Name: Title:

License: # Work site:

Email: Date:

CHDP Audiometric Screening Certification Post-Test

1. What is the best way to prevent hearing loss?

[ ] a. Appropriate medical treatment

[ ] b. Early detection and intervention of the hearing problem

[ ] c. Public Awareness of noise nuisances

[ ] d. Appropriate family support system

1. All CHDP providers are required to use:

[ ] a. A pure tone audiometer

[ ] b. An audiometer that meets or exceeds current American National Standards

 Institute (ANSI specifications)

[ ] c. A handheld audiometer

[ ] d. An annually calibrated audiometer

[ ] e. Items a, b, & d above

1. Hearing loss seriously affects a child’s ability to:

[ ] a. Learn language and speech

[ ] b. Learn social skills

[ ] c. Develop a feeling of self-worth

[ ] d. All of the above

1. The screening frequencies required in the CHDP program are:

[ ] a. 1000, 3000, 4000, 5000 Hz with an intensity level of 60dB

[ ] b. 500, 1000, 2500, 4000 Hz with an intensity level of 50dB

[ ] c. 1000, 2000, 3000, 4000 Hz with a constant intensity level not exceeding 30dB

[ ] d. 1000, 2000, and (3000 Hz is optional) 4000 Hz with a constant intensity level not

 exceeding 25dB

1. How often should the audiometer be calibrated?

[ ] a. Every 3 years

[ ] b. Every 5 years

[ ] c. Every year

[ ] d. Every month

1. How long should you wait to schedule a re-screen for a child who has failed the initial hearing screening?

[ ] a. 6 months

[ ] b. 1 year

[ ] c. 1 week

[ ] d. 6 weeks

1. “Play Audiometry” is recommended for:

[ ] a. Newborns

[ ] b. Children under 2 years old

[ ] c. Children 3 to 6 years old

[ ] d. Children 1 to 10 years old

1. What are the conditions for a successful hearing screening?

[ ] a. A qualified person

[ ] b. A calibrated audiometer

[ ] c. A properly functioning audiometer checked by the screener at the start of the day

[ ] d. An appropriate quiet screening environment

[ ] e. All of the above

1. You are screening a 4-year-old child. You begin with the right ear, at a frequency of 4000Hz and an intensity level of 50dB. You press the button and the child does not respond. You should:

[ ] a. Warn the child that if he does not pay attention to the test, he will receive an additional shot

[ ] b. Immediately switch to the left ear; complete the screening for this ear according to the instructions and then return to the right ear and complete the screening

[ ] c. Press the button one or two more times so that the child can have an additional chance to hear the beep

[ ] d. Write a minus (or negative) sign on the audiogram; continue and complete the screening according to the instructions; refer to an audiologist for further evaluation and document the results on the child’s medical record

1. All of the following are components of the ear except:

[ ] a. External ear, middle ear, inner ear

[ ] b. Midbrain, cerebellum, cerebrum

[ ] c. Tympanic membrane and semicircular canals

[ ] d. Auditory nerve, cochlea, and Eustachian tube