

County of San Luis Obispo Public Health Department

Surge Capacity

Standard Operating Procedure

ORIGINAL PROCEDURE

January 2008

REVISED

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AUTHENTICATION

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REVISIONS

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DISTRIBUTION

СОРУ	QUANTITY	LOCATION	DATE
Original	1	County Public Health Department Office File	
Working Copy	1	County Public Health Department Office File	
EOC	3	County OES Office	
Health Care Facilit	ties		
	1	Arroyo Grande Community Hospital	
	1	French Hospital Medical Center	
	1	Sierra Vista Regional Medical Center	
	1	Twin Cities Community Hospital	
	1	Department of State Hospitals - Atascadero	
	10	Community Health Centers of the Central Coast	
	1 each / 9 total	Urgent Care Facilities	
	1	Long Term Care Ombudsman Office	
	1 each / 8 total	Skilled Nursing Facilities	
Ambulance Service	es		
	1	Cambria Community Healthcare District	
	1	San Luis Ambulance Services	
Police Department	ts		
	1	San Luis Obispo PD	
	1	Arroyo Grande PD	
	1	Morro Bay PD	
	1	Grover Beach PD	
	1	Pismo Beach PD	
	1	Atascadero PD	
	1	Paso Robles PD	
	1	Cal Poly State University PD	
	1	Cuesta College PD	
CHP and Sheriff De	epartment		
	1	California Highway Patrol—SLO Area Office	
	2	Sheriff's Office Headquarters	

СОРУ	QUANTITY	LOCATION	DATE
City and Commu	nity Fire Departme	nts	
	1	Atascadero City FD	
	1	Cambria CSD FD	
	1	Diablo Canyon Power Plant FD	
	1	Five Cities Fire Authority	
	1	Morro Bay FD	
	1	Paso Robles Department of Emergency Services	
	1	San Luis Obispo City FD	
	1	San Miguel CSD FD	
	1	Santa Margarita FD	
	1	Templeton CSD FD	
CAL FIRE / Count	y of San Luis Obispo	o Fire	
	40	CAL FIRE / SLO County Fire Department	
State and Federa	l Institution's Fire L	Departments	
	1	Department of State Hospitals - Atascadero	
	1	California Men's Colony	
	1	Camp Roberts Emergency Services / Military	
	1	Hearst Castle	

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PART ONE – OVERVIEW

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Purpose

- 1.1.1 Assist acute care hospitals in rapidly identifying and responding to a potential surge within the hospital system.
- 1.1.2 Provide direction to acute care hospitals for an effective response to any event that presents the potential for a large number of persons seeking emergent and/or acute medical assistance, within the hospital grounds, following a significant event.
- 1.1.3 Describe the interagency coordination between the Public Health Department, hospitals, fire departments, law enforcement agencies, ambulance providers, community health clinics, urgent care clinics and long term care facilities.

1.2 Goals

- 1.2.1 Define the three levels of hospital surge and describe actions that the response community will take at each level.
- 1.2.2 Provide for the safety and welfare of healthcare provider staff, patients and visitors during a surge event.
- 1.2.3 Describe procedures for the notification of community partners by the hospitals and the Public Health Department to allow for a county-wide coordinated approach to caring for the health of the county population.
- 1.2.4 Describe the procedures for ensuring the needs of individuals with disabilities and access and functional needs (AFN) are met during a surge event. Persons in need of additional response assistance may include those with physical and mental disabilities, those living in institutionalized settings, the elderly, children, those from diverse cultures, low-income individuals, and individuals with little or no English proficiency. Adaptations should be made to ensure that crisis management efforts maintain independence, communication, transportation, supervision and medical care throughout and post incident.

1.3 Background

1.3.1 All acute care hospitals within San Luis Obispo County have adopted the Hospital Incident Command System (HICS) standard. HICS serves as the San Luis Obispo County hospitals' operations response structure during a medical emergency or disaster event and is designed to provide clearly defined job duties and responsibilities.

- 1.3.2 The County of San Luis Obispo Public Health Department and all response partners have adopted and utilize the National Incident Management System (NIMS), the Standardized Emergency Management System (SEMS), as well as the Incident Command System (ICS).
- 1.3.3 Hospital surge refers to the ability of a health care system to provide appropriate medical care and treatment for a markedly increased volume of patients based on the situation.
- 1.3.4 Medical surge capability describes the types of services provided to patients during times when the health care system is experiencing a surge of patients.
- 1.3.5 The County Health Officer has the authority and responsibility to take whatever steps are deemed necessary to maintain the health of the community
- 1.3.6 In the absence of gubernatorial orders waiving specific licensing and regulatory requirements, use of facilities outside of existing licensure should trigger notification/requests to appropriate State licensing and regulatory agencies.
- 1.3.7 This procedure was prepared by the County of San Luis Obispo Public Health Department in coordination with representatives of local hospitals, local law enforcement agencies, ambulance providers, local fire departments, community health clinics and long term care providers.

1.4 Authorities and References

1.4.1 California Health and Safety Code, Section 101080

2. **CONCEPT OF OPERATIONS**

2.1 Scope

Guide the hospitals and other response entities in San Luis Obispo County in responding effectively to any event that presents the potential for a large number of persons seeking emergency and/or acute medical assistance, at the location of the hospital, or the defined hospital zone.

2.2 Definitions

A Surge Event is a significant event or circumstances that impact the healthcare delivery system resulting in excess demand over capacity and/or capability in hospitals, community care clinics, public health departments, other primary and secondary care providers, resources, and/or emergency medical services.

Surge Level 1:

Patients presenting to the hospitals or healthcare facilities result in significant stress to healthcare facility resources, however, waivers for normal patient care services are not required.

Surge Level 2:

All local medical providers are affected, requiring regularly scheduled planning sessions or conference calls in order to strategize, coordinate, collaborate, and communicate among all community medical/health providers, EMS agency, Public Health, Fire, and OES representatives.

