charges for services		11		11		12		1
Other revenues		-				_		
Total Revenues		56		56		65		9
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public protection								
Services and supplies		37		37		33		4
Capital outlay		-				_		
Total Expenditures		37		37		33		4
Net change in fund balances		19		19		32		13
Fund balances, beginning		426		426		426		
Fund balances, ending	\$	445	\$	445	\$	458	\$	13

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO County Service Areas Districts

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual Comparison

		Budgeted	Amo		А	ctual	Variance with	
	0	riginal		Final	Ar	nounts	Final	Budget
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$	1,120	\$	1,120	\$	1,210	\$	90
Use of money and property		12		12		51		39
Aid from other governments		3		3		4		1
Charges for services		4		4		7		3
Other revenues		1		1_		5		4
Total Revenues		1,140		1,140		1,277		137
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public ways and facilities								
Services and supplies		884		930		770		160
Total Expenditures		884		930		770		160
	-							
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
(Under) Expenditures		256		210		507		297
, ,								
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers out		(344)		(344)		(344)		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	(344)		(344)		(344)		
Net change in fund balances		(88)		(134)		163		297
Fund balances, beginning		3,085		3,085		3,085		
Fund balances, ending	\$	2,997	\$	2,951	\$	3,248	\$	297

Public Facilities Corporation

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual Comparison

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			unts Final	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$		\$	-	\$	420	_\$	420
Total Revenues						420		420
Expenditures: Debt Service:								
Principal payments		-		-		216		(216)
Interest and fiscal charges						194		(194)
Total Expenditures	•					410		(410)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures						10		10
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Debt issued Transfers out		- -		- -		- -		- -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Net change in fund balances		-		-		10		10
Fund balances, beginning		11		11		11_		
Fund balances, ending	\$	11	\$	11	\$	21	\$	10

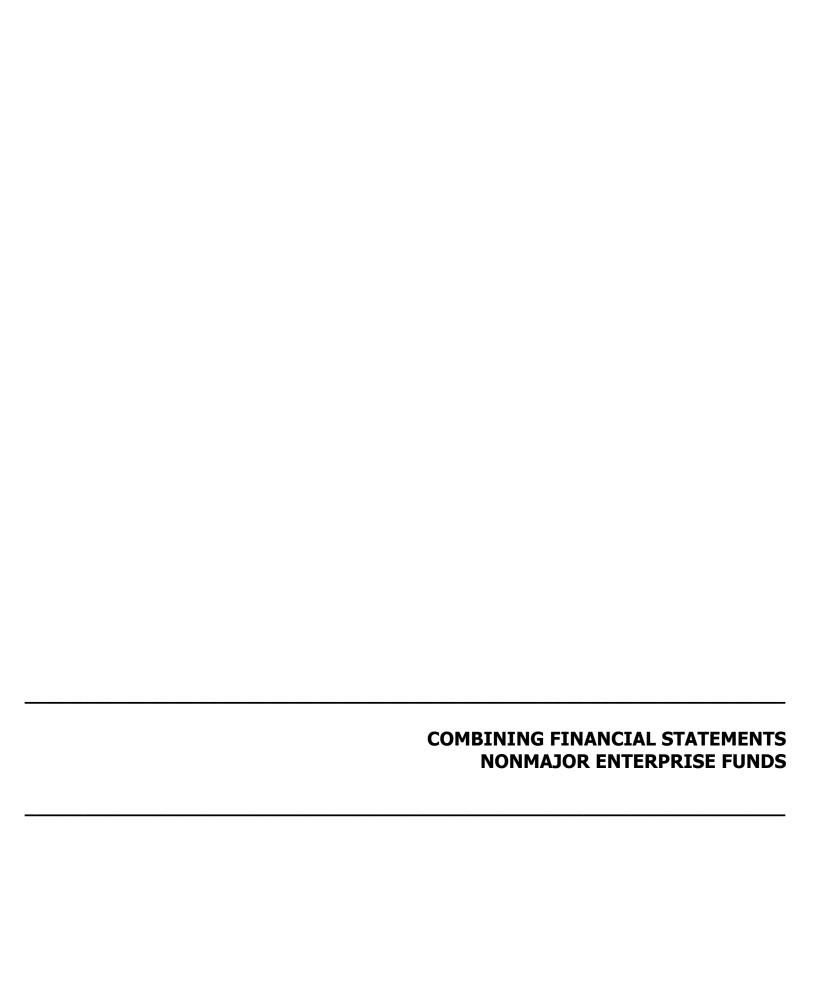
Pension Obligation Bonds

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual Comparison

	Budgeted Amounts				A	Actual		iance with
	0	riginal		Final	Aı	mounts	_ Fina	al Budget_
Revenues:								
Use of money and property	\$	55	\$	55	\$	206	\$	151
Other revenues		13,575		13,575		776		(12,799)
Total Revenues		13,630		13,630		982		(12,648)
Expenditures:								
Debt Service:								
Principal payments		3,548		3,548		3,548		-
Interest and fiscal charges		6,709		6,709		6,709		-
Total Expenditures		10,257		10,257		10,257		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
(Under) Expenditures		3,373		3,373		(9,275)		(12,648)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in				_		13,885		13,885
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						13,885		13,885
Net change in fund balances		3,373		3,373		4,610		1,237
Fund balances, beginning		18,707		18,707		18,707		
Fund balances, ending	\$	22,080	\$	22,080	\$	23,317	\$	1,237

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO SLO County Financing Authority Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual Comparison

		Budgeted	Amo		Actual		Variance with	
_	0	riginal		Final	A	mounts	Fina	al Budget
Revenues: Use of money and property Charges for services	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	1,682 4,851	\$	1,682 4,851
Total Revenues		-				6,533		6,533
Expenditures: Debt Service: Principal payments		_		_		2,105		(2,105)
Interest and fiscal charges		_		_		2,812		(2,812)
Total Expenditures	-	_		_		4,917		(4,917)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures				<u>-</u>		1,616		1,616
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Debt issued		-		-		70,033		70,033
Premium on refunding debt issued		-		-		4,634		4,634
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		-		-		(5,724)		(5,724)
Transfers out						(1,423)		(1,423)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						67,520		67,520
Net change in fund balances		-		-		69,136		69,136
Fund balances, beginning		3,170		3,170		3,170		
Fund balances, ending	\$	3,170	\$	3,170	\$	72,306	\$	69,136





NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS DESCRIPTIONS

ENTERPRISE FUNDS:

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is to have the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed primarily through user charges, or where the County has decided that revenues earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability or other purposes.

General Flood Control Zone – Salinas Dam

Accounts for the operation of the Salinas dam and pipeline used to deliver water to the City of San Luis Obispo from Santa Margarita Lake.

Lopez Flood Control

Accounts for the maintenance, water treatment and water distribution services of the Lopez Dam Flood Control Zone 3, which provides water to south San Luis Obispo County, and the activities of the Lopez Dam Seismic Remediation Project.

Golf

Accounts for the operations and maintenance of County-owned golf courses located in Atascadero, Morro Bay, and San Luis Obispo.

Lopez Park

Accounts for the accumulation of resources for the repayment of State loans related to the Lopez Lake recreational area.

County Service Areas

Accounts for resources used to provide for a variety of services such as street lighting, drainage, sewer and road maintenance, which are mutually exclusive of the Special Revenue Funds County Service Areas.

