

ALLIE BROWN (CDCR #AY2227): En banc hearing 4/22/25

Brown murdered her own daughter, Lily Brown, when she was not yet 2 years old and still in diapers. Inmate Brown, (formerly Herbert David Brown), had a relationship with Lily's mother and also committed domestic violence against her. Lily was alone with Brown when police were called after she became nonresponsive. Inmate Brown told police that the baby's bruises, seen on her legs and head, were from playing and the dog pulled on a leash that she held, slamming her into a door jamb.

Lily was in critical condition and taken to Stanford Medical Center where the doctor's diagnosis was that the baby was subject to an incident when she was violently shaken and ended with her head being slammed against something hard at least once.

Due to the extent of her injuries, at the age of 23 months, Lily's mother had to make the unfathomable decision to take her off life support. Lily was pronounced dead.

In all of her time incarcerated, Brown didn't express responsibility for Lily's death until Commissioner Long told Brown at the last hearing in October that her failure to do so was a bar to her being paroled. Even then, her account lacked credibility.

Brown testified that her sober date was December 12, 2012. However, in explaining the life crime, which occurred over 2 months later on February 18, 2023, Brown said that one of the causative factors was that she was withdrawing from methamphetamine and hadn't slept in days. She specifically testified that when she committed the life crime and began hitting Lily, **"I was looking at a meth pipe and burning it on the stove to get rid of the evidence."** Commissioner Long noted this inconsistency. Brown told yet another version of events to the CRA doctor.

Brown's differing accounts show a lack of accountability for the callous and deplorable murder of baby Lily. They also reveal that her "sober date" is not as she claims.

The CRA doctor rated Brown a **Higher Moderate** risk for violence noting that she has a long history of substance abuse and significant mental health issues that appear to require ongoing monitoring and treatment.

Yet alarmingly, Brown failed to put together a comprehensive relapse prevention plan for domestic violence or mental health management.

Her most recent write up for violent conduct was in just 2022.

We respectfully ask that you review the case carefully and use your authority to reverse this grant of parole.