Surge Level 3:

The capability of local facilities to provide Alternative Patient Care is exceeded, requiring the activation and use of medical resources from outside the Operational Area.

2.3 Responsibilities

2.3.1 County Public Health Department shall:

- 2.3.1.1 Direct all aspects of community health including but not limited to isolation, quarantine and prophylaxis.
- 2.3.1.2 Facilitate, through coordination with the California Department of Public Health (CDPH), State Emergency Medical Services Authority (EMSA) and the Governor, expanded scope of practice, field triage, alternative destination, suspension of nursing ratios and appropriate California Code of Regulation Title 22 regulations.
- 2.3.1.3 Work within the local Operational Area, Medical Health Operational Area Coordinator (MHOAC), and mutual aid providers to obtain resources for distribution and/or use during a surge event.
- 2.3.1.4 Communicate situation and necessary actions to all healthcare providers, community partners, Regional Disaster Medical Health Coordinator (RDMHC) Program, CDPH, State EMSA and the general public.
- 2.3.1.5 Assist hospitals in early discharge.
- 2.3.1.6 Coordinate and communicate between hospitals, supporting Health Care Facilities and RDMHC Program, CDPH and State EMSA and provide situation status reports as necessary.

- 2.3.1.7 Assess ability of non-impacted hospitals, clinics, urgent care and long term care facilities to receive transfer and/or discharged patients.
- 2.3.1.8 Coordinate with ambulance providers and other transportation to transfer patients between facilities.
- 2.3.1.9 Facilitate resource requests.
- 2.3.1.10 Convey field triage and alternative destination policy to EMS providers.

2.3.3 Local Area Hospitals shall:

- 2.3.3.1 Provide optimal care to the greatest number of patients in the most expeditious manner utilizing available resources.
- 2.3.3.2 Communicate resource needs and availability (including timely bed availability statistics) to the Public Health Department MHOAC as needed.

2.3.4 <u>Law Enforcement Agencies shall:</u>

2.3.4.1 Provide security and traffic control to all areas in which care is being provided.

2.3.5 <u>Emergency Medical Services (EMS) Providers shall:</u>

- 2.3.5.1 Provide field triage and, if necessary, transportation to appropriate facility.
 - 2.3.5.1.1 Field triage may include triage at patient residences, hospital campus, clinic campus, long term care facility or other non-hospital setting.
 - 2.3.5.1.2 Appropriate facilities may include hospitals, long term care facilities, clinics, or Government Authorized Alternate Care Sites (GAACS).
 - 2.3.5.1.3 Triage may include providing homecare instructions and not transportation.

2.3.6 <u>Community Health Clinics and Urgent Care Facilities shall:</u>

- 2.3.6.1 Notify the Public Health Department immediately upon increase of patient load.
- 2.3.6.2 Consult with the Public Health Department to determine appropriate disposition for patients.

- 2.3.6.3 Provide patient care as appropriate within capability of facility.
- 2.3.6.4 Consider expanding hours of operation to accommodate increase in patient load.

2.3.7 <u>Long Term Care Providers</u>

- 2.3.7.1 Coordinate with the Long Term Care Ombudsman Office and Public Health Department regarding availability to take patients discharged from hospitals.
- 2.3.7.2 Coordinate with hospitals regarding patient admittance criteria as the criteria may change in a surge event.
- 2.3.7.3 Provide patient care as appropriate within capability of facility.

2.4 Access and Functional Needs

Access and functional needs may include physical, sensory, language, behavioral health, cognitive, and intellectual needs. The medical stability, survival, and dignity of people with functional needs may be jeopardized when emergency conditions disrupt their patterns of care.

Planning for functional needs support includes:

- Communication assistance and services
- Availability of durable medical equipment, consumable medical supplies and personal assistance services
- Access to medication to maintain physical and behavioral health functions
- Assistance for individuals with cognitive and intellectual needs
- Availability of auxiliary aids and services necessary to ensure effective communication
- Access to an air-conditioned and/or heated environment
- Availability of food and beverages appropriate for individuals with dietary restrictions
- Provision of food and supplies for service animals

Adaptations should be made to ensure crisis management efforts maintain independence, communication, transportation, supervision, and medical care throughout the surge incident to include:

- Physical Access
 - Doors & Ramps
 - Restrooms & Showers
 - Transportation
- Security
- Safety
- Privacy
- Service delivery adaptations

- Additional resources / specialized assistance required
 - o Equipment, supplies, including special mobility devices
 - Assistance from personnel / staff
- Communication
 - o Foreign language translation
 - Sign language interpreters
 - Alternative delivery systems for sight impaired
 - Alternative delivery systems for low literacy level and children
- Power
 - Refrigeration for medications
 - Oxygen systems
 - Mobility systems (batteries)
- Service Animals

3. EQUIPMENT

Equipment needed for response to a surge event includes surge tents, decontamination tents, personal protective equipment (PPE), cots, various durable medical equipment, supplies and medications.

4. TRAINING

The Hospitals, law enforcement agencies, fire departments, ambulance companies, community health clinics, urgent care clinics and long term care facilities will provide training to their agency personnel, as appropriate. The Public Health Department will provide assistance in these trainings upon request.

5. PROCEDURE REVIEW AND REVISION

This procedure will be reviewed and updated every five years or as needed by the Public Health Department. Revisions will be based on after action reports and quality improvement process reviews completed following significant trainings, drills, exercises and actual events. The County Health Officer, Public Health Emergency Preparedness Program Manager or the Emergency Medical Services Division Manager will determine whether a particular training, drill, exercise or actual event was significant, and, therefore requires an after action report and/or quality improvement process review.