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

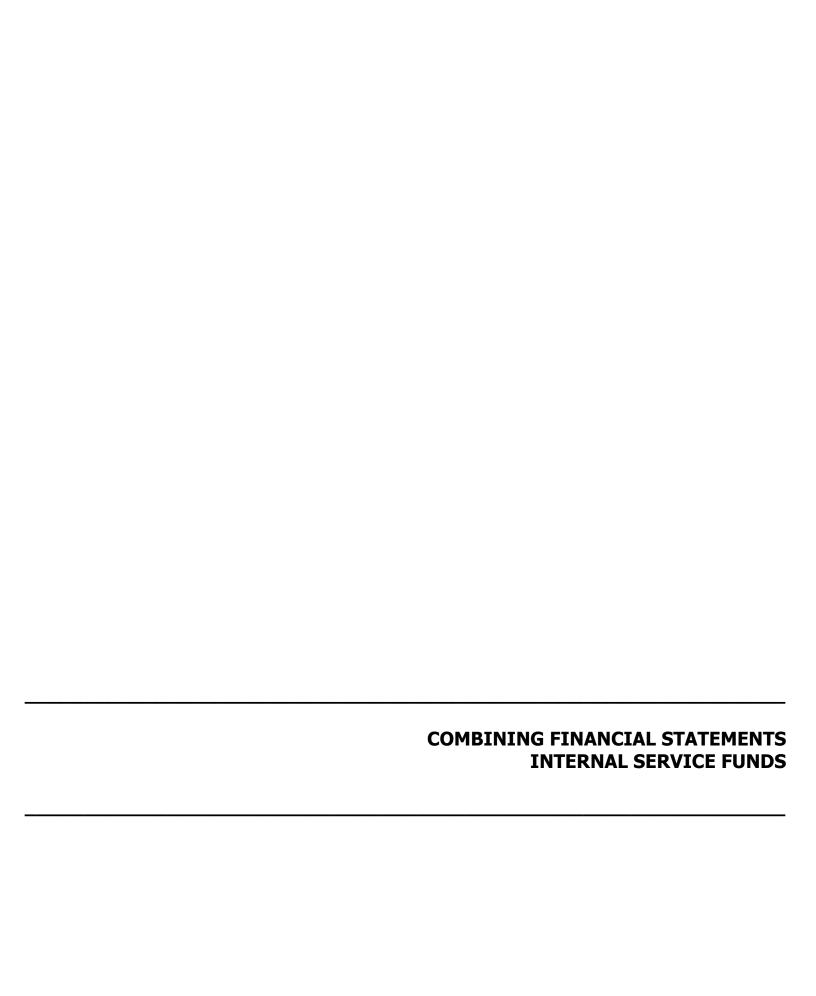
Assert		General Flood Control Zone - Salinas Dam	Lopez Flood Control	Golf	Lopez Park	County Service Areas	Total
Cach and cach equivalents							
Accounts receivable, net 4 27		¢ 2,022	d 12.106	t 1.661	ф Э Г	t 4.262	ф 31 100
Invention		\$ 3,033			\$ 25		
Losse recovable		_	-		_	309	
Characteristics		_	_		-	_	
Deposits with others	Other receivables	-	30	-	-	12	42
Total current assets 3,033 12,140 2,271 25 4,830 22,299	Prepaid items	-	-	424	-		
Noncomment assested	Deposits with others					86	86
Restricted cash with fiscal agent	Total current assets	3,033	12,140	2,271	25	4,830	22,299
Leases receivable							
Advances to other funds		-	-	- 12	-	-	- 12
Capital assets: Capital as		-	-	12	- 20	-	
Nondepreciable Land Land Land Land Land Land Land Land		-	-	-	20	-	20
Land Construction in progress							
Construction in progress		_	2,155	1,333	-	534	4,022
Other property 1,968		-			-		
Deperciable		-	-	-	-	-	-
Infrastructure, net		-	1,968	-	-	-	1,968
Structures and improvements, net - 30,894 6,959 - 9,541 47,394 Equipment, net - 168 386 - 484 1,038 Other property, net - 1 - 1 - 496 496 Lease assets, net - 105 - 496 496 Lease assets, net - 105 - 400 - 400 Total assets - 105 - 400 - 400 Total assets - 54,400 9,144 20 13,799 77,363 Total assets - 54,400 9,144 20 13,799 77,363 Total assets - 54,400 11,415 45 18,629 99,662 1,196 -			10.625	_		1 001	20 544
Company		-			-		
Other property, net - - - 496 496 196 SBITA assets, net - - - 105 - - 106 No 40 Add	·	-			-		
SelTA assets, net			100	300			
SBTA assets, net		-	_	105	-	-	
Total noncurrent assets		_	-		_	_	
Total assets 3,033 66,540 11,415 45 18,629 99,662	,						
Deferred Outflows of Resources	Total noncurrent assets		54,400	9,144	20	13,799	77,363
Deferred pensions	Total assets	3,033	66,540	11,415	45	18,629	99,662
Deferred pensions	Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Total deferred outflows of resources - - 1,289 - - 1,289	Deferred pensions	-	-		-	-	
Liabilities Current liabilities Accounts payable 48 334 139 - 94 615 53alaries and benefits payable - 321 47 - 150 518 518 514 518 518 514 518 518 514 518 514 518 518 514 518 518 514 518 518 514 518 518 514 518 518 514 518 518 518 518 514 518	Deferred OPEB			93			93
Liabilities Current liabilities: Accounts payable 48 334 139 - 94 615 53 53 616 615 616	Total deferred outflows of resources	_	_	1 289	_	_	1 280
Current liabilities:	Liabilities			1,203			1,203
Accounts payable sailers and benefits payable - 94 615 Salaries and benefits payable - 32 35 - 35 5							
Salaries and benefits payable - - 35 - 58 Deposits from others - 321 47 - 150 518 Interest payable - 253 10 - 22 285 Unearned revenue - 506 - - 8 514 Due to other funds -		48	334	139	-	94	615
1		-	-	35	-	-	35
Due to other funds	Deposits from others	-			-		
Due to other funds		-		10	-		
Actrued vacation and sick leave - current		-	506	-	-	8	514
Lease liability - current		-	-		-	-	
SBITA liability - current - 26 - - 26 20 107 3,096 20 381 5,299 20 381 5,299 20 381 5,299 20 20 381 5,299 20 20 20 20 20 20 20		-	-		-	-	
Notes and bonds payable - current - 2,604 365 20 107 3,096 Total current liabilities 48 4,018 832 20 381 5,299 Noncurrent liabilities: Advances from other funds - - 121 - 781 902 Accrued vacation and sick leave - - 113 - - 113 Lease liability - - 30 - - 30 SBITA liability - - 14 - - 14 Notes and bonds payable - 19,926 1,275 - 5,244 26,445 Net OPEB liability - - - 130 - - 130 Net pension liability - - - 4,072 - - 4,072 Total noncurrent liabilities 48 23,944 6,587 20 6,406 37,005 Deferred Inflows of Resources - - -		-	-		-	-	
Total current liabilities			2 604		20	107	
Noncurrent liabilities: Advances from other funds	Notes and bonds payable - current		2,001			107	3,030
Advances from other funds	Total current liabilities	48	4,018	832	20	381	5,299
Advances from other funds	Noncurrent liabilities:						
Accrued vacation and sick leave - - 113 - - 113 Lease liability - - 30 - - 130 SBITA liability - 19,926 1,275 - 5,244 26,445 Net OPEB liability - - 130 - - 130 Net pension liability - - 4,072 - - 4,072 Total noncurrent liabilities - 19,926 5,755 - 6,025 31,706 Total liabilities 48 23,944 6,587 20 6,406 37,005 Deferred Inflows of Resources - - - 4 - - - 4 Deferred OPEB - - - 50 - - - 50 Bond Refunding - - - 87 - - - 87 Total deferred inflows of resources - - - 87 - - - 304 - - - 304		-	-	121	-	781	902
SBITA liability - 1- 14 - - 14 Notes and bonds payable - 19,926 1,275 - 5,244 26,445 Net OPEB liability - - - 130 - - 130 Net pension liabilities - <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>113</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>113</td>		-	-	113	-	-	113
Notes and bonds payable - 19,926 1,275 - 5,244 26,445 Net OPEB liability - - - 130 - - - 130 Net pension liability - - - 4,072 - - - 4,072 Total noncurrent liabilities - 19,926 5,755 - 6,025 31,706 Total liabilities 48 23,944 6,587 20 6,406 37,005 Deferred Inflows of Resources - - 4 - - - 4 Deferred OPEB - - - 50 - - - 50 Bond Refunding - - - 87 - - 87 Total deferred inflows of resources - - 87 - - 87 Total deferred inflows of resources - - 31,870 7,183 - 8,448 47,501 Unrestricted	Lease liability	-	-		-	-	
Net OPEB liability - - 130 - - 130 Net pension liability - - 4,072 - - 4,072 Total noncurrent liabilities - 19,926 5,755 - 6,025 31,706 Total liabilities 48 23,944 6,587 20 6,406 37,005 Deferred Inflows of Resources - - 4 - - 4 Deferred OPEB - - - 50 - - 50 Bond Refunding - - - 163 - - - 87 Total deferred inflows of resources - - - 304 - - - 304 Net Position Net investment in capital assets - 31,870 7,183 - 8,448 47,501 Unrestricted 2,985 10,726 (1,370) 25 3,775 16,141		-	-		-		
Net pension liability - - 4,072 - - 4,072 Total noncurrent liabilities - 19,926 5,755 - 6,025 31,706 Total liabilities 48 23,944 6,587 20 6,406 37,005 Deferred Inflows of Resources - - 4 - - 4 Deferred OPEB - - 50 - - 50 Bond Refunding - - 163 - - 163 Lease revenue - - 87 - - 87 Total deferred inflows of resources - - 304 - - 304 Net Position Net investment in capital assets - 31,870 7,183 - 8,448 47,501 Unrestricted 2,985 10,726 (1,370) 25 3,775 16,141	Notes and bonds payable	-	•		-	5,244	
Total noncurrent liabilities - 19,926 5,755 - 6,025 31,706 Total liabilities 48 23,944 6,587 20 6,406 37,005 Deferred Inflows of Resources 2 - 4 - - 4 Deferred Pensions - - - 4 - - - 4 Deferred OPEB - - - 50 - - - 50 Bond Refunding - - - 163 - - - 163 Lease revenue - - - 87 - - - 87 Total deferred inflows of resources - - 304 - - - 304 Net Position - 31,870 7,183 - 8,448 47,501 Unrestricted 2,985 10,726 (1,370) 25 3,775 16,141	Net OPEB liability	-	-		-	-	
Total liabilities 48 23,944 6,587 20 6,406 37,005 Deferred Inflows of Resources 37,005 37,005 37,005 37,005 37,005 37,005 37,005 37,005 37,005 37,005 37,005 4 - - 4 - - - 4 - - - 4 - - - 4 - - - - 50 - - - 50 - - - 50 - - - 50 - - - 50 - - - 50 - - - 163 - - - - 87 - - - 87 - - - 87 - - - - 87 - - - 304 - - - - 304 - - - - - - - -	Net pension liability			4,072			4,072
Deferred Inflows of Resources - - 4 - - 4 Deferred pensions - - - 4 - - 4 Deferred OPEB - - 50 - - - 50 Bond Refunding - - 163 - - - 163 Lease revenue - - 87 - - - 87 Total deferred inflows of resources - - 304 - - - 304 Net Position - 31,870 7,183 - 8,448 47,501 Unrestricted 2,985 10,726 (1,370) 25 3,775 16,141	Total noncurrent liabilities		19,926	5,755		6,025	31,706
Deferred pensions	Total liabilities	48	23,944	6,587	20	6,406	37,005
Deferred pensions	Deferred Inflaws of Recourses						
Deferred OPEB - - 50 - - 50 Bond Refunding - - 163 - - 163 Lease revenue - - 87 - - 87 Total deferred inflows of resources - - 304 - - 304 Net Position Net investment in capital assets - 31,870 7,183 - 8,448 47,501 Unrestricted 2,985 10,726 (1,370) 25 3,775 16,141				1			1
Bond Refunding - - 163 - - 163 Lease revenue - - 87 - - 87 Total deferred inflows of resources - - 304 - - - 304 Net Position Net investment in capital assets - 31,870 7,183 - 8,448 47,501 Unrestricted 2,985 10,726 (1,370) 25 3,775 16,141		-	-		-	-	
Lease revenue - - 87 - - 87 Total deferred inflows of resources - - - 304 - - 304 Net Position Net investment in capital assets - 31,870 7,183 - 8,448 47,501 Unrestricted 2,985 10,726 (1,370) 25 3,775 16,141		-	-		-	-	
Net Position - - 31,870 7,183 - 8,448 47,501 Unrestricted 2,985 10,726 (1,370) 25 3,775 16,141	<u> </u>	-	-		-	-	
Net Position 31,870 7,183 - 8,448 47,501 Unrestricted 2,985 10,726 (1,370) 25 3,775 16,141							
Net investment in capital assets - 31,870 7,183 - 8,448 47,501 Unrestricted 2,985 10,726 (1,370) 25 3,775 16,141	Total deferred filliows of resources						
Net investment in capital assets - 31,870 7,183 - 8,448 47,501 Unrestricted 2,985 10,726 (1,370) 25 3,775 16,141	Net Position						
Unrestricted 2,985 10,726 (1,370) 25 3,775 16,141		-			-		47,501
Total net position \$ 2,985 \$ 42,596 \$ 5,813 \$ 25 \$ 12,223 \$ 63,642		2,985			25		
	Total net position	\$ 2,985	\$ 42,596	\$ 5,813	\$ 25	\$ 12,223	\$ 63,642

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

	General Flood Control Zone - Salinas Dam		Zone - Lopez		Golf		Lopez Park		County Service Areas			Total		
Operating revenues Charges for services Other revenues	\$	1,380	\$	7,918 -	\$	4,738 6	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	5,511 59	\$	19,547 65		
Total operating revenues		1,380		7,918		4,744				5,570		19,612		
Operating expenses Salaries and benefits Services and supplies Other charges Depreciation Amortization Countywide cost allocation		- 1,459 - - - 20		5,266 3 1,449 - 81		2,413 1,761 - 439 91 81		- - - -		- 6,432 - 577 - 111		2,413 14,918 3 2,465 91 293		
Total operating expenses		1,479		6,799		4,785				7,120		20,183		
Operating income (loss)		(99)		1,119		(41)				(1,550)		(571)		
Nonoperating revenues (expenses) Property taxes Investment expense Interest expense Sale of capital assets Aid from governmental agencies		- 64 - - - -		1,528 166 (854) - 6		34 (64) - -		(1) - - - - (1)		637 103 (142) (37) 3		2,165 366 (1,060) (37) 9		
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses) Income (loss) before contributions and transfers		(35)		1,965		(30)		(1)		(986)		1,443 872		
Capital Contributions Transfers in Transfers out		- - -		- - -		13 (55)		- 1 -		- 594 (2)		- 608 (57)		
Change in net position		(35)		1,965		(113)		-		(394)		1,423		
Net position - beginning	-	3,020		40,631		5,926	ī-	25		12,617		62,219		
Net position - ending	\$	2,985	\$	42,596	\$	5,813	\$	25	\$	12,223	\$	63,642		

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Contr	eral Flood rol Zone - nas Dam	Lopez od Control		Golf	Lopez Park		County vice Areas	Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Receipts from customers and third parties Payments for goods and services Payments to employees for services	\$	1,379 (1,692)	\$ 8,377 (5,026) -	\$	4,738 (1,741) (2,254)	\$ - - -	\$	5,610 (6,522)	\$ 20,104 (14,981) (2,254)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(313)	 3,351		743		-	(912)	 2,869
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Property tax proceeds Grants and subsidies from other governmental agencies Advances from other funds Due from other funds Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds		- - - - -	1,528 6 - - -		- - - 13 (55)	- - - 1		637 3 382 (400) 594 (2)	 2,165 9 382 (400) 608 (57)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities			 1,534		(42)	1		1,214	2,707
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Purchases and construction of capital assets Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt Principal paid on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt		- - - -	(224) - (2,513) (934)		(284) - (748) (217)	- -		(485) - (274) (148)	(993) - (3,535) (1,299)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities			 (3,671)		(1,249)			(907)	 (5,827)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest received		64	 166		34	(1)		103	366
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		64	 166	_	34	(1)		103	 366
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(249)	1,380		(514)	-		(502)	115
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		3,282	 10,726		2,175	25		4,865	 21,073
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	3,033	\$ 12,106	\$	1,661	\$ 25	\$	4,363	\$ 21,188
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities									
Operating income (loss)	\$	(99)	\$ 1,119	\$	(41)	\$ -	\$	(1,550)	\$ (571)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization expense Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources: (Increase) decrease in:		-	1,449		530	-		577	2,556
Receivables, net Inventory		-	(28)		57 (38)	-		33	62 (38)
Prepaid items		-	-		120	-		-	120
Deferred outflows - pensions Deferred outflows - OPEB		-	-		(617) (22)	-		-	(617) (22)
Leases Increase (decrease) in:		-	-		(74)	-		-	(74)
Accounts payable Deposits from others Salaries and benefits payable		(214) - -	288 36 -		12 20 (75)	- -		40 (20)	126 36 (75)
Deferred inflows - pensions Deferred inflows - OPEB		-	-		(545) 25	-		-	(545) 25
Net OPEB liability		-	-		(13)	-		-	(13)
Net pension liability Unearned revenue		-	487		1,404 -	-		8	1,404 495
Total adjustments		(214)	2,232		784			638	3,440
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(313)	\$ 3,351	\$	743	\$ -	\$	(912)	\$ 2,869
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities Leases	\$	-	\$ -	\$	27	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 27





INTERNAL SERVICE FUND DESCRIPTIONS

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS:

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department to other departments on a cost-reimbursement basis. Internal Service Funds used at the County are listed below:

Garage

Accounts for resources used to provide a vehicle fleet of cars, trucks, and law enforcement vehicles for use by various County departments at the lowest possible maintenance and operating costs.

Public Works

Accounts for resources used to provide comprehensive engineering services in the form of manpower, equipment and contractual services and supplies to all departments, agencies, and private citizens as requested or required by state law or local ordinance.

Insurance Funds

Account for the operations of the County's Workers' Compensation, Protected Self-Insurance, Unemployment, Dental Insurance, and Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) programs.

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Garage		Public Works	In	ombined surance Funds)	 Total
<u>Assets</u>						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,448	\$ 19,483	\$	20,692	\$ 47,623
Accounts receivable, net		· -	20		· -	20
Inventories		15	724		-	739
Prepaid items			 10			 10
Total current assets		7,463	 20,237		20,692	 48,392
Noncurrent assets:						
Capital assets: Structures and improvements, net		235	197		_	432
Equipment, net		5,256	7,934		_	13,190
Lease assets, net		3,230	7,954		_	762
SBITA assets, net		_	13		43	56
,	-	F 401				
Total noncurrent assets		5,491	 8,906		43	 14,440
Total assets		12,954	 29,143		20,735	 62,832
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>						
Deferred pensions		849	22,538		-	23,387
Deferred OPEB		88	 1,672			 1,760
Total deferred outflows of resources		937	 24,210			25,147
Liabilities						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable		743	1,018		311	2,072
Salaries and benefits payable		18	554		36	608
Interest payable		-	-		-	-
Deposits from others		-	5,048		-	5,0 4 8
Self-insurance liability - current		-	· -		5,116	5,116
Lease liability - current		-	116		-	116
SBITA liability - current		-	13		13	26
Accrued vacation and sick leave - current		102	 2,371			 2,473
Total current liabilities		863	9,120		5,476	 15,459
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Self-insurance liability		_	_		18,385	18,385
Lease liability		_	676		-	676
SBITA liability		_	-		30	30
Accrued vacation and sick leave		64	908		-	972
Net OPEB liability		125	2,355		_	2,480
Net pension liability		2,890	 76,674			 79,564
Total noncurrent liabilities		3,079	 80,613		18,415	102,107
Total liabilities		3,942	 89,733		23,891	 117,566
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Deferred pensions		3	84			87
Deferred OPEB		48_	900		<u> </u>	 948
Total deferred inflows of resources		51	984			1,035
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets		5,176	8,011		-	13,187
Unrestricted		4,722	(45,375)		(3,156)	 (43,809)
Total net position	\$	9,898	\$ (37,364)	\$	(3,156)	\$ (30,622)

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Garage		Public Works		In	ombined surance Funds)	Total
Operating revenues Charges for services Other revenues	\$	8,295 10	\$	51,125 107	\$	16,450 -	\$ 75,870 117
Total operating revenues		8,305		51,232		16,450	75,987
Operating expenses Salaries and benefits Services and supplies Insurance benefit payments Depreciation Amortization Countywide cost allocation		1,746 4,145 - 1,609 - 147		39,167 14,186 - 1,071 138 197		865 12,191 6,435 - 13 231	41,778 30,522 6,435 2,680 151 575
Total operating expenses		7,647		54,759		19,735	 82,141
Operating income (loss)		658		(3,527)		(3,285)	(6,154)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses) Investment income (expense) Interest expense Sale of capital assets Other revenues (expense)		89 - 225 -		232 (6) - -		248 - - -	569 (6) 225 -
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		314		226		248	788
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers		972		(3,301)		(3,037)	(5,366)
Capital Contributions Transfers in Transfers out		122 - (54)		- 4 (1,262)		- 6,669 (237)	122 6,673 (1,553)
Change in net position		1,040		(4,559)		3,395	(124)
Net position - beginning		8,858		(32,805)		(6,551)	(30,498)
Net position - ending	\$	9,898	\$	(37,364)	\$	(3,156)	\$ (30,622)

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

	 Garage	Public Works	In	ombined surance Funds)	Total		
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Receipts from interfund billings Payments for goods and services Payments to employees for services Payments for insurance benefits Payments for premiums	\$ 8,308 (4,243) (1,494) - -	\$ 51,234 (13,993) (35,191) - -	\$	16,449 (5,165) (826) (5,194) (7,199)	\$	75,991 (23,401) (37,511) (5,194) (7,199)	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	 2,571	2,050		(1,935)		2,686	
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Grants and subsidies from other governmental agencies Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds	- - (54)	 - 4 (1,262)		- 6,669 (237)		- 6,673 (1,553)	
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	 (54)	(1,258)	-	6,432		5,120	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Purchases and construction of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets Capital contributions Principal paid on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt	(2,002) 240 122 -	(864) - - (117) (8)		(13) - - - -		(2,879) 240 122 (117) (8)	
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	 (1,640)	 (989)		(13)		(2,642)	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest received	 89	 232		248		569	
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	89	 232		248		569	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	966	35		4,732		5,733	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	 6,482	 19,448		15,960		41,890	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 7,448	\$ 19,483	\$	20,692	\$	47,623	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities							
Operating income (loss)	\$ 658	\$ (3,527)	\$	(3,285)	\$	(6,154)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization expense Changes in assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources: (Increase) decrease in:	1,609	1,209		13		2,831	
Receivables, net Inventory Prepaid expenses Deferred outflows - pensions Deferred outflows - OPEB Leases Inventor (decrease) in:	(2) - (469) (22)	2 (125) (1) (11,660) (406)		- 225 - - -		2 (127) 224 (12,129) (428)	
Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable Deposits from others Salaries and benefits payable Deferred inflows - pensions Deferred inflows - OPEB Net OPEB liability Net pension liability Self-insurance liability	51 (58) (356) 24 (10) 1,146	1,017 (502) (702) (10,199) 449 (213) 26,708		(165) - 37 - - - - 1,240		903 (502) (723) (10,555) 473 (223) 27,854 1,240	
Total adjustments	 1,913	 5,577		1,350		8,840	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 2,571	\$ 2,050	\$	(1,935)	\$	2,686	

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS - INSURANCE JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Workers' Compensation	Protected Self-Insurance	Unemployment Insurance	Dental Insurance	<u>OPEB</u>	Total
Assets Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Prepaid expenses	\$ 14,712 	\$ 4,540 	\$ 479 	\$ 655 	\$ 306 	\$ 20,692
Total current assets	14,712	4,540	479	655	306	20,692
Noncurrent assets: SBITA assets, net					43	43
Total noncurrent assets					43	43
Total assets	14,712	4,540	479	655	349	20,735
<u>Liabilities</u> Current liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Self-insurance liability SBITA liability	269 36 3,593 	1 - 1,523 -	- - - -	41 - - -	- - - 13	311 36 5,116 13
Total current liabilities	3,898	1,524		41	13	5,476
Noncurrent liabilities: Self-insurance liability SBITA liability	14,678	3,707		<u>-</u>	30	18,385 30
Total noncurrent liabilities	14,678	3,707			30	18,415
Total liabilities	18,576	5,231		41	43	23,891
<u>Net Position</u> Unrestricted	(3,864)	(691)	479	614	306	(3,156)
Total net position	\$ (3,864)	\$ (691)	\$ 479	\$ 614	\$ 306	\$ (3,156)

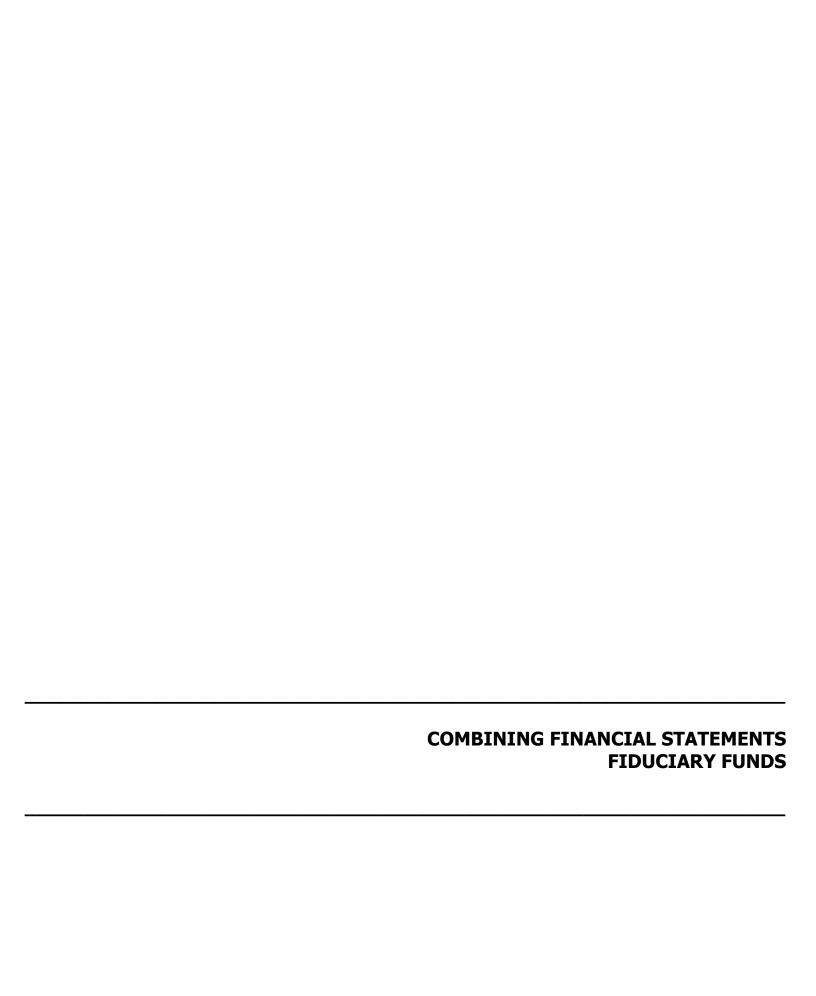
COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS - INSURANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Workers' Compensation				loyment rance	ental urance	OPEB		Total
Operating revenues Charges for services	\$	6,267	\$	5,300	\$ 509	\$ 1,819	\$	2,555	\$ 16,450
Total operating revenues		6,267		5,300	509	 1,819		2,555	 16,450
Operating expenses Salaries and benefits Services and supplies Insurance benefit payments Amortization Countywide cost allocation		865 4,523 3,680 - 93		5,440 21 - 137	80 291 -	275 1,683 - 1		1,873 760 13	865 12,191 6,435 13 231
Total operating expenses		9,161		5,598	 371	 1,959		2,646	 19,735
Operating income (loss)		(2,894)		(298)	 138	 (140)		(91)	 (3,285)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses) Investment income (expense)		223		3	 2	 14		6	248
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		223		3	 2	 14		6	 248
Income (loss) before transfers		(2,671)		(295)	140	 (126)		(85)	 (3,037)
Transfers in Transfers out		3,069		3,600 (237)	 <u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>		- -	 6,669 (237)
Change in net position		398		3,068	140	(126)		(85)	3,395
Net position - beginning		(4,262)		(3,759)	 339	 740		391	(6,551)
Net position - ending	\$	(3,864)	\$	(691)	\$ 479	\$ 614	\$	306	\$ (3,156)

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS - INSURANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

	orkers' pensation	Protected f-Insurance	mployment nsurance	ental surance	 OPEB	Total
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Receipts from interfund billings Payments for goods and services Payments to employees for services Payments for insurance benefits Payments for premiums	\$ 6,266 (2,813) (826) (2,688) (1,520)	\$ 5,300 (1,961) - 228 (3,816)	\$ 509 (80) - (291) -	\$ 1,819 (301) - (1,683)	\$ 2,555 (10) - (760) (1,863)	\$ 16,449 (5,165) (826) (5,194) (7,199)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	 (1,581)	 (249)	 138	 (165)	(78)	 (1,935)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Grants and subsidies from other governmental agencies Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds	3,069 -	 3,600 (237)	 - - -	 - 	 - -	 6,669 (237)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	3,069	3,363				6,432
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Purchases and construction of capital assets Principal paid on capital debt	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	(13)	(13)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	 	 	<u>-</u>	 	 (13)	(13)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Interest received (paid)	 223	3	2	 14	 6	248
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	223	 3	 2	14	 6	 248
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,711	3,117	140	(151)	(85)	4,732
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	 13,001	 1,423	 339	 806	 391	 15,960
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 14,712	\$ 4,540	\$ 479	\$ 655	\$ 306	\$ 20,692
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities						
Operating income (loss)	\$ (2,894)	\$ (298)	\$ 138	\$ (140)	\$ (91)	\$ (3,285)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization expense Changes in assets and liabilities:	-	-	-	-	13	13
(Increase) decrease in: Prepaid Items Increase (decrease) in:	225	-	-	-	-	225
Accounts payable Salaries and benefits payable Self-insurance liability	 60 37 991	 (200) - 249	- - -	 (25) - -	 - - -	 (165) 37 1,240
Total adjustments	 1,313	 49		(25)	13	1,350
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (1,581)	\$ (249)	\$ 138	\$ (165)	\$ (78)	\$ (1,935)







FIDUCIARY FUND DESCRIPTION

PENSION TRUST:

The San Luis Obispo County Pension Trust is an independent trust that administers the San Luis Obispo County Employees Retirement Plan on behalf of the County.

INVESTMENT TRUST FUNDS:

These funds are used by the County to account for the assets of legally separate entities who deposit cash with the County Treasurer. These include school and community college districts: other special districts governed by local boards, regional boards and authorities: courts and pass through funds for tax collections for cities. These funds represent the assets, primarily cash and investments, and the related liability of the County to disburse these monies on demand. The County combines Investment Trust Funds into four reporting types because of their similar nature: School Districts, Special Districts, Courts, and Other Local Boards.

CUSTODIAL FUNDS:

These funds account for assets held by the County as an agent for various local governments. The County has the following types of Custodial Funds:

1915 Act

Account for temporary holding of funds for tax assessment areas created under the 1915 Improvement Act.

Clearing Funds

Serve as a temporary holding fund for subsequent disposition to an outside agency or taxing authority.

Other Funds

Account for temporary holding of funds that are not specifically classified in other agency categories.