PART TWO – CHECKLISTS

- **Checklist 1 Hospitals**
- **Checklist 2 Public Health Department**
- **Checklist 3 Emergency Medical Services Providers**
- Checklist 4 Community Health Clinic / Urgent Care Facilities
- **Checklist 5 Long Term Care Facilities**
- **Checklist 6 Residential Care Facilities**
- **Checklist 7 Law Enforcement Agencies**

CHECKLIST 1: Hospitals

1. SURGE LEVEL 1

 1.1	Refer t policie	to your facility surge plan and follow the appropriate procedures and es.
 1.2	surge:	ence the California Hospital Association Surge Planning Checklist to manage https://calhospital.org/wp-nt/uploads/2024/10/cha surge plan checklist 11 23 2020.pdf
 1.3	Post R	eddiNet notice of bed availability and hospital capacity.
 1.4	situati	the Public Health Department of increase in patient load and other onal information (See MHOAC SOP Conference Call Format and SLO n of HICS 251 for types of information to provide).
 1.5	Notify	and call in appropriate staff
	1.5.1	Call in Public Information Officer as needed.
 1.6	Deterr	nine need for infection control and notify all staff as appropriate.
	1.6.1	Determine need for personal protective equipment
	1.6.2	Set up isolation rooms and/or areas
	1.6.3	Follow isolation and quarantine procedure
	1.6.4	Notify County Public Health Department of communicable diseases or other agents suspected
 1.7	Deterr	nine need for decontamination and notify staff as appropriate.
	1.7.1	Set up decontamination area
	1.7.2	Follow decontamination procedures
 1.8	Develo	op communications plan and implement as appropriate.
	1.8.1	Establish Communications

- ReddiNet
- CAHAN
- Landlines

_____ 2.3.1

____2.4

ge Ca	apacity S	tandard C	Operating Procedure
			Cell Phones
			Satellite Phones
			• Email
			• Radio
			ARES/RACES
		1.9	Ensure communication is accessible and capable of reaching people with disabilities and others with access and functional needs.
		1.10	Assess internal resources and inventory all supplies including pharmaceuticals.
		1.11	Develop re-supply plan.
		1.12	Accelerate discharge and patient off-load procedures.
			1.12.1 Assess acuity of current patients to determine if care needed requires remaining in hospital or if other level of care may be possible.
			1.12.2 Transfer patients as appropriate.
		1.13	Utilize ReddiNet to report bed capacity and census every 12 hours or more frequently if necessary or requested.
			1.13.1 In the event ReddiNet is not available, utilize the following to communicate with the MHOAC: (contact numbers will be provided to all facilities at time of CHADOC/MHOAC activation)
		1.14	In the setup, operation, and ongoing management of the facility, consider the site adaptations, personnel, and equipment to best meet the access and functional needs of the population.
2.	SURGE	LEVEL	2
		2.1	Refer to your facility surge plan and follow the appropriate procedures and policies.
		2.2	Reference the California Hospital Association Surge Planning Checklist to manage surge: https://calhospital.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/10/cha surge plan checklist 11 23 2020.pdf
		2.3	Activate Emergency Operations Plan (EOP)

Develop communications plan and implement as appropriate.

Activate the Hospital Command Center as appropriate per facility EOP

	_ 2.4.1	Establish Communications:
		 ReddiNet CAHAN Landlines Cell Phones Satellite Phones Email Radio ARES/RACES
 2.5		e ReddiNet to report bed capacity and census every 12 hours or more ently if necessary or requested.
	_ 2.5.1	In the event ReddiNet is not available, utilize backup communications methods.
 2.6	Notify	MedCom of facility status.
	_ 2.6.1	Request that MedCom notifity EMS Providers of surge status.
 2.7	Maint	ain communication with Public Health Department/MHOAC.
	_ 2.7.1	Provide situation status reports. (See MHOAC SOP Conference Call Format and SLO Version of HICS 251 for types of information to provide).
	_ 2.7.2	Request additional resources (supplies, pharmaceuticals, personnel)
	_ 2.7.3	Discuss potential need for establishing Government Authorized Alternate Care Site (GAACS) if trajectory of patient demand appears to be towards Surge Level 3.
	_ 2.7.4	Coordinate all public information with Public Health Public Information Officer prior to release.
 2.8		e communication is accessible and capable of reaching people with lities and others with access and functional needs.
 2.9	· -	and query the following staff for shift availability per facility Emergency ation's Plan:
	_ 2.9.1	All licensed staff
	202	All non-licensed staff (as needed)

	2.9.3	Reassign licensed administrative staff to patient care roles.
 2.10	Deterr	mine need for infection control and notify all staff as appropriate.
	2.10.1	Determine need for personal protective equipment
	2.10.2	Set up isolation rooms and/or areas
	2.10.3	Follow isolation and quarantine procedure
	_ 2.10.4	Notify County Public Health Department of communicable diseases or other agents suspected
2.11	Deterr	nine need for decontamination and notify staff as appropriate.
	2.11.1	Set up decontamination area
	2.11.2	Follow decontamination procedures
	_2.11.3	Notify Local Fire Department and County HazMat Team via Local Fire Department
 2.12	Assess	internal resources and inventory all supplies including pharmaceuticals.
2.13	Develo	op re-supply plan.
2.14	Cancel	l all elective, routine or non-essential surgeries.
 2.15	Accele	erate discharge and patient off-load procedures.
	_2.15.1	Assess acuity of current patients to determine if care needed requires remaining in hospital stay or if other level of care may be possible.
	2.15.2	Transfer patients as appropriate.
2.16	Consid	der canceling or delaying admissions.
2.17	Consid	der cohorting patients.
 2.18	-	st California Department of Public Health (CDPH) Licensing and cation to grant temporary permission to exceed licensed bed capacity.
	_ 2.18.1	Request use of surge tents. See CDPH Guidance regarding approval for use of surge tents: https://calhospital.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/10/surgetentguidance01.20.10.pdf