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Clearing and Revolving Funds (92 Funds)		1915 Act Service Funds (17 Funds)		Custo	Other odial Funds 5 Funds)	Total		
<u>ASSETS</u>									
Cash and cash equivalents Taxes for other governments Other assets Capital assets, net	\$	98,376 434 3 -	\$	135 - - -	\$	19,370 - 4,010 16	\$	117,881 434 4,013 16	
Total assets	\$	98,813	\$	135	\$	23,396	\$	122,344	
<u>LIABILITIES</u>									
Other current liabilities Other long-term liabilities	\$	74,872 9	\$	-	\$	9,156	\$	84,028 9	
Total liabilities	\$	74,881	\$	_	\$	9,156	\$	84,037	
NET POSITION Restricted for:	_	22.022		125		14.240		20.20-	
Individuals, organizations, and other governments	\$	23,932	\$	135	\$	14,240	\$	38,307	

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

	Clearing and Revolving Funds (92 Funds)	1915 Act Service Funds (17 Funds)	Other Custodial Funds (35 Funds)	Total
<u>ADDITIONS</u>				
Interest Property taxes collected for other governments Sales taxes collected for other governments Other Income	\$ 1,732 230,064 - 11,561	\$ 1 49 - -	\$ 157 - 17,500 4,450	\$ 1,890 230,113 17,500 16,011
Total additions	243,357	50	22,107	265,514
DEDUCTIONS				
Administrative expenses	27	-	1	28
Interest expenses	26,969	4	-	26,973
Payments to other local governments	1,697	-	-	1,697
Property taxes distributed to other governments	210,658	45	23,819	234,522
Total deductions	239,351	49	23,820	263,220
Change in net position	4,006	1	(1,713)	2,294
Net position - beginning, as restated	19,926	134	15,953	36,013
Net position - ending	\$ 23,932	\$ 135	\$ 14,240	\$ 38,307

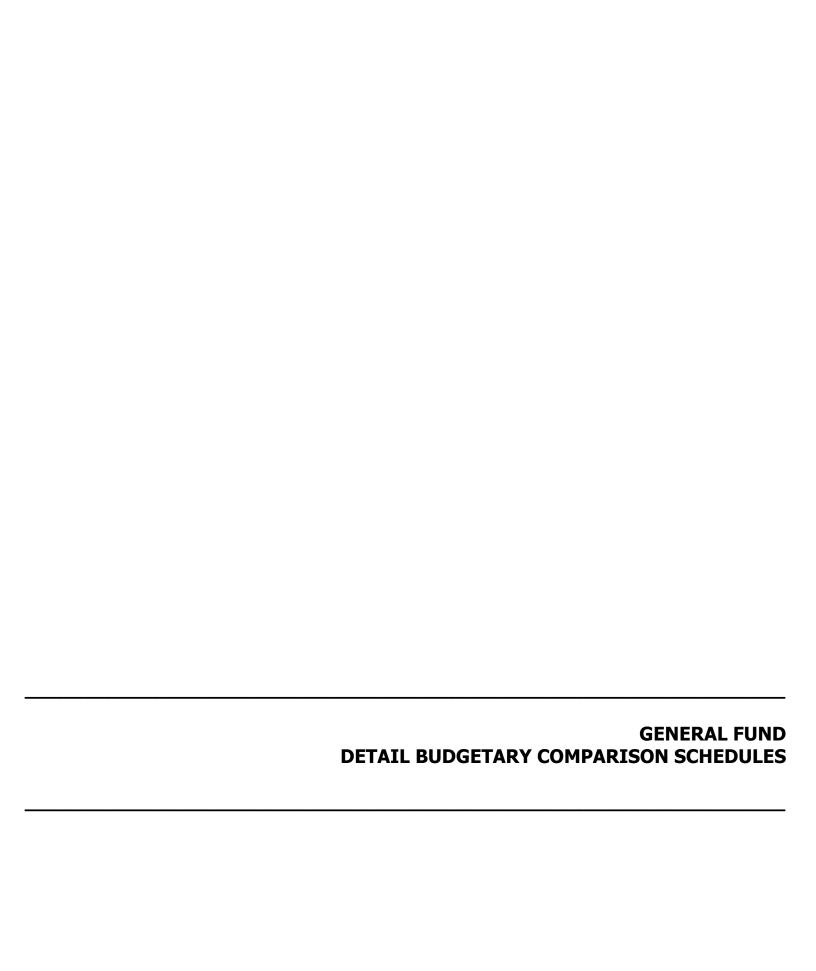
COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION INVESTMENT TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

	[School Districts 9 Funds)	D	Special istricts 2 Funds)	_	Courts Funds)	Loc	Other al Boards 9 Funds)	 Total
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	666,060	\$	25,358	\$	1,309	\$	34,603	\$ 727,330
Total assets	\$	666,060	\$	25,358	\$	1,309	\$	34,603	\$ 727,330
NET POSITION Net position held in trust for pool participants	\$	666,060	\$	25,358	\$	1,309	\$	34,603	\$ 727,330
Total Net Position	\$	666,060	\$	25,358	\$	1,309	\$	34,603	\$ 727,330

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION INVESTMENT TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023 (IN THOUSANDS)

	School Districts (39 Funds)	Special Districts (32 Funds)	Courts (6 Funds)	Other Local Boards (19 Funds)	Total
Additions Contributions to pooled investments Interest	\$ 1,435,422 8,516	\$ 12,998 485	\$ 13,607 	\$ 48,506 400	\$ 1,510,533 9,401
Total additions	1,443,938	13,483	13,607	48,906	1,519,934
<u>Deductions</u> Distributions from investment pool	1,222,823	22,192	13,799	44,673	1,303,487
Total deductions	1,222,823	22,192	13,799	44,673	1,303,487
Change in net position	221,115	(8,709)	(192)	4,233	216,447
Net position - beginning	444,945	34,067	1,501	30,370	510,883
Net position - ending	\$ 666,060	\$ 25,358	\$ 1,309	\$ 34,603	\$ 727,330







General Fund

Detail Schedule of Expenditures Budget to Actual Comparison (in thousands)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Description	Original Final Budget Budget			Actual		ance with al Budget
General Government - Expenditures						
<u>Legislative and Administrative</u> Administrative Office:						
Salaries, wages, and benefits Services and supplies Other charges	\$ 2,873 499	\$	2,873 6,730 7,346	\$	2,555 2,874 3,099	\$ 318 3,856 4,247
Expenditure transfers and reimbursements Total	(116) 3,256		(116) 16,833	_	(131) 8,397	15 8,436
Board of Supervisors: Salaries, wages, and benefits	1,671		1,755		1,676	79
Services and supplies Expenditure transfers and reimbursements Total	 351 (60) 1,962		369 (60) 2,064		352 (60) 1,968	 17 - 96
Clerk/Recorder: Salaries, wages, and benefits	2,763		2,763		2,554	209
Services and supplies Capital outlay	1,425		1,747 399		1,615 11	132 388
Expenditure transfers and reimbursements Total	(1) 4,187		(1) 4,908		4,180	(1) 728
Communications & Outreach:						
Salaries, wages, and benefits Services and supplies Capital outlay - leases/SBITAs	155 35 -		273 55 -		180 41 42	93 14 (42)
Total	190		328		263	65
Total Legislative and Administrative	 9,595		24,133		14,808	9,325
Finance Assessor:						
Salaries, wages, and benefits Services and supplies Capital outlay - leases/SBITAs	10,636 1,139		10,798 985		10,400 902 67	398 83 (67)
Total	11,775		11,783		11,369	414
Auditor-Controller-Treasurer-Tax Collector Public Administrator:						
Salaries, wages, and benefits Services and supplies	8,879 735		8,879 924		8,504 616	375 308
Capital outlay Expenditure transfers and reimbursements	(16)		(16)		(37)	21
Total Total Finance	 9,598 21,373		9,787 21,570		9,083 20,452	704 1,118
	 ==,=.=		==/5.0		==/ .==	-,

General Fund

Detail Schedule of Expenditures

Budget to Actual Comparison (in thousands) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Description	riginal udget	Final udget	 actual	nce with Budget
General Government - Expenditures (continued)				
Counsel				
County Counsel:				
Salaries, wages, and benefits	\$ 4,392	\$ 4,392	\$ 4,097	\$ 295
Services and supplies	1,678	2,186	 1,011	1,175
Total Counsel	 6,070	 6,578	 5,108	1,470
Personnel				
Personnel:				
Salaries, wages, and benefits	6,341	6,476	6,206	270
Services and supplies	2,746	3,049	2,676	373
Expenditure transfers and reimbursement	(1,699)	(1,699)	(1,453)	(246)
Total Personnel	7,388	7,826	7,429	 397
Talent Development:				
Salaries, wages, and benefits	240	240	204	36
Services and supplies	486	604	453	151
Expenditure transfers and reimbursement	-	-	-	-
Total Talent Development	726	844	657	187
Total Personnel	8,114	8,670	 8,086	584
Property Management				
Facilities Management:				
Salaries, wages, and benefits	5,132	5,049	4,868	181
Services and supplies	4,350	4,494	4,463	31
Expenditure transfers and reimbursements	(1,983)	(2,018)	(2,101)	83
Total	7,499	7,525	7,230	295
Maintenance Projects:				
Services and supplies	2,056	9,625	2,686	6,939
Expenditure transfers and reimbursements	, -	(23)	(42)	, 19
Total	 2,056	 9,602	 2,644	6,958
Could Country				
Central Services	2.250	2.250	2.250	
Salaries, wages, and benefits	2,358	2,358	2,358	- 2 272
Services and supplies Other charges	3,419 128	3,717 128	1,445 110	2,272 18
Expenditure transfers and reimbursements	(547)	(547)	(731)	184
Total	 5,358	5,656	 3,182	 2,474
Total	 3,330	 3,030	 3,102	۷, ۱/ ٦
Total Property Management	 14,913	 22,783	 13,056	 9,727

General Fund

Detail Schedule of Expenditures Budget to Actual Comparison (in thousands)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Description	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
<u>General Government - Expenditures</u> (continued) <u>Other General</u>								
Information Technology: Salaries, wages, and benefits Services and supplies Other charges Capital outlay	\$	14,281 6,614 - -	\$	15,008 7,052 3,400 50	\$	14,452 4,012 304 50	\$	556 3,040 3,096
Capital outlay - leases/SBITAs Expenditure transfers and reimbursements Total		(3,499) 17,396		(3,499) 22,011		311 (3,529) 15,600		(311) 30 6,411
Non-Department Financing Uses: Services and supplies Expenditure transfers and reimbursements Total		(16,375) (16,375)		1,938 (16,375) (14,437)		1,031 (16,517) (15,486)		907 142 1,049
Contributions to Other Agencies: Services and supplies Other Charges Total		1,858 - 1,858		2,096 50 2,146		2,015 50 2,065		81 - 81
Non-Department Other: Services and supplies Total		609 609		609 609		502 502		107 107
Total Other General		3,488		10,329		2,681		7,648
Total General Government		63,553		94,063		64,191		29,872
<u>Judicial</u> Court Operations Fund:								
Other charges Total		2,527 2,527		2,527 2,527		2,449 2,449		78 78
District Attorney: Salaries, wages, and benefits Services and supplies Other charges Capital outlay Expenditure transfers and reimbursements Total		20,281 2,611 - (26) 22,866		20,212 3,081 232 15 (26) 23,514		19,227 2,911 62 15 (22) 22,193		985 170 170 - (4) 1,321
Child Support Services: Salaries, wages, and benefits Services and supplies Total		4,174 840 5,014		4,174 840 5,014		3,498 422 3,920		676 418 1,094
Grand Jury: Salaries, wages, and benefits Services and supplies Expenditure transfers and reimbursements Total		41 91 (5) 127		41 92 (5) 128		25 72 (11) 86		16 20 6 42

General Fund

Detail Schedule of Expenditures Budget to Actual Comparison (in thousands)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Description		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		ance with I Budget
Public Protection - Expenditures (continued) Judicial (continued) Public Defender:								
Services and supplies	¢	8,143	\$	8,168	\$	8,117	\$	51
Total	<u>Ψ</u>	8,143	Ψ	8,168	Ψ	8,117	Ψ	51
Total Judicial		38,677		39,351		36,765		2,586
Police Protection								
Sheriff-Coroner:								
Salaries, wages, and benefits		79, 44 6		83,908		79,886		4,022
Services and supplies		15,915		18,097		17,222		875
Other charges		115		776		477		299
Capital outlay		1,821		2,431		753		1,678
Capital outlay - leases/SBITAs		-		-		83		(83)
Expenditure transfers and reimbursements		(1,063)		(1,532)		(1,487)		(45)
Total Police Protection		96,234		103,680		96,934		6,746
<u>Detention and Correction</u> Probation Department:								
Salaries, wages, and benefits		22,281		22,281		20,650		1,631
Services and supplies		6,898		7,453		6,115		1,338
Other charges		161		787		485		302
Capital outlay		-		24		18		6
Capital outlay - leases/SBITAs		-		-		170		(170)
Expenditure transfers and reimbursements		(262)		(262)		(265)		3
Total Detention and Correction		29,078		30,283		27,173		3,110
Fire Protection County Fire:								
Services and supplies		26,879		30,818		29,233		1,585
Other charges		-		150		147		3
Capital outlay		2,040		5,856		789		5,067
Expenditure transfers and reimbursements		-		_		_		-
Total Fire Protection		28,919		36,824		30,169		6,655
Protective Inspection Agricultural Commissioner:								
Salaries, wages, and benefits		6,643		6,765		6,423		342
Services and supplies		941		953		937		16
Other charges		-		31		30		1
Capital outlay		6		47		6		41
Expenditure transfers and reimbursements		(2)		(2)		(1)		(1)
Total Protective Inspection		7,588		7,794		7,395		399
Other Protection Animal Services:								
Salaries, wages, and benefits		2,322		2,125		1,889		236
Services and supplies		1,132		1,507		1,506		1
Capital outlay		-		31		· -		31
Total		3,454		3,663		3,395		268