	_ 2.18.2 Request altered/expanded use of facilities
	_ 2.18.3 Use the Program Flexibility Form (CDPH 5000):
2.19	Coordinate with the Public Health Department to determine if any emergency regulatory waivers have been enacted.
2.20	Request off-duty hospital personnel to assist in triage as needed.
2.21	Lock down facility as needed.
2.22	Secure hospital perimeter and designate parking zones as needed.
	_ 2.22.1 Request Law Enforcement Agency (LEA) assistance as needed
2.23	Perform Just in Time training as appropriate
	_ 2.23.1 Triage
	_ 2.23.2 Isolation
	_ 2.23.3 Patient Registration
	_ 2.23.4 Decontamination
	_ 2.23.5 Treatment Protocols
	_ 2.23.6 Disaster Charting
2.24	Implement facility specific disaster charting as appropriate.
2.25	In the setup, operation, and ongoing management of the facility, consider the site adaptations, personnel, and equipment to best meet the access and functional needs of the population.
SURGE LEVE	L 3
3.1	Refer to your facility surge plan and follow the appropriate procedures and policies.
3.2	Reference the California Hospital Association Surge Planning Checklist to manage surge: https://calhospital.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/10/cha surge plan checklist 11 23 2020.pdf

3.3	Activate Emergency Operations Plan (EOP)
	_ 3.3.1 Activate the Hospital Command Center as appropriate per facility EOP
3.4	Develop communications plan and implement as appropriate.
	_ 3.4.1 Establish Communications:
	 ReddiNet CAHAN Landlines Cell Phones Satellite Phones Email Radio ARES/RACES
3.5	Utilize ReddiNet to report bed capacity and census every 12 hours or more frequently if necessary or requested.
	$_3.5.1$ In the event ReddiNet is not available, utilize backup communications methods.
3.6	Notify MedCom of facility status.
3.7	Maintain communication with Public Health Department/MHOAC. (See MHOAC SOP Conference Call Format and SLO Version of HICS 251 for types of information to provide).
	_ 3.7.1 Provide situation status reports.
	_ 3.7.2 Request additional resources (supplies, pharmaceuticals, personnel)
	_ 3.7.3 Coordinate all public information prior to release.
	_ 3.7.4 Request activation Government Authorized Alternate Care Site Standard Operating Procedure (GAACS SOP) (as necessary).
3.8	Ensure communication is accessible and capable of reaching people with disabilities and others with access and functional needs.
3.9	Notify and query the following staff for shift availability per facility Emergency Operation's Plan:

3.9.1 All licensed staff
3.9.2 All non-licensed staff (as needed)
3.9.3 Reassign licensed administrative staff to patient care roles.
3.10 Increase length of staff shifts
3.11 Request the SLO Public Health Department to contact State Department of Health Care Services (DHCS) or California Department of Public Health (CDPH) to suspend nursing ratios as appropriate.
3.12 Determine need for infection control and notify all staff as appropriate.
3.12.1 Determine need for personal protective equipment
3.12.2 Set up isolation rooms and/or areas
3.12.3 Follow isolation and quarantine procedure
3.12.4 Notify County Public Health Department of communicable diseases or other agents suspected
3.13 Determine need for decontamination and notify staff as appropriate.
3.13.1 Set up decontamination area
3.13.2 Follow decontamination procedures
3.13.3 Notify Local Fire Department and County HazMat Team via Local Fire Department
3.14 Assess internal resources and inventory all supplies including pharmaceuticals.
3.15 Develop re-supply plan.
3.16 Cancel all elective, routine or non-essential surgeries.
3.17 Accelerate discharge and patient off-load procedures.
3.17.1 Assess acuity of current patients to determine if care needed requires remaining in hospital or if other level of care may be possible.
3.17.2 Transfer patients as appropriate.
3.18 Consider canceling or delaying admissions.

3.19	Consider cohorting patients.
3.20	Request California Department of Public Health (CDPH) Licensing and Certification to grant temporary permission to exceed licensed bed capacity.
	_ 3.20.1 Request use of surge tents. See CDPH Guidance regarding approval for use of surge tents: https://calhospital.org/wp-content/uploads/2024/10/surgetentguidance01.20.10.pdf
	_ 3.20.2 Request altered/expanded use of facilities
	_ 3.20.3 Use the Program Flexibility Form (CDPH 5000): https://www.cdph.ca.gov/CDPH%20Document%20Library/ControlledForms/cdph5000.pdf
3.21	Increase capacity of existing patient rooms.
3.22	Convert out-patient space and common area space into inpatient space.
3.23	Set up surge tents.
3.24	Coordinate with the Public Health Department to determine if any emergency regulatory waivers have been enacted.
3.25	Lock down facility as needed.
3.26	Secure hospital perimeter and designate parking zones as needed.
	_ 3.26.1 Request Law Enforcement Agency (LEA) assistance as needed
3.27	Perform Just in Time training as appropriate
	_ 3.27.1 Triage
	_ 3.27.2 Isolation
	_ 3.27.3 Patient Registration
	_ 3.27.4 Decontamination
	_ 3.27.5 Treatment Protocols
	_ 3.27.6 Disaster Charting
3.28	Implement facility specific disaster charting as appropriate.

	3.29	Estab	lish external triage, registration, treatment and discharge.
	3.30	Staff a	and supply all external areas.
	3.31	Imple	ment facility family care plan.
	3.32	site a	setup, operation, and ongoing management of the facility, consider the daptations, personnel, and equipment to best meet the access and onal needs of the population.
4.	DEMOBILIZA	ATION	
	4.1	Notify	all agencies that hospital is returning to normal operations.
	4.2	Imple	ment Recovery Plan
		4.2.1	Recover all equipment and restore to pre-emergency location and condition.
		4.2.2	Repair damaged equipment and ensure repairs are charged to the incident.
		4.2.3	Replace missing equipment and charge to the incident
	4.3	Collec	t all incident records and turn them in to Command

CHECKLIST 2: Public Health Department

1. SURGE LEVEL 1

 1.1	Activa	te CHADOC SOP and MHOAC SOP as appropriate.
	1.1.1	Provide CHADOC and MHOAC Contact Information to response entities as appropriate.
	1.1.2	Monitor ReddiNet for hospital status
1.2	County	hospitals in the Operational Area, pre-hospital providers, MedCom, y Office of Emergency Services, Regional Disaster Medical and Health inator (RDMHC) Program, State Emergency Medical Services Authority and California Department of Public Health (CDPH) as appropriate
 1.3	Collect	t situation reports from hospitals and other healthcare providers as oriate.
	1.3.1	Utilize ReddiNet to query hospitals and to receive hospital situation status information. If ReddiNet is down, utilize back up communication methods.
 1.4		e and fill resource requests from hospitals and other healthcare providers ropriate.
 1.5	Launch	n Epidemiologic Investigation as appropriate
	1.5.1	Develop case definition
	1.5.2	Provide case definition to health care providers
 1.6		nine need for Isolation and Quarantine and activate Isolation/Quarantine dures as applicable
	1.6.1	Notify hospitals
	1.6.2	Advise hospitals, EMS, and Health Care providers of appropriate personal protective equipment
 1.7	Develo	op risk communication materials as appropriate.
	1.7.1	FAQs for response personnel, providers, schools, and the general public
	1.7.2	Media Releases

			1.7.3 Provider Alerts
			1.7.4 Coordinate with hospital Public Information Officers
		1.8	Develop Situation Report, Incident Action Plan (IAP) and Communications Plan as appropriate.
		1.9	In the setup, operation, and ongoing management of the facility, consider the site adaptations, personnel, and equipment to best meet the access and functional needs of the population.
2.	SURGI	E LEVEL	2
		2.1	Activate CHADOC SOP and MHOAC SOP as appropriate.
			2.1.1 Provide CHADOC and MHOAC Contact Information to response entities as appropriate.
		2.2	Monitor ReddiNet for hospital status
		2.3	Notify hospitals in the Operational Area, pre-hospital providers, MedCom, County Office of Emergency Services, County Administrative Officer, other County Departments Regional Disaster Medical and Health Coordinator (RDMHC), Emergency Medical Services Authority (EMSA) and California Department of Public Health (CDPH) as appropriate
		2.4	Launch Epidemiologic Investigation as appropriate
			2.4.1 Develop case definition
			2.4.2 Provide case definition to health care providers
		2.5	Determine need for Isolation and Quarantine and activate Isolation/Quarantine procedures as applicable
			2.5.1 Notify hospitals
			2.5.2 Advise hospitals, EMS, and Health Care providers of appropriate personal protective equipment
		2.6	Develop risk communication materials.
			2.6.1 FAQs for response personnel, providers, schools, and the general public as appropriate

	2.6.2	Media Releases
	_ 2.6.3	Provider Alerts
	_ 2.6.4	Coordinate with hospital Public Information Officers
	_ 2.6.5	Ensure communication is accessible and capable of reaching people with disabilities and others with access and functional needs.
 _ 2.7	Develo	op Situation Report, Incident Action Plan (IAP) and Communications Plan.
 _ 2.8		le an Agency Representative from the Public Health Department to ted hospitals as appropriate.
 _ 2.9	_	staff to County Emergency Operations Center (EOC) and Joint Information r (JIC) if activated.
 _ 2.10		mine need and activate Receipt, Stage and Store Site (RSS) (see RSS SOP) as priate.
	_ 2.10.1	Request Vendor Managed Inventory or Strategic National Stockpile supplies.
 _ 2.11		mine need and activate Point of Distribution (POD) Sites (see Closed POD, F nd FR POD SOPs) as appropriate.
 _ 2.12		t situation reports from hospitals and other healthcare providers as priate.
	_ 2.12.1	Utilize ReddiNet to query hospitals and to receive hospital situation status information. If ReddiNet is down, utilize back up communication methods.
 _ 2.13	Receiv	ve and fill resource requests from healthcare providers.
 _ 2.14		nunicate with RDMHC Program, CDPH and State EMSA to provide Situation ts and request resources as needed.
 _ 2.15		inate with hospitals to determine need for pre-hospital triage. Reference gency Triage SOP.
	2.15.1	Enable pre-hospital triage as appropriate.
	_ 2.15.2	Communicate decision to pre-hospital providers.
 _ 2.16	Procla	im a Public Health Emergency as appropriate.

	_ 2.16.1 Request proclamation of Local Emergency by County Board of Supervisors as appropriate.
	_ 2.16.2 Request a Gubernatorial State of Emergency Proclamation
2.17	If a proclamation of a state of emergency exists, CHO will request the Governor amend regulations to expand healthcare professionals' scope of practice and suspend nursing ratios as appropriate.
2.18	Assess ability of unaffected hospitals to receive patient transfers.
2.19	Query long term care facilities via Long Term Care Ombudsmen's Office on available bed capacity to determine potential for discharging hospital patients to facilities.
	_ 2.19.1 Coordinate appropriate transportation to transport patients from hospitals to Long Term Care Facilities.
2.20	Query clinics, urgent care centers, etc. to determine capacity for caring for non-acute patients.
	_ 2.20.1 Coordinate appropriate transportation to transport patients to alternate sites.
2.21	In the setup, operation, and ongoing management of the facility, consider the site adaptations, personnel, and equipment to best meet the access and functional needs of the population.
SURGE LEVE	L 3
3.1	Activate CHADOC SOP and MHOAC SOP
	_ 3.1.1 Provide CHADOC and MHOAC Contact Information to response entities
3.2	Monitor ReddiNet for hospital status
3.3	Notify hospitals in the Operational Area, pre-hospital providers, MedCom, County Office of Emergency Services, County Administrative Officer, other County Departments Regional Disaster Medical and Health Coordinator (RDMHC) Program, Emergency Medical Services Authority (EMSA), California Department of Public Health (CDPH) as appropriate and neighboring Local Health Departments.
3.4	Launch Epidemiologic Investigation as appropriate