General Fund

Detail Schedule of Expenditures Budget to Actual Comparison (in thousands)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Description	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
<u>Public Protection - Expenditures</u> (continued) <u>Other Protection</u> (continued) <u>Emergency Services:</u>								
Salaries, wages, and benefits	\$	1,180	\$	1,440	\$	1,270	\$	170
Services and supplies		749		1,027		1,196		(169)
Other charges		306		458		368		90 715
Capital outlay Expenditure transfers and reimbursements		-		821		106 (1)		715 1
Total		2,235		3,746		2,939		807
Diamaina Danastonanti				,		•		
Planning Department: Salaries, wages, and benefits		17,177		15,913		14,357		1,556
Services and supplies		2,810		7,089		3,128		3,961
Other Charges		-		154		102		52
Expenditure transfers and reimbursements		-		-		(17)		17
Total		19,987		23,156		17,570		5,586
Waste Management:								
Services and supplies		1,632		1,778		1,560		218
Other charges		1 622		571		549		22
Total		1,632		2,349		2,109		240
Total Other Protection		27,308		32,914		26,013		6,901
Total Public Protection		227,804		250,846		224,449	2	26,397
Public Ways and Facilities - Expenditures								
Public Works:								
Services and supplies		3,943		5,316		2,822		2,494
Other charges Total		3,943		299 5,615		25 2,847		274 2,768
rotar		3,513		3,013		2,017		2,700
Groundwater Sustainability								
Salaries, wages, and benefits		499		499		241		258
Services and supplies Total		1,195 1,694		1,546 2,045		937 1,178	-	609 867
rotar		1,051		2,013		1,170		
Total Public Ways and Facilities		5,637		7,660		4,025		3,635
<u>Health and Sanitation - Expenditures</u> <u>Health</u>								
Public Health:								
Salaries, wages, and benefits		39,875		36,617		29,570		7,047
Services and supplies		16,407 1,558		21,207		9,799 2,871	1	1,408
Other charges Capital outlay		1,330		8,332 265		2,871		5,461 29
Capital outlay Capital outlay - leases/SBITAs		_		-		708		(708)
Expenditure transfers and reimbursements		(11,735)		(12,012)		(5,447)	((6,565)
Total		46,105		54,409		37,737		.6,672
							cor	ntinued

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General Fund

Detail Schedule of Expenditures

Budget to Actual Comparison (in thousands) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Description	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
<u>Health and Sanitation - Expenditures</u> (continued <u>Health</u> (continued))							
Behavioral Health: Salaries, wages, and benefits	\$	42,332	\$	41,072	\$	37,176	\$	3,896
Services and supplies		54,813		62,401		56,492		5,909
Other charges		2,070		2,229		2,068		161
Capital outlay - leases Expenditure transfers and reimbursements		- (2,484)		- (2,484)		1,008 (2,152)		(1,008) (332)
Total	_	96,731		103,218		94,592		8,626
		•				₁		
Total Health		142,836		157,627		132,329		25,298
Total Health and Sanitation		142,836		157,627		132,329		25,298
Public Assistance - Expenditures								
Administration								
Department of Social Services: Salaries, wages, and benefits		62,588		64,449		60,896		3,553
Services and supplies		21,802		25,392		22,894		2,498
Other charges		14,048		23,834		15,795		8,039
Capital outlay		222		808		583		225
Capital outlay - leases/SBITAs		-		-		36,850		(36,850)
Expenditure transfers and reimbursements		(83)		(83)		(155)		72
Total Administration		98,577		114,400		136,863		(22,463)
Aid Programs								
Aid Foster Care Non-Fed: Services and supplies		92		92		92		
Other charges		29,706		29,317		23,996		5,321
Expenditure transfers and reimbursement		25,700		25,517		(145)		145
Total		29,798		29,409		23,943		5,466
Calworks Assistance:								
Other charges		13,185		13,451		13,451		-
Total		13,185		13,451		13,451		
Total Aid Programs		42,983		42,860		37,394		5,466
General Relief								
General Relief:								
Other charges		1,685		2,016		2,015		1
Total General Relief		1,685		2,016		2,015		1

General Fund

Detail Schedule of Expenditures Budget to Actual Comparison (in thousands)

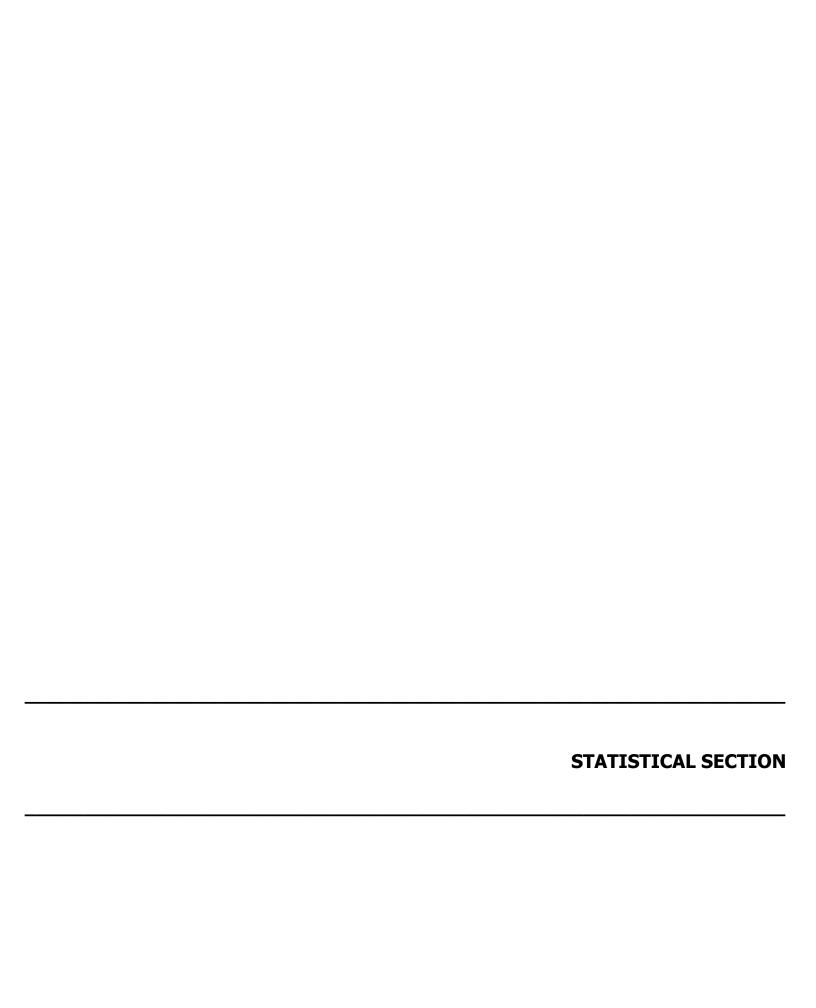
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Description	 Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual		nce with I Budget
Public Assistance - Expenditures (continued)						
Veterans Service						
Veterans Service:						
Salaries, wages, and benefits	\$ 804	\$	974	\$	967	\$ 7
Services and supplies	111		162		128	34
Expenditure transfers and reimbursements	 -		(18)		(31)	13
Total Veterans Service	915		1,118		1,064	54
Other Assistance						
Law Enforcement Med Care:						
Salaries, wages, and benefits	295		79		47	32
Services and supplies	8,894		10,531		10,926	(395)
Expenditure transfers and reimbursements	(237)		(237)		(237)	-
Total Other Assistance	8,952		10,373		10,736	(363)
Total Public Assistance	 153,112		170,767		188,072	 (17,305)
Education - Expenditures						
Agricultural Education						
UC Cooperative Extension						
Salaries, wages, and benefits	580		580		511	69
Services and supplies	 104		104		85	19
Total Agricultural Education	684		684		596	88
Total Education	684		684		596	88
Recreation and Culture - Expenditures						
Community Parks	2 520		2 262		2 227	4.45
Salaries, wages, and benefits	3,539		3,369		3,227	142
Services and supplies	2,129		2,546		2,685	(139)
Capital outlay Other Charges	77 109		4,127 122		407 31	3,720 91
Expenditure transfers and reimbursements	(82)		(82)		(146)	64
Total Community Parks	5,772		10,082		6,204	 3,878
Total Recreation and Culture	5,772		10,082		6,204	3,878
Debt Service						
Debt service: principal	-		-		6,970	(6,970)
Debt service: interest	_		_		834	(834)
Total Debt Service					7,804	(7,804)
Total General Fund - Expenditures (Before Contingencies)	 599,398		691,729		627,670	 64,059
(before contingencies)						

General Fund

Detail Schedule of Expenditures Budget to Actual Comparison (in thousands) For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Description		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	ance with al Budget
<u>Contingencies</u> <u>Appropriation for Contingencies</u> Contingencies - General Fund:		B. 600			22.002
Appropriation for contingency	\$	31,693	\$ 22,882	\$ 	\$ 22,882
Total		31,693	 22,882	 -	 22,882
Total Appropriation for Contingency		31,693	 22,882	 	 22,882
Total Contingency		31,693	 22,882	 _	 22,882
Total General Fund Expenditures	\$	631,091	\$ 714,611	\$ 627,670	\$ 86,941
Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Outflood Expenditures Uses/outflows of resources Actual amounts (budgetary basis) from the Budget to Actual Comparison Schedule Differences - budget to GAAP:	ows an	nd GAAP		\$ 627,670	
Expenditures by funds no longer meeting the special fund classification which are presented with the Ge Fund for financial reporting purposes Total expenditures as reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		ue		 11,012	





Statistical Section

This part of the County of San Luis Obispo's (County) comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding this year's financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information.

	Page
Financial Trends Information These schedules contain trend information that may assist the reader in assessing th County's current financial performance by placing it in historical perspective	
Revenue Capacity Information These schedules contain information that may assist the reader in assessing th viability of the County's two most significant local revenue sources: property taxes an sales taxes	d
Debt Capacity Information These schedules present information that may assist the reader in analyzing th affordability of the County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's abilit to issue additional debt in the future	У
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators that are commonly use for financial analysis and that can enhance a reader's understanding of the County present and ongoing financial status	S
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure indicators about how th information in the County's financial statements relates to the services the Count provides and the activities it performs	у

County of San Luis Obispo Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands) (UNA UDITED)

	 2013-14	 2014-15	_	2015-16	2016-17	_	2017-18	_	2018-19	_	2019-20	 2020-21	 2021-22 ¹	_	2022-23
Governmental Activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position	\$ 1,112,934 43,109 325,113 1,481,156	\$ 1,130,241 37,722 (150,074) 1,017,889	\$	1,168,573 41,230 (170,962) 1,038,841	\$ 1,178,967 64,822 (226,970) 1,016,819	\$	1,185,073 29,836 (217,606) 997,303	\$	1,188,830 41,281 (220,206) 1,009,905	\$	1,202,709 66,655 (286,622) 982,742	\$ 1,210,972 104,024 (248,517) 1,066,479	\$ 1,216,907 98,489 (193,229) 1,122,167	\$	1,229,892 173,086 (297,796) 1,105,182
Business-Type Activities Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted Total business-Type activities net position	\$ 188,485 98,097 286,582	\$ 213,455 97,173 310,628	\$	237,157 93,158 330,315	\$ 270,246 85,316 355,562	\$	283,410 73,113 356,523	\$	285,888 83,039 368,927	\$	288,781 94,335 383,116	\$ 283,512 110,255 393,767	\$ 296,939 118,114 415,053	\$	293,062 127,391 420,453
Total Primary Government Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total primary government net position	\$ 1,301,419 43,109 423,210 1,767,738	\$ 1,343,696 37,722 (52,901) 1,328,517	\$	1,405,730 41,230 (77,804) 1,369,156	\$ 1,449,213 64,822 (141,654) 1,372,381	\$	1,468,483 29,836 (144,493) 1,353,826	\$	1,474,718 41,281 (137,167) 1,378,832	\$	1,491,490 66,655 (192,287) 1,365,858	\$ 1,494,484 104,024 (138,262) 1,460,246	\$ 1,513,846 98,489 (75,115) 1,537,220	\$	1,522,954 173,086 (170,405) 1,525,635

Note:
With the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, which required the presentation of the County's net pension obligation, Unrestricted Net Position became negative.

1 Business-type net position was restated in FY 2022-23.

Source:
Statement of Net Position

County of San Luis Obispo Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands) (UNAUDITED)