	4.1 Develop case definition
	4.2 Provide case definition to health care providers
 _ 3.5	etermine need for Isolation and Quarantine and activate Isolation/Quarantine rocedures as applicable
	5.1 Notify hospitals
	5.2 Advise hospitals, EMS, and Health Care providers of appropriate personal protective equipment
 _ 3.6	evelop risk communication materials.
	6.1 FAQs for response personnel, providers, schools, and the general public as appropriate.
	6.2 Media Releases
	6.3 Provider Alerts
	6.4 Coordinate with hospital Public Information Officers
	6.5 Ensure communication is accessible and capable of reaching people with disabilities and others with access and functional needs.
 _ 3.7	evelop Situation Report, Incident Action Plan (IAP) and Communications Plan.
 _ 3.8	rovide an Agency Representative from the Public Health Department to npacted hospitals as appropriate.
 _ 3.9	ssign staff to County Emergency Operations Center (EOC) and Joint Information enter (JIC).
 _ 3.10	etermine need and activate Receipt, Stage and Store Site (see RSS SOP) as ppropriate.
	10.1 Request Vendor Managed Inventory or Strategic National Stockpile supplies.
 _ 3.11	etermine need and activate Point of Distribution Sites (see Closed POD, P POD nd FR POD SOP) as appropriate.
 _ 3.12	ollect situation reports from hospitals and other healthcare providers as ppropriate.

	_ 3.12.1 Utilize ReddiNet to query hospitals and to receive hospital situation status information. If ReddiNet is down, utilize back up communication methods.
3.13	Receive and fill resource requests from healthcare providers.
3.14	Communicate with RDMHC Program, CDPH, and State EMS Authority to provide Situation Reports and request resources as needed.
3.15	Coordinate with hospitals to determine need for pre-hospital triage.
	_ 3.15.1 Enable pre-hospital triage.
	_ 3.15.2 Communicate decision to pre-hospital providers.
3.16	Proclaim a Public Health Emergency as appropriate.
	_ 3.16.1 Request a proclamation of Local Emergency by County Board of Supervisors as appropriate.
	_ 3.16.2 Request a Gubernatorial State of Emergency Proclamation
3.17	If a proclamation of a state of emergency exists, CHO will request the Governor amend regulations to expand healthcare professionals' scope of practice and suspend nursing ratios as appropriate.
3.18	If a Presidential Declaration of Emergency exists and the Health and Human Services Secretary declares a public health emergency, CHO will request the following as appropriate:
	_ 3.18.1 Section 1135 Waiver: Medicare/Medicaid, EMTALA, HIPAA
	_ 3.18.2 For more information:
	 https://www.cms.gov/files/document/covid-1135-waiver-application-quick-start-guide.pdf http://www.hhs.gov/ocr/privacy/hipaa/faq/disclosures in emergence
	y situations/1068.htmlPublic Health Emergency Declaration Q&As
3.19	Assess ability of unaffected hospitals to receive patient transfers and facilitate transfers as necessary.
3.20	Query long term care facilities via Long Term Care Ombudsmen's Office on available bed capacity to determine potential for discharging hospital patients to facilities.

		3.20.1 Coordinate appropriate transportation to transport patients from hospitals to Long Term Care Facilities.
	3.21	Query clinics, urgent care centers, etc. to determine capacity for caring for non-acute patients.
		3.21.1 Coordinate appropriate transportation to transport patients to alternate sites.
	3.22	Activate Government Authorized Alternate Care Sites (See GAACS SOP) as appropriate.
	3.23	In the setup, operation, and ongoing management of the facility, consider the site adaptations, personnel, and equipment to best meet the access and functional needs of the population.
DEMO	BILIZAT	TION
	4.1	Develop Demobilization Plan
	4.2	Declare end of emergency.
	4.3	Communicate resumption of normal operations to Public Health Department staff, hospitals, EMS providers, MedCom, community health care partners and RDMHC Program.
	4.4	Reinstate nursing ratios.
	4.5	Suspend field triage and notify EMS providers of suspension.
	4.6	Demobilize RSS, PODs and GAACSs as appropriate.
	4.7	Debrief staff.
	4.8	Develop After Action Report and Corrective Action Plan.

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CHECKLIST 3: Emergency Medical Services Providers

E LEVEL	2-3
1.1	Receive notification from MedCom or Public Health Department.
1.2	Utilize appropriate PPE in accordance with Public Health Department directive.
1.3	Perform field triage.
	1.3.1 See Triage SOP
	1.3.2 Triage patients away from hospitals if possible.
	1.3.2.1 Refer to nurse triage or advice lines when appropriate.
	1.3.3 Transport patients to appropriate facilities in accordance with Public Health Department directive.
1.4	Load balance.
1.5	Coordinate with the Public Health Department to determine if any emergency regulatory waivers have been enacted.
1.6	Perform increased scope of practice in accordance with Public Health Department directive.
1.7	Communicate with and provide situation status report to Public Health Department. (See MHOAC SOP Conference Call Format and SLO Version of HICS 251 for types of information to provide).
BILIZAT	TION
2.1	Notify all agencies that agency is returning to normal operations.
2.2	Implement Recovery Plan
	2.2.1 Recover all equipment and restore to pre-emergency location and condition.
	2.2.2 Repair damaged equipment and ensure repairs are charged to the incident.
	1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4 1.5 1.6 1.7 PBILIZAT 2.1 2.2

Replace missing equipment and charge to the incident

_____ 2.3 Collect all incident records and turn them in to Command.

1. SURGE LEVEL 1

2.