	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22 ¹	2022-23
Program Expenses										
Governmental Activities										
General government	\$ 36,866	\$ 45,598	\$ 53,282	\$ 56,390	\$ 56,858	\$ 54,434	\$ 53,926	\$ 55,612	\$ 54,592	\$ 37,088
Public protection	148,135	162,432	170,134	187,255	183,814	213,809	241,749	204,861	204,993	254,728
Public ways and facilities	28,253	34,136	33,418	32,098	41,606	34,202	33,199	36,017	35,995	55,375
Health and sanitation	74,313	78,137	88,326	99,150	103,822	119,259	113,463	121,358	132,713	152,565
Public assistance	99,449	110,470	118,089	125,102	122,753	131,432	132,868	134,476	132,751	201,741
Education	9,611	9,457	11,934	12,787	12,754	12,698	14,322	14,213	11,930	15,256
Recreation and cultural services	7,745	9,755	8,702	10,385	8,927	11,891	11,501	10,497	12,310	13,754
Interest on long term debt	5,270	5,124	4,602	4,555	11,840	1,468	7,057	9,645	7,947	11,299
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	409,642	455,109	488,487	527,722	542,374	579,193	608,085	586,679	593,231	741,806
Business-Type Activities Expenses										
Airport	5,664	6,187	6,117	6,391	7,966	8,398	10,133	9,146	11,366	26,498
Golf	2,608	2,968	3,131	3,111	3,297	3,491	3,347	3,869	4,231	4,884
State Water Contract	5,992	6,351	5,848	5,571	5,909	6,973	7,709	6,928	5,924	6,882
Nacimiento Water Contract	13,840	15,776	14,888	14,191	14,044	14,318	13,257	14,816	13,889	14,170
Lopez Flood Control	6,116	6,128	6,220	6,387	7,072	7,004	6,733	7,087	6,941	7,708
Lopez Park	0,110	4	4	4	3	3	2	1	0,511	7,700
General Flood Control Zone - Salinas Dam	809	845	824	851	1,056	1,142	913	1,170	1,521	1,490
County Service Areas	3.857	4,194	4,065	4,218	4,445	4,747	4,670	4,697	5,636	7,340
Los Osos Wastewater	231	235	3,807	10,322	10,918	11,544	11,636	11,581	11,663	12,597
Total Business-Type Activities Expenses	39,117	42,688	44,904	51,046	54,710	57,620	58,400	59,295	61,171	81,569
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$ 448,759	\$ 497,797	\$ 533,391	\$ 578,768	\$ 597,084	\$ 636,813	\$ 666,485	\$ 645,974	\$ 654,402	\$ 823,375
Program Revenues										
Governmental Activities										
Fees, Fines, Charges for Services										
General government	\$ 14,678	\$ 12,407	\$ 13,702	\$ 14,839	\$ 12,937	\$ 13,484	\$ 12,967	\$ 15,502	\$ 14,414	\$ 16,808
Public protection	23,035	20,774	20,768	21,231	23,666	22,946	21,291	23,552	23,648	25,758
Public ways and facilities	4,356	4,255	9,434	7,462	6,155	5,721	4,797	5,532	4,343	4,974
Health and sanitation	6,570	6,631	7,179	6,757	7,501	7,698	8,571	8,038	8,022	8,130
Public assistance	2,070	2,077	2,107	2,032	1,763	1,194	1,155	926	950	901
Education	1,723	2,998	1,952	1,644	2,006	1,943	2,193	1,622	1,315	2,313
Recreation and cultural services	4,537	5,056	4,975	5,127	5,592	5,515	4,295	5,714	6,113	6,094
Operating Grants and Contributions										
General government	252	54	735	748	321	200	685	789	2,058	19,120
Public protection	54,233	62,359	63,528	52,205	58,184	59,592	59,974	67,187	76,907	79,867
Public ways and facilities	14,688	14,145	11,025	9,918	11,506	10,485	11,302	11,073	14,279	22,753
Health and sanitation	57,344	62,338	61,950	67,626	76,494	76,211	74,699	91,988	107,891	107,717
Public assistance	89,640	94,775	98,414	102,784	105,848	107,758	114,525	113,555	123,834	137,154
Education	102	105	124	132	173	143	204	219	374	247
Recreation and cultural services	-	131	153	273	671	200	230	271	511	1,794
Capital Grants and Contributions										
General government	69	156	45	-	349	930	-	-	-	1,000
Public protection	3,315	9,701	4,420	7,820	656	1,197	1,799	3,814	43	-
Public ways and facilities	5,570	6,435	6,031	6,655	8,893	14,361	17,732	12,856	11,993	4,516
Health and sanitation	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	267	-	-	-
Recreation and cultural services	282	1,776	10,804	1,157	191	28	86	189	413	855
Total Governmental Activities	282,464	306,173	317,346	308,410	322,906	329,606	336,772	362,827	397,108	440,001

Source: Statement of Activities (continued)

County of San Luis Obispo Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands) (UNAUDITED)

	2013-14	201	14-15	:	2015-16		2016-17		2017-2018		2018-19	:	2019-20		2020-21	_	2021-22 ¹		2022-23
Business-Type Activities																			
Fees, Fines, Charges for Services																			
Airport	\$ 4,493	Ś	4,883	\$	5,165	\$	5,662	\$	7,158	\$	8,947	\$	8,300	\$	6,140	\$	9,314	\$	11,724
Golf	2,779	7	2,967	4	2,589	Ψ	2,291	Ψ	2,584	Ψ	2,717	4	2,750	Ψ	4,376	4	4,843	Ψ	4,738
State Water Contract	6,358		6,562		6,846		5,941		6,110		7,656		7,825		7,470		5,691		7,367
Nacimiento Water Contract	13,685		9,682		17,048		15,149		15,709		16,947		16,732		17,458		16,696		15,596
Lopez Flood Control	6,123		6,208		6,530		6,708		6,677		7,148		6,978		6,927		7,451		7,918
Lopez Park	-		-,		-,		-,		-,		- ,		-		-,		-,		
General Flood Control Zone - Salinas Dam	861		794		960		904		909		913		2,884		1,370		1,234		1,380
County Service Areas	3,312		3,408		-		2,301		3,662		3,894		4,492		4,702		4,739		5,500
Los Osos Wastewater	-		-		3,551		3,620		4,467		5,100		5,245		5,324		7,129		7,425
Operating Grants and Contributions																			
Airport	127		126		126		126		396		328		4,644		7,580		5,823		5,599
Golf	-		269		-		1,017		-		-		-		105		-		-
State Water Contract	13		13		13		14		14		14		14		15		14		14
Nacimiento Water Contract	12		9		9		-		6		-		-		-		-		-
Lopez Flood Control	8		8		8		-		7		5		5		6		6		6
Lopez Park	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
General Flood Control Zone - Salinas Dam	-						-				26		-		-				-
County Service Areas	3		211		295		3		3		13		3		3		3		3
Los Osos Wastewater	-		-		2,810		18		-		-		-		-		-		-
Capital Grants and Contributions Airport	1,770		365		7,069		15,379		2,211		3,139		505		1,138		12,259		
Nacimiento Water Contract	1,770		303		7,009		15,579		2,211		3,139		303		200		12,239		-
County Service Areas	2		-				-		24						200				-
Los Osos Wastewater	57,507		26,385		4,157		10,086		2,982		4,860		2,618		2,546		2,847		963
Total Business-Type Activities Revenues	97,053		61,890 (_	57,176	_	69,219	_	52,919	_	61,707	_	62,995	_	65,360	_	78,049	_	68,233
Total Primary Government Revenues	\$ 379,517	Ś	368,063 C	_	374,522	\$	377,629	\$	375,825	\$	391,313	\$	399,767	\$	428,187	\$	475,157	\$	508,234
,			,		01.1,022	-	0,020	÷	0.0,020		000,000	_	00071		,	_		_	
Net (Expense)/Revenues																			
Governmental Activities	\$ (127,178)	\$ (148,936)	\$	(171,141)	0 \$	(219,312)	\$	(219,468)	\$	(249,587)	\$	(271,313)	\$	(223,852)	\$	(196,123)	\$	(301,805)
Business-Type Activities		# `	19,202	*	12,272		18,173	7	(1,791)	-	4,087	-	4,595	7	6,065	-	16,878	7	(13,336)
	\$ (69,242)	\$ (129,734)	\$	(158,869)	0 ¢	(201,139)	\$	(221,259)	\$	(245,500)	\$	(266,718)	\$	(217,787)	Ś	(179,245)	\$	(315,141)
Total Primary Government net expense	\$ (69,242)	3 (123,/34)	-	(130,009)		(201,133)	3	(221,233)	3	(243,300)	-	(200,710)	3	(217,707)	=	(1/3,273)	- P	(313,171)
	2013-14	201	14-15	:	2015-16		2016-17	2	2017-2018		2018-19	:	2019-20		2020-21		2021-22		2022-23
General Revenue and Other Changes in Net Position																			
Governmental Activities																			
Property taxes	\$ 152,256	\$	155,374	\$	163,367	\$	173,153	\$	180,051	\$	189,689	\$	198,927	\$	208,371	\$	216,107	\$	235,064
Other taxes	22,088		22,984		21,953		23,072		25,708		27,224		27,878		34,440		41,804		37,417
Interest and investment income	599		3,174		4,401		3,289		3,171		12,952		12,849		696		(16,312)		13,395
Unrestricted grants	1,727		13,327		3,140		63		2,740		2,115		3,845		41,157		9,001		5,334
Other revenues Transfers	(790)		(2,676)		(768)		5 (2,292)		2 2,267		35,445 (625)		1,144		4,813 282		1,424 (213)		306 (6,696)
Special item	(2,800)		(2,0/0)		(700)		(2,292)		2,207		(023)		(493)		202		(213)		(0,090)
Total Governmental Activities	173,080		192,183		192,093		197,290	_	213,939	_	266,800		244,150	_	289,759		251,811	_	284,820
Total Governmental Activities	173,000		192,103	' —	192,093	~ —	137,230	_	213,333	_	200,000	_	211,130	_	203,733	_	231,011	_	204,020
Business-Type Activities																			
Property taxes	4,402		4,782		4,782		3,814		3,858		3,912		4,043		4,387		4,380		4,944
Other taxes	32		-				-		-		-,		-		-		-		-
Interest and investment income	595		659		847		630		1,272		1,590		2,169		405		(1,333)		1,814
Other revenues	40		183		268		338		-		574		2,889		76		1,148		5,282
Transfers	790		2,676		768	_	2,292	_	(2,267)		625		493	_	(282)	_	213		6,696
Total Business-Type Activities	5,859	00	8,300 (_	6,665		7,074		2,863		6,701		9,594		4,586		4,408		18,736
Total Primary Government	\$ 178,939	\$	200,483	\$	198,758	\$	204,364	\$	216,802	\$	273,501	\$	253,744	\$	294,345	\$	256,219	\$	303,556
Change in Net Position																			
Governmental Activities	\$ 45,902	\$	43,247	\$	20,952	\$	(22,022)	\$	(5,529)	\$	17,213	\$	(27,163)	\$	65,907	\$	55,688	\$	(16,985)
Business-Type Activities	63,795		27,502		18,937		25,247	_	1,072		10,788		14,189	_	10,651	_	21,286	_	5,400
Total Primary Government	\$ 109,697	\$	70,749) \$	39,889	0 \$	3,225	\$	(4,457)	\$	28,001	\$	(12,974)	\$	76,558	\$	76,974	\$	(11,585)

Source: Statement of Activities

 $^{^{1}\ \}mbox{Business-type}$ change in net position was restated in FY 2022-23.

County of San Luis Obispo Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands) (UNAUDITED)

	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
General Fund		. ,								
Nonspendable	\$ 779	\$ 5,089	\$ 3,454	\$ 3,535	\$ 18,511	\$ 19,222	\$ 18,734	\$ 9,861	\$ 6,655	\$ 6,773
Restricted	3,214	2,945	2,872	2,649	10,083	12,276	10,915	24,212	26,060	24,607
Committed	116,940	138,140	168,619	164,492	152,501	169,846	175,455	194,669	214,112	224,823
Assigned	118,248	125,112	122,925	126,596	107,145	127,007	119,426	173,558	190,037	199,196
Unassigned										
Total General Fund	\$ 239,181	\$ 271,286	\$ 297,870	\$ 297,272	\$ 288,240	\$ 328,351	\$ 324,530	\$ 402,300	\$ 436,864	\$ 455,399
All Other Governmental Funds										
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ 920	\$ 3,776	\$ 3	\$ 24	\$ 36	\$ 4	\$ 6	\$ 9	\$ 9
Restricted	20,164	20,563	21,317	24,192	24,750	33,496	57,057	58,106	54,520	129,672
Committed	74,240	78,508	61,926	94,904	62,307	66,616	67,593	88,636	96,623	86,728
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned		(486)			(3,038)					
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 94,404	\$ 99,505	\$ 87,019	\$ 119,099	\$ 84,043	\$ 100,148	\$ 124,654	\$ 146,748	\$ 151,152	\$ 216,409

Source: Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

County of San Luis Obispo Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands) (UNAUDITED)

	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ 177,765	\$ 178,740	\$ 185,764	\$ 196,822	\$ 203,583	\$ 217,106	\$ 223,041	\$ 243,406	\$ 261,163	\$ 270,790
Licenses, permits, and franchises	10,694	10,452	10,539	11,446	11,140	12,133	11,477	12,522	12,597	15,478
Fines, forfeitures, and penalties	5,257	5,686	5,173	4,339	5,977	4,396	3,916	4,352	4,304	4,297
Revenues from use of money and property	1,373	3,864	4,939	3,984	3,779	12,268	12,247	1,084	(14,773)	13,346
Aid from governmental agencies	229,283	261,351	256,490	254,350	262,660	271,961	277,267	348,093	350,382	378,339
Charges for current services	50,071	43,530	46,308	49,460	49,793	47,957	46,712	51,694	49,498	55,512
Other revenues	6,235	9,110	11,504	8,481	6,869	25,278	12,396	13,104	12,734	14,429
Total revenues	480,678	512,733	520,717	528,882	543,801	591,099	587,056	674,255	675,905	752,191
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government	44,317	51,207	54,461	54,918	60,445	54,991	54,078	64,686	63,569	75,027
Public protection	148,155	157,783	156,096	164,839	175,175	185,033	205,162	199,299	212,388	233,444
Public ways and facilities	28,528	29,903	41,044	29,077	42,254	35,267	43,865	37,099	39,124	58,016
Health and sanitation	74,586	75,116	81,591	88,623	99,885	103,512	108,158	117,359	157,490	140,568
Public assistance	99,442	107,104	111,227	113,392	117,066	121,327	131,154	129,141	133,275	188,616
Education	12,205	11,388	10,534	11,560	11,640	12,191	12,769	13,368	15,712	14,199
Recreational and cultural services	7.002	10.104	0.000	0.063	10.350	10.574	11 627	10.076	12 420	16.605
Debt service:	7,993	10,104	9,888	9,963	10,358	10,574	11,637	10,976	12,420	16,685
Principal payments	5,412	6,070	6,788	7,576	50,989	5,093	10,561	5,289	9,137	13,067
Interest and fiscal charges	5,419	5,209	4,687	4,639	11,666	1,204	6,416	7,030	7,895	10,581
Debt issuance costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	11,312	20,019	30,465	11,554	11,828	6,374	7,645	13,795	17,376	14,563
Total expenditures	437,369	473,903	506,781	496,141	591,306	535,566	591,445	598,042	668,386	764,766
Excess (deficiency) of										
revenues over (under) expenditures	43,309	38,830	13,936	32,741	(47,505)	55,533	(4,389)	76,213	7,519	(12,575)
	15,505	30,030	15,550	32,711	(17,505)	33,333	(1,505)	70,213	7,515	(12,575)
	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
Other Financing Sources										
Refunding certificates of										
participation issued Premium on refunding	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
certificates of participation issued										
Proceeds of long-term debt						_	20,384	2,841	-	70,033
Premium on lease revenue bonds	-	-	-	-	-	•	20,304	2,041	-	70,033
issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,023	-	-	4,634
Payment to refunded escrow agent	_	_	_	_	-	-	_	_	-	(5,724)
Discount on certificates of										
participation issued	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Leases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30,950	38,935
Subscription-based IT arrangement*					_	_	_		_	305
Transfers in	26,502	33,299	35,803	57,668	54,782	31,633	36,803	37,384	45,602	48,050
Transfers out	(25,935)	(34,924)	(35,641)	(58,927)	(51,365)	(30,950)	(36,136)	(36,094)	(45,103)	(59,866)
Total other financing sources and uses	567	(1,625)	162	(1,259)	3,417	683	25,074	4,131	31,449	96,367
Special Item	(2,800)									
Net change in fund balances	\$ 41,076	\$ 37,205	\$ 14,098	\$ 31,482	\$ (44,088)	\$ 56,216	\$ 20,685	\$ 80,344	\$ 38,968	\$ 83,792
Debt Service as a percentage of non- capital expenditures	2.61%	2.57%	2.54%	2.62%	11.25%	1.23%	3.05%	2.20%	2.85%	3.27%