CHECKLIST 4: Community Health Clinics/Urgent Care Facilities

1.1	Refer to your facility surge plan and follow the appropriate procedures and policies.
1.2	Notify the Public Health Department of increase in patient load and other situational information (See MHOAC SOP Conference Call Format and SLO Version of HICS 251 for types of information to provide).
1.3	Maintain communications with the Public Health Department for status updates on surge and potential response.
1.4	Ensure communication is accessible and capable of reaching people with disabilities and others with access and functional needs.
1.5	Provide patient care as appropriate within capability of facility.
1.6	In the setup, operation, and ongoing management of the facility, consider the site adaptations, personnel, and equipment to best meet the access and functional needs of the population.
SURGE LEV	/EL 2-3
2.1	Refer to your facility surge plan and follow the appropriate procedures and policies.
2.2	Notify the Public Health Department of increase in patient load and other situational information (See MHOAC SOP Conference Call Format and SLO Version of HICS 251 for types of information to provide).
2.3	Maintain communications with Public Health Department for status updates on surge and potential response.
	2.3.1 Provide situation status reports.
	2.3.2 Request additional resources (supplies, pharmaceuticals, personnel)
2.4	Maintain communications with hospitals regarding potential patient transfers.
2.5	Ensure communication is accessible and capable of reaching people with disabilities and others with access and functional needs.
2.6	Provide patient care as appropriate within capability of facility.

	_ 2.6.1 Consider increasing hours of operation to accommodate the increase in patient load.
 _ 2.7	Notify and query the following staff for shift availability per facility Emergency Operation's Plan:
	_ 2.7.1 All licensed staff
	_ 2.7.2 All non-licensed staff (as needed)
 _ 2.8	Increase length of staff shifts.
 _ 2.9	Reassign licensed administrative staff to patient care roles.
 _ 2.10	Coordinate with the Public Health Department to determine if any emergency regulatory waivers have been enacted.
 _ 2.11	Determine need for infection control and notify all staff as appropriate.
	_ 2.11.1 Determine need for personal protective equipment
	_ 2.11.2 Set up isolation rooms and/or areas
	_ 2.11.3 Follow isolation and quarantine procedure
	$_2.11.4$ Notify County Public Health Department about communicable diseases of other agents suspected
 _ 2.12	Assess internal resources and inventory all supplies including pharmaceuticals.
 _ 2.13	Perform Just in Time training as appropriate
	_ 2.13.1 Triage
	_ 2.13.2 Isolation
	_ 2.13.3 Patient Registration
	_ 2.13.4 Treatment Protocols
 _ 2.14	Designate Public Information Officer and coordinate all public information with the Public Health Department prior to release.

	2.15	In the setup, operation, and ongoing management of the facility, consider the site adaptations, personnel, and equipment to best meet the access and functional needs of the population.
3.	DEMOBILIZAT	ON
	3.1	Notify all agencies that facility is returning to normal operations.
	3.2	Implement Recovery Plan
		3.2.1 Recover all equipment and restore to pre-emergency location and condition.
		Repair damaged equipment and ensure repairs are charged to the incident.
		Replace missing equipment and charge to the incident
	3.3	Collect all incident records and turn them in to Command.

1. SURGE LEVEL 1

CHECKLIST 5: Skilled Nursing Facilities

	1.1	Refer to your facility surge plan and follow the appropriate procedures and policies.
	1.2	Maintain communications with Long Term Care Ombudsman and County Public Health Department for status updates on surge and potential response and other situational information (See MHOAC SOP Conference Call Format and SLO Version of HICS 251 for types of information to provide).
	1.3	Ensure communication is accessible and capable of reaching people with disabilities and others with access and functional needs.
	1.4	In the setup, operation, and ongoing management of the facility, consider the site adaptations, personnel, and equipment to best meet the access and functional needs of the population.
2.	SURGE LEVEL	2-3
	2.1	Refer to your facility surge plan and follow the appropriate procedures and policies.
	2.2	Maintain communications with the Long Term Care Ombudsman and County Public Health Department for status updates on surge and potential response and other situational information (See MHOAC SOP Conference Call Format and SLO Version of HICS 251 for types of information to provide).
		2.2.1 Provide situation status reports, including bed availability.
		2.2.2 Request additional resources (supplies, pharmaceuticals, personnel)
	2.3	Maintain communications with hospitals regarding potential patient transfers.
	2.4	When appropriate, accept discharged patients from hospitals.
		2.4.1 Coordinate appropriate patient transport with County Public Health Department.
	2.5	When appropriate, accept transfer patients from other long term care facilities.
	2.6	Ensure communication is accessible and capable of reaching people with disabilities and others with access and functional needs.

2.7	Notify and query the following staff for shift availability per facility Emerge Operation's Plan:			
	_ 2.7.1 All licensed staff			
	_ 2.7.2 All non-licensed staff (as needed)			
2.8	Increase length of staff shifts.			
2.9	Reassign licensed administrative staff to patient care roles.			
2.10	Request California Department of Public Health (CDPH) Licensing and Certification to grant temporary permission to exceed licensed bed capacity.			
	_ 2.10.1 Increase capacity of existing rooms.			
	_ 2.10.2 Convert common areas into patient care.			
	_ 2.10.3 Cohort patients			
2.11	Coordinate with the County Public Health Department to determine if any emergency regulatory waivers have been enacted.			
2.12	Determine need for infection control and notify all staff as appropriate.			
	_ 2.12.1 Determine need for personal protective equipment			
	_ 2.12.2 Set up isolation rooms and/or areas			
	_ 2.12.3 Follow isolation and quarantine procedure			
	_ 2.12.4 Notify County Public Health Department about communicable diseases and other suspected agents.			
2.13	Assess internal resources and inventory all supplies including pharmaceuticals.			
2.14	Perform Just in Time training as appropriate			
	_ 2.14.1 Triage			
	_ 2.14.2 Isolation			
	_ 2.14.3 Patient Registration			
	2.14.4 Treatment Protocols			

	2.15	Designate Public Information Officer and coordinate all public information with the County Public Health Department prior to release.
	2.16	In the setup, operation, and ongoing management of the facility, consider the site adaptations, personnel, and equipment to best meet the access and functional needs of the population.
3.	DEMOBILIZAT	TION
	3.1	Notify all agencies that facility is returning to normal operations.
	3.2	Implement Recovery Plan
		3.2.1 Recover all equipment and restore to pre-emergency location and condition.
		3.2.2 Repair damaged equipment and ensure repairs are charged to the incident.
		3.2.3 Replace missing equipment and charge to the incident
	3.3	Collect all incident records and turn them in to Administrator.

1. SURGE LEVEL 1

CHECKLIST 6: Residential Care Facilities

		1.1	Refer to your facility surge plan and follow the appropriate procedures and policies.
		1.2	Maintain communications with Long Term Care Ombudsman and County Public Health Department for status updates on surge and potential response and other situational information (See MHOAC SOP Conference Call Format and SLO Version of HICS 251 for types of information to provide).
		1.3	Ensure communication is accessible and capable of reaching people with disabilities and others with access and functional needs.
		1.4	In the setup, operation, and ongoing management of the facility, consider the site adaptations, personnel, and equipment to best meet the access and functional needs of the population.
2.	SURGE	LEVEL	2-3
		2.1	Refer to your facility surge plan and follow the appropriate procedures and policies.
		2.2	Maintain communications with the Long Term Care Ombudsman and County Public Health Department for status updates on surge and potential response and other situational information (See MHOAC SOP Conference Call Format and SLO Version of HICS 251 for types of information to provide).
			2.2.1 Provide situation status reports, including bed availability.
			2.2.2 Request additional resources (supplies, pharmaceuticals, personnel)
		2.3	Maintain communications with hospitals regarding potential patient transfers.
		2.4	When appropriate, accept discharged patients from skilled nursing facilities and hospitals.
			2.4.1 Coordinate appropriate patient transport with the County Public Health Department, EMS Providers and MedCom.
		2.5	When appropriate, accept transfer patients from other long term care facilities.

 2.6	Ensure communication is accessible and capable of reaching people with disabilities and others with access and functional needs.
 2.7	Notify and query all staff for shift availability per facility Emergency Operation's Plan.
 _ 2.8	Increase length of staff shifts.
 _ 2.9	Reassign licensed administrative staff to patient care roles.
 _ 2.10	Request the California Department of Social Services Community Care Licensing (CCL) Division to grant temporary permission to exceed licensed level of care and bed capacity.
	_ 2.10.1 Increase capacity of existing rooms.
	_ 2.10.2 Convert common areas into patient care.
	_ 2.10.3 Cohort patients
 _ 2.11	Coordinate with the County Public Health Department to determine if any emergency regulatory waivers have been enacted.
 _ 2.12	Determine need for infection control and notify all staff as appropriate.
	_ 2.12.1 Determine need for personal protective equipment
	_ 2.12.2 Set up isolation rooms and/or areas
	_ 2.12.3 Follow isolation and quarantine procedure
	_ 2.12.4 Notify the County Public Health Department about communicable diseases and other suspected agents.
 _ 2.13	Assess internal resources and inventory all supplies including pharmaceuticals.
 _ 2.14	Perform Just in Time training as appropriate
	_ 2.14.1 Triage
	_ 2.14.2 Isolation
	_ 2.14.3 Patient Registration
	2.14.4 Treatment Protocols

<i>,</i>	. ,		
		2.15	Designate a Public Information Officer and coordinate all public information with the County Public Health Department prior to release.
		2.16	In the setup, operation, and ongoing management of the facility, consider the site adaptations, personnel, and equipment to best meet the access and functional needs of the population.
3.	DEMO	BILIZAT	ION
		3.1	Notify all agencies that facility is returning to normal operations.
		3.2	Implement Recovery Plan
			3.2.1 Recover all equipment and restore to pre-emergency location and condition.
			3.2.2 Repair damaged equipment and ensure repairs are charged to the incident.
			3.2.3 Replace missing batteries and charge to the incident
		3.3	Collect all incident records and turn them in to Administrator.

_____ 2.3

CHECKLIST 7: Law Enforcement Agencies

1.	ALL SURGE LEVELS		
	1.1	Receiv	re notification from dispatch.
	1.2	Utilize	appropriate PPE in accordance with Public Health Department directive.
	1.3	Assist	in securing medical provider perimeter as requested.
	1.4	Assist	in locking down medical provider facility as requested.
	1.5		e security and traffic control to all facilities including hospitals, medical er facilities, RSS, PODs and GAACSs as necessary and requested.
2.	DEMOBILIZA	TION	
	2.1	Notify	all agencies that agency is returning to normal operations.
	2.2	Implement Recovery Plan	
		_ 2.2.1	Recover all equipment and restore to pre-emergency location and condition.
		_ 2.2.2	Repair damaged equipment and ensure repairs are charged to the incident.
		_ 2.2.3	Replace missing equipment and charge to the incident

Collect all incident records and turn them in to Command.

Attachment 1: Acronyms

AFN	Access and Functional Needs
ARES/RACES	Amateur Radio Emergency Service
CAHAN	California Health Alert Network
CDPH	California Department of Public Health
CHADOC	County Health Agency Department Operations Center
СНО	County Health Officer
DHCS	Department of Health Care Services
EMS	Emergency Medical Services
EMSA	Emergency Medical Services Agency
EMTALA	Emergency Medical Treatment and Labor Act
EOC	Emergency Operations Center
EOP	Emergency Operations Plan
FRPOD	First Responder Point of Distribution
GAACS	Government Authorized Alternate Care Site
HICS	Hospital Incident Command System
HIPAA	Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act
IAP	Incident Action Plan
ICS	Incident Command System
JIC	Joint Information Center
LEA	Law Enforcement Agency
MHOAC	Medical Health Operational Area Coordinator
NIMS	National Incident Management System
OES	Office of Emergency Services
POD	Point of Distribution
PPE	Personal Protective Equipment
PPOD	Public Point of Distribution
RDMHC	Regional Disaster Medical Health Coordinator
RSS	Receipt, Stage and Store Site
SEMS	Standardized Emergency Management System
SLO	San Luis Obispo
SOP	Standard Operating Procedure