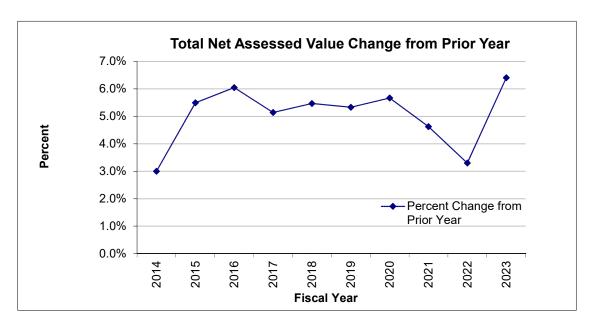
GASB Statement No. 96 was implemented in FY 2022-23

 $Source: \ Statement \ of \ Revenues, \ Expenditures, \ and \ Changes \ in \ Fund \ Balances \ - \ Governmental \ Funds$

County of San Luis Obispo Assessed Valuation Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands) (UNAUDITED)

Percentage

						Change	
Fiscal Year				N	et Assessed	from Prior	
Ended,	 Secured	 Jnsecured	 Exemptions		Valuations	Year	Tax Rate
2014	\$ 42,900,845	\$ 1,195,631	\$ (1,036,531)	\$	43,059,945	3.0%	1.0040
2015	45,288,599	1,230,775	(1,093,212)		45,426,162	5.5%	1.0040
2016	48,037,099	1,257,845	(1,122,568)		48,172,375	6.0%	1.0037
2017	50,458,742	1,362,539	(1,173,683)		50,647,598	5.1%	1.0040
2018	53,278,739	1,386,183	(1,248,961)		53,415,961	5.5%	1.0040
2019	56,147,148	1,420,625	(1,305,110)		56,262,663	5.3%	1.0040
2020	58,382,427	2,345,033	(1,277,412)		59,450,048	5.7%	1.0040
2021	61,279,618	2,349,231	(1,428,237)		62,200,611	4.6%	1.0040
2022	63,459,055	2,281,455	(1,487,547)		64,252,963	3.3%	1.0040
2023	67,503,193	2,512,5 44	(1,648,668)		68,367,069	6.4%	1.0040



Discussion:

Due to Article XIII-A, added to the California Constitution by Proposition 13 in 1978, the County does not track the estimated actual value of all County properties. Proposition 13 fixed the base for valuation of real property at the full cash value which appeared on the Assessor's 1975-76 assessment roll. Thereafter, full cash value can be increased to reflect: (1) annual inflation up to two percent; (2) current market value at time of ownership change; and (3) market value for new construction. As a result, similar properties can have substantially different assessed values based on the date of purchase.

Source: County Assessed Values, Exemptions and Growth % Book

County of San Luis Obispo Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years (per \$100 of assessed values) (UNAUDITED)

	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
County Direct Rates										
General	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000
State Water Project	0.00400	0.00400	0.00374	0.00400	0.00400	0.00400	0.00400	0.00400	0.00400	0.00400
Total Direct Rate	1.00400	1.00400	1.00374	1.00400	1.00400	1.00400	1.00400	1.00400	1.00400	1.00400
Cities, Schools, and Special										
Districts Combined Rates										
Arroyo Grande	0.0580	0.0569	0.0756	0.0680	0.1085	0.1051	0.0965	0.0827	0.0840	0.0648
Atascadero	0.0452	0.0590	0.1373	0.1373	0.1373	0.1373	0.1373	0.1373	0.1373	0.1373
Grover Beach	0.0499	0.0509	0.0940	0.1023	0.1599	0.1901	0.1815	0.1677	0.1690	0.1598
Morro Bay	0.0510	0.0510	0.0688	0.0683	0.0683	0.0683	0.0683	0.0614	0.0582	0.0548
Paso Robles	0.0815	0.0782	0.0955	0.0828	0.0828	0.1222	0.1222	0.1160	0.1198	0.1169
Pismo Beach	0.0499	0.0509	0.0700	0.0680	0.1085	0.0965	0.0965	0.0827	0.0840	0.0648
San Luis Obispo	-	-	0.0683	0.0683	0.0683	0.0683	0.0683	0.0583	0.0583	0.0543

Note: Rates shown represent the most common rates encountered for the tax rate areas within these cities.

Source: County Property Tax Rate Book

County of San Luis Obispo Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Ten Years Ago (In Thousands) (UNAUDITED)

		Fiscal Year 2022-23					Fiscal \	Year 2013	3-14
Taxpayer	Industry	As	sessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total County Assessed Value	_Ass	sessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total County Assessed Value
Pacific Gas & Electric Co.	Utility	\$	1,281,887	1	1.88%	\$	2,565,300	1	5.96%
High Plans Ranch II LLC	Solar Ranch		768,188	2	1.12%		, , , ₋	-	-
Southern California Gas Co.	Utility		178,395	3	0.26%		60,148	8	0.14%
Jamestown Premier	Commercial		156,329	4	0.23%		<i>'</i> -	-	-
Phillips 66 Company	Oil Refinery		138,067	5	0.20%		-	-	-
E&J Gallo Winery/Vineyards	Winery		110,945	6	0.16%		63,115	6	0.15%
Firestone Walker LLC	Brewery		101,520	7	0.15%		-	-	-
CAP VIII - Mustang Village LLC	Apartments		100,006	8	0.15%		78,423	4	0.18%
Treasury Wine Estates Americas Co	Winery		92,517	9	0.14%		-	-	-
Sierra Vista Hospital	Hospital		83,107	10	0.12%		-	-	-
Beringer Wine Estates Company	Winery		-		-		95,337	2	0.22%
Plains Exploration & Prod Co	Petroleum & Gas		-		-		82,999	3	0.19%
Pacific Bell Telephone Co	Communications		-		-		72,603	5	0.17%
Martin Hotel Management	Hotel		-		-		61,484	7	0.14%
Pasquini Charles Jr Tre Etal	Private		-		-		56,778	9	0.13%
Twin Cities Comm Hospital Inc	Hospital		-		-		54,445	10	0.13%
	Total	\$	3,010,961		4.41%	\$	3,190,632		7.41%
Total Co	unty Assessed Value	\$	68,367,069			\$	43,059,945		

Sources:

County Property Tax System 2013-14 San Luis Obispo County Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

County of San Luis Obispo Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands) (UNAUDITED)

Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Total Levy for the Fiscal Year	Collected Amount	% of Original Levy	Collections in Subsequent Years*	Delinquent Amount	% of Levy Delinguent
2014	\$ 421,140	\$ 416,450	98.89%	N/A	\$ 4,690	1.11%
2015	447,088	442,330	98.94%	N/A	4,758	1.06%
2016	470,629	466,465	99.12%	N/A	4,164	0.88%
2017	495,277	490,890	99.11%	N/A	4,387	0.89%
2018	522,528	517,777	99.09%	N/A	4,751	0.91%
2019	549,869	544,994	99.11%	N/A	4,874	0.89%
2020	573,449	564,422	98.43%	N/A	9,027	1.57%
2021	599,508	592,847	98.89%	N/A	6,660	1.11%
2022	619,518	614,110	99.13%	N/A	5,408	0.87%
2023	661,387	654,754	99.00%	N/A	6,632	1.00%

Note: Amounts do not include tax collections for bonds or special assessments

Source: County Property Tax Booklet

^{*}Collections in subsequent years are not available from the County's current property tax system.

County of San Luis Obispo Special Assessment Billings and Collections (In Thousands) (UNAUDITED)

	S	Special	S	pecial
Year ended	Ass	essment	Ass	essment
June 30,	B	Billings	Cc	llected
2014	\$	3,497	\$	3,630
2015		3,489		3,598
2016		3,496		3,633
2017		3,490		3,577
2018		5,063		5,196
2019		5,058		5,065
2020		5,063		5,106
2021		5,042		5,105
2022		5,061		5,163
2023		5,063		5,063

Note: The billings and collections shown are for the Special Assessment Bonds related to the Los Osos project for which the County has established redemption funds for the purpose of facilitating bond payment in the case of delinquent accounts.

Source: County Property Tax System

County of San Luis Obispo Ratios of Total Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands) (UNAUDITED)

		2013-14 2		2014-15 2		2015-16		2016-17		2017-18		2018-19		2019-20		2020-21	- 2	2021-22		2022-23
Governmental Activities																				
Certificates of Participation	\$	24,640	\$	23,600	\$	22,527	\$	21,411	\$	26,135	\$	24,808	\$	18,004	\$	19,619	\$	18,290	\$	11,178
Less deferred amounts:																				
For issuance discounts:		(95)		(91)		(87)		(83)		(79)		(75)		-		-		-		-
Add deferred amounts:		4 240		4.450		4.000		075		200		707		700		640		520		
For issuance premiums:		1,240		1,152		1,063		975		886 2,056		797 1.901		708		619 1.586		530		
State notes		-				- 45 204		4 42 000						1,744 93,733		89,825		1,426		1,264 79,516
Pension Obligation Bonds Lease revenue bonds		111,234		146,219		145,291		143,890		99,407		96,903		20,380		19,970		85,112 19,380		79,516 88,803
Add deferred amounts:		-		-		-		-		-		-		20,300		19,970		19,300		00,003
For issuance premiums:		_		_		_		_		_		_		4,023		3,837		3,652		7,972
Assessment Bonds from direct borrowings														436		391		3,032		294
Leases ¹		_		_		_		_		_		_		-		-		92,248		126,334
Subscription-based IT arrangements ²		-		-		-		-		-		-		-				92,240		2,614
Total bonds and notes payable		137,019		170,880		168,794		166,193		128,405		124,334	_	139.028		135,847		220,982		317,975
Total bolius and flotes payable		137,019		170,000		100,794		100,193	_	120,403		124,334	_	139,020		133,047		220,962		317,973
Business-Type Activities																				
Certificates of Participation		18,257		17,745		17,194		16,470		15,678		14,811		13,908		12,966		14,668		11,471
Add deferred amounts:		,		/		,		,		,		,		,		,		- ,,		,
For issuance premiums:		459		426		393		361		328		295		262		229		196		-
State Note		46,529		72,774		86,611		85,674		87,667		84,409		81,079		88,385		84,528		80,701
Other Notes										-						-		196		166
Revenue Bonds		187,170		183,813		177,198		173,535		168,410		164,126		159,841		155,330		150,585		145,595
Add deferred amounts:																				
For issuance premiums:		5,732		5,519		10,058		9,623		8,926		8,502		8,077		7,653		7,230		6,805
Unamortized outflow on Bond Refinancing		-		-		(4,171)		(3,990)		(3,808)		-		-		-		-		-
General Obligation Bonds		9,530		9,155		8,760		8,350		7,925		7,485		7,025		6,540		6,030		5,490
Add deferred amounts:																				
For issuance premiums:		959		902		846		790		733		677		620		564		508		452
Lease Revenue Bonds		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,582
Add deferred amounts:																				
For issuance premiums:		-		-		-						-		-		-				57
Assessment Bonds		76,438		79,829		79,396		78,089		76,746		75,358		73,943		72,483		70,978		69,437
Leases 1		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		250		164
Subscription-based IT arrangements ²		-		-		-	_	-					_	-		-		-	_	199
Total bonds and notes payable		345,074		370,163		376,285		368,902		362,605		355,663		344,755		344,150		335,169		322,119
Total bolius and flotes payable		343,074		370,103		370,203		300,902		302,003		333,003	_	344,/33		344,130		333,109		322,119
Total Outstanding Debt	\$	482,093	\$	541,043	\$	545,079	\$	535,095	\$	491,010	\$	479,997	\$	483,783	\$	479,997	\$	556,151	\$	640,094
	Ţ	102/033	<u> </u>	3.1,0.3	<u> </u>	3.5,0,3	Ť	333,033	Ÿ	.52,020	Ÿ	,5557	Ť	.55,7.05	Ψ.	,,,,,,,	4	330/131	Ť	- 10/05 1
Percentage of Personal Income		3.76%		3.86%		3.76%		3.58%		3.13%		2.92%		2.80%		2.54%		2.90%		N/A
rescentage of reisonal income		3.70%		3.00%		3.70%		3.3676		3.1370		2.9270		2.0070		2.3470		2.9070		IV/A
Percentage of Assessed Value of Taxable Property ³		1.12%		1.19%		1.13%		1.06%		0.92%		0.85%		0.81%		0.77%		0.87%		0.94%
Net outstanding debt Per Capita	\$	1,770.08	\$	1,972.50	\$	1,960.88	\$	1,916.46	\$	1,753.31	\$	1,713.66	\$	1,708.81	\$	1,700.62	\$	1,964.09	\$	2,269.73

Note: See the Demographic Statistics Schedule for detailed information on personal income and population.

Source: Notes to the Financial Statements, Note 10

 $^{^{1}}$ GASB Statement 87 was implemented in FY 2021-22. Prior year leases were not recognized as capital leases pre-GASB 87.

² GASB Statement 96 was implemented in FY 2022-23. Prior year subscription-based IT arrangements were not recognized as capital leases pre-GASB 96.

³ Due to Article XIII-A, added to the California Constitution by Proposition 13 in 1978, the County does not track the estimated actual value of all County properties; therefore, the ratio of net outstanding debt to the estimated actual value of taxable property is unable to be determined; however, the ratio of net outstanding debt to the assessed value of taxable property is determinable and presented in the table.

County of San Luis Obispo Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands) (UNAUDITED)

	_20)13-14	_2	014-15	_2	015-16	20	016-17	2	017-18	20	018-19	2	019-20	2(020-21	2	021-22	2	022-23
Certificates of Participation Less deferred amounts:	\$	13,675	\$	12,915	\$	12,137	\$	11,326	\$	10,482	\$	9,606	\$	8,693	\$	7,747	\$	6,757	\$	2,740
For issuance discounts: Add deferred amounts:		(95)		(91)		(87)		(83)		(79)		(75)		-		-		-		-
For issuance premiums:		1,240		1,152		1,063		975		886		797		708		619		530		-
Lease Revenue Bonds Add deferred amounts:		-		-		-		-		-		-		20,380		19,970		19,380		90,385
For issuance premiums:		-		-		-		-		-		-		4,023		3,837		3,652		8,029
General Obligation Bonds Add deferred amounts:		9,530		9,155		8,760		8,350		7,925		7,485		7,025		6,540		6,030		5,490
For issuance premiums:		959		902		846		790		733		677		620		564		508		452
State Notes		-		-		-		-		2,056		1,901		1,744		1,586		1,426		1,264
Other Notes		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		196		166
Assessment Bonds		76,438		79,829		79,396		78,089		76,746		75,358		73,943		72,483		70,978		69,437
Leases ¹		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		92,498		126,498
Subscription-based IT arrangements ²		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		2,813
Less resources restricted for principal repayment		(2,683)		(2,683)		(2,688)		(2,692)		(2,712)		(8,061)		(30,167)		(23,110)		(17,088)		(90,011)
Net Total General Obligation Debt	\$	99,064	\$	101,179	\$	99,427	\$	96,755	\$	96,037	\$	87,688	\$	86,969	\$	90,236	\$	184,867	\$	217,263
Percentage of Personal Income Percentage of Assessed Value of Taxable Property ¹		0.77% 0.23%		0.72% 0.22%		0.69% 0.21%		0.65%		0.61%		0.53% 0.16%		0.50% 0.15%		0.48% 0.15%		0.96% 0.29%		N/A 0.32%
Net outstanding debt Per Capita	\$	363.73	\$	368.87	\$	357.68	\$	346.53	\$	342.93	\$	313.06	\$	307.19	\$	319.70	\$	654.96	\$	770.40

 $\label{thm:local_problem} \textbf{Note: See the Demographic Statistics Schedule for detailed information on personal income and population.}$

Source: Notes to the Financial Statements, Note 10

¹ Due to Article XIII-A, added to the California Constitution by Proposition 13 in 1978, the County does not track the estimated actual value of all County properties; therefore, the ratio of net outstanding debt to the estimated actual value of taxable property is unable to be determined; however, the ratio of net outstanding debt to the assessed value of taxable property is determinable and presented in the table.

 $^{^{1}}$ GASB Statement 87 was implemented in FY 2021-22. Prior year leases were not recognized as capital leases pre-GASB 87.

² GASB Statement 96 was implemented in FY 2022-23. Prior year subscription-based IT arrangements were not recognized as capital leases pre-GASB 96.

County of San Luis Obispo Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (In Thousands) (UNAUDITED)

	2013-14	_	2014-15	_	2015-16	_	2016-17	_	2017-18	_	2018-19	_	2019-20	_	2020-21	_	2021-22	 2022-23
Assessed Value of Property (a)	\$ 43,059,945	\$	45,426,163	\$	48,172,375	\$	50,647,598	\$	53,415,961	\$	56,262,663	\$	59,450,048	\$	62,200,611	\$	64,252,963	\$ 68,367,069
Debt Limit, 1.25% of Assessed Value	538,249		567,827		602,155		633,095		667,700		703,283		743,126		777,508		803,162	854,588
Amount of Debt Applicable to Limit General Obligation Bonds (b) Less: Resources Restricted to Paying Principal	10,489		10,057		9,606		9,140		8,658		7,485 -		7,025 -		6,540 -		6,030	5,490 -
Total Debt Applicable	10,489		10,057		9,606		9,140		8,658		7,485		7,485		6,540		6,030	5,490
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 527,760	\$	557,770	\$	592,549	\$	623,955	\$	659,042	\$	695,798	\$	695,798	\$	770,968	\$	797,132	\$ 849,098
Total Debt Applicable as a Percentage of the Debt Limit	1.95%		1.77%		1.60%		1.44%		1.30%		1.06%		0.95%		0.84%		0.75%	0.64%

Source: (a) County Assessed Values, Exemptions and Growth % Book (b) Notes to the Financial Statements, Note 10

County of San Luis Obispo Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years (UNAUDITED)

Calendar Year	Population (1,a)	Personal Income (in thousands) (1,a)	Per Capita Income (1,a)	Median Age (4,c)	School Enrollment (3,b,d)	Unemployment Rate (2,e)
2014	272,357	12,823,005	45,947	39.50	42,911	5.3
2015	274,293	14,034,209	49,873	39.30	41,853	4.4
2016	277,977	14,552,207	51,442	39.00	43,117	4.5
2017	279,210	14,937,322	53,006	38.80	43,112	3.6
2018	280,048	15,700,229	55,580	39.60	42,713	3.2
2019	280,101	16,465,164	58,108	39.60	42,673	2.9
2020	283,111	17,270,828	61,004	40.00	42,556	11.5
2021	282,249	18,863,123	66,617	39.50	40,403	5.9
2022	283,159	19,162,980	67,951	40.20	39,857	2.6
2023	282,013	N/A	N/A	41.10	39,833	3.5

Sources:

- 1. Bureau of Economic Analysis
- 2. State of California Employment Development Department
- 3. California Department of Education & California Community Colleges Chancellor's Office
- 4. U.S. Census Bureau

Notes:

N/A = not available

- a. Data for prior calendar years
- b. Data includes kindergarten through grade 12 and Cuesta College
- c. Calendar year 2014 2016 figures are projections based on the American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates
- d. Data for school year ending in the stated calendar year
- e. Data as of June 30, 2023

County of San Luis Obispo Principal Employers Current Year and Ten Years Ago (UNAUDITED)

	3 2, 3	-	201	L4 ¹		
	Number of		Percentage of Total	Number of		Percentage of Total
Employer	Employees	Rank	County Employment	Employees	Rank	County Employment
California Polytechnic State University	3,143	1	2.25%	2,573	2	1.81%
County of San Luis Obispo	2,932	2	2.10%	2,800	1	1.97%
Department of State Hospitals - Atascadero	2,000	3	1.43%	2,300	3	1.62%
Lucia Mar Unified School District	1,573	4	1.13%	1,000	7	0.71%
California Men's Colony	1,517	5	1.09%	2,000	4	1.41%
Tenet Health Central Coast	1,425	6	1.02%	1,200	6	0.85%
San Luis Coastal Unified School District	1,388	7	0.99%	902	10	0.64%
Paso Robles Joint Unified School District	1,262	8	0.90%	935	8	0.66%
Compass Health	1,200	9	0.86%	-	-	-
Cuesta College	892	10	0.64%	-	-	-
Pacific Gas and Electric Company	-	-	-	1,700	5	1.20%
Cal Poly Corporation	-	-	-	906	9	0.64%

Total Employment Labor Force ⁴ 139,800 141,800

Sources:

 $^{^{\}rm 1}\,\rm 2013\text{-}14$ San Luis Obispo County Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

 ² 2022 Pacific Coast Business Times Book of Lists
 ³ 2022-23 County Budget Report

⁴ State of California Employment Development Department

County of San Luis Obispo Full Time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (UNAUDITED)

Function/Program	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18*	2018-19*	2019-20*	2020-21*	2021-22*	2022-23*
General Government	430.75	436.75	440.50	430.75	437.50	441.00	455.25	458.00	456.25	460.50
Public Protection	817.25	832.25	848.25	867.00	909.50	912.00	899.75	904.25	907.50	921.50
Public Ways and Facilities	188.75	190.75	207.75	234.75	237.75	246.75	247.75	248.75	249.75	253.75
Health and Sanitation	464.00	485.25	505.50	556.00	536.50	530.00	531.00	530.00	566.00	612.50
Public Assistance	478.00	500.75	524.00	524.00	523.00	522.00	523.50	526.75	527.25	543.25
Education	75.50	75.50	77.50	78.00	77.75	78.00	78.25	78.50	78.50	78.50
Recreation and Cultural Services	55.00	59.00	60.00	61.00	61.00	61.00	61.00	61.00	62.00	62.00
Total	2,509.25	2,580.25	2,663.50	2,751.50	2,783.00	2,790.75	2,796.50	2,807.25	2,847.25	2,932.00

Source: County Budget Report

2014-2017 Position allocation figures were calculated at the time of budget preparation for the following year.

^{*} Position allocation figures are calculated based on the adopted budgets. Figures include limited-term but do not include part-time or contract positions.

County of San Luis Obispo Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (UNAUDITED)

Function / Department	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
Recreation and Cultural Services										
Parks										
Day Use Passes	42,821	57,564	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Daily Passes*	246,727	239,140	189,232	230,915	257,220	60,902	59,194	62,559	41,130	51,591
Annual Passes	2,998	3,137	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Annual Vehicle Passes*	8,744	12,584	9,614	6,504	8,066	3,974	1,823	1,716	1,869	1,727
Daily Boat Launches*	26,110	23,706	16,001	16,312	24,340	9,664	11,210	11,810	6,242	6,134
Annual Boat Passes*	1,412	1,245	480	1,383	1,353	1,629	1,288	764	403	666
Public Protection										
Planning and Building										
Total Permits Issued	2,622	3,139	3,355	3,927	3,542	3,256	3,299	3,624	4,032	4,577
Number of New Affordable Housing **	13	151	99	65	133	131	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Sheriff										
Jail bookings	12,583	11,375	11,018	11,774	11,324	10,246	8,144	6,235	6,367	7,994
Average daily population	780	679	603	632	621	636	552	448	462	463
Health and Sanitation	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Mental Health										
Day Treatment Days provided to youth										
in out-of-county group home facilities**	1,764	1,613	1,381	604	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Public Health										
Percentage of the State allocated										
caseload enrolled in the Women,										
Infants & Children (WIC) Program **	95	91	86	76	72	68	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Percentage of live born infants whose										
mothers received prenatal care in the										
first trimester ***	79	79	80	78	78	84	86	84	86	82
Public Assistance										
Social Services										
Percentage of child abuse/neglect										
referrals where a response is required										
within 10 days that were timely **	96	98	97	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Percentage of child abuse/neglect										
referrals where a response is required										
within 10 days and where contact was made within the required period. ***	n/a	n/a	n/a	91	95	95	94	92	94	92
made wann the required period.	11/4	11/4	11/4					- 52		
Education										
Library										
Annual number of items circulated per										
capita	9.8	9.6	10.5	10.3	11.6	12.1	12.1	7.6	9.7	9.7
Annual Expenditure per capita for total Library budget ***	\$ 35.50	\$ 36.13	\$ 36.27	\$ 38.10	\$ 40.36	\$ 40.57	\$ 44.47	\$ 46.78	\$ 47.12	\$ 51.51
							<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Public Ways and Facilities Roads										
Pavement Condition Rating for all										
County roads (70 = "good")	61	61	65	66	65	65	60	59	59	60
Airport										
Airport										
Takeoffs and Landings	66,696	71,001	71,181	71,001	77,917	82,110	68,067	75,082	82,471	77,084
Passenger Enplanements	147,105	149,558	155,744	180,141	226,588	259,481	215,900	150,065	247,522	305,680
	,			,		,		/	- /	

st In FY 2018-19, the data tracking system was updated to more accurately collect the data. Data prior to FY 2018-19 is not comparable.

Source: County Budget Performance Indicators

^{**} Performance measure no longer reported.

^{***} FY 2021-22 performance measure restated

County of San Luis Obispo Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (UNAUDITED)

Function/Program	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
Recreation and Cultural Services County golf courses Park acreage	3 13,583	3 13,583	3 13,583	3 13,583	3 13,583	3 13,583	3 13,841	3 13,841	3 13,841	3 13,841
Public Protection Correction facility capacities (a)	797	797	797	909	909	909	909	909	909	909
Public Ways and Facilities Miles of county roads	1,336	1,336	1,338	1,338	1,339	1,339	1,349	1,349	1,349	1,349
Airport Number of runways	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

Notes:

The majority of County assets are in buildings and equipment, which are under the functional area of General Government

(a) Amount is all holdings actual totals, including Main Jail, Women's Jail, West Housing, West Dorm, Honor Farm, and Weekender Barracks

Source: County departments' management

